

REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 261887

The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust

Trustee Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

31 March 2021





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Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

The Board of Directors ('the Board') of the sole corporate Trustee, KMCT Trustee Limited ('Trustee' or 'KMCT'), presents its report and the audited consolidated financial statements of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust ('the Trust') for the year ended 31 March 2021. The Board has adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" (FRS 102) in preparing the annual report and consolidated financial statements of the Trust.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Charity number

261887

Principal address

3 Elm Close Molescroft Beverley East Yorkshire HU17 7DZ

Trustee(s)

M J Gardiner (Chalrman) (Resigned 10 June 2021) S H Kay (Resigned 10 June 2021) S R Counsell (Resigned 10 June 2021) M L Edmonds (Resigned 10 June 2021) J P Richards (Resigned 10 June 2021) P Bell (Resigned 10 June 2021) J Leeson (Resigned 10 June 2021) KMCT Trustee Limited (Appointed 10 June 2021)

As of 10 June 2021, KMCT is the sole Trustee of the Trust. KMCT is a company limited by guarantee without share capital, its registered office address is the same as listed above and its company registered number is 13435296. Directors of the Board act on behalf of the Trustee, as a Body, under that company's Articles of Association and the Trust's Governance documents. The names of those who were in office, appointed after 31 March 2021 up to the date of signing the financial statements, were as follows:

J P Richards (Chairman) (Appointed 2 June 2021)
P Bell (Appointed 2 June 2021)
S R Counsell (Appointed 2 June 2021)
J Leeson (Appointed 2 June 2021)
S J Lucas (Appointed 7 July 2021)
R R Mott (Appointed 7 July 2021)
D J Sandbrook (Appointed 7 July 2021)
M C Wright (Appointed 7 July 2021)

A key purpose of the sole corporate Trustee structure is to provide a layer of protection to directors of the Board acting on behalf of the Trustee, so that it can reduce their personal liability under normal circumstances to attract the very best directors with the widest range of professional skills and experience.

Clerk to the Trustee

M J Piper

Auditors

Smailes Goldie Regent's Court Princess Street Hull, HU2 8BA

Report of the Trustee for the year ended 31 March 2021

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS - continued

Bates Wells Braithwaite LLP 10 Queen Street Place London EC4R 1BE

Investment Manager

Brewin Dolphin Limited 12 Smithfield Street London EC1A 9BD

Bankers

CAF Bank 25 Kings Hill Avenue Kings Hill West Malling Kent ME19 4TA

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust ('the Trust') is an unincorporated trust, registered with the Charity Commission. The governing documents are the Will of the late Katherine Martin ('the Settlor') proved in the Principal Registry on 8 September 1959, as amended by Scheme of the Charity Commissioners dated 6 July 1995, the Trustees' meeting of 14 May 1996, the Order of the Charity Commissioners dated 20 December 2004, as amended on 14 July 2015, as amended by resolution dated 16 November 2016.

All former Trustees as listed on page 1 held office for the whole period to 31 March 2021. Changes to the Board of Trustees after 31 March 2021 but prior to the date of this report are detailed on page 1.

Mrs Martin bequeathed shares in Singleton Birch Limited ('Singleton Birch') to the Trust. At 31 March 2021 the Trust held a majority shareholding (50.17%) in Singleton Birch, requiring the activities of the Trust and Singleton Birch to be consolidated. On 9 June 2021, the Trust disposed of 720 £1 Ordinary shares held in Singleton Birch, reducing its overall shareholding in that company to 49.99%. Further details are provided in note 31 to the financial statements. The Board has considered whether the Trust should retain its remaining holding in Singleton Birch and have concluded that this would be in the best interests of the beneficiaries of the Trust and in accordance with the Settlor's expressed wishes.

The Will of the late Mrs Martin, as amended by the Charity Commission Scheme dated 6 July 1995, declares Mrs Martin's wish that the Trustee should, so far as practicable, procure that at least two directors shall also be directors of Singleton Birch. For this reason, and as a matter of good practice, the Trust has a Conflict of Interest Policy and the Clerk maintains a Register of Trustee Interests. During the reporting period Messrs Counsell and Gardiner were Non-Executive Directors of Singleton Birch.

When appointing new directors to act on behalf of KMCT, the Board has regard to the skills and experience needed to govern the Trust and the skills and experience of the existing directors. New directors are given a copy of each of the governing documents, a copy of the latest Trustee Annual Report and Accounts, policy documents, a copy of the risk register and the Charity Commission publications, CC3 'The essential trustee: what you need to know' and CC3a 'Charity trustee: what's involved', and the Charity Governance Code. They attend an induction session to learn about the Trust and their roles and responsibilities as directors acting on behalf of KMCT.

Throughout the year to 31 March 2021, the former Trustees, as listed on page 1, were responsible for the management and administration of the Trust. The Trustees met at least three times during the year to make grants to the beneficiaries and administer the Trust. From 10 June 2021, and up to the date of this report, the Board, acting on behalf of KMCT, as a Body, has taken on this responsibility. The Board does not employ any staff but is aided in the administration of the Trust by Mr Piper, who acts as Clerk to the Trustee.

The Board has a duty to identify and review the major risks to which the Trust is exposed and to ensure appropriate controls are in place to provide reasonable assurance against fraud and error. The Board follow the guidance in the Charity Commission publication CC26 'Charities and Risk Management' and regularly identify and assess the governance, operational, financial, external and compliance risks faced by the Trust. They maintain a register of those risks and, wherever possible, take steps to mitigate them.

The Will of the late Mrs Katherine Martin, as amended by the Charity Commission Scheme dated 6 July 1995, declares Mrs Martin's wish that so far as possible the Trustee should retain the shares in Singleton Birch which she bequeathed to the Trust. These shares now form part of the Trust's Endowment Fund. The Board holds annual reviews at which it considers the performance and retention of the investment in Singleton Birch based on the requirements of the Trust. The Board regularly considers independent advice on the performance of the investment and uses this advice to determine its investment policy.

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

The consolidated activities of the Group comprise the following:

The Trust

- Regular review and scrutiny of Group financial performance
- · The receipt and investment of dividends from its subsidiary, Singleton Birch
- Monitoring the Trust's managed investment portfolio.
- · Grants to the Trust's designated beneficiaries

Singleton Birch

 The principal activities of the Company in the year under review were those of quarrying, the manufacture, sale and distribution of lime products and other related chemicals, landfill operations, energy generation, maintenance of biogas, biosolids and other plants, the sale and maintenance of electronic weighing equipment and remote monitoring website technology.

In her Will Mrs Katherine Martin directed that the income of the Trust should be divided in such proportions as the Trustee shall in its absolute discretion think fit among the following charities:

- Barnardo's
- The National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC)
- The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RSPCA)

During the reporting period the former Trustees made grants to Barnardo's, the NSPCC and the RSPCA totalling £585k (2020 £525k).

The Trustees' objectives for the year ended 31 March 2021 were to:

- Make grants to the beneficiary charities.
- Continue to review options for the capital allocation and capital funding of the Trust and Singleton Birch
- Monitor the return on the Trust's investments.
- Initiate the process of selecting a successor as Chair to the Trustees, to be appointed on retirement
 of the present incumbent in June 2021, in accordance with the Trust's Administrative Regulations.

All of the objectives were achieved.

The objectives for the year ending 31 March 2022 are to:

- Make grants to the beneficiary charities
- Continue to review options for the capital allocation and capital funding of the Trust and Singleton Birch
- Monitor the return on the Trust's investments.

Public benefit

All the beneficiary charities provide public benefit, therefore in making grants to them the Board confirms that the Trust is abiding by the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit.

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Trust's principal sources of funding are dividend income from its shareholding in Singleton Birch and income from its managed investment portfolio.

Singleton Birch

The consolidated accounts of Singleton Birch for the year ended 31 March 2021 reported decreased turnover of £48.9m versus £49.7m in 2020 and profit before tax of £4.2m versus £5.3m in 2020. Dividends pald to the Trust amounted to £450.9k (2020 £591.9k).

The Company is confident that the continuing programme of capital investment, customer and product diversification, the expansion of the business into energy generation, waste management and the development of new markets should provide a successful platform for profitable growth over the coming years.

Managed Investment Portfolio

The performance of the Trust's managed investment portfolio remained satisfactory. The net return on the investments within the portfolio for the year was a gain of £418k (2020 loss £119.2k), primarily reflecting the recovery from short term market adjustments experienced at 31 March 2020 as a direct result of the COVID-19 pandemic. This includes dividends received of £49k (2020 £49k).

Investment policy and objectives

The investment policy of the Trust is to seek a balance between income and growth through investment in collective, direct equity and fixed interest securities, commercial property and alternative investments that shall be managed on a discretionary basis by a suitably regulated investment firm. The policy requires that any such assets should not include significant exposure to illiquid, non-realisable assets and suitable asset allocation should reflect the Trust's appetite to risk as determined by the managing investment firm.

Impact of Coronavirus Pandemic

COVID-19 has impacted a significant number of countries globally since late 2020 and has caused disruption to economic activity, which has been reflected in recent fluctuations in global stock markets. In the final quarter to 31 March 2020, the valuation of the Trust's managed investment portfolio decreased in value by 16.2% but has since significantly recovered in the year to 31 March 2021, with the portfolio value up 37.4%.

The Directors of Singleton Birch responded to the challenges presented by Covid, including taking a series of actions to reduce costs, preserve cash flow and ensure the wellbeing of staff. Fortunately, most of the Group's activity was deemed to be essential services and activity levels for the core business were reasonable - albeit reduced at the start of the crisis, particularly due to the Covid Impact on the construction sector. Consequently, only a small proportion of staff were furloughed for a period at the start of the pandemic. Business activity has now returned to normal levels.

The pandemic has significantly affected the trading operations in the past financial year but, despite these difficulties, the Board is pleased with the financial outtum. This was made possible by the tremendous support of customers and suppliers, for which the Board is profoundly grateful. The Board also owe heartfelt thanks and appreciation to the Group's staff for their unstinting efforts and loyalty during a period that posed challenges not only for the business but in their own lives.

Reserves policy

In total, the Trust reserves at 31 March 2021 amounted to £1,876k (2020 £1,631k). Excluding fixed asset investments, current asset reserves at 31 March 2021 amounted to £120k (2020 £107k). It is the policy of the Trust to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the Trust's estimated administrative and governance costs for the forthcoming year.

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Going Concern and Viability

The Trust's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. In making this assessment, the Board has reviewed the Trust's consolidated financial position and current asset reserves and is satisfied that the Trust has adequate resources to continue operating successfully for the foreseeable future and so should continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and consolidated financial statements.

The Board considers that the performance of the Trust and the Group has been satisfactory.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Board has a responsibility for ensuring that there are adequate and effective risk management procedures in place to manage the Trust's major risks. Specific risks and uncertainties include:

Singleton Birch

The acquisition of British Steel by Jingye is an important aspect of the Group's future success although the Board's diversification strategy in recent years continues to moderate the Group's reliance on British Steel.

Quarrying and lime production are high risk activities in relation to health and safety and environmental impact and the directors of Singleton Birch have established robust risk management systems to mitigate these risks and ensure legal compliance. The Company has obtained the Occupational Health and Safety Standard BS OHSAS 45001 and the Environmental Management Standard ISO 14001 which require audit by external accredited bodies. The Company has won a number of major awards over recent years from its trade body, the Mineral Products Association, for continued excellence in health and safety performance.

The transition of membership from the European Emission Trading Scheme (EUETS) to the UK Emission Trading (UK ETS) Scheme on the 1 January 2021 created uncertainty as the UK scheme was not functional by the end of March 2021 and the cost of carbon purchases to fulfil annual settlement obligations was unknown - though it is expected to track the EUETS prices.

Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, interest rate and foreign currency risk and liquidity risk:

i. Market Risk

Market rate risk arises from fluctuations in the price of carbon emission allowances and gas rate prices. The Group manages such risk by having either variable pass-through costs in customer contracts or buying gas forward on fixed price agreements for the length of the contract.

il. Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash deposits, derivative financial instruments and exposure to customers, including outstanding trade receivables. The Board has agreed a policy for managing such risk which is controlled through credit limits, customer and counterparty approvals, and rigorous monitoring procedures. Credit checks are undertaken on all customers on an annual basis and credit insurance is obtained for all major customers where possible. Where credit insurance is not available for certain customers, credit terms are reduced, and the accounts are monitored closely to ensure exposure to credit risk is minimised.

III. Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign currency risk occurs at transactional and translation level from trade balances and transactions in foreign currencies. The vast majority of sales and purchases made across the Group are in GBP, so the Group runs minimal risk in this area. For the limited amount of transaction incurred in foreign currencies, the Group operates foreign currency bank accounts in order to naturally minimise exposure to sudden fluctuations.

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - continued

iv. Cash Flow/ Liquidity Risk

Cash flow and liquidity are monitored regularly against forecasts and available finance facilities to ensure the Group has sufficient headroom. The Group actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term committed facilities which are designed to ensure the Group has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions equivalent to at least one year's forecast requirements at all times.

v. Interest Rate Risk

The Group uses a combination of fixed rate and index-linked borrowings and fixed rate interest swaps as cash flow hedges of future variable interest payments to mitigate exposure to interest rate fluctuations.

Managed Investment Portfolio

Within its investment portfolio, the Trust is exposed to fluctuations in capital markets, but has mitigated this risk through the guidance of professional investment advisors.

Covid-19 has given rise to unprecedented circumstances, but the Board is committed to do its best for the Trust's beneficiaries and to ensure the impact of Covid-19 is mitigated wherever possible.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Group is just about to embark on a project that could see the fifth generation of lime kiln built at Melton Ross over the next few years to help meet the Group's zero carbon target. In partnership with Origen Power, who have developed an oxy-fuel flash calciner which produces a very pure CO2, Singleton Birch are looking to commence the building of a pilot plant. The Melton Ross site sits close to a proposed CO2 and hydrogen pipeline route that encompasses power generation, steel and chemical operations around the Humber Estuary. It is hoped that the success of the new kiln technology and the realisation of the Humber CO2 network will enable Singleton Birch to take a big step forward in its ambition to become a zero carbon lime producer.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustee and the consolidated financial statements of the Trust in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England & Wales requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material
 departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

Report of the Trustee

for the year ended 31 March 2021

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

Up to and including 9 June 2021, the former Trustees, as listed on page 1, were responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclosed with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and the Group and enabled them to ensure that the financial statements complied with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Trust's governing documents. They were also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

From 10 June 2021, the Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Trust's governing documents. The Board is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Audit Information

The Directors appointed to KMCT, who held office at the date of approval of the financial statements as set out above each confirm, so far as they are aware, that:

- · There is no relevant audit information of which the Trust's auditors are not aware; and
- the Directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 (FRS102).

The Report of the Trustee has been approved by the Board on 20 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

J P Richards - Chairman

On behalf of the Trustee KMCT Trustee Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustee of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust (the 'Parent Charity') and its subsidiaries ('the Group') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the Trust Statement of Financial Activities, the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Trust Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and Parent Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2021, and of the Group's incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and Parent Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group or Parent Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for Issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in annual Report of the Trustee, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Trustee is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustee of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Report
 of the Trustee; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the Parent Charity's and the Group's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Trustee

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out in the Report of the Trustee, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Group's and Parent Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 151 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with this Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Parent Charity, including the Charities Act 2011, taxation legislation, data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation. An understanding of these laws and regulations and the extent of compliance was obtained through discussion with management and inspecting legal and regulatory correspondence.

We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by making enquiries of management and considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustee of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with relevant regulators and legal advisors.

Due to the Inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission, or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance-for-auditors-responsibilities-for-audit/Description-of-auditors-responsibilities-for-audit.aspx.This description forms part of our auditor's report

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Board acting on behalf of the Trustee, as a Body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trust's Trustee as a Body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nicola Shipley FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Smailes Goldie Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Regent's Court
Princess Street
Hull
East Yorkshire
HU2 8BA

20 October 2021					
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Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities

for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	Unrestricted fund £'000	Restricted fund £'000	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
INCOMING RESOURCES Incoming resources from generated funds					
Investment income Commercial trade operation	2 3	49,122 ————	49 	49 49,122	49 49,761
Total incoming resources		49,122 ———	49	49,171	49,810
RESOURCES EXPENDED Costs of generating funds					
Investment management costs Commercial trade operations	4 3	- 44,938	11	11 44,938	12 44,450
Dividends paid from commercial trade operations	3	4 34	-	434	568
Charitable activities Donations to beneficiaries	5	-	613	613	551
Total resources expended		45,372	45,372 624		45,581
Net income/(expenditure)		3,750	(575)	3,175	4,229
Transfers between funds	25	(451)	451	-	-
Other recognised gains/ (losses) Gains/(losses) on investment assets	15	-	368	368	(168)
Shares issued in trading company		98	-	98	8
Actuarial gains /(losses) on defined benefit pension schemes	27	(512)	-	(512)	165
Tax on activities	11	(651)		(651)	(1,012)
Net movement in funds	c/f	2,234	244	2,478	3,222

Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Continued

	Notes	Unrestricted fund £'000	Restricted fund £'060	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
Net movement in funds	b/f	2,234	244	2,478	3,222
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS	25				
Total funds brought forward		28,606	1,625	30,231	27,009
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		30,840	1,869	32,709	30,231
		-			
Attributable to parent		15,472	1,869	17,341	16,210
Attributable to non-controlling interests	25	15,368	-	15,368	14,021
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		30,840	1,869	32,709	30,231

Trust Statement of Financial Activities for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	Unrestricted fund £'000	Restricted fund	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
INCOMING RESOURCES Incoming resources from generated funds		2000	2 000	2 000	2 000
Investment income	2	-	500	500	641
Total incoming resources			500	500	641
RESOURCES EXPENDED Costs of generating funds Investment management costs	4	_	11	11	12
Charitable activities Donations to beneficiaries Support costs	6 7	-	585 28	585 28	525 26
Total resources expended			624	624	563
Net income/(expenditure)		-	(124)	(124)	78
Transfers between funds		-	-	-	-
Other recognised gains/ (losses) Gains/(losses) on investment assets	15		368	368	(168)
Net movement in funds		-	244	244	(90)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS					
Total funds brought forward	25	-	1,632	1,632	1,722
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD	25	<u>-</u>	1,876	1,876	1,632

Consolidated Balance Sheet

for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	Unrestricted fund	Restricted fund £'000	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	13	630	-	630	728
Tangible assets	14 15	37,533 86	1,749	37,533 1,835	34,679 1,604
Investments	15		1,748	1,655	1,004
		38,249	1,749	39,998	37,011
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	16	5,037	-	5,037	4,573
Debtors: amounts falling due within	17	12,890	3	12,893	13,354
one year Debtors: amounts falling due after	1.7	12,030	•	12,000	10,004
more than one year	17	2,933	-	2,933	2,683
Cash at bank		834	134	968	303
		21,694	137	21,831	20,913
CREDITOR\$					
Amounts falling due within one year	18	(13,277)	(17)	(13,294)	(15,768)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		8,417	120	8,537	5,145
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		46,666	1,869	48,535	42,156
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	19	(5,965)	-	(5,965)	(5,168)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	23	(8,197)	-	(8,197)	(5,663)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY	I	32,504	1,869	34,373	31,327
PENSION LIABILITY	27	(1,664)	-	(1,664)	(1,096)
NET ASSETS		30,840	1,869	32,709	30,231

Consolidated Balance Sheet

for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
FUNDS	25		
Unrestricted		15,472	14,585
Restricted		1,869	1,625
Non-controlling interest		15,368	14,021
TOTAL FUNDS		32,709	30,231

The financial statements on pages 12 to 51 were approved by the Board of the Corporate Trustee on 20 October 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

J P Richards - Chalman

On behalf of the Trustee KMCT Trustee Limited

Trust Balance Sheet

for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	Restricted fund £'000	Endowment fund £'000	2021 Total fund s £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
FIXED ASSETS Investments	15	1,749	7	1,758	1,525
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	17	3 134 ——————————————————————————————————	:	3 134 ——————————————————————————————————	4 114
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	18	(17)		(17)	(11)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		120		120	107
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,869 1,869	7		1,632 1,632
FUNDS Restricted funds Endowment funds	25			1,876 7	1, 6 25 7
TOTAL FUNDS				1,876	1,632

The financial statements on pages 12 to 51 were approved by the Board of the Corporate Trustee on 20 October 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

J P Richards - Chairman

On behalf of the Trustee KMCT Trustee Limited

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Cash inflow from operating activities	Α	9,755	9,033
Interest and similar charges paid Taxation paid Taxation refunds		(303) (862)	(472) (765) 351
Net cash inflow from operating activities		8,590	8,147
Net cash outflow from investing activities and servicing of finance	В	(6,351)	(4,907)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	С	79 2	(2,079)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,031	1,161
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	D	(2,062)	(3,223)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	D	969	(2,062)

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

a) Reconciliation of incoming resources to net cash inflow from operating activities

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Net incoming resources	3,175	4,229
	Interest and dividends received	(141)	(140)
	Interest and similar charges paid	394	713
	Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	434	568
	Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	4,960	4,745
	Amortisation and impairment of intangible fixed assets	98	159
	Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(163)	(38)
	Share of losses in joint venture	88	(00)
	Benefits paid regarding past directors	(89)	(86)
	Landfill/aftercare provision adjustment	3	(60)
	Carbon emissions provision adjustment	1,194	7
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(464)	(561)
	Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	545	(1,623)
	(Decrease)/Increase in trade and other creditors	(279)	1,056
	(Decrease) micrease in dade and other creditors	(219)	
	Net cash flow from operating activities	9,755	9,033
b)	Cash flow from investing activities	2021 £′000	2020 £'000
	Dividends and interest received	141	140
	Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(6,899)	(4,648)
	Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	271	93
	Payments to acquire investments	(316)	(431)
	Receipts from sales of investments	453	341
	Deferred consideration payments	(1)	(402)
		(6,351)	(4,907)
c)	Cash flow from financing activities	2004	
		2021	2020
		£'000	€'000
	New loans in year	2,500	_
	Loan repayments in year	(1,106)	(1,155)
	Hire purchase capital repayments	(266)	(364)
	Receipts from new issue of shares in subsidiary undertakings	98	, (J. 7) 8
	Equity dividends paid to non-controlling interests of commercial trading operation	(434)	(568)
		792	(2,079)

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

d) Cash and cash equivalents

The amounts disclosed on the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts

£'000
303 (2,365)
(2,062)
2019 £'000
301 (3,52 4)
(3,223)
44 24 02 04
At 31.03.21 £'000
2000
96 9
•
969
(444)
(441) (2,001)
(5,741)
(8,183)
(7,214)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information and basis of preparation

The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust ('the Trust') is an unincorporated trust, registered with the Charity Commission. The address of the registered office is given in the charity information on page 1 of these financial statements. The nature of the Trust's operations and principal activities is to make donations to beneficiaries from the receipt and investment of dividends from its subsidiary undertakings and managed investment portfolios.

The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FR\$ 102. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued in October 2019, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Charities Act 2011, and UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

The consolidated financial statements contain information about the Trust and its subsidiary undertaking Singleton Birch Limited ('Singleton Birch'), Singleton Birch Is a limited company registered in the United Kingdom and the address of its registered office Is Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire, DN38 6AE.

The consolidated financial statements of Singleton Birch for the year ended 31 March 2021 were prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to Include certain items at fair value. The Board of Directors ('the Board') of the sole corporate Trustee, KMCT Trustee Limited ('Trustee' or 'KMCT'), have taken note of the guldance issued by the Financial Reporting Council on Going Concern Assessments in determining that this is the appropriate basis of preparation of the financial statements and have considered a number of factors. The Board considered plausible downside scenarios resulting from the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak and its effect on the general position of the Trust and the longer term viability of its investments including subsidiary undertakings. This has specifically included reviewing banking facilities in place and detailed forecasting using sensitivity analysis to ensure that the worst case scenario situation does not put the going concern concept at risk. As a result, the Board believes that the Parent Trust and the Group are well placed to manage their business risks successfully despite the uncertainties surrounding the current general economic outlook.

The Board has a reasonable expectation that the Parent Trust and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in sterling and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Trust Accounting Policies

incoming resources

All incoming resources are included on the Statement of Financial Activities when the Trust is legally entitled to the income after any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Incoming resources - continued

Investment income is earned through holding assets for investment purposes such as shares and property. It includes dividends and interest. Where it is not practicable to identify investment management costs incurred within a scheme with reasonable accuracy the investment income is reported net of these costs. It is included when the amount can be measured reliably. Dividend income is recognised as the charity's right to receive payment is established.

Resources expended

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and irrecoverable VAT has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. It is categorised under the following headings:

- · Costs of raising funds includes investment management costs;
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes grants and donations to beneficiaries

Grants payable to third parties are within the charitable objectives. Where unconditional grants are offered, this is accrued as soon as the recipient is notified of the grant, as this gives rise to a reasonable expectation that the recipient will receive the grants. Where grants are conditional relating to performance then the grant is only accrued when any unfulfilled conditions are outside of the control of the Trust. Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Governance and support costs

Governance and support costs are those that assist the work of the Trust but do not directly represent charitable activities and include costs of the preparation and examination of statutory accounts, the costs of Trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice on governance or constitutional matters. They are incurred directly in support of expenditure on the objects of the Trust.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings, they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Taxation

The Trust is exempt from tax on its charitable activities.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the Trust and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the Trust. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes. The cost of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Investments

Quoted investments are valued in the balance sheet at their mid-market value at the balance sheet date. Investment management costs are accounted for as incidental costs of the acquisition or disposal where transaction based, while investment income management costs are charged as expenditure out of the relevant income fund. Unquoted investments are valued at cost as the cost of obtaining a valuation outweighs the benefit to the users of the accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Realised gains and losses

All gains and losses are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities as they arise. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and opening market value (purchase date if later). Unrealised gains and losses are calculated as the difference between the market value at the year end and opening market value (or purchase date if later). Realised and unrealised gains are not separated in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Group Accounting Policies

Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Trust and its subsidiary undertaking, Singleton Birch, at 31 March 2021 using acquisition accounting.

Joint ventures

Joint ventures are measured using the equity method approach subject to impairment reviews.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding UK landfill tax and aggregate levy and net of VAT, intra-group transactions, rebates and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

Turnover from the sales of goods and services is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually on shipment, completion of the product or the service being ready for delivery, based on specific contract terms, except for export sales whereby revenue is recognised once the goods have been delivered.

Intangible assets - goodwill

Goodwill arising on business combinations is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The period chosen for writing off goodwill is 10 years and provisions are made for any impairment following annual reviews.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes those costs that are directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Long leasehold property
Plant and machinery
Landfill site

5% - 10% per annum on cost
5% - 33% per annum on cost
5% - 33% per annum on cost

Landfill site

Landfill sites are included at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes acquisition, development and commissioning expenses. These costs are written off over the operational life of the site based on the amount of waste deposited in the year and total usage of void space.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Landfill restoration

Where the obligation to restore the landfill site is an integral part of its future economic benefits, the net present value (NPV) of the Group's minimum unavoidable costs in relation to restoration liabilities are recognised as a non-current asset and included within the total cost of the landfill site. The asset recognised is depreciated over the operational life of the site based on the usage of void space.

The landfill costs of construction and restoration are reviewed annually by the Board and triennially by qualified consultants. The last professional review was undertaken in March 2021.

investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are included at cost unless, in the opinion of the directors, there is a permanent diminution in the value of these investments, in which case a provision is made against the deficit.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised when it is reasonable to expect that the grants will be received and that all related conditions will be met, usually on submission of a valid claim for payment. Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments. Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

The Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) grant has been recognised as other operating income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity has recognised the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incumed in bringing stock to its present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out basis. Provision is made for damaged, obsolete and slow-moving stock where appropriate.

Tax

Current tax represents the amount payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Group mainly enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade, other accounts receivable and payable and loans from related parties.

Debt instruments with no stated interest rate that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Debt instruments such as loans, borrowings and other accounts receivable and payable over more than one year are initially measured at the transaction price including transaction cost. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

Singleton Birch uses derivatives to protect against fluctuations in interest rates. The fair value is determined by annual valuations from the Company's bank.

Where material to the financial statements, derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value at the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recognised by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated using the closing rate.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised where there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that there will be an outflow of economic benefits to settle this obligation and a reliable estimate of this amount can be made. Where the effect of the time value of money is material the current amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle obligations. The unwinding of the discount to present value is included as notional interest within finance costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - confinued

Landfill restoration costs

Full provision is made for the net present value (NPV) of the Group's minimum unavoidable costs in relation to restoration liabilities at the landfill site and where the obligation recognised as a provision gives access to future economic benefits, this is capitalised as a fixed asset. The Group provides for the NPV of intermediate restoration costs over the life of the landfill site, based on the quantity of waste deposited in the year and total usage of void space.

Environmental control and aftercare provision

Environmental control and aftercare costs are incurred during the operational life of the landfill site and for a considerable period thereafter. Provision for the NPV of all such costs is made over the operational life of the site and charged to the income statement on the basis of the usage of void space at the site. Similar costs incurred during the operational life of the landfill site are written off directly and not charged against the provision.

Carbon emission allowances an provisions

Singleton Birch operates in an energy intensive industry and is subject to regulation on the level of greenhouse gas emissions produced each year as part of the 2008 Climate Change Act. Up until 31 December 2020, the Company participated in the European Union Emissions Trading Scheme (EU ETS) which has since been replaced by the UK Emissions Trading Scheme (UK ETS) from 1 January 2021. As a former participant of the EU ETS and current participant of the UK ETS the Company is allocated free emissions allowances by the UK Government and is required to obtain and surrender allowances on a cap-and-trade approach to cover annual greenhouse gas emissions and meet its compliance obligations. The accounting treatment for such allowances was the subject of a draft UITF abstract issued in May 2003. Following a period of consultation, the UITF decided not to issue a final abstract due to reservations about the recommended treatments of gains and losses and uncertainty about the future accounting treatment of government grants.

The Board has considered the proposed treatment in the abstract and, in light of the decision of the UITF to delay the release of definitive guidance on the treatment of emissions allowances, they have adopted a policy which they consider most fairly represents the position at the year end and the net income or expenditure for the year on the basis that allowances are held for compliance purposes only. Purchased allowances held on account at the year-end are recognised within intangible assets at their initial cost and reviewed at the end of each reporting period for evidence of impairment at which point they are written down to their recoverable amount. Allowances purchased solely to settle the Group's obligation under the scheme are recorded directly in the profit and loss account on settlement.

To the extent that allowances received free of charge from the UK Government are in excess of the expected amount needed to settle the Group's compliance obligation, the allowances are accounted for as an intangible asset equal to the market value of those surplus allowances at the date of allocation.

To the extent that the expected obligation cannot be met from the annual free allocation of allowances, or purchased allowances already held, a provision is recognised to reflect the Group's obligation to deliver allowances based upon actual carbon emissions produced at the end of each reporting period in excess of the allowances held/allocated. This liability is measured at the amounts expected to be incurred in settling the obligation and it is measured at the market price of allowances (or a contracted forward rate if such a forward purchase arrangement exists) at the period end.

The KMCT Board and the Board of Directors of Singleton Birch will continue to review the appropriateness of this policy as further guidance develops in this area.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Employee benefits

The Group operates defined benefit and defined contribution pension schemes.

Where employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Defined benefit pension schemes

The Singleton Birch Retirement Benefits Scheme was closed to new members on 1 April 2001 and replaced with a group personal pension plan. From 1 April 2008 the scheme was closed for future accrual and members have been transferred to the Group personal pension scheme for the remainder of their service.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the year less the fair value of plan assets. If the value of a plan's assets exceeds the present value of its obligations, the resulting surplus is only recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to that surplus.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated by independent actuaries who advise on the selection of Directors' best estimates, using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high quality corporate bonds, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation. Actuarial valuations are obtained annually and are updated at each balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Defined contribution scheme

A group personal pension scheme was introduced with effect from 1 April 2001. Costs of the defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the income statement in the year in which they arise. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

2. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowment	2021	2020
	fund	fund	fund	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£¹000
Dividends and interest	<u>-</u>	49		<u>49</u>	49

During the period the Trust received dividends of £450,971 (2020 £591,900) from its subsidiary undertaking (Singleton Birch) that are eliminated from the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities on consolidation.

3. INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) FROM COMMERCIAL TRADE OPERATION

	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	48,883 (35,524)	49,668 (33,943)
		
GROSS PROFIT	13,359	15,725
Administrative expenses	(8,932)	(9,794)
	4,427	5,931
Other operating income/(expenses)	147	2
OPERATING PROFIT	4,574	5,933
Share of operating loss in joint ventures	(88)	-
Interest receivable and similar income	92	91
Interest payable and similar charges	(394)	(713)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4,184	5,311
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(434)	(568)
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) FROM COMMERCIAL TRADE OPERATION	3,750	4,743
BEFORE TAXATION AND OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS/LOSEES	- 11	

The principal activity of the subsidiary undertaking in the period under review were those of quarrying, the manufacture, sale and distribution of lime products and other related chemicals, landfill operations, energy generation, maintenance of biogas, biosolids and other plants, the sale and maintenance of electronic weighing equipment and remote monitoring website technology.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 Merch 2021

3. INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) FROM COMMERCIAL TRADE OPERATION - continued

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Exceptional items	-	315

The exceptional item in the prior year relates to a bad debt write off as a result of British Steel going into administration.

4. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COSTS

		Unre str icted fund £'000	Restricted fund £'000	Endowment fund £*000	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
	Portfolio management	<u> </u>	11	-		12
5.	CHARITABLE ACTIVITIE	S COSTS Direct costs	Grant funding activities (see note 6)	Support costs (See note 7)	2021 Total	2020 Total
		£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Charltable activities	-	585	28	613	551

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

6.	GRA	NTS	PAY	YAR	LE
v.	viva			IDD	

о.	GRANIS PATABLE				2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Donations to beneficiaries				<u>585</u>	525
	The total donations paid to	institutions during	the year wa	s as follows:		
					2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Barnado's				195	175
	NSPCC				195	175
	RSPCA				195	175
					585	525
7.	SUPPORT COSTS					
		Management	Finance	Governance costs	2021 Total	2020 Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Resources expended	8	-	<u>20</u>	28	26
8.	NET INCOME/(EXPENDIT	URE)				
	Net income/(expenditure) is	stated after charg	ging/(creditin	g):		
					2021	2020
					Total	Total
					£'000	£'000
	Depreciation - Owned Asse	ets			4,787	4,454
	Depreciation - Leased Asse				173	291
	Profit on disposal of fixed a:				(163)	(38)
	Amortisation of goodwill				98	159
	Release of government gra	nt			(5)	(5)
	Other government grants				(145)	
	Other operating leases	rom oarbaa aasiaa	oloo orovioles		62	90
	Operating expense arising f Auditors' remuneration for the			18	1,517 6	201 6
	Auditors' remuneration – oti		accounts		55	52
	Dividends paid to external s				434	568
	Foreign exchange difference				24	(2)
						` '

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

9. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Trustees' remuneration				
M J Gardiner	29 	29 	- - 	
S R Counsell	78	78	-	

M J Gardiner and S R Counsell received remuneration benefits from Singleton Birch for the services they provide undertaking the roles of Non-Executive Directors of that company.

	2020 £'000
Trustees' expenses - 6 -	6

One Trustee (2020 – five) received reimbursement for expenses in attending meetings totalling £85 (2020 - £5,513).

10. STAFF COSTS

	Gro	up	Trus	st
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Wages and salaries	6,266	6,405	-	-
Social security costs	705	663	-	-
Other pension costs	754	767	-	-
				
	7,725	7,835	-	-
				

The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:

	Grou	ıp	Trust	:
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Executive Directors	4	4	-	-
Non-Executive Directors	2	2	-	-
Production	72	79	-	-
Administration	66	63	-	-
	144	148		-

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

10. STAFF COSTS - continued

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	Group		Trust	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
£60,001 - £70,000	2	2	-	•
£70,001 - £80,000	5	4	•	-
£80,001 - £90,000	-	1	-	-
£90,001 - £100,000	1	1	-	-
£100,001 - £110,000	1	-	-	-
£110,001 - £120,000	-	1	-	-
£120,001 - £130,000	1	-	-	-
£130,001 - £140,000	1	1	-	-
£140,001 - £150,000	-	-	-	-
£160,001 - £170,000	1	1	-	-
£190,001 - £200,000	1	1	-	-
£240,001 - £250,000	1	-	-	-
£250,001 - £260,000	-	1	-	-

Key management personnel

red management personner	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Remuneration	1,538	1,338	-	-
	=======================================			

Throughout the year, the key management personnel of the Group comprised the former Trustees as listed on page 1 and the Directors of Singleton Birch, as well as other employees considered key to the successful running of the subsidiary business. The Trustees holding office during the year were not remunerated for their role as Trustees.

11. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £°000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax	472	819	-	-
Total current tax	472	819		
Deferred tax	179	193	-	-
Tax on profit	651	1,012	-	-
				=

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

11. TAXATION – continued

Reconcillation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Group		Trust	
Profit before tax	2021 £'000 4,184	2020 £'000 5,311	£'000 -	2020 £'000 -
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of UK corporation tax 19% (2020-19%)	795	1,009		-
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Additional deductions for qualifying R&D	95 (228)	87 (180)	-	-
expenditure Additional deductions in respect of share options exercised	(27)	•	-	-
Consortium relief Differences arising from change in tax rates	16 -	(16) 112	-	-
Total tax charge	651	1,012		

Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income

Actuarial Movements	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Gross Tax	(632) 120	204 (39)	-	-
1 ax		(38)		
Net	(512)	165		

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for 2020/21 was 19%.

Included within provisions for liabilities are deferred tax liabilities totalling £1,522,279 in respect of accelerated capital allowances and other short term timing differences. Included within debtors due over one year are deferred tax assets totalling £316,211 in respect of defined benefit pension scheme obligations recognised.

In the Spring Budget 2021, the Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%. At the balance sheet date, the proposal to increase the rate to 25% had not been substantively enacted, substantive enactment occurred on 24 May 2021, therefore, its effects are not included in these financial statements. However, it is likely that the overall effect of the change, had it been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date, would be to increase the tax expense for the period by £154,255, to increase the deferred tax asset by £89,205 and increase the deferred tax liability by £243,460 respectively.

The expected net reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities in the year to 31 March 2021 is £345,419. This is due to the reversal of accelerated capital allowances and short term timing differences.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

12. NET INCOMING/ (OUTGOING) RESOURCES OF PARENT TRUST

The Parent Trust's net incoming/(outgoing) resources for the year to 31 March 2021 are presented on page 14.

13. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Goodwill £'000
COST	2 000
At 1 April 2020	981
At 31 March 2021	981
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2020	253
Amortisation for year	98
Eliminated on disposal	•
At 31 March 2021	351
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2021	630
At 31 March 2020	728
	

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised during the year as an expense was £981,368 (2020: £728,956).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

14. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group					
	Freehold property £'000	Landfill site £'000	Long leasehold £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Totals £'000
COST					
At 1 April 2020	118	14,230	5,016	93,896	113,260
Additions	=	595	-	6,523	7,118
Disposals				(912)	(912)
Revaluation adjustments	<u>-</u>	1,383			1,383
At 31 March 2021	118	16,208	5,016	99,507	120,849
DEPRECIATION	-				
At 1 April 2020	-	8,080	3,600	66,901	78,581
Charge for year	-	710	147	4,103	4,960
Disposals	-	-	-	(799)	(799)
Revaluation adjustments	•	574			574
At 31 March 2021	-	9,364	3,747	70,205	83,316
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2021	118 ———	6,844	1,269	29,302	37,533
At 31 March 2020	118	6,150	1,416	26,995	34,679

Included within tangible fixed assets of the Group are net book values of finance leases and hire purchase contracts of £616,065 (2020: £730,641).

Included within tangible fixed assets of the Group are assets in the course of construction of £1,546,546. Assets in the course of construction have not been depreciated on the basis they have not yet been brought into full operational use and are not in the location and/or condition necessary to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The landfill costs of construction and restoration are reviewed annually by the directors of Singleton Birch and triennially by qualified consultants. The last professional review was undertaken in March 2021. The adjustments to the landfill site comprise the net present value of the future restoration expenditure which the Group is obliged to undertake by the permission under which it operates the landfill site. The corresponding entry is included within provisions at note 23.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

15. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Group

The Trust had a 50.17% investment in the Ordinary share capital of Singleton Birch at the period end. Singleton Birch's investments at the balance sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiaries

	Class of		
Name of company	share	% Holding	Nature of business
Birch Chemicals Limited	Ordinary	100%	Chemical processing and distribution
Birch Solutions UK Limited	Ordinary	100%	Construction and maintenance of blogas plants
Minsterport Limited	Ordinary	100%	Sale and maintenance of electronic weighing equipment
Birch Energy Limited	Ordinary	100%	Renewable Energy
Birch Haulage Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Biolime Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Lime Products Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Minerals Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Solutions (Technical Services) Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Woldlime Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Dedicated VMI systems Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant

All of the above investments were held directly by Singleton Birch for the whole period.

The investments are measured at cost less impairment on the basis it represents shares in an entity that are not publicly traded. The registered office is Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire, DN38 6AE. The company registration number of Singleton Birch is 00009433. A summary of income, expenditure and profit for the year for the trading Group is included in note 3.

Joint Ventures

Birch Energy Limited has a 50% holding in Laynes Green Energy Limited, a company registered in the UK. The registered office is Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire, DN38 6AE. The joint venture has traded during the year ended 31 Merch 2021.

The carrying amount of the investment is £nil due to its negative reserves at 31 March 2021 exceeding the initial cost of investment. The Group receives interest from loan notes issued to Laynes Green Energy as disclosed at note 30. A provision has been recognised for the Group's share of total losses incurred by the joint venture to 31 March 2021.

Associated companies

The Group has a 25% holding in the share capital of Rika Biogas Technologies Limited. The registered office is Aldenham Hall, Morville, Bridgnorth, Shropshire, WV16 4RN. The results of the associate have not been accounted for under the equity method as the Board does not consider the Group to have significant influence over the entity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 Merch 2021

15. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Other investments held by the Group

The Trust also holds a portfolio of listed investments that are carried at their market value. These investments are those disclosed below in relation to investments held by the Trust.

Group	Listed	Cash	Unlisted	
	investments	equivalents	investments	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
MARKET VALUE				
At 1 April 2020	1,273	245	86	1,604
Additions	316	-	-	316
Disposals	(208)	(245)	-	(453)
Revaluations	368	-	÷	368
At 31 March 2021	1,749		86	1,835
NET BOOK VALUE	·			
At 31 March 2021	1,749	-	86	1,835
At 31 March 2020	1,273	245	86	1,604
	=			

Trust MARKET VALUE	Listed investments £'000	Cash equivalents £'000	Unlisted Investments £'000	Totals £'000
At 1 April 2020 Additions Disposals Revaluations	1,273 316 (208) 368	245 - (245)	7 - -	1,525 316 (453) 368
At 31 March 2021	1,749		7	1,756
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2021	1,749	-	7	1,756
At 31 March 2020	1,273	245	7	1,525

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

15. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

All listed investments are carried at their market value. Investments in equities and fixed interest securities are all traded in quoted public markets, primarily the London Stock Exchange. Holdings in common investment funds, unit trusts and open ended investment companies are at bid price. Asset sales and purchases are recognised at the date of trade at cost (that is their transaction value).

No value is attributed to the original 281,261 ordinary shares held in Singleton Birch as the shares of that company are not quoted on a recognised stock exchange and the Trustee considers that the cost of obtaining a valuation each year cannot be justified.

In 2012 the Trust acquired an additional 226 ordinary shares in Singleton Birch having exercised its right to acquire the shares from an existing shareholder. The shares are included in the financial statements at a cost of £2,570.

On 21 September 2015 the Trust acquired an additional 370 ordinary shares in Singleton Birch having exercised its right to acquire the shares under a share offer. The shares are included in the financial statements at cost of £3.890.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

16. STOCKS

Group	D	Trus	t
2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
5,037	4,573	-	-
	2021 £'000	£'000 £'000	2021 2020 2021 £'000 £'000 £'000

17. DEBTORS

DEBTORS	Grou	p	Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	11,240	10,905	-	-
UK corporation tax	18	•	-	-
VAT	148	121	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	1,484	2,324	-	-
Other debtors	3	4	3	4
	12,893	13,354	3	4
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Amounts owed by joint ventures	1,800	1,800	-	-
Deferred tax assets	316	-	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	817	883		
	2,933	2,683	-	
Aggregate amounts	15,826	16,037	3	4
				

Included in prepayments of the Group is £881,000 (2020; £948,000) in respect of an 8MVA cable to the site. The prepayment is being released over 25 years.

18. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Grou	Group		it
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 20)	2,001	3,844	•	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 21)	271	25 5	-	-
Trade creditors	6,290	6,769	7	-
UK corporation tax	-	372	-	•
Social security and other taxes	1,828	2,258	_	-
Other creditors	603	520	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	2,301	1,750	10	11
	13,294	15,768	17	11
		=		

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

19. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 20)	5,741	4,874	-	
Hire purchase contracts (see note 21)	170	233	-	_
Other creditors	35	35		-
Deferred government grants	19	24		
•				
	5,965	5,166	-	-

20. BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS	Gro	up	Trus	it
	2021 £¹000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year or on dem	and:			
Bank overdrafts	-	2,365	-	-
Bank loans	2,001	1,479	-	-
	2,001	3,844	-	
			=======================================	
Amounts falling due between one and two year				
Bank loans	2,031	1,508 ————	- -	-
Amounts falling due between two and five year Bank loans	's: 3,710	3,366	_	_
Dank Idans	====	===		-
Amounts falling due in more than five years: Bank loans		_	_	_
CONTRICTOR				

Bank loans consist of two term loan drawdown facility agreements of £1.75m, £3.49m and £2.5m repayable by quarterly instalments until April 2023, February 2025 and February 2026 respectively and with a break date in February 2023 and February 2024. Interest is payable as follows:

- £1.75m at a weighted average fixed rate of 5.0%
- -£3.49m at a variable interest rate of LIBOR + 2.9%.
- £2.5m at a variable interest rate of LIBOR + 2.9%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

21. LEASING AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

LEASING AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTR			T	
	Group 2021	2020	Trust 2021	2020
Hire purchase contracts	£,000	£'000	£'000	£1000
Gross obligations repayable:	300	285		
Within one year Between one and five years	181	245	-	-
	481	530	-	-
Finance charges repayable:				
Within one year	29	30	•	_
Between one and five years	11	12	-	-
	40	42	-	-
Net obligations repayable:				
Within one year	271	255	-	-
Between one and five years	170 —————	233 	<u> </u>	
	44 1	488		-
	Group		Trust	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-cancellable operating leases Net obligations payable;	1 000	1 000	2 000	2 000
Within one year	54	-	-	-
Between one and five years	216	-	-	-
In more than five years	54			
	324		-	

Singleton Birch has a long term lease in place over the land at Melton Ross Quarries which runs until 1 April 2070. Under the terms of the lease, surface rent and royalties are payable dependent on the acreage utilised and tonnages extracted during the year. Amounts disclosed above relate to the unconditional amount of certain rent which is payable at a rate of £54,120 per annum until the next review date at 31 March 2027.

22. SECURED DEBTS

	Group		Tru:	st
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £°000	2020 £'000
Bank overdrafts	-	2,365	-	-
Bank loans	7,742	6,353	-	-
Hire purchase contracts	441	488	-	-
	8,183	9,206	-	-
				

The bank loans, overdraft and hire purchase contracts are secured by way of a legal charge and a debenture over the land, reserves and plant and machinery at Melton Ross.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

23. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	Group	n	Trust		
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	
Deferred tax	1,523 	1,148	-		
Other provisions					
Site restoration	5,078	4,215	-	_	
Aftercare provisions	135	121	•	_	
Carbon emissions provision	1,373	179	-	_	
Group share of losses in joint venture	88	-	-	-	
	6,674	4,515	-		
Balance at 31 March 2021	8,197	5,663	-		
					
	Group	p	Trust		
	Bafanaad		Deferred	A4	

	Group		Group Trust	
	Deferred tax £'000	Other provisions £'000	Deferred tax £'000	Other provisions £'000
Balance at 1 April 2020	1,148	4,515	_	_
Provided during year	59	1,520	-	-
Amounts recognised as deferred tax assets	316	-	-	-
Settled during the year	-	(323)	-	-
Unwinding of discounted amount	-	` 66	_	_
Revaluation adjustment to NPV	_	808	-	-
Group share of losses in joint venture	-	88	-	•
Balance at 31 March 2021	1,523	6,674	-	<u>-</u>

Carbon emissions

The carbon emissions provision reflects the Group's obligation to deliver allowances over and above the free allocation of allowances receivable from the UK Government as part of the UK ETS. On the basis that allowances are held for compliance purposes only and the Group intends to use the free allocation to settle its obligation under the scheme at the end of each scheme year, the provision is measured at the amounts expected to be incurred in settling the obligation over and above the free allocation based upon the actual carbon emissions produced at the end of each reporting period at the market price. In the absence of an active market in the UK at 31 March 2021, the market price of carbon emission allowances on the first auction under the UK ETS has been used to form the basis of the provision.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

23. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Landfill restoration and aftercare provision

The landfill restoration and aftercare provisions relate to the cost of final capping, covering and aftercare of the landfill site.

Full provision is made for the net present value (NPV) of the Group's minimum unavoidable costs in relation to restoration liabilities at the landfill site and where the obligation recognised as a provision gives access to future economic benefits, this is capitalised as a fixed asset. The Group provides for the NPV of intermediate restoration costs over the life of the landfill site, based on the quantity of waste deposited in the year and total usage of void space.

Environmental control and aftercare costs are incurred during the operational life of the landfill site and for a considerable period thereafter. Provision for the NPV of all such costs is made over the operational life of the site and charged to the income statement on the basis of the usage of void space at the site. Similar costs incurred during the operational life of the landfill site are written off directly and not charged against the provision

Current cost estimates are inflated and discounted to calculate the NPV. The effects of inflation and discount rates are unwound over the life of the provision and included in the income statement as a financial item within finance costs. The provisions are based on latest assumptions reflecting recent historic data and future cost estimates and are reviewed annually by the directors and triennially by professional consultants. The last professional review was undertaken in March 2021.

24 GOVERNMENT GRANTS

GOVERNMENT GRANTS	Group		Trust	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Deferred government grants	19	24		

The deferred government grant relates to a capital growth grant issued to a group trading company. The grant is being released over 10 years in line with the depreciation policy of the asset it was used to purchase.

During the year, the Group's trading companies received government grants totalling £144,706 (2020; £nil) under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme ('CJRS'). All conditions associated with the CJRS grants have been fulfilled and the grant income has been recorded within other operating income at note 3.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

25. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

MOVEMENT IN FUNDS	i				
		At 01.04.20 £'000	Net movement in funds £'000	Transfer between funds £'000	At 31.03.21 £'000
Unrestricted funds		28,606	2,685	(451)	30,840
Restricted funds Income fund Endowment funds Capital fund		1,625	(207)	451 -	1,869
		30,231	2,478	-	32,709
Net movement in funds,	included in the at	oove are as fol	lows:	1111	<u> </u>
		Incoming resources £'000	Resources expended £'000	Gains and losses £'000	Movements in funds £'000
Unrestricted funds		49,122	(46,023)	(414)	2,685
Restricted funds Income fund		49	(624)	368	(207)
Endowment funds Capital fund		-	-	-	-
TOTAL FUNDS		49,171	(46,647)	(46)	2,478
Comparative information	in respect of the p	receding perio	ed is as follows:		
	At 01.04.19 £'000	Incoming resources £'000	Resources expended £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	At 31.03.20 £'000
Unrestricted funds	25,294	49,761	(46,030)	(419)	28,606
Restricted funds					
Income fund	1,715	49	(563)	424	1,625
Endowment funds Capital fund	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FUNDS	27,009	49,810	(46,593)	5	30,231

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

25. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Net movement in funds in respect of non-controlling interests are as follows:

	At 01.04.20 £'000	Share of net income £'000	Dividends paid £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	At 31.03.21 £'000
Unrestricted funds	14,021	1,483	(434)	298	15,368
Restricted funds Income fund	-	-	-	-	-
Endowment funds Capital fund	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FUNDS	14,021	1,483	(434)	298	15,368
					====

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Unrestricted fund

The unrestricted fund represents the incoming resources and resources expended of the Trust's subsidiary undertaking, Singleton Birch.

Restricted fund

The restricted fund comprises the managed investment portfolio and other assets and liabilities arising from the charitable activity of the Trust. Income arising from the managed investment portfolio is recognised in the restricted fund and is to be used in accordance with the objects of the Trust.

The movements within the fund represents the charitable expenditure, including support costs, and the distribution of income to the following charities in such proportion as the Trustee in its absolute discretion thinks fit:

- Barnado's
- The National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children
- The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals

Endowment fund

The endowment fund of the Trust comprises shares in Singleton Birch.

No value is attributed to the original 281,261 ordinary shares held in Singleton Birch as the shares of that company are not quoted on a recognised stock exchange and the Trustee considers that the cost of obtaining a valuation each year cannot be justified.

In 2012 the Trust acquired an additional 226 ordinary shares in Singleton Birch having exercised its right to acquire the shares from an existing shareholder. The shares are included in the accounts at cost of £2,570.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

25. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

On 21 September 2016 the Trust acquired an additional 370 ordinary shares in Singleton Birch having exercised its right to acquire the shares under a share offer. The shares are included in the accounts at cost of £3,890.

The issued share capital of Singleton Birch comprised 561,800 ordinary shares of £1 each fully paid and 1,339,456 single dividend deferred shares of £1 each. The Company is registered in the United Kingdom.

Income arising on the endowment fund can be used in accordance with the objects of the Trust and is included as restricted income. Any capital gains or losses form part of the fund.

Transfer between funds

The transfer between funds represents dividends paid by the trading subsidiary company, Singleton Birch, to the Trust, which have been eliminated on consolidation

26. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	Total Funds at 31.03.21 £'000
Intangible fixed assets	630	_	630
Tangible fixed assets	37,533	-	37,533
Investments	86	1,749	1.835
Current assets	21,694	137	21,831
Current liabilities	(13,277)	(17)	(13,294)
Non-current liabilities	(5,965)	` _	(5,965)
Provisions for liabilities	(8,197)	-	(8,197)
Pension scheme liability	(1,664)	-	(1,684)
	30,840	1,869	32,709

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	Total Funds at 31.03.20 £'000
Intangible fixed assets	728	_	728
Tangible fixed assets	34,679	-	34,679
Investments	86	1,518	1,604
Current assets	20,795	118	20,913
Current liabilities	(15,757)	(11)	(15,768)
Non-current liabilities	(5,166)	•	`(5,166)
Provisions for liabilities	(5,663)	-	(5,663)
Pension scheme liability	(1,096)	-	(1,096)
	28,606	1,625	30,231

Notes to the Financial Statements

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27. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Group personal pension plan (defined contribution scheme)

A group personal pension scheme was introduced with effect from 1 April 2001. This is offered to all employees of the subsidiary trading companies, the trading companies contribute up to 14% of earnings into the scheme and the employee has the opportunity to top up this amount to HMRC maximum limits. The charge for the year amounted to £711,453 (2020 £704,727). There were no amounts outstanding as at 31 March 2021 (2020 £Nil).

Defined benefit schemes

The Singleton Birch Retirement Benefits Scheme was closed to new members on 1 April 2001 and replaced with a group personal pension plan. From 1 April 2008 the scheme was closed for future accrual and members have been transferred to the group personal pension scheme for the remainder of their service.

The Group also operates a defined benefit pension plan for previous directors. The pension plan is an unfunded arrangement and has been recognised on the balance sheet of the Group.

The net deficit of the schemes at 31 March 2021 was £1,664,240 (2020 £291,135 surplus), as detailed below. If the value of a plan's assets exceeds the present value of its obligations, the resulting surplus is only recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to recover that surplus.

Additional deficit contributions of £nil (2020 £nil) have been made to the Singleton Birch Retirement Benefits Scheme during the year, in line with the schedule of contributions statement agreed with the scheme Trustees, actuaries and administrators. The Group pays all scheme expenses directly and during the year paid £47,800 (2020 £59,000) for the expenses of managing and administering the scheme and levies payable to the Pension Protection Fund. The Group does not expect to contribute to the scheme in the period commencing 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022.

Included in benefits paid are contributions of £89,000 (2020 £87,000) in respect of past directors.

The most recent comprehensive actuarial valuation of the pension plan assets and present value of the defined benefit obligation was carried out at 31 March 2018 and was updated to 31 March 2021 by a qualified actuary, independent of the schemes sponsoring employer. The next comprehensive actuarial valuation will take place as at 31 March 2021 however, the results are not yet available at the date of signing this report.

The major assumptions used by the actuary and total cost recognised in the period was as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Current service cost		_
Net interest expense	(8)	30
Actuarial losses/(gains)	665 [°]	(204)
Recognised in profit or loss	25	30
Recognised in other comprehensive income	<u>632</u>	(204)
Total cost recognised	657	(174)
Unrecognised actuarial (gains)/losses on plan assets	1,387	(1,387)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

27. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Present value of funded obligations Present value of unfunded obligations Fair value of plan assets Unrecognised actuarial gains on plan assets	(32,573) (1,119) 32,028	(30,079) (1,096) 31,466 (1,387)
	(1,664)	(1,096)
The present value of the unfunded pension obligations relate to form	er directors.	
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations were	as follows:	
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Opening defined benefit obligation Interest cost Actuarial (gains)/losses	31,175 734 2,941	32,129 725 (489)
Benefits paid	(1,158) _	<u>(1,190</u>)
Closing defined benefit obligation	33,692	31,175
Changes in the fair value of the pension plan assets were as follows:	2021	2020
	£'000	£000
Opening plan assets	31,466	30,773
Interest income Actuarial gains	742 889	695 1,101
Contributions made by the employer Benefits paid	(1,0 6 9)	(1,103)
Closing plan assets	32,028	31,466
The amount that each major class of pension plan assets constitutes plan assets was as follows:	of the fair value	of the total
	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Bonds	15,259	16,690
Diversified growth Other	16,491 278	14,598 178
,	32,028	31,466
		,

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

27. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

The return on plan assets was as follows:

The return on plan assets was as follows:	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interest income Actual return on plan assets	742 889	695 <u>1,101</u>
	1,631	1,796
The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:	2021	2020
Discount rate Inflation (RPI) Allowance for revaluation of deferred pensions of RPI or 5% p.a. if less	2.10% 3.50% 3.50%	2.40% 2.85% 2.85%
Allowance for pension in payment increases of RPI or 5% p.a. if less Allowance for pension in payment increases of RPI or 5% p.a. if less,	3.30%	2.80%
minimum 3% p.a. Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	3.80% 100% of Post A Day	3.55% 100% of Post A Day

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2021 Imply the following life expectancies at age 60:

	VZV
Males retiring at balance sheet date 26.0 years 26.0 years 26.0 years 27.9 years 27.5 years 27.5 years 27.5 years 29.5 ye	ears ears

2020

28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The trading subsidiary company, Singleton Birch, has given a guarantee in respect of a renewable bond for the purpose of securing the performance and observation of the provisions of the waste management licence at Camp Wood Landfill, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire. The bond is in place for a period of three years and shall be renewed at least two months before its expiry. The bonded sum at 31 March 2021 was £1,112,711 (2020: £1,112,711).

Singleton Birch is party to a unlimited cross company guarantee with its subsidiary undertakings and joint venture Laynes Green Energy Limited dated 19th December 2020 in respect of the Group borrowings which are secured, in part, by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the Group. The potential liability under the arrangement at 31 March 2021 was £nil.

The trading subsidiary company, Singleton Birch, has been issued with a notice for assessment for under-declared landfill tax for the period 1 July 15 to 30 June 2018 amounting to £8,726,717 plus interest accrued. The Company is challenging the assessment with the support of the customer who is responsible for any tax liabilities arising. In the event of the appeal being lost in part or in full, the customer has executed a deed of guarantee to settle the HMRC liabilities such that there will be no outflow of resources embodying economic benefits required to settle the obligations other than a share of legal costs incurred in appealing this claim which have been provided for.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

29. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group		Trust	
	2021 £' 000 £	2020 £'000 £	2021 £'000 £	2020 £'000 £
Contracted for but not provided for in				
the financial statements	1,024	1,144	•	-

30. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Group

During the year to 31 March 2021 the Trust received dividends of £450,971 (2020 £591,900) from its trading subsidiary company Singleton Birch.

During the year, two Trustees of The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust were remunerated by Singleton Birch for undertaking their role as Non-Executive Directors. Details of this remuneration can be found in note 9.

During the year, Singleton Birch made the following related party transactions:

Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	£	£
Sales	160	139
Recharges at cost	181	230
Purchases	-	(37)
Loan note interest received	90	90
Loan notes due from related party	1,800	1,800
Amount due from related party	202	15 5
Amount due to related party	-	-

Key management personnel of the entity or its parent (in the aggregate)

Details of key management remuneration and benefits can be found in note 10.

During the year, dividends totalling £9,846 (2020 £14,459) were paid from Singleton Birch to the directors of that company.

During the year, dividends totalling £19,566 (2020 £17,178) were paid from Singleton Birch to close family members of the directors of that company.

During the year, dividends totalling £79,107 (2020 £103,828) were paid from Singleton Birch to one of the Trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

31. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

Throughout the period to 31 March 2021, The Katherine Martin Charitable Trust was the ultimate parent entity and was jointly controlled by its Trustees with no individual controlling party. On 10 June 2021, all of the Trustees listed on page 1 resigned as Trustees and KMCT, a company limited by guarantee without share capital, became the sole corporate trustee of the Trust. From this date, the Board of KMCT act on behalf of the Trustee, as a Body, under that company's Articles of Association and the Trust's Governance document.

32. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 9 June 2021, the Trust disposed of 720 £1 Ordinary shares held in Singleton Birch, reducing its overall shareholding in that company to 49.99% and effectively losing control of the company. From this date, Singleton Birch ceased to be a subsidiary of the Trust.