# SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) 

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

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SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE COMPANY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

| Trustees | Professor P S Rainbow (resigned 2 December 2020) <br> Professor M J Whitaker <br> Professor S Rogers <br> Professor C Frid <br> Dr J Ashworth <br> Professor J A Raven <br> Professor A G Smith <br> Mr R Coombs <br> Professor J Petts <br> Professor P J B Hart <br> Professor P M Holligan <br> Mr R Mills <br> Dr G Rider <br> Professor D Laffoley |
| :---: | :---: |
| Company registered number | 02563736 |
| Charity registered number | 1001233 |
| Registered office | The Laboratory Citadel Hill Plymouth Devon PL1 2PB |
| Company secretary | Professor W Wilson |
| Independent auditors | Bishop Fleming LLP Chartered Accountants Salt Quay House 4 North East Quay Sutton Harbour Plymouth PL4 0BN |

# SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) 

## TRUSTEES' REPORT <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The Trustees present their Annual Report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021. The Annual Report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report and a Directors' report under company law. The Trustees confirm that the Annual Report and financial statements of the charitable company comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the charitable company's governing document and the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2019).

Since the company qualifies as small under section 382 of the Companies Act 2006, the Strategic Report required of medium and large companies under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 has been omitted.

## Objectives and activities

## a. Activities undertaken to achieve objectives

SAHFOS' main objective and activity is Ocean Research. Due to the merger with the Marine Biological Assoication of the United Kingdom (MBA) all contracts and activities were transferred to the MBA except for the H2020 AtlantOS project. This project is within the SAHFOS Ltd company and is now completed.

The AtlantOS project is about Optimising and Enhancing the Integrated Atlantic Ocean Observing Systems.
The overarching objective of AtlantOS is to achieve a transition from a loosely coordinated set of existing ocean observing activities to a sustainable, efficient, and fit for purpose Integrated Atlantic Ocean Observing Systems (IAOOS), by defining requirements and systems design, improving the readiness of observing networks and data systems, engaging stakeholders around the Atlantic; and leaving a legacy and strengthened contribution to the Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS) and the Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS).

## b. Main activities undertaken to further the company's purposes for the public benefit

The Trustees consider the AtlantOS project achieves this. In setting objectives and planning for activities, the Trustees have given due consideration to general guidance published by the Charity Commission relating to public benefit, including the guidance 'Public benefit: running a charity (PB2)'. Having now completed the project consideration is being given to the winding up of SAHFOS Ltd.

## Achievements and performance

## Financial review

## a. Reserves policy

As the project has now been completed, all reserves have been transferred to the MBA.

## Structure, governance and management

## a. Constitution

Sir Alister Hardy Foundation for Ocean Science is registered as a charitable company limited by guarantee and was set up by a Trust deed.

## Structure, governance and management (CONTINUED)

## b. Methods of appointment or election of Trustees

The management of the company is the responsibility of the Trustees who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the Trust deed.

## c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The charity is linked to the Marine Biological Association of the United Kingdom, and all key operations are run there, along with key decision making. There is a common board of Trustees.

## STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial . Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Trustees at the time when this Trustees' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and
- that Trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

[^0]SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees and signed on their behalf by:


Date: 27 October 2021

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE

## OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Sir Alister Hardy Foundation for Ocean Science (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.


## BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## EMPHASIS OF MATTER - FINANICIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED ON A BASIS OTHER THAN GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to the Trustees' Report and note 2.2 in the financial statements, which states that the financial statements have been prepared on the break-up basis due to the Trustees' intention to dissolve the charity within the next 12 months due to the final project finishing. We therefore conclude that the financial statements being prepared on this basis is appropriate. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (CONTINUED)

## OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.


## MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Trustees' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.


## RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the Trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (CONTINUED)

## AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We have considered the nature of the sector, control environment and financial performance;
- We have considered the results of enquiries with management and trustees in relation to their own identification and assessment of the risk of irregularities within the entity;
- We have reviewed the documentation of key processes and controls and performed walkthroughs of transactions to confirm that the systems are operating in line with documentation;
- We have considered the matters discussed among the audit engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we have considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the highest area of risk to be in relation to income recognition, with a particular risk in relation to year-end cut off. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK) we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We have also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Charity operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the Charities Act 2011, Charity SORP 2019, FRS 102 and the terms and conditions attaching to material grants received by the Charity.

In addition, we considered the provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or avoid a materiah denplty. These included Maritime Law, Environmental Law and compliance with the Natural Environment Research Council (NERC) H\&S framework.

Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- Reviewing board meeting minutes;
- Enquiring of management in relation to actual and potential claims or litigations;
- Performing detailed transactional testing in relation to the recognition of income, specifically grants with a particular focus around year-end cut off; and
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgments made in accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all members of the engagement team and remained alert to possible indicators of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

# SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) 

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (CONTINUED)

As a result of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that not all irregularities, including a material misstatement in financial statements or non-compliance with regulation, will be detected by us. The risk increases the further removed compliance with a law and regulation is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, given we will be less likely to be aware of it, or should the irregularity occur as a result of fraud rather than a one-off error, as this may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

## USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.


Pamela Tuckett FCA DChA (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of
Bishop Fleming LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
Salt Quay House
4 North East Quay
Sutton Harbour
Plymouth
PL OBN
Date: 2 November 2021

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

|  | Note | Restricted funds 2021 | Total funds 2021 £ | Total <br> funds <br> 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income from: |  |  |  |  |
| Charitable activities | 4 | 41,765 | 41,765 | 6,164 |
| Total income |  | 41,765 | 41,765 | 6,164 |
| Expenditure on: |  |  |  |  |
| Charitable activities |  | 89,441 | 89,441 | 10,551 |
| Total expenditure |  | 89,441 | 89,441 | 10,551 |
| Net movement in funds |  | $(47,676)$ | $(47,676)$ | $(4,387)$ |
| Reconciliation of funds: |  |  |  |  |
| Total funds brought forward |  | 47,676 | 47,676 | 52,063 |
| Net movement in funds |  | $(47,676)$ | $(47,676)$ | $(4,387)$ |
| Total funds carried forward |  | - | - | 47,676 |

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.
The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.


The Trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act with respect to accounting records and preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Dr G Rider
Rider

Date: 27 October 2021
The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

# SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE 

 (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)
## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sir Alister Hardy Foundation for Ocean Science (company number 02563736) is a charitable company limited by guarantee, reigstered in England and Wales. Its registered office is The Labratory, Citadel Hill, Plymouth, Devon, PL1 2PB. During the year, its principal operation was the managing of Continuous Plankton Recorder Survey.

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Sir Alister Hardy Foundation for Ocean Science meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

### 2.2 GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis. This is due to the final remaining project coming to an end during the year and the company now dormant. No restatement of any balances is required. The directors have considered all available information and are confident that all liabilities will be met as they fall due.

### 2.3 INCOME

All income is recognised once the company has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

### 2.4 EXPENDITURE

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefits to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the company's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.5 TAXATION

The company is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

### 2.6 DEBTORS

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

### 2.7 LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

### 2.8 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.9 FUND ACCOUNTING

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the company for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:
The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. There are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
4. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

|  | Restricted funds 2021 £ | Tota funds 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deployment of CPRs \& Analysis of data | 41,765 | 41,765 |
|  | Restricted funds 2020 £ | Tota funds 2020 |
| Deployment of CPRs \& Analysis of data | 6,164 | 6,164 |

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 5. ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURE BY ACTIVITIES

|  | Activities undertaken directly 2021 £ | Total funds 2021 £ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charitable activities | 89,441 | 89,441 |
|  | Activities undertaken directly 2020 £ | Total funds 2020 £ |
| Charitable activities | 10,551 | 10,551 |

## ANALYSIS OF DIRECT COSTS

## 6. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's
annual accounts
Fees payable to the company's auditor in respect of:
Non-audit services

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
7. STAFF COSTS

Wages and salaries $\quad$\begin{tabular}{rr}

2021 \& | 2020 |
| ---: |
| $£$ | <br>

\& - <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was nil (2020: nil).

No employee received remuneration amounting to more than $£ 60,000$ in either year.
8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2020-£NIL).
During the year ended 31 March 2021, no Trustee expenses have been incurred (2020-£NIL).
9. DEBTORS

| 2020 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Amounts owed by parent | - |
| Prepayments and accrued income | - |

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| 2021 | 2020 <br> Accruals and deferred income <br> $£$ | £ <br> 39,383 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
11. STATEMENT OF FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FUNDS - CURRENT YEAR

| Balance at 1 |  |  | Balance at <br> 31 March |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| April 2020 | Income | Expenditure | 2021 |
| $£$ | $£$ | $£$ | $£$ |
| 47,676 | 41,765 | $(89,441)$ | - |

Restricted Funds

## Atlantos

This represents funding received and expenditure against the Atlantos research project.

## STATEMENT OF FUNDS - PRIOR YEAR

|  |  |  | Balance at <br> Balance at |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 April 2019 | Income | Expenditure | 2020 |
| $£$ | $£$ | $£$ | $£$ |

## RESTRICTED FUNDS

Atlantos
$\underline{\underline{52,063}} \xlongequal{\underline{6,164}} \xlongequal{(10,551)} \xlongequal{47,676}$
12. SUMMARY OF FUNDS

SUMMARY OF FUNDS - CURRENT YEAR

|  | Balance at 1 April 2020 £ | Income | Expenditure £ | Balance at 31 March 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Restricted funds | 47,676 | 41,765 | $(89,441)$ | - |
| SUMMARY OF FUNDS - PRIOR YEAR |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Balance at } \\ 1 \text { April } 2019 \\ £ \end{array}$ | Income £ | Expenditure $£$ | Balance at 31 March 2020 £ |
| Restricted funds | 52,063 | 6,164 | $(10,551)$ | 47,676 |

SIR ALISTER HARDY FOUNDATION FOR OCEAN SCIENCE (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
13. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS - CURRENT YEAR
Total funds

TOTAL

ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS - PRIOR YEAR

|  | Restricted funds 2020 £ | Total funds 2020 £ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets | 87,059 | 87,059 |
| Creditors due within one year | $(39,383)$ | $(39,383)$ |
| TOTAL | 47,676 | 47,676 |

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year a donation amounting to $£ 89,441$ was made to the Marine Biological Association of the United Kingdom, a linked charity. At the year end a balance was owing to the Marine Biological Association of the United Kingdom amounting to £nil (2020: $£ 13,395)$.
15. CONTROLLING PARTY

The Charity is controlled by the Trustees.


[^0]:    Auditors

    The auditors, Bishop Fleming LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated Trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the Trustees.

