Company registration number 01898590 (England and Wales)

NEWPIER CHARITY LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Mr C Margulies

Mrs R Margulies

Secretary Mr C Margulies

Charity number 293686

Company number 01898590

Principal address 186 Lordship Road

London N16 5ES

Registered office 186 Lordship Road

London N16 5ES

Auditor Lopian Gross Barnett & Co

1st Floor, Cloister House

Riverside

New Bailey Street Manchester M3 5FS

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TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)".

Objectives and activities

The company is registered as a charitable company limited by guarantee and was set up by a Memorandum of Association on 22 March 1985. It was registered as a charity on 20 March 1986.

The principle objectives of the company are:

- The advancement of religion in accordance with the Orthodox Jewish Faith
- The relief of poverty, and
- Any other activities recognised by English Law as charitable

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity's Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and planning future activities and setting the grant making policy for the year.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

The charity was set up to support the activities of religious Jewish organisations especially in the field of education. The trustees identify institutions and organisations which meet its criteria and regularly support a number of these institutions and organisations, which themselves are growing not only in England but also worldwide.

The charity is also supportive of organisations which are solely committed to the relief of poverty. Such organisations assist needy Jewish families financially and also through the distribution of basis necessities.

The income of the charity is derived from investments and donations. The trustees continued their support of those organisations deemed to promote the objects of this charity.

The charity accepts applications for grants from representatives of various charities, which are reviewed by the trustees on a regular basis.

Achievements and performance

The principle activities to raise funds during the year were the receipt of donations and the income received from property investment.

During the year the trust made donations to a wide variety of charities within the Jewish community. Almost all of the incoming resources were distributed to various charities in the year. Remaining reserves in bank and deposit accounts are required are available towards future investment purposes. The trustees are pleased with its investment performance and with the level of donations given to worthy causes.

The trustees are satisfied with the results and activities of the company for the year and do not anticipate any significant changes in the forthcoming year.

At the year end the charity held four investment properties as well as being a part owner in a number of joint ventures. Trustee requirements are to expand the charities portfolio, and further investments are being sought.

At the year end, the trusts investments were valued at £4,245,358 and returned income of £556,625.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Financial review

During the year the charity received investment income of £556,625, donation income of £71,050 and dilapidation income of £2,959. This gave the charity a total income of £630,634 and allowed the trustees to distribute £478,015 to other charity and good causes. After payments of other charitable expenditure in the year there was an increase in funds of £83,428

There is no formal policy to maintain a set level of reserves. However, the trustees do prefer to maintain a high level of cash reserves. The reason for the high level is that should an investment become available that requires funding faster than a loan provider can facilitate, the trustees want the charity to be able to go ahead with the investment rather than miss it. Financing though a provider can take place at a more convenient date. The trustees are continually looking for appropriate investments which will ensure that high levels of return can be achieved with low risk. The reserves are maintained in line with this policy.

The company's memorandum and articles of association, which permit the company's funds to be invested in securities or properties of any kind and situated anywhere in the world, control the trustees' investment powers. The company's investments have performed well during the year.

The trustees are experienced property investors and have invested the charity's funds into properties. Investments are chosen on the basis of achieving a yield in excess of that available from cash deposits while maintaining a high degree of security of income.

The charity's investments generated a good return on capital invested.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Plans for future periods

The charity plans to continue to seek donations to enable them to distribute the monies throughout the Jewish community. The trustees will continue to purchase further investments when they believe it is in the best interests of the charity.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and as such, its governing documents are its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr C Margulies

Mrs R Margulies

Mrs H Knopfler

(Deceased 19 May 2021)

As set out in the Articles of Association the number of trustees shall not be less than three and not more than ten in number.

The charity may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act, to be a trustee, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional trustee. A trustee shall cease to hold office by virtue of the Article 48 of Articles of Association.

It is not currently the intention of the trustees of the charity to appoint new trustees. Should this situation change in the future, the trustees will apply suitable recruitment and training procedures.

The quorum for the transaction of the business of the trustees may be fixed by the trustees but shall not be less than the majority of their number of two trustees, whichever is the greater.

None of the trustees have any beneficial interest in the charity.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

All decisions made on behalf of the charity are made by the trustees. The trustees are responsible for the provision of means to distribute charitable donations to worthy causes.

Details of related party transactions are disclosed in note 22 to the accounts. Trustees are required to disclose all relevant interests and withdraw from decisions where a conflict of interest arises.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Lopian Gross Barnett & Co be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the trustees has confirmed that there is no information of which they are aware which is relevant to the audit, but of which the auditor is unaware. They have further confirmed that they have taken appropriate steps to identify such relevant information and to establish that the auditor is aware of such information.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mr C Margulies
Trustee

29 April 2022

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The trustees, who are also the directors of Newpier Charity Limited for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company Law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF NEWPIER CHARITY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newpier Charity Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF NEWPIER CHARITY LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report. We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the charity for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF NEWPIER CHARITY LIMITED

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of laws and regulations that affect the entity, focusing on those that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on its operations.
- Where considered necessary we enquired of the those charged with governance, reviewed correspondence and reviewed meeting minutes for evidence of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations.
- We gained an understanding of the controls environment which includes the controls in place to prevent and detect fraud. We enquired of those charged with governance about any incidences of fraud that had taken place during the accounting period.
- The risk of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations was discussed within the audit team and tests were planned and performed to address these risks.
- We reviewed financial statements disclosures to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations.
- · We enquired of those charged with governance about actual and potential litigation and claims.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that might indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud due to management override of internal controls we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative of a potential bias.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF NEWPIER CHARITY LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Brodie ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Lopian Gross Barnett & Co

29 April 2022

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

1st Floor, Cloister House Riverside New Bailey Street Manchester M3 5FS

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	ι	Jnrestricted U	Inrestricted
		funds 2021	funds 2020
	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Income and endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	71,050	174,564
Investments	4	556,625	387,045
Other income	5	2,959	-
Total income		630,634	561,609
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	555,004	622,463
Other	11	67,202	
Total expenditure		622,206	622,463
Net gains/(losses) on investments	12	75,000	(517,500)
Net income/(expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		83,428	(578,354)
Fund balances at 1 July 2020		(1,266,331)	(687,977)
Fund balances at 30 June 2021		(1,182,903)	(1,266,331)

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

		20	2021		20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	14		-		67,202
Investment properties	15		1,577,500		1,502,500
Investments	16		2,667,858		2,536,653
			4,245,358		4,106,355
Current assets					
Debtors	17	53,069		70,603	
Cash at bank and in hand		208,629		300,631	
		261,698		371,234	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(76,615)		(68,933)	
Net current assets			185,083		302,301
Total assets less current liabilities			4,430,441		4,408,656
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(5,613,344)		(5,674,987)
Net liabilities			(1,182,903)		(1,266,331)
Income funds Unrestricted funds General unrestricted funds		(1,803,903)		(1,812,331)	
Revaluation reserve		621,000		546,000	
			(1,182,903)		(1,266,331)
			(1,182,903)		(1,266,331)

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 29 April 2022

Mr C Margulies

Trustee

Company registration number 01898590

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	202 £	1 £	202 £	0 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash absorbed by operations	23		(490,679)		(506,875)
Investing activities Purchase of investments Income from investments		(131,205) 556,625		387,045 ———	
Net cash generated from investing activities			425,420		387,045
Financing activities Repayment of bank loans		(26,743)		(31,679)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(26,743)		(31,679)
Net decrease in cash and cash equiva	lents		(92,002)		(151,509)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	of year		300,631		452,140
Cash and cash equivalents at end of y	/ear		208,629		300,631

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Newpier Charity Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 186 Lordship Road, London, N16 5ES.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Charitable distributions represent donations paid to educational, religious and similar charities.

Other charitable expenses are provided for on an accruals basis.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

25% Straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the SOFA.

1.8 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at transaction price excluding transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

1.9 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.12 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

3	Donations and legacies		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2021 £	2020 £
	Donations and gifts	71,050	174,564
4	Investments		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2021 £	2020 £
	Rental income Other fixed asset investment income Interest receivable	186,344 370,281 -	264,401 122,620 24
		556,625	387,045
5	Other income		
		Unrestricted funds	Total
		2021 £	2020 £
	Other income	2,959	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

6 Charitable activities

						Charitable activities 2021 £	Charitable activities 2020
	Insurance					1,730	1,959
	Repairs and maintenance					7,966	14,493
	Bank charges					19,964	23,608
	Sundry expenses					106	8
	Rates					797	1,237
	Light and heat					640	435
	Bad debts					_	78,115
						31,203	119,855
	Grant funding of activities (•				478,015	480,214
	Share of governance costs	(see note 7)				45,786	22,394
						555,004	622,463
7	Support costs						
		Support Go	overnance	2021	Support G	overnance	2020
		costs	costs		costs	costs	
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Legal and professional	-	40,786	40,786	-	22,394	22,394
	Audit and accountancy		5,000	5,000			
		_	45,786	45,786		22,394	22,394
	Analysed between		15.506	1			
	Charitable activities		45,786	45,786		22,394	22,394

Governance costs includes payments to the auditors of £5,000 (2020- £5,000) for audit fees.

8 Grants payable

	Charitable activities 2021 £	Charitable activities 2020
Grants to institutions:		
Other	478,015	480,214
	===	===

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

8 Grants payable (Continued)

Copies of the list of donations are available to members of the public, at a cost of £25 writing to the Secretary at the registered office by registered post.

The grants paid are to Jewish organisations especially in the field of education. Some grants are paid to those organisations that assist in the relief of poverty.

9 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any expenses from the charity during the year.

10 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	Number	Number
Total	-	-
		

2024

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

11 Other

	Unrestricted funds	Total
		£
	2021	2020
Net loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	67,202	-
	67,202	-

12 Net gains/(losses) on investments

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2021 £	2020 £
Revaluation of investment properties	75,000 	(517,500)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

13 **Taxation**

The activities of Newpier Charity Limited are exempt form direct taxation under Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

14 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery
	£
At 1 July 2020	67,202
Disposals	(67,202)
Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2020	67,202
Investment property	

15

	2021 £
Fair value At 1 July 2020 Net gains or losses through fair value adjustments	1,502,500 75,000
At 30 June 2021	1,577,500

Investment property comprises four commercially let properties. The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by independent qualified valuers and by the directors at the year end. The valuation was made on a fair value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16 Fixed asset investments

	Unlisted investments £
Cost or valuation At 1 July 2020 & 30 June 2021	2,536,653
Carrying amount At 30 June 2021	2,536,653
At 30 June 2021 At 30 June 2020	2,536,653
7 tt 00 04110 2020	=====

Unlisted investments at the year end comprise of investments into UK Syndicates that invest in land and buildings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Trade debtors	17	Debtors		2021	2020
Dither debtors 34,204 65,785 53,069 70,603 70		Amounts falling due within one year:			
18 Loans and overdrafts 2021 2020 2 2020 2 2020 2 2020 2 2					
Bank loans Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. Secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment pr		Other debtors		34,204	65,783
Bank loans 567,290 594,033				53,069	70,603
Bank loans 567,290 594,033	18	Loans and overdrafts			
Payable within one year 36,000 36,000 558,033 A long-term loan is secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. 2021 2020					2020 £
Payable after one year 531,290 558,033 A long-term loan is secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. 19 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2021 2020 Notes		Bank loans		567,290	594,033
A long-term loan is secured by a fixed charge over two of the investment properties. Other long term loans are unsecured. 19 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2021 2020 Notes		Payable within one year		36,000	36,000
are unsecured. 19 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2021 2020 Notes £ £					
Notes Reserve Reserv	10		two of the investment pro	perties. Other lon	g term loans
Bank loans	13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Other taxation and social security 14,679 12,276 Trade creditors - 7,356 Other creditors 13,936 8,501 Accruals and deferred income 12,000 4,800 76,615 68,933 8 8 10 Notes £ £ Bank loans 18 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954	19	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2021	2020
Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans Other creditors 13,936 8,501 76,615 68,933 2021 2020 Notes £ £ Bank loans Other creditors 18 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954	13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Notes		
Other creditors	19	Bank loans		£ 36,000	£ 36,000
Accruals and deferred income 12,000 4,800 76,615 68,933 20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 8 2021 2020 Notes £ £ £ 8 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954	13	Bank loans Other taxation and social security		£ 36,000	36,000 12,276
20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2021 2020	19	Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors		£ 36,000 14,679	36,000 12,276 7,356
Notes 2021 2020 Bank loans 18 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954	19	Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors		£ 36,000 14,679 - 13,936	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501
Notes £ £ Bank loans 18 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954	19	Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors		36,000 14,679 - 13,936 12,000	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800
Bank loans 18 531,290 558,033 Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954		Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	18	36,000 14,679 - 13,936 12,000	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800
Other creditors 5,082,054 5,116,954		Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	18 one year	36,000 14,679 - 13,936 12,000 - 76,615	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800 68,933
		Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	18 one year	36,000 14,679 - 13,936 12,000 - 76,615	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800 68,933
5,613,344 5,674,987		Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Creditors: amounts falling due after more than of	one year Notes	\$\frac{\partial}{2021}\$	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800 68,933
		Bank loans Other taxation and social security Trade creditors Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Creditors: amounts falling due after more than of Bank loans	one year Notes	£ 36,000 14,679 13,936 12,000 76,615 2021 £	36,000 12,276 7,356 8,501 4,800 68,933 2020 £

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

21 Post balance sheet events and Covid-19

The Trustees have closely monitored the Government guidance in response to the Covid-19 Pandemic and have implemented measures in line with Governmental guidelines. The Trustees have assessed the impact of Covid-19 on the company and conclude that there are no items resulting from the Covid-19 Pandemic which require disclosure at the balance sheet date.

22 Related party transactions

Other long term creditors include a loan from Ambertown International Ltd, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands. The trustee, Mr C Margulies is a director of the company. Additionally, there is a loan of £35,000 from Mr David Margulies, brother of the Trustee, Mr C Margulies. There is no interest charged on these loans.

Donation income includes a total of £61,550 from the trustee Mr C Margulies either from himself personally or via entities that he is a director of.

There were no other related party transactions in the year.

23	Cash generated from operations		2021 £	2020 £
	Surplus/(deficit) for the year		83,428	(578,354)
	Adjustments for:			
	Investment income recognised in statement of financial activities	3	(556,625)	(387,045)
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets		67,202	-
	Fair value gains and losses on investment properties		(75,000)	517,500
	Movements in working capital:			
	Decrease in debtors		17,534	2,245
	(Decrease) in creditors		(27,218)	(61,221)
	Cash absorbed by operations		(490,679)	(506,875)
24	Analysis of changes in net (debt)/funds			
	/ mary one or original good in more (allows), ramale	At 1 July 2020	Cash flows At	30 June 2021
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	300,631	(92,002)	208,629
	Loans falling due within one year	(36,000)	-	(36,000)
	Loans falling due after more than one year	(558,033)	26,743	(531,290)
		(293,402)	(65,259)	(358,661)