COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 890369

CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 252370

FRANKGIVING LIMITED (COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

30 JUNE 2020

COHEN ARNOLD

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

FRANKGIVING LIMITED

(COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTORS' REPORT)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 June 2020.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered charity name

Frankgiving Limited

Charity registration number

252370

Company registration number

890369

Principal office and registered

070307

office

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

London

NW11 0PU

The trustees

Mr Leslie Frankel (Chairman)

Mrs Zisi Frankel

Mr Laurence Allan Foux Mr Winston Samuel Gilbert

Company secretary

Mrs Zisi Frankel

Auditors

Cohen Arnold

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

London NW11 0PU

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc 21 Hanover Square

London W1S 1JW

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and as such, its governing documents are its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The day to day affairs of the charity is administered by the trustees, each of whom holds office for life or until ceasing to hold office by virtue of Article 49 of the Memorandum of Association. None of the trustees have any beneficial interest in the charity.

It is not currently the intention of the trustees of the charity to appoint new trustees.

Where there is a requirement for new trustees, these would be identified and appointed by the remaining trustees. The chair of trustees would be responsible for the induction of any new trustee, which involves awareness of a trustee's responsibilities, the governing document, administrative procedures, and the history and philosophical approach of the charity.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (continued)

Group structure and relationships

The charity has the following wholly owned non-charitable operating subsidiaries:-

Spiritville Investments Limited

- a property investment company

Heysarbour Investments Limited

- a property investment company

Spiritville Investments Limited has the following wholly owned operating subsidiaries:-

2001 Nostrand Ave Investors Corp.

- an investment holding company

The trustees of this company, Mr Leslie Frankel and Mrs Zisi Frankel are also directors of the above companies with the exception of 2001 Nostrand Ave Investors Corp. The trustees did not receive any remuneration for their services nor did they receive any reimbursement for out of pocket expenses.

Related Party Transactions

Details of transactions with 'Related Parties' are disclosed in Notes 17 and 26 to the Financial Statements.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

The charity is established to promote and assist charitable activities and institutions both in the United Kingdom and abroad. It has concentrated its activities in promoting charitable activities of institutions professing and teaching the principles of traditional Judaism, advancing religion in accordance with the Jewish faith and giving philanthropic aid to the Jewish needy.

The charity receives incomes from its cash deposits, subsidiary undertaking and voluntary income from companies connected with the trustees which it utilises in the provision and distribution of grants and donations to organisations that fall within the objectives of the Charity.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities and setting the grant making policy for the year.

Grant making policy

Grants are made to charitable institutions and organisations both in Great Britain and abroad which accords with the objects of the charity. The trustees consider all requests which they receive and make donations based on the level of funds available.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

During the year the charity has continued its philanthropic activities and has maintained its support of religious, educational and other charitable institutions in Great Britain.

The demands on the charity's funds were more than those experienced last year with charitable donations for the year totalling £821,339 as against £313,470. The donations were met from current income of the charity.

The financial results of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 June 2020 are fully reflected in the attached Financial Statements together with the Notes thereon.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial position

The charity is reliant on the income from investments, the commercial activities of its subsidiary undertakings and voluntary income from companies connected with the trustees. Income from commercial activities of the subsidiary undertakings together with income from the investments and voluntary donations have helped to boost the total incoming resources.

The financial position of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings is satisfactory. The charity's consolidated statement of financial activities shows net income of £112,446 (2019: £869,557) and total reserves of £26,642,757 (2019: £26,530,311).

Reserves policy

The Company is required to maintain Reserves in order to ensure that it is in a position to continue its grant-making activities and cover contingencies of additional calls being made upon the charity for support of organisations or institutions in times of need.

The Trustees consider it appropriate to maintain 'Free Reserves' (unrestricted funds not committed or invested in Fixed Asset Investments) at a level which will not impinge on its ability to support Charitable Institutions.

The 'Free Reserves' of £1,641,611 which are represented by (part of) the liquid funds held by the charity, are considered to be adequate and will be reviewed periodically by the trustees of the charity.

As at 30 June 2020, the charity has total funds of £26,642,649 (Group: £26,642,757). These funds include £13,816,814 (Group: £11,033,648) which arises from the revaluation of the charity's investments and is not readily available for general purposes. Consequently, the charity has reserves of £12,825,835 (Group: £15,609,109), after making allowance for reserves not readily available.

Investment policy

Under the memorandum and articles of association, the charity has the power to make any investment, which the trustees consider appropriate The Trustees seek investments which, over a medium term, are anticipated to generate a dependable flow of income coupled with capital growth.

The trustees, having regard to the liquidity requirements of the charity and to the reserves policy have operated a policy of keeping available funds in an interest-bearing deposit account

The trustees consider the return on investments, in terms of both income and capital growth, to be satisfactory.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Risk management

The Trustees have a risk management strategy which comprises an annual review of the principal risks and uncertainties to which the Company is exposed, in particular those to the operations and finances of the Company; the establishment of policies, systems and procedures to mitigate those risks identified in the annual review and the implementation of procedures designed to minimise or manage any potential impact on the Company should those risks materialise.

The principal risks to which the charity is exposed are:

- Liabilities arising from property investment activity
- Tenant defaults
- Damage to property from flood, fire or terrorist action
- Planning construction and letting risk in relation to redevelopment activity
- The availability of liquid funds to make grants and donations
- The economic cycle generally

The charity seeks to manage or mitigate such risks wherever possible through such measures as insurance, tenant screening and monitoring, rigorous reviews of acquisition and investment opportunities, external expert advice, monitoring cash and regular monitoring of the economic outlook. It is recognised that systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risk have been adequately managed.

Ultimately, the Trustees are not overly concerned as they can manage the level of donations according to the available reserves taking into account the financial implications of Covid-19 and Brexit. The Trustees are satisfied that no adverse effects regarding property investment, Covid-19 and Brexit would impact the going concern status of the company.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The trustees plan to continue to make distributions in accordance with their grant making policy and to ensure that the ability to generate sufficient income is maintained to achieve that end.

EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Particulars of events after the reporting date are detailed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure of the group, for that period. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and the income and expenditure of the Group for that period.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT OF DISLOSURE TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of
 any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that
 information.

AUDITORS

Cohen Arnold is deemed to have been reappointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

The trustees' annual report was approved on **6** September 2021 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Mrs Zisi Frankel

Charity Secretary/Trustee

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Frankgiving Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2020 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), consolidated and parent charity balance sheets, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2020 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the consolidated financial statements any identified material
 uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going
 concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the consolidated
 financial statements are authorised for issue.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

We draw your attention to Note 15 of the financial statements, which discloses the material uncertainty with regards to the valuation of investment property as at the balance sheet date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

OPINIONS ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the consolidated financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and
 from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

*

Dov Harris (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Cohen Arnold Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road LONDON NW11 0PU

Date: 6 September 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	202 Unrestricte £		201 Unrestricte £	
Income and endowments Investment income	5		1,884,391		1,671,990
Total income			1,884,391		1,671,990
Expenditure Expenditure on raising funds: Investment management costs Expenditure on charitable activities Taxation	6 7,8 10	(982,630) (835,313) (395,290)		(808,668) (345,303) 690	
Total expenditure			(2,213,233)		(1,153,281)
Net gains on investments: Gains on revaluation of investment property Gains on revaluation of unlisted		164,250			
investment		61,128		229,744	
Gains on disposal of investment property		215,910		140,816	
Loss on disposal of unlisted investment		-		(19,712)	
			441,288		350,848
Net income and net movement in funds	11		112,446		869,557
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward			26,530,311		25,660,754
Total funds carried forward	22		26,642,757		26,530,311

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		20:	20	2019	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	15		29,236,285		25,708,336
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	17	5,838,792 1,625,760 7,464,552		$7,070,447 \\ 3,482,941 \\ \hline 10,553,388$	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	18	(650,422)		(483,422)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			6,814,130		10,069,966
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			36,050,415		35,778,302
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(8,040,658)		(8,275,991)
PROVISIONS	21		(1,367,000)		(972,000)
NET ASSETS			26,642,757		26,530,311
FUNDS OF THE CHARITY Unrestricted funds	22		26,642,757		26,530,311
Total charity funds			26,642,757		26,530,311

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on & September 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L Frankel Trustee

Company Registration Number: 890369

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		202	20	201	19
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	15		25,001,038		22,921,586
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	17	704,406 961,781 1,666,187		441,564 3,203,413 3,644,977	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	18	(24,576)		(35,847)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,641,611		3,609,130
NET ASSETS			26,642,649		26,530,716
FUNDS OF THE CHARITY Unrestricted funds	22		26,642,649		26,530,716
Total charity funds			26,642,649		26,530,716

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 6 September 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L Frankel

Trustee

Company Registration Number: 890369

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income		112,446	869,557
Adjustments for: Net gains on investments Dividends, interest and rents from investments Interest receivable and similar income Accrued expenses/(income) Payments for expenditure on investment properties Payments for expenditure on other investment Interest payable and similar charges Current and deferred tax		(441,288) (1,470,199) (414,192) 73,891 185,435 188,103 565,980 395,290	(350,848) (1,248,178) (423,812) 29,104 244,124 - 546,976 (690)
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors		58,566	(9,582) (907)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(745,968)	(344,256)
Interest received Tax paid		10,550 (290)	4,638 (310)
Net cash used in operating activities		(735,708)	(339,928)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Dividends, interest and rents from investments Cash receipts from the repayment of advances and loans Purchases of other investments Proceeds from sale of investment properties Proceeds from sale of other investments Payments for expenditure on investment properties Payments for expenditure on other investments		2,295,936 674,319 (3,424,674) 215,910 122,103 (185,435) (188,103) (489,944)	1,559,207 340,500 (44,304) 144,209 486,182 (244,124)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities			====
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of borrowings Interest paid Net cash used in financing activities		(193,999) (437,530) (631,529)	(228,007) (537,708) (765,715)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	27	$\frac{(1,857,181)}{3,482,941}$ $\overline{1,625,760}$	1,136,027 2,346,914 3,482,941
- The state of the			-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The charity is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and a registered charity in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The charity meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

3.2 Going concern

The Covid-19 pandemic has adversely effected the wider macro-economy. It is possible that property valuations and rental income of Frankgiving Limited and Subsidiary Undertakings will both decline due to the pandemic and associated lockdown. These risks are beyond the scope of the group and the full financial effects cannot currently be quantified.

Nothwithstanding the uncertainty, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles appropriate to a going concern, as the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due, based on the net current asset position of the group and available sources of finance.

3.3 Group financial statements

These Financial Statements consolidate the results of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings. A separate Statement of Financial Activities, for the charity itself is not presented because the charity has taken advantage of the exemptions afforded by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. However, the Statement of Financial Activities for the charity is separately filed with the Charity Commission.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.4 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are as follows:

(i) Property valuation

The valuation of the charity's investment property is inherently subjective, depending on many factors including the nature of the property, its location and expected future net rental values, market yields and comparable market transactions. Therefore the valuation is subject to a degree of uncertainty and is made on the basis of assumptions which may not prove to be accurate, particularly in periods of difficult market or economic conditions.

(ii) Trade and other debtors

Management uses details of the age of trade and other debtors and the status of any disputes together with external evidence of the credit status of the counterparty in making judgements concerning any need to impair the carrying value.

3.5 Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or committment. There are no designated funds as at the balance sheet date.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds. There are no restricted funds as at the balance sheet date.

3.6 Incoming resources

All income is included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.7 Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all investment management costs.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of expenditure:

- grants and donations are recognised when paid.

3.8 Taxation

The charity is not liable to current tax on its income as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities. The subsidiary undertakings are subject to Corporation Tax but it is expected that their income will be gifted for charitable purposes and should be exempt from taxation.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

3.9 Unlisted investments

Unlisted equity investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.10 Investment in subsidiary undertakings

Shareholdings acquired in subsidiary undertakings are shown at market value as valued by the trustees.

3.11 Acquisitions and disposals

Acquisitions and disposals of properties are considered to take place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

3.12 Investment property

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are recognised initially at cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition

- Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are held at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period that they arise; and
- No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties applying the fair value model.

Investment property fair value is determined by the trustees based on their understanding of property market conditions and the specific property concerned, using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions on the market, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

3.13 Debtors

Debtors are recognised and carried forward at invoiced amounts less provisions for any doubtful debts. Bad debts are written off when identified.

3.14 Creditors

Creditors are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to pay out resources. Creditors are recognised at transaction price less attributable transaction costs.

3.15 Foreign currency

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the Net Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Limited by guarantee

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

5. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Unrestricted Funds		
	2020	2019	
	£	£	
Rent and charges receivable	1,050,402	1,138,663	
Income from unlisted investment	289,391	109,515	
Interest receivable from unlisted investment	20,562	-	
Dividends receivable from unlisted investment	109,844	3. 	
Bank interest receivable	10,550	4,638	
Loan interest receivable	403,642	419,174	
	1,884,391	1,671,990	

6. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COSTS

	Unrestricted Funds		
	2020 £	2019 £	
Investment property outgoings Management and administration Investment portfolio management fees Interest payable	185,435 21,943 188,103 587,149	244,124 17,568 - 546,976	
	982,630	808,668	

7. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY FUND TYPE

	Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
	Funds	2020	Funds	2019
	£	£	£	£
Grants paid	821,339	821,339	313,470	313,470
Support costs	13,974	13,974	31,833	31,833
	835,313	835,313	345,303	345,303

8. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY ACTIVITY TYPE

	Grant funding of activities £	Support costs £	Total Funds 2020 ₤	Total Funds 2019 £
Grants paid Governance costs	821,339	- 13,974	821,339 13,974	313,470 31,833
Governance costs	821,339	13,974	835,313	345,303

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

9. ANALYSIS OF GRANTS

	2020 £	2019 £
GRANTS TO INSTITUTIONS Support of education and relief of poverty	821,339	313,470
Total grants	821,339	313,470

All grants and donations were paid to charitable institutions for the purposes of either the advancement of education or the relief of poverty.

The composition of donations is shown below:

Acheinu Limited	24,000
Beis Ruchel School Limited	12,500
Beis Soroh Schneirer of Golders Green Limited	5,000
Beth Shmuel Synagogue Limited	20,000
Chasdei Shlomo	8,000
Chevras Mo'oz Ladol	13,890
The second secon	8,300
Comet Charities Limited	15,000
Friends of Beis Chinuch Lebonos Trust	5,000
Friends of Beis Soroh Schneirer	12,000
Friends of Galanta	70,000
Friends of Mercaz Hatorah Belz Macnivka	20,393
Mifalei Chaim Bechessed	200,000
Moreshet Hatorah Limited	5,500
North London Welfare and Educational Foundation	25,000
One Heart – Lev Echod	5,000
Revach Vehazola Trust	5,000
Talmund Torah Education Limited	180,000
The Gitter Foundation	
The Woodstock Mikvah Limited	10,000
Torah (5759) Limited	6,500
United Talmudical Academy Torah V'yirah	13,900
United Talmudical Associates Limited	72,250
Yesamach Levav	9,850
Yeshivas Meirim	6,800
Yeshivat Meharash Engel Radomishl	6,300
Yetev Lev London Jerusalem Trust	12,000
Sundry donations less than £5,000 individually	49,156
	821,339

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

10. TAXATION

	2020 £	2019 £
Current tax: UK current tax expense Adjustments in respect of prior periods	290	310
Total current tax		310
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Impact of changes in tax rates	280,647 114,353	(1,000)
Total deferred tax	395,000	(1,000)
Tax on profit	395,290	(690)

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the net income for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%).

	2020 £	2019 £
Net income before tax	507,736	868,867
Net income by rate of tax Income exempt from tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods Impact of changes in tax rates Timing differences on unrealised gains Timing differences on gift aid payments Differences arising from taxation of chargeable gains Other differences	96,470 (258,034) 208,767 290 114,353 237,826 4,940	165,086 (261,892) 66,518 310 (44,652) 67,640 6,590 (290)
Taxation	395,290	(690)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

It was announced in the March 2020 Budget that the planned reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17%, which was to be effective from 1 April 2020, would not be implemented. This change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020.

The deferred tax liability at 30 June 2020 has been calculated based on a rate of 19% (2019: 17%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

11. NET INCOME

Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):

2020 2019 £ £ 25,440 38,400

Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements

25,440 38,40

Additional professional fees payable to the auditors aggregate £4,600 (2019: £6,160).

12. STAFF COSTS

The average headcount of employees, including trustees during the year was nil (2019: nil).

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2019: £nil).

13. TRUSTEE REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

No remuneration or other benefits from employment with the charity or a related entity were received by the trustees.

The charity did not meet any individual expenses incurred by the trustees for services provided to the charity.

14. NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

Of the net movement in funds of the group, a surplus of £111,933 (2019: £870,029) has been dealt with in the statement of financial activities of the charity itself.

Turnover of the charity aggregated £1,347,804 (2019: £1,365,409) and comprised £866,000 (2019: £1,222,000) of donations received and £481,804 (2019: £143,409) of investment income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

15. INVESTMENTS

Group	Freehold/ Leasehold investment property £	Unlisted investment*	Unlisted investment (Loan)	Total £
Fair value/cost	16 205 200	7 000 407	1 512 620	25,708,336
At 1 July 2019	16,295,200	7,899,497 2,264,406	1,513,639 1,160,268	3,424,674
Additions	-	(122,103)	1,100,206	(122,103)
Disposal Revaluation	164,250	61,128	-	225,378
September 1		Control Section Control	0.672.007	20.226.295
At 30 June 2020	16,459,450	10,102,928	2,673,907	29,236,285
At 30 June 2019	16,295,200	7,899,497	1,513,639	25,708,336
Historical cost at 30 June 2020	4,671,071	9,490,659	2,673,907	16,835,637

Charity	Freehold/ Leasehold investment property £	Shares in group undertakings	Unlisted investment*	Unlisted investment (Loan)	Total £
Fair value/cost					0-4 -0-4
At 1 July 2019	471,450	13,037,000	7,899,497	1,513,639	22,921,586
Additions		.=-	2,264,406	152,021	2,416,427
Disposal	-	-	(122,103)	-	(122,103)
Revaluation	-	(276,000)	61,128	-	(214,872)
At 30 June 2020	471,450	12,761,000	10,102,928	1,665,660	25,001,038
At 30 June 2019	471,450	13,037,000	7,899,497	1,513,639	22,921,586
Historical cost at 30 June 2020	27,803	102	9,490,659	1,665,660	11,184,224

Investment properties held at valuation

Freehold and leasehold investment property is included in the financial statements at trustees' valuation.

The Covid-19 pandemic, together with associated lockdown has impacted market activity. Given these unprecedented circumstances, the trustees' valuation are deemed to be uncertain on the basis that the assumptions on which they are based may prove to be inaccurate. Consequently, a higher degree of caution should be attached to the valuations than would normally be the case.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

15. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Valuation techniques and key inputs of investment properties

The group's/charity's residential apartment were valued using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions in the market, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

The group's commercial units were valued using the income capitalisation method, requiring the application of an appropriate market based yield to net operating income. Adjustments are made to allow for voids when less than five years are left under the current tenancy and to reflect market rent at the point of lease expiry or rent review.

Valuation techniques of unlisted investment

*Unlisted investments have been professionally valued at the Balance Sheet date by the investment managers at Old Mutual Wealth.

16. INVESTMENT ENTITIES

The charity owns directly and indirectly the entire issued ordinary share capital of the following companies, all of which are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales (unless otherwise indicated).

2.19.11.1	Company Number
Held directly:	
Spiritville Investments Limited Heysarbor Investments Limited	1241065 0702850
Held indirectly:	
2001 Nostrand Ave Investors Corp. (USA)	5575356

The registered address of all subsidiary undertakings is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU, with the exception of 2001 Nostrand Ave Investors Corp., which has its registered address at 6608 18th Avenue 2nd Floor, Brooklyn, New York 11204, USA.

All the subsidiary undertakings carry on the business of property investment with the exception 2001 Nostrand Ave Investors Corp., which carries on the business of investment holding. The financial statements of all subsidiary undertakings are made up annually to 30 June.

The market value at 30 June 2020 of investment in subsidiary undertakings is based on the underlying value of assets less liabilities of the subsidiary undertakings. The valuation of the subsidiaries have been made by the trustees of this charity, based upon the latest Financial Statements of the subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 June 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

16. INVESTMENT ENTITIES (Continued)

The aggregate assets, liabilities, capital and reserves for the subsidiaries as at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

			2001
			Nostrand
	Spiritville	Heysarbor	Ave
	Investments	Investments	Investors
	Limited	Limited	Corp.
	£	£	£
Fixed assets	10,928,360	5,266,000	1,008,247
Current assets	4,800,720	3,732,251	1,113
Current liabilities	(405,011)	(1,586,047)	(60,754)
Long term liabilities	(5,550,245)	(2,990,413)	(808,506)
Provisions	(916,000)		-
	-	-	
Net assets	8,857,824	3,970,791	140,100
Aggregate capital and reserves	8,857,824	3,970,791	140,100
1			

A summary of turnover, expenditure and profit/(loss) for the year ended 30 June 2020 is as follows:

			2001
			Nostrand
	Spiritville	Heysarbor	Ave
	Investments	Investments	Investors
	Limited	Limited	Corp.
	£	£	£
Turnover	780,320	249,640	-
Cost of sales	(114,603)	(62,979)	-
Administrative expenses	(26,685)	(9,709)	(2,484)
Profit on disposal of investment property	193,900	11,740	2
Net valuation gains/(loss) on investment property	(5,550)	169,800	-
Interest receivable and similar income	237,928	218,913	•
Interest payable and similar charges	(379,924)	(209,481)	(59,542)
Tax	(273,181)	(122,109)	
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	412,205	245,815	(62,026)
		0	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

17. DEBTORS

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	105,686	130,351	3,331	6,455
Amount due from group undertakings	-		500,000	124
Loan debtors	5,468,843	6,143,162	170,000	420,000
Taxation and social security	5,528	3,428	7	-
Prepayments and accrued income	258,735	793,506	31,075	15,109
	5,838,792	7,070,447	704,406	441,564

Loan debtors in respect of the group and charity include amounts due from companies, certain directors of which are also trustees or related to the directors of companies within this group as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Lesbridge Estates Limited	170,000	170,000	170,000	170,000
Bitochon Limited	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	-
Maida Vale Investments Limited	1,542,847	1,706,568	+:	-
Daylon Hungry KFT	1,490,698	1,751,296	-	

The above loans are interest bearing.

Loan debtors of the group and charity include a loan for charitable purposes of £Nil (2019: £250,000). Loan debtors of the group and charity also include amounts of £1,235,298 (2019: £1,235,298) and £670,000 (2019: £170,000) respectively falling due after more than one year.

18. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans and overdrafts Loan creditors	284,965	243,106 525	-	-
Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	362,104 3,353	236,438 3,353	24,000 576	35,271 576
	650,422	483,422	24,576	35,847

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

19. CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,040,658	8,275,991		

The bank loans and overdrafts is secured by legal charges over certain of the group's investment properties which are included in the Financial Statements.

Amounts are payable as follows:	Gro	up	Char	rity
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
In more than one year but not more than two years	275,100	284,965	-	
In more than two years but not more than five years	7,765,558	7,991,026	-	
In five years or more			-	-

20.	DEFERRED INCOME	2020 £	2019 £
	At 1 July 2019 Amount released to income Amount deferred in year	47,653 (47,653) 17,188	64,565 (64,565) 47,653
	At 30 June 2020	17,188	47,653

Deferred income arises from rents received in advance.

21. PROVISIONS

Deferred tax:

	Group £	Charity £
At 1 July 2019	972,000	
Charge for the year	395,000	
At 30 June 2020	1,367,000	-

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of fair value adjustment to investment property and unlisted investment. There are no deferred tax provisions for the charity; it is exempt from tax due to its chartiable status on the basis that all income and gains are applied solely for qualifying charitable purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

22. ANALYSIS OF CHARITABLE FUNDS

Unrestricted Funds

Group	At 1 July 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains and losses	At 30 June 2020 £
General funds	26,530,311	1,884,391	(2,213,233)	441,288	26,642,757
Charity	At 1 July 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains and losses	At 30 June 2020 £
General funds	26,530,716	1,347,804	(1,031,269)	(204,602)	26,642,649

General funds of the group at 30 June 2020 include £11,033,648 unrealised profits which are not available for distribution.

General funds of the charity at 30 June 2020 include £13,816,814 unrealised profits which are not available for distribution.

23. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Group		Charity		
	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2020	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2020	
	£	£	£	£	
Investments	29,236,285	29,236,285	25,001,038	25,001,038	
Current assets	7,464,552	7,464,552	1,666,187	1,666,187	
Creditors less than 1 year	(650,422)	(650,422)	(24,576)	(24,576)	
Creditors greater than 1 year	(8,040,658)	(8,040,658)	-	-	
Provisions	(1,367,000)	(1,367,000)		=	
Net assets	26,642,757	26,642,757	26,642,649	26,642,649	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount for each category of financial instrument is as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure	10,102,928	7,899,497	22,863,928	20,936,497
Financial assets that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	2,673,907	1,513,639	1,665,660	1,513,639
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	7,464,552	10,553,388	1,666,187	3,644,977
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	8,691,080	8,759,413	24,576	35,847

25. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

As lessor

The total future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than	319,919	760,782	6,948	7,084
5 years Later than 5 years	1,085,735 1,477,481	1,721,805 1,889,891	6,735 126,210	6,955 127,818
	2,883,135	4,372,478	139,893	141,857

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Loan interest receivable includes amounts received from connected parties and companies under common control of trustees of this charity as follows:

	2020 £	2020 £
Lesbridge Estates Limited	8,211	7,650
Bitochon Limited	96,000	96,000
Maida Vale Investments Limited	121,038	124,434
Daylon Hungry KFT	92,936	105,866
•		

Details of transactions with other related parties are disclosed in note 17.

27. ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2020 £	2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	1,625,760	3,482,941
		-
	1,625,760	3,482,941

28. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared Covid-19 a pandemic. The Covid-19 pandemic has adversely effected the wider macro economy. It is possible that property valuations and rental income of this group will both decline due to the pandemic and associated lockdown. These risks are beyond the control of the group and the full financial effects cannot currently be quantified.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The following page does not form part of the statutory financial statements which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 9

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING THE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

THIS DOES NOT FORM PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2020 Unrestricted Funds		2019 Unrestricted Funds	
	£	£	£	£
Income and endowments Donations and legacies Investment income		866,000 481,804		1,222,000 143,409
Total income		1,347,804		1,365,409
Expenditure Expenditure on raising funds: Investment management costs Expenditure on charitable activities	(195,956) (835,313)		(4,791) (345,303)	
Total expenditure		(1,031,269)		(350,094)
Net (loss)/gains on investments: Loss on revaluation of investments in group undertakings Gains on revaluation of unlisted	(276,000)		(388,000)	
investment	61,128		229,744	
Gains on disposal of investment property	10,270		12,970	
		(204,602)		(145,286)
Net income and net movement in funds		111,933		870,029
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward		26,530,716		25,660,687
Total funds carried forward		26,642,649		26,530,716