THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees

B Borowski

R Kaufman

A Noam Zvi Nixon

Delegated Management

A Noam

Charity Number

1062357

Address

16 Great Queen Street

London

WC2B 5DG

Auditor

Harold Everett Wreford LLP

2nd Floor

38 Warren Street

London W1T 6AE

Bankers

Santander UK plc

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THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees present their annual report together with the consolidated financial statements of the charity and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's trust deed dated 18th March 1997, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective for accounting periods from 1st January 2019)."

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are to hold the trust fund and its income and to apply them for the furtherance of education by supporting the Bible Lands Museum in Jerusalem. The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives. The policies adopted in furtherance of these objects are to distribute the funds as and when the trustees see fit.

The aim of the charity is the furtherance of education.

There have been no changes in the policies during the year.

The strategies employed to achieve the charity's objectives were to provide grants to the Bible Lands Museum in Jerusalem which assists the charity in meeting its aims.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Donations of £576,006 (2020 - £578,745) were made solely to the Bible Lands Museum in Jerusalem during the year, this being the only institution that benefits from the grants made by the charity. It has managed to achieve this by receiving rental income from investment properties which it owns, from gift aid donations and from interest receivable from banks. The trustees' policy is to build their assets to a level whereby the trust income from their assets can be maximised and accrued on a regular, sustainable and increasing level in order to be able to apply all this income to meet the requirements of the charity's objects.

The charity has no plans for any significant developments.

Achievements and performance

The charity is satisfied with its overall achievements and performance during the year and has continued to meet its objectives with regard to the level of donations made during the year to the Bible Lands Museum in Jerusalem for the furtherance of educational purposes.

Financial review

The group's reserves held at 31 March 2021 amounted to £9,718,315 (2020 - £9,597,857) which includes a revaluation reserve deficit of £1,761,676. The trustees revalued the group's investment properties to £14,637,895 in the year ended 31 March 2021 which includes a reduction for unamortised lease incentives of £43,354. The trustees are not aware of any material changes since this valuation. The charity has continued to fulfil its objectives of making donations for charitable purposes for the furtherance of education during the year

Reserves policy

It is the policy of the charity to maintain unrestricted funds, which are the free reserves of the charity, at a level which the trustees think appropriate after considering the future commitments of the charity and the likely administrative costs of the charity for the forthcoming year.

The trustees are confident that there are sufficient funds to maintain the running of the charity.

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Under its trust deed the charity has the power to make any investment in which it sees fit. The trustees consider the return on investments to be satisfactory.

Risk factors

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the charity, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate its exposure to the major risks. A review of the risks the charity may face are assessed annually. A key element of financial risk is the setting of a reserve policy and its regular review by the trustees.

The charity intends to continue making funds available for donation to the worthy cause it supports for its charitable purposes. With this in mind, the trustees are constantly seeking to find means by which they are able to increase the level of funds the charity is able to distribute.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is an unincorporated UK registered charity and is governed by its trust deed.

The trustees who served during the year were:

B Borowski

R Kaufman

A Weis

(Retired 29 September 2020)

J Waller

(Retired 29 September 2020)

A Noam

Zvi Nixon

The trustees are appointed by the charity's trust deed. The charity has the power to appoint additional trustees as it considers fit to do so.

The charity is managed by its trustees. The charity is organised so that its trustees meet regularly to manage its affairs. A. Noam has been appointed by the trustees to manage the day to day operations of the charity.

There are no restrictions imposed by the governing document concerning the way the charity can operate, other than that operation must be for the furtherance of the charity's objects.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

6 24/01/2022

A Noam

Trustee

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THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Account and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The British Friends of the Bible Lands Museum Jerusalem (the 'charity') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2021 set out on pages 6 to 22. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the charities financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under Section 151 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extend to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

In identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- The nature of the sector and the impact of COVID-19 on financial and operating performance and policies;
- Our discussions with those charged with management and governance including whether they had knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Enquiries of management, including obtaining and reviewing support documentation, concerning the charity's
 policies and procedures relating to:
 - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance.
 - detecting and responding to the risk of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
 - internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance of laws and regulations
- Discussions among the engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements
 and any potential indicators of fraud. The engagement team includes audit partner and staff who have extensive
 experience of working with charities in similar sectors and this experience was relevant to the discussions about
 where fraud risks might arise.

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the charity operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Charities Act, Charities SORP and FRS102.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

Following our review, we have identified the following areas which are deemed to have the greatest potential for fraud or material misstatement within the financial statements due to irregularities, including fraud:

- The recognition of rental income from freehold investment properties
- The valuation of estimates in respect of freehold investment properties
- The ownership of freehold investment properties
- The ownership of financial investments
- Grants made during the year
- Transactions with related parties
- Non-compliance with Charity Commission guidelines
- Unusual journal entries

Our procedures to respond to risks identified above included the following:

- Income transaction testing was performed to test completeness of income. This included agreeing rental income to leases in respect of freehold investment properties. Where there was a period of no income in respect of freehold investment properties, we referred to Trustees Board minutes to justify the reason for this.
- We tested the valuation of estimates in respect of freehold investment properties by reviewing and testing
 procedures undertaken by the trustees to update this valuation including consideration of the use of expert
 by comparing similar properties in the same area.
- We verified the ownership of the investment properties to the land registry searches.
- Reviewing supporting documentation for grants made during the year, ensuring the purpose of grant is in line with charity's objective.
- Obtained a full list of related parties and verifying completeness of this list based on our knowledge.
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatements due to fraud.
- Reading minutes of meeting of those charged with governance, and in particular reviewing for any unrecognised grant commitments
- We remained alert to any indications of fraud, material misstatement or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit including those relating to the financial statements.
- Awareness throughout the audit for non-compliance with Charity Commission guidelines including reviewing any correspondence with the Charity Commission.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Other matters we are required to address

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)".

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Harold Everett Wreford LLP **Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor**

27/01/2022

2nd Floor 38 Warren Street London W1T 6AE

Harold Everett Wreford LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Income and endowments from:			
Donations	3	- <u>-</u>	-
Investments	4	1,155,700	
Other income	5	8,385	10,374
Total income and endowments		1,164,085	1,159,644
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds	6	53,255	6,950
Charitable activities	7	584,679	608,389
Other	12	144,340	171,090
Total resources expended		782,274	786,429
Not (loss)/psin on investments	13	(250,000)	250,000
Net (loss)/gain on investments	13	(250,000)	
Not in come (avenuality up) for the year!			
Net income (expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		131,811	623,215
Taxation		(11,353)	
Taxation		(,000)	
		120,458	624,483
		120,400	024,403
Fund balances at 1 April 2020		9,597,857	8,973,374
Fund balances at 31 March 2021		9,718,315	9,597,857
			Deliver of the latest of the l

The consolidated statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	£	£
Income and endowments from:			
Donations	3	48,000	37,000
Investments	4	619,975	625,115
Other income	5	298,658	295,542
Total income and endowments		966,633	957,657
Expenditure on:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mana ngawan nya dawa ,
Raising funds	6	47,036	3,150
Charitable activities	7	548,251	568,445
Other	12	51,287	54,684
Total resources expended		646,574	626,279
Net (loss)/gain on investments	13	(400,000)	600,000
Net income/(expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		(79,941)	931,378
Fund balances at 1 April 2020		9,714,331	8,782,953
			•
		9,634,390	9,714,331
Fund balances at 31 March 2021		9,634,390	9,714,331

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Aggregation of		2021	20	20
	Notes	•	8	£	£
Fixed assets	44		14,637,895		14,844,541
Investment Properties Investments	14 15		382,571		370,416
			15,020,466		15,214,957
Current assets				000 405	
Debtors falling due after one year Debtors falling due within one year Cash at bank	17 17	318,751 260,248 299,722		362,105 212,764 268,301	
		878,721		843,170	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
Loans and overdrafts	18	2,132,500		2,617,500	
Taxation and social security Other creditors	19	63,224 1,940,339		64,295 1,863,489	
		4,136,063		4,545,284	
Net current liabilities			(3,257,342)		(3,702,114
Total assets less current liabilities			11,763,124		11,512,843
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
Loans and overdrafts	18	2,044,809		1,914,986	*
	•		(2,044,809)		(1,914,986
Net assets	• .		9,718,315		9,597,857
ncome funds Unrestricted funds – general			9,718,315	*	9,597,857
			9,718,315		9,597,857

The accounts were approved by the Trustees on 26 01 2022

R Kaufman -Trustee

A Noam -Trustee

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

			2021		2020	
	Notes					
Fixed assets		£	£	£	£	
Investment Properties Investments	14 15		7,537,895 3,501,065		7,894,541 3,563,856	
Current assets	•		11,038,960		11,458,397	
Debtors falling due after one year Debtors falling due within one year Cash at bank	17	318,751 1,423,191 193,164		362,105 1,147,185 198,539		
		1,935,106		1,707,829		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year						
Loans and overdrafts Taxation and social security Other creditors	18	150,000 34,965 1,895,245		1,587,500 38,604 1,825,791		
		2,080,210		3,451,895		
Net current liabilities			(145,104)		(1,744,066)	
Total assets less current liabilities	•		10,893,856		9,714,331	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year						
Loans and overdrafts	18		(1,259,466)		***	
Net assets		×	9,634,390		9,714,331	
Income funds Unrestricted funds – general		*	9,634,390	****	9,714,331	
		***************************************	9,634,390	of the second se	9,714,331	
The accounts were approved by the Trus R Kaufman -Trustee	tees on	zgloijz	Journal Trustee	Appear		

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£ ,	2020 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash absorbed by operations	24		(782,124)		(827,788)
Investing activities Rent and interest received Purchase of unlisted investments		1,155,700 (12,155)		1,149,270	
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities			1,143,545		1,149,270
Financing activities Repayment of bank loans		(330,000)		(330,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(330,000)		(330,000)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			31,421		(8,518)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			268,301		276,819
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			299,722		268,301

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The British Friends of the Bible Lands Museum Jerusalem is an unincorporated charity registered with the Charity Commission in England and Wales. The registered public address is 16 Great Queen Street, London WC2B 5DG. The nature of the charity's operations and activities are detailed in the Trustees' report. The group consists of the British Friends of the Bible Lands Museum Jerusalem and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's trust deed dated 18th March 1997, the Charities Act 2011 and, "Accounting and Reporting by Charities"; Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102)" (effective for accounting periods from 1st January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going Concern

The majority of the income received from the Group is investment income from its investment properties which are let to commercial tenants. The Group has continued to receive this income despite disruptions to the economy caused by COVID-19.

As a result, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual consolidated financial statements.

1.3 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated statement of financial activities and financial position include the financial statements of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 March 2021. The results of subsidiaries sold or acquired are included in the statement of financial activities up to, or from the date control passes. Intragroup turnover and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation.

1.4 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

1.5 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Investment income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable from letting of investment properties, distribution from unlisted investments and bank interest net of discounts, and VAT. Under operating lease agreements when the Trustees provide incentives to its tenants, the cost of the incentives is recognised over the lease term, on a straightline basis, as a reduction in rental income.

1.6 Resources expended

Expenditure is accounted for on an accrual basis exclusive of VAT.

Governance costs are the costs associated with the governance arrangements of the charity. These costs are associated with constitutional and statutory requirements and include any costs associated with the strategic management of the charity's activities.

Other resources expended are for loan interest payable on the investment properties owned by the charity utilised for raising rental income.

1.7 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in net Income/(expenditure) for the year.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

1.8 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the charity. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.10 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's statement of financial position when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Fund structure

All funds held are unrestricted income funds.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods. The main areas of uncertainty are the valuation of investment properties and impairment of fixed asset investments.

3	Donations		Group		Charity
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Donations and gifts	-		48,000	37,000

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4	4 Investments		G		Charity	
			2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Rental income Interest receivable		1,155,678 22	1,149,177 93	619,965 10	625,077 38
			1,155,700	1,149,270	619,975	625,115

Rental income arises on investment properties held in the United Kingdom. Interest receivable arises from Bank interest and late payment of rent.

5	5 Other income		Group		arity
		2021	2020	2021 £	2020 £
	Net income due from a subsidiary LLP Insurance commission	8,385	10,374	292,125 6,533	287,459 8,083
		8,385	10,374	298,658	295,542
6	Raising funds	Gr	oup	Ch	arity
Ü	raising funds		· •		-
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Investment property expenses Agents' fees and property related expenses	53,255	6,950	47,036	3,150
		53,255	6,950	47,036	3,150

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7	Charitable activities		Group	Charity	
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Grant funding of activities (see note 8) Governance costs (see note 9)	576,006 8,673	578,745 29,644	576,006 (27,755)	578,745 (10,300)
		584,679	608,389	548,251	568,445

8 Grants payable

Charitable activities include grants of £576,006 (2020 - £578,745) paid overseas to the Bible Lands Museum, Jerusalem, this being the only institution that benefits from the grants made by the charity.

9	Support Costs		Group		Charity	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
		Governance Costs £	Governance Costs £	Governance Costs £		Basis of allocation
	Amortised lease incentives Audit and accountancy fees Legal and professional Bank charges Foreign exchange (gain)/loss Commission charged	(43,354) 21,600 29,426 1,067 (66)	(43,473) 22,750 37,343 1,055 11,920	(43,354 12,650 2,330 685 (66	13,250 7,319 635) 11,920	Governance Governance Governance Governance Governance
		8,673	29,644	(27,755	(10,300)	
	Analysed between charitable activities	8,673	29,644	(27,755) (10,300)	

There are no specific support costs.

10 Auditor's remuneration

The analysis of auditor's remuneration is Fees payable to the charity's auditor	as follows: Gr	oup	Charity		
and associates:	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £	
Audit of the charity's annual accounts	16,200	22,750	10,250	13,250	

11 Employees

There were no employees during the year.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

12	Other				
		2021	Froup 2020	2021	narity 2020
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Financing costs	144,340	171,090	51,287	54,684
		144,340	171,090	51,287	54,684
13	Net gains/(losses) on investments	Gr 2021 £	oup 2020 £	Charity 2021 £	2020 £
	Revaluation of investments properties:				
	The British Friends of the Bible Lands Museum Jerusalem	(400,000)	600,000	(400,000)	600,000
	Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited	150,000	(350,000)		: : : : :
		(250,000)	250,000	(400,000)	600,000
14	Investment properties			Group 2021 £	Charity 2021 £
	Fair value At 1 April 2020 Unamortised lease incentives Net gains through fair value adjustments			14,844,541 43,354 (250,000)	7,894,541 43,354 (400,000)
	At 31 March 2021			14,637,895	7,537,895
				-	i

Investment properties comprises of freehold properties. The fair value of the group's investment properties at 31st March 2021 is £14,637,895 (2020 - £14,844,541) and has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at this date by a property management company, Landswood de Coy LLP. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in its location and takes into account the state of the rental market in the area where the properties are situated. Accordingly, the trustee, A. Noam adopted this valuation at the balance sheet date.

If investment properties were stated on an historical cost basis rather than a fair value basis, the amounts would have been included as follows:

Not	Charity
	2021 2020 £ £
	2,142 9,312,142
ated depreciation	
g amount	2,142 9,312,142
g amount	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

15

Fixed asset investments		G	roup	CI	narity
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	22	- -		3	3
Loans to subsidiaries		-	070 440	3,118,491	3,193,437
Unlisted investments		382,571	370,416	382,571	370,416
		382,571	370,416	3,501,065	3,563,856
Movement in fixed asset inve	estments				
Group				Shares £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 31 March 2020 Additions				370,416 12,155	370,416
Additions				12,100	
At 31 March 2021				382,571	370,416
Carrying amount				:	
At 31 March 2021				382,571	370,416

At 31 March 2020				370,416	370,416
Movement in fixed asset invo	estments				
Sharity			Loans £	Shares £	Total £
Cost or valuation			0.400.407	070.440	0.500.050
At 31 March 2020 Additions			3,193,437 44,500	370,419	3,563,856 44,500
Repayments			(107,291)		(107,291)
At 31 March 2021			3,130,646	370,419	3,501,065
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2021			3,130,646	370,419	3,501,065
At 31 March 2020			3,193,437	370,419	3,563,856

The charity's investment in its subsidiaries represents the cost of the called up ordinary share capital of the following entities registered in England and Wales:

Gilgamesh Hull LLP - £2 Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited - £1

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

16	Financial instruments		Group		Charity
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Carrying amount of financial assets Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	578,999	574,869	4,860,433	4,702,727
	Equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	382,571	370,416	382,574	370,419
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities				× 1
	Measured at amortised cost	6,117,648	6,395,975	3,304,711	3,412,501
17	Debtors		Group		Charity
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	Amounts falling due within one year: Other debtors	260,248	212,764	172,378	188,497
	Amounts due from subsidiary undertaking	-	-	1,250,813	958,688
		260,248	212,764	1,423,191	1,147,185
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
	Other debtors	318,751	362,105	318,751	362,105
	Total debtors	578,999	574,869	1,741,942	1,509,290

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

18 Loans and overdrafts

Loans and Overdrants		Group	C	harity
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans	4,220,000	4,550,000	1,437,500	1,587,500
Unamortised finance costs	(42,691)	(17,514)	(28,034)	
	4,177,309	4,532,486	1,409,466	1,587,500
Payable within one year	2,132,500	2,617,500	150,000	1,587,500
Payable after one year	2,044,809	1,914,986	1,259,466	

The bank loans are secured by fixed charges over the freehold properties.

The long-term loans bear interest at the rate of 2.5% above LIBOR per annum and are repayable by 26 June 2024 for the charity, 5 March 2026 (at the fixed rate of 0.74% above a margin of 2.5% per annum) for Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited and 20 May 2021 (at the rate of 2.45% above LIBOR per annum) for Gilgamesh Hull LLP, the subsidiaries of the charity. The loan with Gilgamesh Hull LLP has been renegotiated subsequent to the year end (see note 26).

19 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		Group		Charity
	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	1,724,173 216,166	1,663,435 200,054	1,724,173 171,072	1,663,436 162,355
	1,940,339	1,863,489	1,895,245	1,825,791
				-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

20 Trustees' expenses and remuneration and related party transactions

Trustees are not remunerated. The trust deed includes a professional charging clause permitting remuneration of trustees who are solicitors, accountants and other professionals. A Noam is a director of Novest Limited which provides property advise to the charity's property investment subsidiary, Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited at a cost of £26,400 (2020 - £27,000).

The following were outstanding at the reporting end date:

	Charity and Grou	
	2021 £	2020 £
Other related parties	1,711,637	1,662,150

At the balance sheet date the Charity owed interest free unsecured loans of £1,309,741 (2020 - £352,815) to Gilgamesh Properties Limited, a company registered in Israel and £401,896 (2020 - £1,309,335) to Gilgamesh Properties Limited, a company registered in the UK. Both companies are controlled by Mrs. B. Borowski, a Trustee of the Charity. Both loans are repayable on demand.

21 Control

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

22 Subsidiaries

Details of the charity's subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Name of undertaking and country of incorporation or residency	Nature of business	Class of Shareholding	% Held Direct
Gilgamesh Hull LLP- United Kingdom Gilgamesh (Broxbourne &	Property investment	Ordinary	100.00
Portslade) Limited- United Kingdom	Property investment	Ordinary	100.00

At 31 March 2021 the aggregate of the share capital and reserves amounted as follows:

Gilgamesh Hull LLP - £1,250,815 surplus Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited - £83,926 surplus

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23 Net income of subsidiaries

The charity has two wholly owned investment subsidiaries incorporated in the United Kingdom which own investment properties.

A summary of the subsidiaries trading results for the year are given below.

21 2020 £ £	2021 £	Gilgamesh Hull LLP
	365,441	Income
	(73,326) 10	Administrative expenses Interest receivable
 25	292,125	Surplus retained for the year
	The state of the s	
		Gilgamesh (Broxbourne & Portslade) Limited
24 151,372	172,124	Income
74) (109,549)		Administrative expenses
2 15		Interest receivable
	150,000 (11,353)	Increase/(decrease) in fair value of investment properties Corporation tax
99 (306,894)	200,399	Surplus/(loss) for the year
21 2020 £ £	2021 £	Cash generated from operations
58 624,483	120,458	Surplus for the year
		Adjustments for:
00) (1,149,270)	(1,155,700) (Investment income recognised in profit or loss
00 (250,000)		Fair value losses/(gains) on investment properties
54) (43,473)	(43,354)	Unamortised lease incentives
		Movements in working capital:
	(4,130)	(Increase)/Decrease in debtors
02 27,837	50,602	Increase/(Decrease) in creditors
21,001		

THE BRITISH FRIENDS OF THE BIBLE LANDS MUSEUM JERUSALEM NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

25 Analysis of changes in net (debt) funds

	At 1 April 2020 £	Cashflows £	At 31 March 2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand Loans falling due within one year Loans falling due after more than one year	268,301 (2,617,500) (1,914,986)	31,421 485,000 (129,823)	299,722 (2,132,500) (2,044,809)
	(4,264,185)	386,598	(3,877,587)

26 Post balance sheet events

Subsequent to the year-end on 2 June 2021, the charity obtained an extension of its subsidiary, Gilgamesh Hull LLP's loan with Santander Bank Plc. The existing loan which was repayable in full on 20 May 2021 was extended for a period of 5 years on 2 June 2021.

In addition, subsequent to the year-end, the charity sold all its unlisted investments.