The Institute of Economic Affairs (A Charitable Company Limited by Guarantee)

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2019

Company Registration No. 755502 Registered Charity No. 235351

TRUSTEES' REPORT

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Company Registration Number:

755502

Charity Registration Number:

235351

TRUSTEES

Neil Record

Chairman

Kevin Bell

Robert Boyd Linda Edwards

Appointed 5 June 2019

Robin Edwards

Treasurer

Sir Michael Hintze

Professor Patrick Minford

Bruno Prior

Professor Martin Ricketts

Linda Whetstone

DIRECTOR GENERAL – responsible for day to day management.

Mark Littlewood

ACADEMIC & RESEARCH DIRECTOR

Syed Kamall

SECRETARY

C Rusbridge

REGISTERED OFFICE

2 Lord North Street

Westminster

London SW1P 3LB

AUDITOR

RSM UK Audit LLP

The Pinnacle, 170 Midsummer Boulevard

Milton Keynes

Bucks

MK9 1BP

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC

Leicester

LE87 2BB

INVESTMENT MANAGERS

CCLA Investment Management Limited

BNY Mellon Fund Managers Limited

M & G Securities Limited

Vanguard Asset Management

TRUSTEES' REPORT

The Trustees present their report together with the financial statements of the Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

The financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, The Companies Act 2006, the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (published on 16 July 2014).

STATUS

The Institute of Economic Affairs is a charitable company limited by guarantee. The Institute was established through a trust deed in November 1955 and incorporated in 1963. It was set up under a Memorandum of Association which sets out its objects and powers and is governed under its Articles of Association. It is a registered charity No. CC/235351.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The IEA is managed by its Director General, Mark Littlewood, who oversees all aspects of its affairs and is responsible for achieving its goals. He reports three times a year to the full Board of Trustees and more frequently to its Finance and General Purposes Committee, comprising the committee Chairman, Bruno Prior, the Chairman of the Board, Neil Record, the Treasurer, Robin Edwards, and board member, Robert Boyd. These individuals also serve as the Audit Committee. Decisions about the level and mix of activities are made by the Trustees; about detailed day-to-day operations by senior staff, sometimes with advice from the Finance and General Purposes Committee. Two of the Trustees, the Chairman of the Board, Neil Record, and the Chairman of the Finance and General Purposes Committee, Bruno Prior, form a sub-committee which reviews the Director General's performance annually. Three of the Trustees, the Chairman of the Board, Neil Record, Kevin Bell, and Linda Whetstone, together form a Nominations subcommittee which recommends potential Trustees to the full Board from time to time.

As stated in note 17, the partner of the Director General is an employee of the charity.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

The charity's main aims are to promote learning by means of research into economics and politics and to improve public understanding thereof. We try to achieve our objectives by means of the activities listed below, which include allocated support costs.

Academic programmes:

- · Research, publication and launch events
- Student/teacher outreach
- Special events
- Communication and distribution, including digital and media

Fundraising and subscriber support (more details of our approach are provided below).

PUBLIC BENEFIT

As detailed above, the charity's main aims are to promote learning by means of research into economics and politics and to improve public understanding thereof. We bring analysis of issues relating to political economy to the public's attention through our various academic programmes and other activities. The Trustees confirm that, in exercising their powers and fulfilling their responsibilities in pursuit of the aims described above, they have paid due regard to the guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission.

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FUNDRAISING

The IEA is entirely independent of any political party or group, and is funded by voluntary donations from individuals, companies and foundations who want to support its work plus a small amount of income from subscriptions, event partnerships and conferences, plus books sales and investments.

The IEA does not use commercial fundraisers nor carry out mass mailing/communications exercises. Most donors come to the IEA unprompted or via third party recommendations. Where the IEA seeks prospective donors to pro-actively reach out to, this is done using published data from the Electoral Commission and similar organisations.

Donors are communicated with in the format and with the frequency they prefer. Internal protocols exist to desist from communicating with donors who have ceased to donate and have not responded to further communication. New donors are investigated to the best of the IEA's ability to ensure that donations have not come from government organisations and are from people or organisations of good standing.

A diligent approach is taken to ensure that all donations are intended, not accidental or from someone who may not understand the nature of the donation they are giving. The IEA has received no complaints regarding its fundraising activities.

REVIEW OF ACHIEVEMENTS

The IEA's mission is: "To improve understanding of the fundamental institutions of a free society by analysing and expounding the role of markets in solving economic and social problems."

We do this by pursuing the key activities listed above, constantly reviewing and attenuating our approach to keep our message contemporary and relevant.

In 2019, the IEA continued its tradition of publishing high-quality, high-profile books and research papers on a wide range of economic issues, whilst seeking to spotlight that research through our intensive communications and outreach programmes.

In all, the IEA produced nearly 40 publications, ranging from short briefings to full length books and reports.

'Socialism: the failed idea that never dies' – released in February 2019 – quickly became our most downloaded book of the decade, with more than 45,000 downloads. At the same time, it rode high on Amazon's political economy bestseller lists in the UK, US and Germany.

Other topics covered in 2019 included the housing crisis, tax havens, executive pay, taxation, integrating health and social care, regulation, school choice around the world, the future of the BBC, innovation, universal basic income and more.

The IEA also continued its tradition of publishing introductory works on key economic figures and concepts. Our primer 'School of Thought: 101 great liberal thinkers' was distributed extensively to students, teachers, academics and more.

This kind of publication augments and nourishes our student outreach programme, the largest run by any think tank in Europe. During the course of the year, we reached over 35,000 students through our schools conferences, through our student magazine EA, our residential courses, internships, teacher seminars and a one-day 'Think' conference, which brings together leading speakers from around the world and attracts hundreds of young attendees.

Communicating our ideas and advocating the case for free markets also forms a key part of IEA activity. In 2019 our website attracted over 1 million views. Social media has also become an important part of our communications, with our Twitter following growing to nearly 40,000 (up 8,000 from 2018), and our

TRUSTEES' REPORT

Facebook audience growing to over 19,000. Our weekly e-newsletter is read by over 200,000 people a year, whilst our podcasts reached nearly 100,000 listeners in 2019. Our films are also watched by hundreds of thousands of people: A series of films on health attracted over 325,000 viewers — whilst the accompanying film to our best-selling book on socialism garnered 140,000 views.

Our intensive communications strategy led to 3,600 media 'hits' across the year - either on TV, radio, in print or online - with IEA staff appearing on high-profile programmes such as the BBC's Question Time and Any Questions and in publications such as The Times and The Economist.

Meanwhile, IEA publications continued to be in demand around the world. In 2019 we granted permission for 37 translations of our work – into languages including Iranian, Chinese, Turkish, French, Italian, Dari and more.

Also, internationally, EPICENTER - the IEA's network of leading think tanks across Europe - continued to attract new participants. Its publication 'The Nanny State Index' achieved simultaneous media coverage in 17 countries across the continent.

Back in the UK, our annual Hayek Lecture - our showpiece event of the year - featured best-selling US author and economist Professor Bryan Caplan. His lecture 'Poverty - who's to blame?' drew a packed audience of both young and old to Church House, Westminster.

Our Richard Koch Breakthrough Prize has also become one of the highlights of the IEA calendar. In 2019 the essay competition - which features a first prize of £50,000 - posited the question: 'How do you create a true meritocracy?' It attracted around 300 entries from the UK and beyond and the winners received their awards at a ceremony at the University of London.

Also in 2019, we appointed a new Academic and Research Director to spearhead our research programme. Professor Syed Kamall also serves as Professor of International Relations and Politics at St Mary's University, Twickenham. From May 2005 to June 2019, he was a Conservative MEP for London

The IEA's main publications are referred by independent scholars and its research benefits from a network of distinguished academic advisers.

Whilst the Institute's objectives remain essentially long-term in nature, the growing audience for its research and its activities reflect the IEA's determination to further its mission of improving "the understanding of the fundamental institutions of a free society by analysing and expounding the role of markets in solving economic and social problems".

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Total income for the year was £2,065,000 (2018: £2,521,000) and total expenditure was £2,458,000 (2018: £2,862,000). After taking account of gains on investments of £233,000 (2018: losses £139,000), there was a net reduction in funds of £160,000 (2018: £480,000) in the year. Restricted income was £375,000 (2018: £793,000) compared with expenditure on restricted projects of £546,000 (2018: £896,000). Investment income on the Ralph Harris Endowment Fund during the year amounted to £36,000 (2018: £38,000). Total net assets were maintained at £2,976,000 (2018: £3,136,000). The financial statements, together with the notes thereto, expand on these outline details.

The Finance and General Purposes Committee, and the full Board of Managing Trustees, regularly review the amount of donations. There has been a 23% decrease in the amount of donations in 2019, compared with 2018. We are grateful to all our donors for supporting our work.

GRANT MAKING POLICY

The Trustees make occasional grants to individuals to support their research and to attend conferences. These are often from restricted funds donated specifically for such purposes. From time to time grants may

TRUSTEES' REPORT

be made to other institutes where the Trustees think it appropriate. All such projects are assessed by reference to our mission.

INVESTMENT AND RESERVES POLICIES

The Institute's educational mission has a long-term orientation, as noted above, whereas our ability to carry out our work depends on attracting annual donations in a highly competitive fund-raising environment. Accordingly, the Trustees' policy is to invest conservatively, largely in equity funds, fixed interest funds and government securities. The Ralph Harris Fund is invested with a long-term time horizon. Income on investments is used to support the IEA's work. The Treasurer and the Finance and General Purposes Committee regularly review investment results. During the year, the value of the investments rose by 11.2% relative to a rise in the FTSE 100 Index of 12%.

The Trustees' policy on reserves, which is reviewed annually, is to have sufficient liquid funds on hand to cover two months of budgeted expenditure, which amounts to approximately £350,000. We believe this is adequate, under normal circumstances, to enable us to maintain operations in the event of seasonal or other fluctuations in donations and/or expenditure. This target has been met in that there was cash at bank and in hand of £383,000 at the year-end plus the cash deposits held within the Ralph Harris Fund of £502,000 which are available to endow the position of the Director General of the IEA. A transfer of £200,000, for the year 2019, has been made during the year in this respect. The Trustees do not seek to accumulate reserves, but rather to apply donations in support of the Institute's programmes in accordance with donors' intent. The free reserves of the charity as at 31 December 2019, defined as being unrestricted, undesignated funds not represented by tangible fixed assets, amounted to £194,000 (2018: £233,000).

RISK REVIEW

The principal risks and uncertainties to which the IEA is exposed are reputational, loss of key personnel, and financial.

Reputational risk centres on the quality and integrity of the Institute's research and publications and other activities. All the IEA's major publications are peer reviewed. The system was managed in 2019 by the Academic and Research Director and supervised by the Chairman of our Academic Advisory Board, Professor Martin Ricketts.

The IEA maintains strict independence from commercial, party political or other interests. It does not accept commissions to perform research on behalf of commercial or governmental interests.

The performance of key personnel is reviewed at least annually, either by the Director General or by a small committee of Trustees, led by the Chairman, to assess whether both the employer's and employees' objectives are being satisfied. As with any small organisation, it is not possible to completely protect against the loss of key people.

Financial risks and uncertainties are largely covered by the Reserves and Investment policies noted above. The Trustees examine at least once a year the major strategic, operational and financial risks and uncertainties which the Institute faces, either at regular or special Board meetings, or through the Finance and General Purposes Committee.

FUTURE PLANS

In 2020, the IEA intends to further the progress made during the past 12 months. We will do so through our respected publications programme, which will produce high-calibre research on healthcare, the regulatory environment, universal basic income, broadcasting and more; through our extensive student and teacher outreach programme and through our comprehensive communications strategy.

Due to COVID-19 some activities have been rescheduled from 2020 to 2021.

The Institute of Economic Affairs TRUSTEES' REPORT

COVID-19

The Trustees have received regular reports from the Senior Leadership Team regarding the impact of Covid-19 on the IEA and the proposed response, including updated and detailed income and expenditure forecasts. These were translated into revised budget plans for 2020/21, agreed by Trustees at the Finance and General Purposes Committee meeting on 27 April and updated by the Board on 4 June 2020. Progress was reviewed and forecasts updated again for the Finance and General Purposes Committee at their meeting on 6 July.

In response to an initial assessment of a 40% fall in income, expenditure plans were reduced by 30% by eliminating all non-essential spending and physical events, postponing building works and voluntary surrender of salaries. The Board designated additional emergency funds to hedge against further risk. The IEA did not need to take advantage of COVID-loans, but have made use of the furlough scheme to manage a reduction in staff activity that might otherwise have resulted in redundancies. The IEA offices were closed during lockdown and have not fully re-opened, maintaining occupancy at 50% of normal to enable more home working and COVID-secure operations for those returning to work.

The mitigation measures have also enabled the IEA to invest in online streaming and meeting services that leave us ahead of our peer group for digital transition, well hedged against a second lockdown, and well positioned for hybrid digital/physical operations post-pandemic, should the new normal involve much fewer in person activities. The IEA has also published work on the impact of COVID policy on the economy throughout the pandemic, some of which has helped better policy formation, for example, the decision to replace the furlough scheme with a flex-furlough programme that allowed people to work part-time.

TRUSTEES

The following were Trustees (who are directors for the purposes of company law) at the time of signing this report and financial statements. They all held office throughout the year 2019 and up to the date of signing this report, unless otherwise stated.

Neil Record

Kevin Bell

Robert Boyd

Linda Edwards

Robin Edwards

Sir Michael Hintze

Professor Patrick Minford

Bruno Prior

Professor Martin Ricketts

Linda Whetstone

Chairman

Appointed 5 June 2019

Treasurer

None of the Trustees has an interest, direct or indirect, in any contract entered into by the Institute. The Trustees may from time to time, and at any time, appoint any person to be a Trustee, up to the prescribed maximum of twelve. Appointments are normally made on the recommendation of the Nominations Committee. Any Trustee so appointed retains office until the next Annual General Meeting, and is then eligible for re-election on a three-year rotating basis.

New Trustees are 'trained' mostly on the job by attending meetings of Trustees. They are provided with notes covering the Institute's mission, history, organisation, governance and details of the other Trustees, together with the latest Trustees' Report and Financial Statements. Newly appointed Trustees will usually already have substantial board level or departmental management experience in either the commercial or academic arenas.

PAY POLICY FOR SENIOR STAFF

The performance of key personnel is reviewed at least annually, either by the Director General or by a small committee of Trustees, led by the Chairman. Pay increases and bonuses are awarded to reward merit.

The Institute of Economic Affairs TRUSTEES' REPORT

Decisions regarding pay levels are informed by reference to other think tanks and also comparable positions in related sectors.

TAXATION STATUS

The charitable company is a registered charity and, as such, for taxation purposes is entitled to exemption under the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

AUDITOR

A resolution to reappoint RSM UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

The Trustees have taken advantage of the exemptions available under the small companies' regime from the requirement to prepare a strategic report and in preparing the Trustees' Report.

By order of the board

Neil Record Chairman

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The Institute of Economic Affairs STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees (who are also directors of the Institute of Economic Affairs for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

By order of the board

Neil Record Chairman

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTE OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Institute of Economic Affairs, ('the charitable company'), for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conduced our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTE OF **ECONOMIC AFFAIRS**

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Trustees' Report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities set out on page 8, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part or our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

SARAH MASON (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

The Pinnacle

170 Midsummer Boulevard

Milton Keynes

Bucks

MK9 1BP

13 October 2020

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

(INCLUDING AN INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	N	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Endowment fund	Total 2019	Total 2018
INCOME FROM:	Notes	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Donations	2	1,458	373	¥	1,831	2,385
Charitable activities: Publications and					,	
subscriptions		93	-	-	93	25
Special events		75	1-	-	75	55
Other trading activities		28	-	=	28	15
Investments:			1	22	24	26
Dividends receivable		-	1	33 3	34	36 5
Interest receivable		-	1	3	4	3
TOTAL		1,654	375	36	2,065	2,521
EXPENDITURE ON: Raising Funds: Fundraising and subscriber						
support		340	_	_	340	428
Charitable activities: Academic programme:		340			540	120
Research and Publications		647	301	-	948	1,188
Student/Teacher outreach		379	135	8 -	514	542
Special Events		93	.=	-	93	55
Communications		453	110	-	563	649
TOTAL	3	1,912	546		2,458	2,862
Net Gains on Investments:						
Realised gains on disposals		-	20	16	36	124
Unrealised (losses)/gains		-	(14)	211	197	(263)
		()				
NET (EXPENDITURE)/		(0.50)	(1 (=)	2/2	(1(0)	(400)
INCOME	4	(258)	(165)	263	(160)	(480)
Transfers between funds		200	-	(200)	-	-
NET MOVEMENT IN		-		-	-	
FUNDS		(58)	(165)	63	(160)	(480)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS:	11.12					
TOTAL FUNDS BROUGHT FORWARD	11,12, 13,14	820	285	2,031	3,136	3,616
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD	11,12, 13,14	762	120	2,094	2,976	3,136
			:			

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2019 Company Registration No. 755502 Registered Charity No. 235351

Notes	2019	2018
	£000	£000
7 8	568 2,027	587 2,100
	2,595	2,687
9	308 383	525 253
	691	778
10	(310)	(329)
	381	449
	2,976	3,136
11, 14	2,094	2,031
12,14	120	285
13,14	762	820
14	2,976	3,136
	7 8 9 10 11, 14 12,14 13,14	£000 7

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements on pages 11 to 24 were approved by the Trustees and authorised for issue on

(2020 and are signed on their behalf by:

Neil Record Chairman

2020

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019 £000	2018 £000
Net cash used in operating activities	(A)	(214)	(335)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Dividends and interest		38	41
Proceeds from sale of investments		491	976
Purchase of investments		(185)	(586)
Purchase of fixed assets			(3)
Net cash provided by investing activities		344	428
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	(B)	130	93
Cash and cash equivalents in the year Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	(D)	253	160
		5	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		383	253
(A) RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATIONS:			
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities)		(160)	(480)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation charges		19	18
(Gains)/Losses on investments		(233)	139
Dividends and interest Decrease/(Increase) in debtors		(38) 217	(41) (48)
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors		(19)	77
Net cash used in operating activities		(214)	(335)
(B) ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			
ANALISIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			
Cash at bank and in hand at 1 January 2019 Cash flow		253 130	160 93

The Institute of Economic Affairs ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND GOING CONCERN

The Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) is a charitable company limited by guarantee, and is registered, domiciled and incorporated in England. It's registered office is 2 Lord North Street, Westminster, London SW1P 3LB. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value except for investments which are recognised at market value. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), effective January 2015, the Charities Act 2011, and the Companies Act 2006. The Institute constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The Trustees confirm that at the time of approving the financial statements, there is a reasonable expectation that the Institute has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In arriving at this conclusion, the Trustees have reviewed budgets and cash flow forecasts covering a period to 31 March 2022, taken account of current and anticipated financial performance in the current economic conditions, and the Institute's reserves position. For this reason, the going concern basis continues to be adopted in the preparation of the Institute's financial statements.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost, less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write each asset down evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Freehold property

over 40 years

over 3 years

Office equipment

Expenditure of a capital nature below £1,000 is not capitalised, but charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the year of expenditure.

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

No value for accounts purposes is attributed to stocks of unsold publications.

PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The Institute operates a defined contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities on an accruals basis. Amounts payable at the year end are included in other creditors.

INCOME

Income from donations is included in income when these have been pledged by the donor, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably, except:

- when donors specify that donations given to the charity must be used in future accounting periods, the income is deferred until those periods;
- when donors impose conditions, which have to be fulfilled before the charity becomes entitled to
 use such income, the income is deferred and not included in income until the pre-conditions for use
 have been met.

Subscription income is credited to income for the subscription period covered.

All other income including income from investments is credited to income when receivable by the charity.

EXPENDITURE

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category.

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them. All costs are allocated between expenditure categories on a basis designed to reflect the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly. Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis consistent with the use of resources e.g. by floor space. Staff costs have been allocated according to the time spent on each activity.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCY

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities.

RESEARCH EXPENDITURE

Research expenditure is written off in the financial statements as it is incurred.

ENDOWMENT FUND

The Ralph Harris Fund is an expendable endowment fund whose use is restricted to financial support for the position of the Director General, including employment and support costs.

UNRESTRICTED FUNDS

Unrestricted funds comprise those funds which the Trustees are free to use for any purpose in furtherance of the charitable objectives. Designated funds are unrestricted funds which the Trustees have currently designated for specific purposes. General funds are unrestricted funds for which no specific purposes have been designated.

RESTRICTED FUNDS

Restricted funds are those donated to the Institute for one or more specific purposes.

OPERATING LEASES

All operating lease rentals are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The charity has chosen to adopt sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments. The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments.

Financial assets:

Basic financial assets, including investments held as fixed assets, and trade and other receivables, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Investments held as fixed assets comprise equities, open-ended funds, fixed interest securities and currency and are stated at year end market value (bid-price). Realised gains and losses on disposal and unrealised gains and losses due to the movement in market value of investments and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Other financial assets are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment due to reduction in the recoverable amount. Any impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Financial liabilities:

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables are initially recognised at transaction price. Any subsequent changes to amounts payable are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities. Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

There are no critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement included within these accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

1 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES - COMPARATIVE FIGURES

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	Endowment fund £000	Total 2018 £000
INCOME FROM:	140108	2000	2000	2000	2000
Donations	2	1,595	790	-	2,385
Charitable Activities:		5-00 - 100 to 3300 to 100			
Publications and					
Subscriptions		25	-	-	25
Special events		55	-	-	55
Other trading activities		15	-	-	15
Investments:				25,556	10/100
Dividends receivable		:=	2	34	36
Interest receivable		-	1	4	5
TOTAL		1,690	793	38	2,521
EXPENDITURE ON: Raising Funds: Fundraising and subscriber					
support Charitable activities: Academic programme:		428	•.	-	428
Research and Publications		583	605	-	1,188
Student/Teacher outreach		398	144	-	542
Special Events		55	_	w:	55
Communications		502	147	-	649
TOTAL	3	1,966	896		2,862
Net Gains on Investments:					
Realised gains on disposals		-	100	24	124
Unrealised gains		-	(101)	(162)	(263)
NET EXPENDITURE	4	(276)	(104)	(100)	(480)
Transfers between funds		200	-	(200)	7-
				% <u> </u>	
NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		(76)	(104)	(300)	(480)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS:					
TOTAL FUNDS BROUGHT FORWARD	11,12 13,14	896	389	2,331	3,616
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD	11,12 13,14	820	285	2,031	3,136

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

^	PONT TIONS		2010	2010
2	DONATIONS		2019 £000	2018 £000
	Foundations, corporate and individuals Restricted		373	790
	Unrestricted		1,458	1,595
	Cinestroca			
			1,831	2,385
3	ALLOCATION OF COSTS 2019	Direct	Support	2019
		Costs	costs	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Fundraising and subscriber support	39	301	340
	Research and Publications	226	722	948
	Student/Teacher Outreach	163	351	514
	Special Events	21	72	93
	Communications	136	427	563
		585	1,873	2,458
			50.500000000000000000000000000000000000	
	ALLOCATION OF SUPPORT COSTS 2019			
	Personnel costs		1,587	
	Office costs Property costs		196 80	
	Travel costs		10	
			1,873	
			=	
	Support costs have been allocated as follows:		Support	Personne1
			costs	Costs
	Fundraising and subscriber support		11%	17%
				39%
	Publications		36%	
	Student/Teacher Outreach		34%	16%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		Direct	Support	2018
3	ALLOCATION OF COSTS 2018	costs	costs	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Fundraising and subscriber support	40	388	428
	Research and Publications	339	849	1.188
	Student/Teacher Outreach	161	381	542
	Special Events	15	40	55
	Communications	160	489	649
		715	2,147	2,862
	ALLOCATION OF SUPPORT COSTS 2018			
	Personnel costs	1,819		
	Office costs	253		
	Property costs	65		
	Travel costs	10		
		2,147		
		2,147		
	Support costs have been allocated as follows:		Support	Personnel
			costs	costs
	Fundraising and subscriber support		13%	19%
	Research and Publications		37%	40%
	Student/Teacher Outreach		33%	15%
	Special Events		1%	2%
	Communications		16%	24%
			2010	2010
4	NET EXPENDITURE		2019	2018
	Net expenditure for the year is stated after charging:		£000	£000
	Depreciation – charge for year		19	18
	Auditor's remuneration		15	14
	Legal fees		22	31
	Operating lease rentals – plant and machinery		11	17
	operating tease remain plant and machinery			

5 TAXATION

The Institute is not liable to corporation tax on its income and gains in the current year to the extent that they are applied for charitable purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

6	EMPLOYEES	2019	2018
0.75		No.	No.
	The average monthly number of persons employed by the Institute during the year was:		
	Office and management	19	21
		The second secon	
		2019	2018
		£000	£000
	Staff costs for above persons:		
	Wages and salaries, including benefits	1,031	1,030
	Social security costs	104	109
	Other pension costs	41	70
		1,176	1,209
	The number of employees whose emoluments as defined for	2019	2018
	taxation purposes amounted to over £60,000 in the year was as follows:	No.	No.
	£60,001 - £70,000	2	1
	£70,001 -£80,000	1	-
	£80,001 - £90,000	_	1
	£120,001 - £130,000	-	1
	£180,001 - £190,000	1	=

The employees earning over £60,000 participate in the company defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions paid in the year in respect of these employees amounted to £19,400 (2018: £42,767).

The key management personnel of the Institute comprise the Trustees, together with the Senior Leadership Team (SLT). The SLT comprises the Director General, the Managing Director, the Chief Operating Officer and the Academic & Research Director. The total employee benefits of these key management personnel were £416,412 (2018: £397,839), including pension and social security costs, and also consultancy fees paid to the Managing Director who provides his services on a consultancy basis.

No Trustees, or persons related or connected to them, received any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses from the Institute during the year, other than as detailed in note 17 below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Freehold	Office	
		property	equipment	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Cost		2000	
	1 January 2019	965	27	992
	Disposals in year	703	(24)	
	Disposais in year	₹	(24)	(24)
	31 December 2019	965	3	968
	31 Beccinoci 2017	700		, , ,
	Depreciation			Λ
	1 January 2019	380	25	405
	Charged for year	17	2	19
	Released on disposals	-	(24)	(24)
				
	31 December 2019	397	3	400
	Not be described	500 77		
	Net book value	F.CO.		570
	31 December 2019	568	•	568
	31 December 2018	585	2	587
	31 December 2010	505	_	501
8	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
		Open-end	Cash held	
		funds	on deposit	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Market value at	1000	2000	2000
		1 517	583	2,100
	1 January 2019	1,517		
	Additions	(005)	185	185
	Disposals	(225)	(266)	(491)
	Unrealised gains	233	-	233
			•	
	Market value at 31 December 2019	1,525	502	2,027
			<u></u>	
	Historical cost at 31 December 2019	1,396	502	1,898
	Historical cost at 31 December 2018	1,585	583	2,168
			<u></u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

DEDTORG	2010	2019
DEBTORS		2018
	£000	£000
Trade debtors	137	344
Taxation recoverable	3	8
Other debtors	4	10
Prepayments and accrued income	164	163
	200	525
	308	323
	All the second s	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
CLUDII CIA. I Infoanto Iannig due William One Juni	£000	£000
Trade creditors	113	192
Taxation and social security	36	35
Other creditors	6	9
Accruals and deferred income	155	93
	310	329
	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Deferred income at 1 January 2019	2	2
Released to Statement of Financial Activities in year	(2)	(2)
Deferred in year	108	2
Deferred income at 31 December 2019	108	2
	Taxation recoverable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Deferred income has arisen as a result of 2 year subscriptions paid i released to the Statement of Financial Activities within the year to which Deferred income at 1 January 2019 Released to Statement of Financial Activities in year Deferred in year	Trade debtors Taxation recoverable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year 2019 £000 Trade creditors 113 Taxation and social security 36 Other creditors 6 Accruals and deferred income 155 310 Deferred income has arisen as a result of 2 year subscriptions paid in advance. At released to the Statement of Financial Activities within the year to which the subscript £000 Deferred income at 1 January 2019 Released to Statement of Financial Activities in year (2) Deferred in year

11 EXPENDABLE ENDOWMENT FUND

	At 1 January 2019 £000	Investment Income £000	Transfers between funds £000	Investment Gains £000	At 31 December 2019 £000
Ralph Harris Fund	2,031	36	(200)	227	2,094

The Ralph Harris Fund has been established as an expendable endowment fund to endow the position of Director General of the IEA as "Director General and Ralph Harris Fellow."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

12 RESTRICTED FUNDS

	At 1			Net	At 31
	January	Income	Expenditure	Investment	December
	2019			Gains	2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Events and Publications	25	12	(30)	-1	7
Richard Koch Breakthrough					
Prize	_	111	(111)	-	-
Educational Fellowships	-	67	(67)	-	_
FREER	-	15	(15)	-:	-
Financial Services Unit	-	12	(12)	-	-
Regulatory Affairs Unit	_	20	(20)	•	-
Student Outreach and					
Opportunity	-	13	(13)	₩.	-
European Network	-	29	(29)	-1	-
Nanny State Index Conference	40	10	(50)	-	_
Think Tent	-	70	(70)	-	-
THINK Conference	_	13	(13)	-	-
Vinson Centre at the					
University of Buckingham		1	(1)	-	-
M Fund	220	2	(115)	6	113
	285	375	(546)	6	120

Donations were received to support various events and publications.

The Richard Koch Breakthrough prize will be awarded in a competition concerning innovative Free-Market Breakthrough policies.

Donations were received to support fellowships for graduate study and for exploration of practical applications of market-based economics.

The FREER initiative distributes papers and briefings on key issues such as freedom of speech and the UK housing crisis to parliamentarians.

The IEA's Financial Services and Regulatory Affairs Units, examine and report on financial services and regulatory affairs, respectively.

The IEA's Student Outreach Programme aims to spread understanding of free markets and their benefits to students, and includes a Student Opportunity Fund to provide financial support to students who otherwise couldn't access IEA programmes.

Donations were received to support a network of public policy organisations from European countries.

The Nanny State Index is a league table of the worst places in the EU to eat, drink, smoke and vape. The 2019 edition will be launched in a one-day conference in Brussels.

Donations were received to establish a marquee, Think Tent, organised with two other think tanks, to be the central point for free market debate at the Conservative Party Conference.

THINK is an annual conference for 16-25 year olds featuring speakers from around the world.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Vinson Centre at the University of Buckingham seeks to further the study of liberal economics in the UK.

The M Fund was set up to promote research into the reduction in the size of the public sector and to promote an interest in market economy policies on the part of teachers and senior pupils.

13 UNRESTRICTED FUNDS

	At 1				At 31
	January				December
	2019	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Designated Funds					
Fixed Asset Fund	585	-	-	(17)	568
Designated unrestricted funds	585	-		(17)	568
Unrestricted general funds	235	1,654	(1,912)	217	194
	820	1,654	(1,912)	200	762
					

The Fixed Asset Fund represents donations made to the Institute currently designated and used by the Trustees for the purpose of acquiring freehold and investment property. A transfer has been made between the Fixed Asset Fund and general funds in order to reflect the depreciation of the freehold property in the year.

Unrestricted general funds represent free reserves after allowing for all designated funds.

14 ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Designated Funds £000	General Funds £000	Restricted funds £000	Endowment fund £000	Total funds £000
Fund balances at 31 December					
2019 are represented by:					
Tangible fixed assets	568		=	-	568
Investments	_	-	-	2,027	2,027
Current assets	-	504	120	67	691
Current liabilities	-	(310)	-	-	(310)
Total net assets	568	194	120	2,094	2,976

15 PENSION SCHEMES

The Institute operates a defined contribution scheme and contributions to the scheme are made to an independent insurance company.

The pension costs of the Institute's scheme amounted to £40,536 (2018: £70,319). There were £6,238 contributions outstanding at the end of the year (2018: £8,525).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

16 STATUS

The Institute is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The Institute had 10 (2018: 9) members at the year end.

The Memorandum of Association provides that members are liable to contribute a sum not exceeding £1 each in the event of the company being wound up while they are members or within one year of ceasing to be members.

17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year £81,219 was incurred in employment costs (2018: £80,497) of the partner of the Director General, who is a full-time employee of the Institute. There were no amounts outstanding at the year end (2018: nil) in respect of these transactions.

Donations from trustees in the year totalled £108,880 (2018: £127,000). No conditions were attached to any of these donations which would require the charity to alter significantly the nature of its existing activities.

During 2018, a donation was received in respect of a joint initiative with Network for a Free Society, a charity in which Linda Whetstone, a Trustee of the IEA, is a Trustee and the Chairman/Director. In this regard a payment of £16,706 due to Network for a Free Society at 31 December 2018, was made in January 2019.

18 COMMITMENT UNDER OPERATING LEASES

	The total future minimum lease payments, at the reporting date, under non-	2019	2018
	cancellable operating leases are as follows:	£000	£000
	Amounts due:		
	- within one year	11	11
	 between one and five years 	21	13
			-
19 FINAN	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	2019	2018
		£000	£000
	Financial Assets:		
Trade Total Finan	Investments held as fixed assets	2,027	2,100
	Trade and other receivables (note 9)	273	478
	Total	2,300	2,578
	Financial Liabilities:		-
	Trade and other payables (note 10)	274	293
	Total	274	293

20 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

The Covid-19 pandemic, which was declared on 11th March 2020 is considered to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event. Its impact on the charity has been covered in the Trustees' Report.