

Charity registration number: 1094788

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Pregnancy Sickness Support

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Pregnancy Sickness Support

Reference and Administrative Details

Chairman	C Dean
Trustees	K Chappelle Dr R Gadsby M O'Hara C Dean S Zafar C J Pratt
Principal Office	Dunmore Farm Treesmill Par Cornwall PL24 2TU
Charity Registration Number	1094788
Independent Examiner	Stockdale Accountants Ltd

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Objectives and activities

Public benefit

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Structure, governance and management

Financial instruments

Objectives and policies

The charity's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the charity's policies approved by the board of trustees, which provide written principles on the use of financial derivatives to manage these risks. The charity does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Cash flow risk

The charity's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The charity uses foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts to hedge these exposures.

Interest bearing assets and liabilities are held at fixed rate to ensure certainty of cash flows.

Credit risk

The charity's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables, and investments.

The charity's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The charity has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the charity uses a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance.

Further details regarding liquidity risk can be found in the Statement of accounting policies in the financial statements.

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Trustees' Report

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 15/2/2021 and signed on its behalf by:



C Dean
Chairman and Trustee

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities


The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the applicable Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on 15/2/2021 and signed on its behalf by:



C Dean
Chairman and Trustee

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Independent Examiner's Report to the trustees of Pregnancy Sickness Support

I report to the charity trustees on my examination of the accounts of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2020 which are set out on pages 6 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and examiner

As the charity's trustees of Pregnancy Sickness Support you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 ('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Pregnancy Sickness Support's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

1. accounting records were not kept in respect of Pregnancy Sickness Support as required by section 130 of the Act; or
2. the accounts do not accord with those records; or
3. the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.



.....
Stockdale Accountants Ltd
ACCA

Date:.....15/02/2021.....

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies		83,017	83,017
Investment income	3	<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>
Total income		<u>83,071</u>	<u>83,071</u>
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(2,145)	(2,145)
Charitable activities		<u>(87,182)</u>	<u>(87,182)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(89,327)</u>	<u>(89,327)</u>
Net expenditure		<u>(6,256)</u>	<u>(6,256)</u>
Net movement in funds		(6,256)	(6,256)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>67,260</u>	<u>67,260</u>
Total funds carried forward	17	<u>61,004</u>	<u>61,004</u>
	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2019 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies		48,108	48,108
Investment income	3	<u>445</u>	<u>445</u>
Total income		<u>48,553</u>	<u>48,553</u>
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(5,129)	(5,129)
Charitable activities		<u>(61,220)</u>	<u>(61,220)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(66,349)</u>	<u>(66,349)</u>
Net expenditure		<u>(17,796)</u>	<u>(17,796)</u>
Net movement in funds		(17,796)	(17,796)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>85,056</u>	<u>85,056</u>
Total funds carried forward	17	<u>67,260</u>	<u>67,260</u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2019 is shown in note 17.

Pregnancy Sickness Support
(Registration number: 1094788)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	12	2,193	-
Current assets			
Debtors	13	1,720	-
Cash at bank and in hand	14	61,267	70,793
		62,987	70,793
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	15	(4,176)	(3,533)
Net current assets		58,811	67,260
Net assets		61,004	67,260
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		61,004	67,260
Total funds	17	61,004	67,260

The financial statements on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 15/2/2021... and signed on their behalf by:



 C Dean
 Chairman and Trustee

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

Pregnancy Sickness Support meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The charity opted to early adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Voluntary income including donations, gifts, legacies and grants that provide core funding or are of a general nature is recognised when the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Grants receivable

Grants are recognised when the charity has an entitlement to the funds and any conditions linked to the grants have been met. Where performance conditions are attached to the grant and are yet to be met, the income is recognised as a liability and included on the balance sheet as deferred income to be released.

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Support costs

Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis consistent with the use of resources, for example, allocating property costs by floor areas, or per capita, staff costs by the time spent and other costs by their usage.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Individual fixed assets costing £100.00 or more are initially recorded at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures & Fittings	25% straightline method
Office Equipment	25% straightline method

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade creditors

are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Debt instruments

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

(a) The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.

(b) The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.

(c) The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).

(d) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.

(e) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.

(f) Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

With the exception of some hedging instruments, other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Derivative financial instruments

The charity uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate movements. The charity does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in statement of financial activities immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in statement of financial activities depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

2 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Grants, including capital grants;			
Grants from other charities	40,222	40,222	-
Regular giving and capital donations	42,795	42,795	48,108
	<u>83,017</u>	<u>83,017</u>	<u>48,108</u>

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on bank deposits	54	54	445
	<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>445</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

4 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Costs of generating donations and legacies

	Note	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Other direct costs of generating voluntary income		145	145	-
Allocated support costs	6	2,000	2,000	5,129
		<u>2,145</u>	<u>2,145</u>	<u>5,129</u>

5 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Note	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Allocated support costs		53,219	53,219	34,598
Governance costs	6	33,963	33,963	26,622
		<u>87,182</u>	<u>87,182</u>	<u>61,220</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

6 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Staff costs			
Pension costs	1,083	1,083	748
Other staff costs	78	78	-
Independent examiner fees			
Other fees paid to examiners	2,850	2,850	1,500
Marketing and publicity	7,681	7,681	7,061
Depreciation, amortisation and other similar costs	731	731	-
Other governance costs	21,540	21,540	17,313
	<u>33,963</u>	<u>33,963</u>	<u>26,622</u>

7 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net outgoing resources for the year include:

	2020 £
Depreciation of fixed assets	<u>731</u>

8 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any other benefits from the charity during the year.

9 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Pension costs	1,083	748
Other staff costs	<u>78</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>1,161</u>	<u>748</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

10 Independent examiner's remuneration

	2020 £	2019 £
Other fees to examiners		
All other services	<u>2,850</u>	<u>1,500</u>

11 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

12 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
Additions	<u>2,924</u>	<u>2,924</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>2,924</u>	<u>2,924</u>
Depreciation		
Charge for the year	<u>731</u>	<u>731</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>731</u>	<u>731</u>
Net book value		
At 31 March 2020	<u><u>2,193</u></u>	<u><u>2,193</u></u>

13 Debtors

	2020 £
Prepayments	463
Other debtors	<u>1,257</u>
	<u><u>1,720</u></u>

14 Cash and cash equivalents

	2020 £	2019 £
Cash at bank	<u>61,267</u>	<u>70,793</u>

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	1,145	2,032
Other creditors	181	1
Accruals	2,850	1,500
	<u>4,176</u>	<u>3,533</u>

16 Pension and other schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the charity to the scheme and amounted to £1,083 (2019 - £748).

17 Funds

	Balance at 1 April 2019 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 March 2020 £
Unrestricted funds				
General	67,260	83,071	(89,327)	61,004

	Balance at 1 April 2018 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 March 2019 £
Unrestricted funds				
General	85,056	48,553	(66,349)	67,260

18 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds 2020 £
Tangible fixed assets	2,193	2,193
Current assets	62,987	62,987
Current liabilities	(4,176)	(4,176)
Total net assets	<u>61,004</u>	<u>61,004</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds 2019 £
Current assets	70,793	70,793
Current liabilities	<u>(3,533)</u>	<u>(3,533)</u>
Total net assets	<u>67,260</u>	<u>67,260</u>

19 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 April 2019 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 March 2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>70,793</u>	<u>(9,526)</u>	<u>61,267</u>
Net debt	<u>70,793</u>	<u>(9,526)</u>	<u>61,267</u>

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Statement of Financial Activities by fund for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Total Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Donations and legacies	83,017	48,108
Investment income	<u>54</u>	<u>445</u>
Total income	<u>83,071</u>	<u>48,553</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds	(2,145)	(5,129)
Charitable activities	<u>(87,182)</u>	<u>(61,220)</u>
Total expenditure	<u>(89,327)</u>	<u>(66,349)</u>
Net expenditure	<u>(6,256)</u>	<u>(17,796)</u>
Net movement in funds	(6,256)	(17,796)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>67,260</u>	<u>85,056</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>61,004</u></u>	<u><u>67,260</u></u>

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Donations and legacies (analysed below)	83,017	48,108
Investment income (analysed below)	<u>54</u>	<u>445</u>
Total income	<u>83,071</u>	<u>48,553</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds (analysed below)	(2,145)	(5,129)
Charitable activities (analysed below)	<u>(87,182)</u>	<u>(61,220)</u>
Total expenditure	<u>(89,327)</u>	<u>(66,349)</u>
Net expenditure	<u>(6,256)</u>	<u>(17,796)</u>
Net movement in funds	(6,256)	(17,796)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>67,260</u>	<u>85,056</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>61,004</u></u>	<u><u>67,260</u></u>

Pregnancy Sickness Support

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
<i>Donations and legacies</i>		
Committed giving	42,795	48,108
Grants - other agencies	40,222	-
	<u>83,017</u>	<u>48,108</u>
<i>Investment income</i>		
Interest on cash deposits	54	445
	<u>54</u>	<u>445</u>
<i>Raising funds</i>		
Fundraising costs	(2,000)	(5,129)
Other fundraising costs	(145)	-
	<u>(2,145)</u>	<u>(5,129)</u>
<i>Charitable activities</i>		
Wages and salaries	(47,512)	(34,598)
Staff NIC (Employers)	(1,076)	-
Staff training	(3,281)	-
Volunteer expenses	(1,350)	-
Rent	(7,052)	-
Water rates	(90)	-
Light, heat and power	(664)	-
Insurance	(295)	(646)
Repairs and renewals	(301)	-
Telephone and fax	(3,112)	(4,117)
Computer software and maintenance costs	(2,536)	(6,349)
Printing, postage and stationery	(2,050)	(2,415)
Trade subscriptions	(194)	(816)
Sundry expenses	(148)	(40)
Cleaning	(186)	-
Research and development	(1,335)	(776)
Travel and subsistence	(3,435)	(2,154)
Advertising	(7,681)	(7,061)
Staff entertaining (allowable for tax)	(78)	-
Accountancy fees	(2,850)	(1,500)
Bank charges	(27)	-
Paypal charges	(115)	-
Depreciation of fixtures and fittings	(143)	-
Depreciation of office equipment	(588)	-
Staff pensions (Other) - pension scheme 1	(1,083)	(748)
	<u>(87,182)</u>	<u>(61,220)</u>