COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 4952700 CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 1101438

Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited

Company Limited by Guarantee Financial Statements 31 March 2019

HAFFNER HOFF LTD

Accountants & statutory auditor
2nd Floor - Parkgates
Bury New Road
Prestwich
Manchester
M25 0TL

Company Limited by Guarantee

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

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Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report)

Year ended 31 March 2019

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited

Charity registration number 1101438

Company registration number 4952700

Principal office and registered

office

138 Coatsworth Road

Gateshead Tyne & Wear

NE8 4LL

The trustees

Dr M T Cope A M Guttentag Y Y Lobenstein

Auditor Haffner Hoff Ltd

Accountants & statutory auditor

2nd Floor - Parkgates

Bury New Road Prestwich Manchester M25 0TL

Bankers Barclays Bank Plc

Leicester LE87 2BB

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

Structure, governance and management

Beis Chaya Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited is constituted by Memorandum and Articles of Association and is a company limited by guarantee. It was incorporated on 04 November 2003 as a company and the company number is 4952700. It was registered as a charity on 09 January 2004 with a charity number 1101438.

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees would be in line with the Trust Deed and with the consent of the trustees. The criteria set for the suitable candidate would be someone who is sensitive to the needs and demands of the organisation.

Trustee induction and training

New trustees undergo an orientation day to brief them on their legal obligations under the Charities Act, the committee, decision making processes, the business plan and the recent financial performance of the charity. Trustees are encouraged to attend appropriate external training events where these will facilitate the undertaking of their role.

Organisational management

The trustees of the charity are legally responsible for the overall management and control of the charity and meet regularly. The day to day affairs are managed by the principal and his dedicated team who oversee the governance and management of the seminary. They report to the trustees on a regular basis.

Risk review

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the Trust, and are satisfied that systems are in place to manage our exposure to the major risks.

The principle risks are financial including items such as bad debts as well as reduction in student numbers and loss of grants receivable. The trustees plan to manage these risks by regular and rigorous review of debtors as well as maintaining a high standard of education and governance of the seminary to ensure it has a good reputation worldwide. Most grants receivable are linked to the associated expenditure such that if the grants would cease to be payable then the associated security costs would cease too.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

Objectives and activities

Objects

The objects of the charity are the advancement and promotion of orthodox Jewish religion, education and general secular education and vocational training for Jewish girls being achieved through the operation of a residential college. The college delivers an intensive programme of religious Jewish education as well as the provision of vocational training.

Public benefit

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit and in particular to its supplementary public benefit guidance on advancing education when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities and setting grant making policy for the year.

The trustees consider they have met the public benefit test and outline these achievements below.

Grant making policy

The charity does not normally pay out any grants as it operates a college and the charitable activity is normally directly charitable.

If the charity would pay out any grants it would be in line with the objects as stated above.

Strategic report

The following sections for achievements and performance and financial review form the strategic report of the charity.

Achievements and performance

The charity recorded £751,190 in voluntary contributions, registration fees and other income during the year as well as £510,789 in donations and £280,008 in grants receivable mainly from CST for security.

The charity paid out £1,382,920 on running costs of the college including instruction & other direct management costs as well as support costs. This expenditure was made in line with the stated objects of the charity. The college had a student roll of 212 girls for the period under review.

The charity had low governance and support costs being about 2% of total expenditure in the year to 31 March 2019. The charity achieved this objective by maintaining tight controls over office & other governance costs.

There were no investments made during the year.

Fundraising costs incurred during the year are as detailed in the notes to the accounts.

Related party transactions are recorded as applicable in the notes to the accounts.

There was an overall net income and net movement in funds for the year amounting to £158,572.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

Financial review

Review of activities and achievements

The Seminary has continued to improve its programme during 2019.

The college delivers an intensive programme of religious Jewish education as well as the provision of vocational training in subjects such as information technology, dressmaking, hairdressing, interior design and music. At the financial year end the college's roll numbered 212 (previous year roll was 214).

The trustees feel that the activity reflects the profile and standing within the local community. The impact for future year's expenditure is self evident and the trustees would like to record their appreciation for all the financial support received from benefactors during the course of the year.

Reserves policy

The trustees and management meet on a regular basis to review the reserves and future requirements of the charity. All future needs are considered together with any risks or contingencies that may exist. The trustees are confident that sufficient reserves will be generated to achieve the objectives of the charity.

The unrestricted fund represents the unrestricted funds arising from past operating results. It represents the reserves of the charity. The Trustees are satisfied that the balance of the Fund is satisfactory given the nature of revenue receipts against charitable activity and other costs.

The reserves stand at £1,129,432 all of which are unrestricted.

Plans for future periods

The charity will continue to provide education in line with the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees' annual report and the strategic report were approved on 31 March 2020 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Y Y Lobenstein

Trustee

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited

Year ended 31 March 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Beis Chaye Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Michael Black FCCA CTA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Haffner Hoff Ltd Accountants & statutory auditor

2nd Floor - Parkgates Bury New Road Prestwich Manchester M25 0TL

31 March 2020

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account)

Year ended 31 March 2019

		Unrestricted	2019 Restricted		2018
	Note	funds £	funds	Total funds £	Total funds £
Income and endowments					
Donations and legacies	5	510,789	280,008	790,797	753,564
Investment income	6	45	_	45	1
Other income	7	751,190	_	751,190	629,665
Total income		1,262,024	280,008	1,542,032	1,383,230
Expenditure Expenditure on raising funds: Costs of raising donations and legacies	8	540	-	540	1,199
Expenditure on charitable activities	9,10	1,102,912	280,008	1,382,920	1,221,415
Total expenditure		1,103,452	280,008	1,383,460	1,222,614
Net income and net movement in fu	ınds	158,572		158,572	160,616
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		970,860		970,860	810,244
Total funds carried forward		1,129,432		1,129,432	970,860

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

		2019		2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets (note 16)	17		1,697,764	1,719,883
Current assets				
Stocks	18	19,684		16,895
Debtors	19	365,713		261,647
Cash at bank and in hand		21,033		11,622
		406,430		290,164
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	20	240,285		234,531
Net current assets			166,145	55,633
Total assets less current liabilities			1,863,909	1,775,516
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	21		734,477	804,656
Net assets			1,129,432	970,860
Funds of the charity			4 400 400	070.000
Unrestricted funds			1,129,432	970,860
Total charity funds	24		1,129,432	970,860

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 31 March 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Y Y Lobenstein

Trustee

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2019

Cash flows from operating activities Net income	2019 £ 158,572	2018 £ 160,616
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Other interest receivable and similar income Other adjustments Accrued (income)/expenses	45,873 (45) 7,469 (3,286)	35,163 (1) (2,275) 17,150
Changes in: Stocks Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors Cash generated from operations	(2,789) (104,066) (12,231) 89,497	2,129 49,296 (113,290) 149,983
Interest received Net cash from operating activities	45 89,542	149,984
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of other assets	(23,754) - -	(137,751) 5,442 (1,195)
Net cash used in investing activities	(23,754)	(133,504)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Payments of finance lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities	(46,002) (10,375) (56,377)	(46,134) 18,177 (27,957)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	9,411 11,622 21,033	(11,477) 23,099 11,622

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and a registered charity in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 138 Coatsworth Road, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE8 4LL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

Fair value

Debtors and creditors are stated at fair value.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements did not require management to make judgements, estimates or assumptions that affect the amounts reported except for bad debts and the provision provided for them.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the
 contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual
 requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case
 it may be regarded as restricted.

Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking
 activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those
 support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable
 activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property - 1% straight line

Furniture & equipment - 15% reducing balance Portakabin - 10% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as an expense in the period in which it arises.

4. Limited by guarantee

Beis Chaya Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited is a registered charity and a company limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital. In the event of the charity being wound up, the members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £10.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

5.	Donations and legacies				
			Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2019 £
	Donations Donations		510,789	-	510,789
	Grants Grants receivable		-	280,008	280,008
			510,789	280,008	790,797
			Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
	Donations Donations		529,378	_	529,378
	Grants Grants receivable			224,186	224,186
			529,378	224,186	753,564
6.	Investment income				
		Funds £	Total Funds 2019 £	Funds £	2018 £
	Bank interest receivable	45 —	<u>45</u>		1
7.	Other income				
		Funds £	Total Funds 2019 £	Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
	Parental contributions Other income	748,071 3,119	748,071 3,119	611,767 17,898	611,767 17,898
		751,190	751,190	629,665	629,665
8.	Costs of raising donations and legac	ies			
		Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2019 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
	Sundry fundraising costs	540 —	540 —	1,199 ——	1,199

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

9.	Expenditure on charitable activities b	y fund type			
	Dunning goats of the college including in	ootmustion 9	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2019 £
	other direct management costs Support costs			280,008 -	1,350,203 32,717
			1,102,912	280,008	1,382,920
	Dunning goats of the college including in	ootmustion 9	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
	Running costs of the college including ir other direct management costs Support costs	istruction &	957,155 40,074	224,186 -	1,181,341 40,074
			997,229	224,186	1,221,415
10.	Expenditure on charitable activities b	y activity typ	е		
		Activities undertaken directly £	Support costs £	Total funds 2019 £	Total fund 2018 £
	Running costs of the college including instruction & other direct management				
	costs Governance costs	1,350,203 -	25,966 6,751	1,376,169 6,751	1,214,814 6,601
		1,350,203	32,717	1,382,920	1,221,415
11.	Analysis of support costs				
			Analysis of support costs	Total 2019	Total 2018
			£	£	£
	General office Finance costs Governance costs				

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

12.	Net income		
	Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):	2019	2018
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	£ 45,873	£ 35,163
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets Operating lease rentals	3,595	1,195 8,574
13.	Auditors remuneration		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	4,050	3,900
	Fees payable to the charity's auditor and its associates for other services: Other non-audit services	2,700	2,700

14. Staff costs

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Wages and salaries	384,115	350,774
Social security costs	21,981	19,883
Employer contributions to pension plans	2,286	542
	408,382	371,199

The average head count of employees during the year was 41 (2018: 39). The average number of full-time equivalent employees during the year is analysed as follows:

	2019	2018
	No.	No.
Number of administrative staff	1	1
Number of management staff	1	1
Number of teaching & other staff	39	37
	41	39

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2018: Nil).

15. Trustee remuneration and expenses

No remuneration or other benefits from employment with the charity or a related entity were received by the trustees.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

16. Tangible fixed assets

The freehold property was revalued by a competent valuer and the basis of the valuation is market value. The trustees are of the opinion that the current carrying value is at fair value.

17. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2018	1,863,580	18,080	33,025	333,101	2,247,786
Additions	11,159	_	_	12,595	23,754
At 31 March 2019	1,874,739	18,080	33,025	345,696	2,271,540
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2018	249,543	15,373	2,452	260,535	527,903
Charge for the year	16,194	677	7,644	21,358	45,873
At 31 March 2019	265,737	16,050	10,096	281,893	573,776
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2019	1,609,002	2,030	22,929	63,803	1,697,764
At 31 March 2018	1,614,037	2,707	30,573	72,566	1,719,883

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible fixed assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	At 31 March 2019		Motor vehicles £ 22,929
	At 31 March 2018		30,573
18.	Stocks		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Raw materials and consumables	19,684	16,895

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

19.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors	310,930	187,918
	Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors	- 54 702	8,014 65,715
	Other deptors	54,783	-
		365,713	261,647
20.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	47,549	46,549
	Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income	156,591 26,094	137,651 29,380
	Social security and other taxes	20,09 4 359	10,576
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	9,692	10,375
		240,285	234,531
	Bank loans and overdrafts are secured against the assets of the charity.		
21.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2019	2018
	Deal, leave and exceeded to	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts Payments received on account	467,099 3,018	514,101 2,222
	Amounts owed to undertakings in which the charity has a	3,010	2,222
	participating interest	5,194	(2,275)
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	15,541	25,233
	Other creditors	243,625	265,375
		734,477	804,656
	Bank loans and overdrafts are secured against the assets of the charity.		<u></u>

22. Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	9,692	10,375
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	15,541	25,233
	25,233	35,608

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

23. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in income or expenditure as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £2,286 (2018: £542).

24. Analysis of charitable funds

Unrestricted funds

	At 01			At 31
	Apr 2018 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Mar 2019 £
General funds	970,860	1,262,024	(1,103,452)	1,129,432
	At 01			At 31
	Apr 2017 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Mar 2018 £
General funds	810,244	1,159,044	(998,428)	970,860
Restricted funds				
	At 01			At 31
	Apr 2018	Income	Expenditure	Mar 2019
	£	£	£	£
Restricted Fund - grants received	_	280,008	(280,008)	_
	At 01			At 31
	Apr 2017	Income	Expenditure	Mar 2018
	£	£	£	£
Restricted Fund - grants received	_	224,186	(224,186)	_

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

25. Analysis of net assets between funds

Tangible fixed assets Current assets Creditors less than 1 year Creditors greater than 1 year	Unrestricted Funds £ 1,697,764 406,430 (240,285) (734,477)	Total Funds 2019 £ 1,697,764 406,430 (240,285) (734,477)
Net assets	1,129,432	1,129,432
	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2018
Tangible fixed assets Current assets Creditors less than 1 year Creditors greater than 1 year	£ 1,719,883 290,164 (187,982) (851,205)	£ 1,719,883 290,164 (187,982) (851,205)
Net assets	970,860	970,860

26. Operating lease commitments

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	3,600	3,600

27. Related parties

There were no related party transactions during the year.

28. Taxation

Beis Chaya Rochel (The Gateshead Jewish Academy) Limited is a registered charity and therefore is not liable to income tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities.