COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 02963773 CHARITY NO 1040693

CAMBRIDGE SPORT LAKES TRUST COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust Company limited by guarantee Year ended 31 March 2021

Company Information

Directors

A R Cassidy

C J Dalley

J G Hobson

M J Muir-Smith (Chairman)

D J Pickersgill (Resigned 16.10.20)

R A Greatorex

J Burch

C M Twilley

Secretary

M Woolhouse

Charity Number

1040693

Company Number

02963773

Registered Office

The Visitor Centre Milton Country Park Cambridge Road Milton, Cambridge

CB24 6AZ

Auditors

Ensors Accountants LLP

Warwick House

Ermine Business Park

Spitfire Close Huntingdon PE29 6XY

Business Address

The Visitor Centre Milton Country Park Cambridge Road Milton, Cambridge CB24 6AZ

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc

9 - 11 St Andrews Street

Cambridge CB2 3AA

Solicitors

Taylor Vinters Merlin Place Milton Road Cambridge CB4 0DP

Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust Company limited by guarantee Year ended 31 March 2021

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Year ended 31 March 2021

Trustees' report

Introduction

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of the Companies Act, present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on page 9 and comply with the charity's constitution and bye-laws. The constitution was adopted in September 1978 and amended in September 1980 and in July

Public Benefit

In planning activities for the year, the trustees were mindful of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit. The trustees were and remain committed to continuing the principal objectives of the charity, i.e. the creation of a Cambridge Sport Lake and Country Park and to enable the charity to adapt itself in order to be adequately engaged in the future maintenance and operation of these facilities.

The trustees were and remain committed to the aim of increasing access to outdoor sports, including providing outreach programmes that will provide equipment and training for the public benefit and to developing the Lakes in order that it will become a Centre of Sporting Excellence. The main activity in the year under review has been the continued operation of the country park known as Milton Country Park. Further details of this activity are given in the review of achievements and performance below.

The trustees see the successful development of the country park as a vital component to the objectives and activities of the charity and in providing suitably enhanced local and wider public benefit at the earliest opportunity. Also, the frustees were and remain committed to engaging in appropriate fundatising campaigns to finance the construction of the sport lakes. Sporting organisations and the local community have been and will continue to be engaged and consulted during the development of the sport lakes, so as to ensure that the facilities produced are designed for excellence and are useable and accessible by all. The philosophy of Cambridge Sport Lakes remains to secure access to sport for all, irrespective of age, gender, ability, income, ethnic origin or beliefs.

Structure, Governance and Management

Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. It was incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 and has been authorised to dispense with the word 'limited' in its name. It is a registered charity (number 1040693).

There are no restrictions on the charity's power to invest. The investment strategy is set by the trustees for a period of five years and takes account of the expected demand for funds. The trustees consider the income requirements, the risk profile and the investment manager's view of the market prospects in the medium term. This strategy is set within an overall policy which states that the investment fund is to be invested in low and medium risk investments with a view to ensuring that capital appreciation of the fund exceeds inflation over each five year period. Our strategy is reviewed with our investment managers annually

Objectives and Activities

The trust is presently engaged in the creation of the Cambridge Country Park and Sport Lake and wilt in future be engaged in the maintenance and operation of the facilities. The trustees are of the opinion, on a fund by fund basis, that assets are available to fulfil the obligations of the charity. The trust currently operates Milton Country Park under a 99 year lease, dated 1 April 2008.

Fundraising approach of the charity

The Trust is actively engaged in fundraising at a number of different levels. Through our trading activities at Milton Country Park we deliver an extensive programme of activities and events that provide accessible facilities to a wide range of individuals and groups across the private, public and charitable sectors. Funds are received into the Country Park in this way. One example would be our annual Autumn Festival event, which we organise in-house with the specific remit of raising funds to support the park facilities.

For the Cambridge Sport Lakes development our principal fund raising strategy is based around the value that we wilt be able to lever out of the site once a planning permission to develop is agreed.

The Trust does not currently employ any external fundraising services.

The trust doesn't have any formal fund raising structures, activities or practices. There are no aggressive fund raising techniques employed by the trust to generate funds from members of the public, Members of the The trust doesn't have any formal tuno raising structures, activities or practices. There are no aggressive fund raising techniques employed by the flust to generate funds from members of the public can donate/make a voluntary contribution to the organisation via the post or in person at the Country Park, through a specific Justgiving page, by phone or via the trust/Country park websites. Income from the Country Park in the form of parking receipts, hire of visitor centre space and third party payments to support community or sporting activities promoted by the trust are deemed sufficient to meet the aims and objectives of the charitable trust.

Achievements and Performance

The Trustees are pleased to report a strong set of results for the year to 31 March 2021.

Like many businesses and organisations, the Trust had to adapt to a number of uncertainties following the first UK wide Covid 19 lockdown in the early spring of 2020.

The timing and impact of the first lockdown, coming as it did on the back of the winter period, had a profound effect on the trading activities of the Trust. For a period of time our facilities were closed and all income generating operations ceased.

As the country emerged from the first lockdown, the footfall in parks and open spaces escalated to levels not previously experienced.

Whilst this presented welcome news and opportunities for the community at a difficult time, it also provided operators of park based facilities with challenges in terms of servicing a large volume of users, whilst at the same time not being able to programme regular income generating events and activities as would have been considered normal beforehand.

The Trust was able to react and adapt to the circumstances thanks to a number of Covid related grants and funds alongside the benefit of the Governments Job Retention Scheme.

As the year settled down trading became more predictable and smaller scale events, gatherings and outdoor activity opportunities became both possible and high in demand.

The late summer and early winter of 2020 was a very positive time for the Trust as it became very evident that parks and open spaces would have a key role to play in support of the short, medium and long term

Early in 2021 the UK went into a further lockdown and demand for accessible green open spaces again rose to unseasonably high levels. However, the combination of the nature of the lockdown and the time of year meant that as an operator, the Trust was back into the territory of providing a crucial facility to the community against a restricted trading landscape

On reflection, the year ending 31 March 2021 was both challenging and hugely rewarding for the Trust. The enclosed financial results provide testimony to the resilience of our business model and the importance of the role that the Trust and its facilities play towards supporting public health in the widest sense

Looking ahead, our experience of life over the last year has reinforced the value that must be placed on the provision and sustainability of parks and open spaces in the future. To this end the Trust remains steadfast in its intent to crystallise the development of the proposed Cambridge Country Park and Sport Lakes facilities.

Governments, public authorities, planners, developers, sector leaders and the vast majority of the population are aligned behind the principle that the type and nature of facilities that the Trust promotes are indeed vital and non negotiable in the years ahead

The Trust is a resilient going concern, with proof of both its current business plan and future concept.

As such, it is extremely well placed to provide a positive influence and outcomes at a local, regional, national and indeed international level in the future.

Year ended 31 March 2021

Trustees' report (continued)

Results

The results for the year and the charity's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements.

The trustees who served during the year are set out on the information page.

Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Law applicable to companies in England and Wales requires the trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the financial position at the end of the year. In preparing these the trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the society and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees must, in determining how amounts are presented within items in the statement of financial activities and balance sheet, have regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practice.

In so far as the trustees are aware

there is no relevant information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and

- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

The auditors. Ensors Accountants LLP, are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Misbluthers
M Woothouse
Secretary
Date: Wh Delember 2021

Year ended 31 March 2021

Independent auditors' Report to the members of Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2021, and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstalement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstalement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report. We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

Independent auditors' Report to the members of Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guerantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregulanties, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregulanties, including fraud. Is detailed below.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement teams

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in and how the company are complying with the legal and
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud.
 - discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standardsand-guidance/Standards-and-guidance-for-auditors/Auditors-responsibilities-for-auditor-sresponsi

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body. for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Francis (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Ensors Accountants LLP Warwick House Frmine Business Park Huntingdon Cambs. PE29 6XY

Date: 22/12/2021

Year ended 31 March 2021

Statement of Financial Activities

	Note	Unrestricted Funds 2021 £	Restricted Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2021 £	Unrestricted Funds 2020 £	Restricted Funds 2020 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Income							
Voluntary income - Donations Income from charitable activities	2	-	20,026	20,026	6,847	31,888	38,735
- Program fees and sponsorship - Milton Country Park income		10,926	327,675 88,954	10,926 327,675 88,954	37,249 -	259,699 7,550	37,249 259,699 7,550
Grants received Covid 19 Grants Received		70,000 42,148	88,954	70,000 42,148		7,550	
Job Retention Scheme Grant Income Total income		123,074	436,655	559,729	44,096	299,136	343,233
Expenditure							
Charitable activities	3	. 60,707	335.907	396,614	48,996	324,072	373,068
Total expenditure		(60,707)	(335,907)	(396,614)	(48,996)	(324,072)	(373,068)
Net incoming / (outgoing) Resources for the year		62,367	100,748	163,115	(4,900)	(24,935)	(29,835)
Net movement in funds relating to the year		62,367	100,748	163,115	(4,900)	(24,935)	(29,835)
Transfers in the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains on revaluation of fixed assets		-	-	-	•	-	•
Total funds brought forward as at 1st April 2020		453,207	177,045	630,252	458,107	201,980	660,087
Total funds carried forward at 31 March 2021		515,574	277,793	793,367	453,207	177,045	630,252

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All of the activities of the charity are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 7 - 11 form an integral part of these financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

Balance Sheet

	Notes	2021		2020	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Investments	7 8 8		936,446 1 936,447		800,101 1 800,102
Current assets					
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	19,216 64,357 83,573	2	48,860 597 49,457	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(33,101)	-	(61,040)	
Net current liabilities			50,472	0	(11,583)
Total assets less current liabilities			986,919		788,519
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(193,552)		(158,267)
Net Assets			793,367		630,252
Funds					
Restricted Unrestricted Revaluation reserve	13		216,043 515,5 74 61,750		115,295 453,207 61,750
			793,367		630,252

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees or 20 12 12021 and were signed on their behalf by:

Who Mun-Smith

M Muir-Smith

Trustee

Company registration No. 02963773

The notes on pages 7 - 11 form an integral part of these financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Cambridge Sports Lakes Trust is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 02963773. The registered office is The Visitor Centre, Milton Country Park, Cambridge Road, Milton, Cambridge, CB24 6AZ

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Charity's Articles of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102)". The Charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS102.

The Charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company has considered the impact of COVID19 and the impact on it's forecasts and working capital requirements for a period of 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements.

The directors have prepared income and expenditure forecasts to 31 March 2023. These show that the company can operate within its agreed working capital facilities for this period. In addition, in the both the current and previous year (see note 16 for further information), a formal loan agreement has been put in place (effective dates 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020) with a trustee, for repayment due on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025. This has helped the company to manage its day to day working capital as required and has provided further headroom moving forward.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Leasehold land and buildings were revalued in a previous accounting period and any changes in value have been accounted for in accordance with FRS 102.

Other tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold Land and Buildings

No depreciation

Leasehold Land and Buildings

No depreciation

The Freehold and Leasehold property in the accounts is not depreciated as the practice of regular maintenance and repair is such that the previously assessed standard is maintained.

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

33% straight line

Property, plant and equipment

10% straight line

Fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable or as otherwise required by relevant accounting standards.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of net realisable value and value-in-use, are recognised as impairments.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss on revaluation is taken to the Statement of Financial Activities.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Year ended 31 March 2021

Notes to the financial statements

Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

Group accounts

The company is entitled to the exemption under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 from the obligation to prepare group accounts.

Fund accounting

Fund accounts held by the charity are:

Unrestricted general funds - these are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds - these are funds that can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular

Income from car park, café let, lessons/activities, grants receivable, sponsorship, donations and bank deposit interest received is included in the Statement of Financial Activities as incoming resources, and is

2 Donations

All expenditure is included on an accruals basis and is recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation to pay for expenditure. All costs have been directly attributed to one of the functional categories of resources expended in the Statement of Financial Activities.

			Unrestricted Funds 2021 £	Restricted Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2021 £	Unrestricted Funds 2020 £	Funds 2020 £	Funds 2020 £
	Donations		-	20,026	20,026	6.847	31,888	38,735
			Section of the second section of the section of the second section of the section of	20,026	20,026	6,847	31,888	38,735
3	Charitable activities							
			Unrestricted Funds 2021 £	Restricted Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2021 £	Unrestricted Funds 2020 £	Restricted Funds 2020 £	Total Funds 2020 £
	Provision of charitable services							
	Salaries		9,974	132,714	142,688	10,520	96,949	107,469
	Social security costs		88	4,304	4,392	-	2,485	2,485
	Pension - Milton Country Park		33	2,191	2,225		1,669	1,669
	Project development costs - Milton Country Park		-	195,574	195,574	-	209,072	209,072
	Sports development		(906)	1.123	218	-	4,215	4,215
	Other charitable activity costs	5	51,517	-	51,517	38,476	9,682	48,158
			60.707	335,907	396,613	48,996	324,071	373,067

4 Directors Emoluments

Trustees received no remuneration (2020 - Enil) and were not reimbursed for any expenses (2020 - Enil).

Year ended 31 March 2021

Notes to the financial statements

5 Other charitable activity costs

	Unrestricted Funds 2021 £	Restricted Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2021 £	Unrestricted Funds 2020 £	Restricted Funds 2020 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Accountancy fees	15,064	-	15,064 7,725	11,110 7,470	-	11,110 7,470
Audit fees	7,725	-	7,725	7,470	9,682	9,682
Legal and professional Depreciation	20,561	-	20,561	16,647	5,552	16,647
Other	8.168	-	8,168	3,249	-	3,249
	51,517	0	51,517	38,476	9,682	48,158
The aggregate payroll costs were:						
			2021 £	2020 £		
Wages and salaries (including social security costs)			147,080	109,954		
			147,080	109,954		
Particulars of employees:						
The average number of staff employed by the charity during the financial year amounte	ed to:					
			2021	2020		
Number of administrative staff			18	14		
There were no employees who received employee benefits of more than £60,000.						
6 Operating (deficit)			2021 £	2020 £		
Operating (deficit) is stated after charging.						
Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration from non-audit work			7,725 15,064 22,789	7.470 11,110 18,580		

Year ended 31 March 2021

Notes to the financial statements

7 Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildings leasehold £	Land and buildings freehold £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Property Plant & Equipment £	Total £
Cost Al 1 April 2020	845,430	75,000	44,526	120,807	1,085,763
Additions Disposals	132,412	-	18,652 (7,879)	7,424	158,489 (7,879)
At 31 March 2021	977,842	75,000	55,299	128,231	1,236,371
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020	245.429	-	35,199	5,034	285,662
Charge for the year Disposals	, :	-	8,049 (6,298)	12,512	20,561 (6,298)
At 31 March 2021	245,429	-	36,950	17,546	299,925
Net book values At 31 March 2021	732,412	75,000	18,349	110,685	936,446
At 31 March 2020	600,001	75,000	9,327	115,773	800,101

The Land and Buildings were last professionally valued by Cheffins in 2018. The directors consider this still to be a fair valuation.

8 Fixed asset investments		Subsidiary undertakings shares £	Other unlisted investments £	Total £
Cost			_	4
At 1 April 2020		1	-	
Additions		-	-	
Disposals		-		
Revaluations		-	-	
At 31 March 2021		1	-	1
Net book values At 31 March 2021		1	-	1
At 31 March 2020		1		1
Holdings of 20% or more The company holds 20% or more of the share capital of the following company:				
Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Nature of business	Shares held class	Proportion of shares held

office Milton Country Park Cambridge Road Milton, Cambridge CB24 6AZ

Subsidiary undertaking Cambridge Sport Lakes Trading Limited

Dormant

England

Ordinary

100%

Year ended 31 March 2021

Notes to the financial statements

9 Investments (continued)

Movement in market value	2021 £	2020 £
Market value at 1 April 2020 Acquisitions at cost Disposals at opening book value Net gains on revaluations in the year	- - -	-
Market value at 31 March 2021		_
Historical cost at 31 March 2021	manyorothy and a second	-
10 Debtors	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors	5.801 13,415 19,216	13,862 34,998 48,860
11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021 £	2020 £
Bank overdraft Bounce Back Loan Trade creditors Other taxes and social security Accruals and deferred income	950 1,437 18,722 11,992	17,657 - 5,376 14,954 23,053
	33,101	61,040
12 Creditors; amounts falling due after more than one year	2021 £	2020 £
Loan Bounce Back Loan	144,346 49,206 193,552	158,267 - 158,267

13 Restricted funds

During the year ended 30th September 2008 the charity was successful in its bid to obtain the contract to manage Milton Country Park under a 99 year lease. The transfer was completed on 31 March 2008 for no consideration. In return for taking on the existing business and employees the charity received a dowry of £250,000. This money was ring fenced for expenditure on the park in accordance with an agreement undertaken with South Cambridge District Council.

All other monies generated by Milton Country Park and the related costs are also treated as part of the restricted funds.

In April 2010 the Visitor Centre extension was completed, funded by a capital grant of £261,000. The assets comprising the leased land and the Visitor Centre have since been fully deployed in the running of Milton Country Park.

14 Company limited by guarantee

Cambridge Sport Lakes Trust is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. It was incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 and has been authorised to dispense with the word 'limited' in its name. It is a registered charity (number 1040693). Every member undertakes to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up.

15 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2021, the charitable company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the period to 31 March 2021:

Operating leases which expire:	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year Between two and five years	-	-
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16 Related party relationships and transactions

On 15 December 2010. M J Muir-Smith, a trustee of the charitable company, provided a personal guarantee restricted to £20,000 of the bank overdraft facility provided to the company. During the year M J Muir-Smith was paid back £25,000 (2020 - M J Muir Smith lent a further £23,855) to the charity leaving £144,346 outstanding at the year end (2020 - £158,267).

Smirn was part dack £25,000 (2020 - M 3 Muir Smirn lent a turner £23,305) to the charry leaving £144,346 outstanding at the year end (£020 - E105,207).

During the 2019 year end the loan from the director M Muir-Smith was formally documented in a loan agreement between the Trust and himself with an effective date of 31 March 2020 for the additional loan agreement was formally documented between the Trust and himself with an effective date of 31 March 2020 for the additional loan is interest free, unsecured and repayable in full on 31 March 2025. In accordance with FRS102, the loans have been restated at their net present value of £144,346 using an interest rate of 7%. The notional interest on the loans totalled £6,846 and was treated as a donation in the corresponding year. Interest on both loans are written back over the five year terms.