PARTNERS FOR CHANGE ETHIOPIA

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The annual report and financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 20 May 2022.

John Binns, Chair of Trustees

Trustees

Chairperson: The Revd Dr John Binns

President: Fr Colin Battell OSB Honorary Treasurer: Roy Warden

Gary Battell

Karina Prasad (resigned October 2021)

Sarah Parfitt

Margaret Johnston (appointed 5 March 2021) Christine Brown (appointed 5 October 2021)

Charity information

Registered Charity No: 297391

Address: 197 Chase Road, Burntwood, Staffordshire, WS7 0EB

Email: info@pfcethiopia.org
Website: www.pfcethiopia.org

Bankers: Child & Co. 1 Fleet Street, London EC4Y 1BD

Independent Examiner: Gary Bandy CPFA, Clover Cottage, Stubbins Lane, Chinley, High Peak

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ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

What Partners for Change Ethiopia does

Partners for Change Ethiopia was established in 1985 (then known as St Matthew's Children's Fund) to help care for some of the many children orphaned or abandoned following devastating famine and civil war. It continues this work today together with its Ethiopian partner organisation, JeCCDO (the Jerusalem Children and Community Development Organisation), although the emphasis is no longer on providing institutional care but on caring for children in their own communities.

The main focus of our work continues to be the empowerment of community based organisations in developing sustainable approaches to reducing poverty in deprived areas. The mission is carried on in Ethiopia itself by our partner organisation, JeCCDO, based in Addis Ababa and operating through a regional network. JeCCDO is an Ethiopian organisation with Ethiopian staff and an Ethiopian board of trustees which has a deep understanding of the culture and traditions of the country and is trusted by the authorities to deliver valuable and practical projects. An important part of the work of Partners for Change is to support JeCCDO and strengthen its capabilities.

Partners for Change also continues as an advocate for the needs of children in Ethiopia and surrounding areas with grant making bodies and a wide community of individual donors.

Main activities in 2021

There were significant challenges to our work in Ethiopia in 2021.

In November 2020, reports reached the UK of conflict, deaths and refugees, especially in Tigray in the north of the country, with strains in other areas of the federal political structure. The emergency continued into 2021 and there have been serious and tragic incidents in some parts of the country. Partners for Change has been monitoring the situation as best we can, which is difficult because communications have been disrupted especially in areas where there is fighting. Nevertheless, through JeCCDO we have local contacts and we have experience in trying to interpret this complex country since we first became involved there in the 1980s. People in poor local communities are resilient and can still benefit enormously from the moves towards self-sufficiency which we encourage through our partnerships. We are continuing to support these efforts.

Although Ethiopia has not been overwhelmed by covid-19, the restrictions imposed to prevent the spread of the virus had a devastating impact on the lives of many people already in challenging circumstances. JeCCDO quickly took an active role in its project areas and elsewhere to promote awareness of the virus and actions to take to protect against it. Providing clean water, sanitisers, and emergency food supplies were key tasks. The value of the work of JeCCDO in this respect was acknowledged by the Ethiopian government.

Partners for Change focused on two new initiatives in 2021. We launched our Tesfa (the Amharic for "hope") campaign to help internally displaced people - refugees who do not cross international borders - especially in eastern areas bordering Somalia. We provide food, fresh water and homes to build new communities and have benefitted from funds supplied by Franciscan Aid. Following a

successful project in Gende Tesfa, we established a new breakfast club in Debre Birhan to provide the poorest children with a meal at the start of the school day and assistance to families in setting up small businesses. In addition, we used a grant from the Maurice and Hilda Laing Charitable Trust for the promotion of livelihood alternatives for poor community members in Debre Sina and Bishoftu and we continued our support for a family in Bahir Dar using funds supplied by an individual donor.

Financial summary

Partners for Change made payments of £124,900 to Ethiopia in 2021 (£95,514 in 2020).

Our new fundraising campaigns in 2021 helped us to increase our income to £109,202 (£95,237 in 2020).

Our administrative costs in the UK fell to £4,306 (£6,084 in 2020) and were 3% of the value of payments to Ethiopia (6% in 2020). This excellent performance depended on a large amount of unpaid work by our trustees and other volunteers.

We allowed our unrestricted reserve to drop to £21,622 at the end of 2021 (£41,326 at the end of 2020) to fund our payments to Ethiopia. The steady fall in our administrative costs over a number of years means that our reserve remains prudent.

Public benefit

In reviewing the objectives of Partners for Change Ethiopia, and monitoring its activities, the trustees have taken account of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit. They confirm that the charity continues to carry out its purposes for the public benefit.

Income and expenditure outside the UK

During 2021, we received no income from outside the United Kingdom. All payments made to Ethiopia by Partners for Change Ethiopia were within the regulated banking system.

The trustees are satisfied that the risk management policy and procedures adequately address the risks to the charity arising from its activities and where it operates.

Risks

The main risks faced by Partners for Change Ethiopia that are monitored by the trustees are:

- political instability in Ethiopia, which could prevent JeCCDO from carrying out its work, endanger
 the safety of JeCCDO staff and foreign visitors, and deter potential donors; the trustees monitor
 this risk with advice from JeCCDO; the risk is constant with limited scope for mitigation.
- pressures on donation and grant income which, if it fell below a critical level, would mean that
 Partners for Change Ethiopia could no longer operate; the trustees explore established and
 innovative ways of encouraging existing donors and identifying potential new sources of income;
 the risk is a major one requiring constant attention, but also offering opportunities.

- inappropriate behaviour by people acting on behalf of Partners for Change Ethiopia or JeCCDO, particularly in relation to children and vulnerable adults, that would be unacceptable in itself and could cause reputational damage deterring donors; a moderate risk in terms of likelihood, but serious if it happened; the trustees have reviewed the safeguarding policy, reminded everyone of its importance, and encouraged JeCCDO to discuss it at every trustee meeting.
- fraud in the administration of resources; procedures are in place for authorising expenditure.
- loss of experienced staff at JeCCDO who have been in post for a long time; Partners for Change Ethiopia trustees regularly consult JeCCDO trustees on this issue; the risk will inevitably occur at some time and requires careful forward planning.
- insufficient knowledge and experience amongst Partners for Change Ethiopia trustees, especially as long-standing members leave for various reasons; a search for new trustees has begun.
- lack of clarity in explaining to a wider audience, especially potential donors, the new direction Partners for Change Ethiopia is taking from institutional to community based care of orphans and vulnerable children.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES AND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Unrestricted fund (£)	Restricted funds (£)	2021 total (£)	2020 total (£)
Income from:				
Donations	28,149	33,912	62,061	26,332
Grants and legacies (Note 2)	3,138	44,000	47,138	68,382
Other	3	-	3	523
Total income	31,290	77,912	109,202	95,237
Expenditure on:				
Payments to Africa (Note 3)	46,688	78,212	124,900	95,514
Administration (Note 4)	4,306	-	4,306	6,084
Total expenditure	50,994	78,212	129,206	101,598
Surplus/(deficit)	(19,704)	(300)	(20,004)	(6,360)
Reconciliation of funds:				
Brought forward from 2020	41,326	300	41,626	
Surplus/(deficit)	(19,704)	(300)	(20,004)	
Carried forward to 2022	21,622	0	21,622	

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Unrestricted fund (£)	Restricted funds (£)	2021 total (£)	2020 total (£)
Current assets				
Debtors (Note 5)	324		324	327
Prepayments	33		33	33
Cash and bank accounts	31,826		31,826	41,406
Sub-total: current assets	32,183		32,183	41,766
Current liabilities				
Creditors: amounts falling due within 1 year (Note 5)	10,561		10,561	140
Net current assets	21,622		21,622	41,626
Creditors: amounts falling due after 1 year	-	-	-	-
Net assets	21,622		21,622	41,626
Unrestricted fund			21,622	41,326
Restricted funds			0	300
Total funds (Note 6)			21,622	41,626

The notes on pages 7 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

- 1.1 These financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis under the historical cost convention in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102.
- 1.2 These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.
- 1.3 Income is recorded in the Statement of Financial Resources when: the charity becomes entitled to it (unconditionally entitled in the case of grants and donations); the trustees are virtually certain that it will be received; and its monetary value can be measured with sufficient reliability.
- 1.4 Tax reclaimable on donations is recorded at the same time as the donation.
- 1.5 Income from activities is recorded gross with any costs recorded under expenditure.
- 1.6 The value of any voluntary help received is not included.
- 1.7 On grounds of materiality, interest income is not apportioned to restricted funds.
- 1.8 Liabilities are recorded as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation to pay.

2. Grants received

Grants were received from the Maurice and Hilda Laing Charitable Trust and from Franciscan Aid.

3. Payments to Ethiopia

	£
Supporting internally displaced people, especially in eastern areas bordering Somalia.	47,500
Promotion of livelihood alternatives for poor community members in Debre Sina.	44,000
Supporting JeCCDO's work with community based organisations in Bishoftu, Bahir Dar, Debre Berhan, Hawassa and Dire Dawa to develop sustainable approaches to reducing poverty in deprived areas.	20,000
Supporting women from families in Debre Birhan to generate income and providing breakfast and various facilities for school children.	12,500
Supporting a family in Bahir Dar.	600
Total	124,600

Note: These amounts relate to payments made in 2021 regardless of when the income to fund the payments was received.

4. Cost of administration

	2021 (£)	2020(£)
UK consultancy	500	2,752
Bank charges	71	77
International transfer fees	74	52
Bookkeeping	265	259
Fund raising expenses	1,410	388
Insurance	550	<i>551</i>
Travel	114	367
Printing and postage	-	<i>250</i>
Cost of events	602	-
Trustee meetings	-	46
Miscellaneous	720	1,342
Total	4,306	6,084

5. Debtors and creditors

There was a single debtor at 31 December 2021 - HMRC in respect of Gift Aid. There were three creditors at 31 December 2021 who have now all been paid.

6. Analysis of funds

	Brought forward from 2020 (£)	Incomings (£)	Outgoings (£)	Carried forward to 2022 (£)
Debre Sina communities	0	44,000	44,000	0
Debre Birhan women and child	ren 0	12,262	12,262	0
Internally displaced people	0	21,050	21,050	0
Bahir Dar family	300	600	900	0
Restricted funds	300	77,912	78,212	0
Unrestricted	41,326	31,290	50,994	21,622
Total funds	41,626	109,202	129,206	21,622

8. Related parties

There were no transactions with related parties in the year ended 31 December 2021. Any donations made by trustees were unconditional.

Independent Examiner's Report to the Trustees of Partners for change Ethiopia

I report on the accounts of the charity for the year ended 31 December 2021 set out on pages 5 to 8 of the charity's annual report.

Respective responsibilities of the Trustees and Independent Examiner

The charity's trustees are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. The charity's trustees consider that an audit is not required for this year under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 (the Charities Act) and that an independent examination is needed.

Having satisfied myself that the charity is not subject to audit and is eligible for independent examination, it is my responsibility to:

- · examine the accounts under section 145 of the Charities Act,
- to follow the procedures laid down in the general Directions given by the Charity Commission (under section 145(5)(b)) of the Charities Act, and
- · to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

Basis of independent examiner's statement

My examination was carried out in accordance with general Directions given by the Charity Commission. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the accounts presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the accounts, and seeking explanations from the trustees concerning any such matters.

The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, and consequently no opinion is given as to whether the accounts present a 'true and fair' view and the report is limited to those matters set out in the statement below.

Independent examiner's report

In connection with my examination, no matter has come to my attention:

- which gives me reasonable cause to believe that in, any material respect, the requirements
 - to keep accounting records in accordance with section 130 of the Charities Act;
 and
 - to prepare accounts which accord with the accounting records and comply with the accounting requirements of the Charities Act

have not been met; or

 which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Gary Bandy CPFA 20 May 2022