Charity registration number 1080849

AZHAR ACADEMY ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr I Gangat MBE Mr F Bobat Mr I Amla
Charity number	1080849
Auditor	AGP Consulting Q West Great West Road Brentford TW8 0GP
Bankers	Al Rayan Bank Plc 97 - 99 Whitechapel Road London E1 1DT
	Natwest Bank Plc PO Box 2027 Parklands De Havilland Horwich Bolton BL6 4YU

CONTENTS

	Page
Trustees report	1 - 3
Statement of trustees responsibilities	4
Independent auditor's report	5 - 7
Statement of financial activities	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of cash flows	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 17

TRUSTEES REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are advancement of education and furtherance of the religion of Islam and of Islamic Education. Azhar Academy runs nursery, primary and secondary schools in the London Borough of Waltham Forest and Newham. The main objective for the year was the continued operation of the schools and investment in education.

The school has specifically designed a school curriculum which provides a sound and comprehensive education for our students and aims to instil in them good moral conduct, sound comprehension of their faith and an unwavering commitment to succeed.

We continue to provide a stimulating and holistic approach to learning, we are able to offer each student the opportunity to learn and achieve their true potential. We teach a wide range of subjects, both National Curriculum-based and Islamic, aimed to fully equip our students with the best knowledge, skills and understanding to participate positively in today's challenging and diverse society. We expect our students to leave the school equipped with the correct tools for the next stage of their education with a confident, responsible and tolerant outlook on life.

Our schools are well established and are consistently rated high in the Borough and in London. The Trustees believe the schools provides education of the highest standard and nurture students to become responsible individuals and citizens. The schools have very good working relationships with outreach programmes that benefit the students and wider communities.

The charity's activities are dedicated to students' academic, spiritual, moral, social, and cultural development, and the charity considers the success of these activities to be for the public benefit. The trustees have given due consideration to the charity commission published guidance on the public benefit requirement under Charities Act 2011. and there has been no change in these during the year.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The trustees are pleased with the expansion of the school and the continuing success of providing education to students.

Overall, the trustees believe that they have met their objectives for the year, particularly given a new set of circumstances that schools nationally faced due to Covid. As we returned to face to face learning the students were able to adjust to the classroom setting. The school ensured continued uninterrupted learning. Additional support was given to students and families for mental well-being amongst others matters to cope with the return. The school continued to offer remote learning to students who were unable to return due to Covid.

Leadership within the school continues to work towards putting in systems and structures to allow us to provide a seamless education and learning experience for our students.

Financial review

At the balance sheet date, the charity had net assets of £3,047,503 (2020: £2,531,795). The trustees consider the financial performance of the charity during the year to be satisfactory. The objective is for the charity and its school operations to be self-sufficient.

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

Going Concern

The Trustees have reviewed the forecast of cashflows and student numbers, and considered budgets at least for the 12 months after the date of approval of these financial statements. As part of their review, the Trustees along with the Headmistress, have considered the impact of the Covid 19 pandemic and this is continually being reviewed on an ongoing basis. Consideration has been given to the fact that our schools rely on the payment of fees from families who could potentially be faced with a real impact on their financial situation over the coming months. The school will be implementing cost saving measures. Additionally to facilitate in easing the financial burden on parents, the school has had to take a more flexible approach to fee collection. In the event that future cashflow projections show potential shortfalls, the charity will seek to obtain additional fundraising through initiatives with its Trustees and other patrons.

Reserves policy

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The main objective of the reserve policy is to ensure that the Charity is able to meet its short term operational costs in a situation where income fall below a sustainable level. The normal 3 months spend is circa £300k and currently the trust has circa £392k which is sufficient to cover this. The main liabilities are gifted loans which are only called upon if the Charity has the ability to repay. The actual unrestricted reserve at the end of the year is £3,047,503 (2020 - £2,531,795), The board of Trustees consider that the reserve policy is adequate, given the level of performance of the school and based on the premise that the giving nature is generous in a faith based organisation.

Risks

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibility to manage the risks faced by the charity. They have identified and given due consideration to the risks to which the charity may be exposed and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to those risks. The principal risks being a significantly reduced student intake which would directly impact on fee income, the school buildings becoming uninhabitable (e.g. due to damage) and fraud and error. These risks are managed through a concerted programme of media advertising to attract students to the schools. Regular independent fire and risk assessments are carried out of the premises and a disaster recovery plan is in place in the event the buildings are unavailable so that tuition can continue elsewhere. Appropriate financial controls and reporting systems are in place to provide reasonable assurance against fraud and error.

Plans for future periods

The Charity has been looking into purchasing a property for the expansion of the girl's secondary school. After the year end completion was made on a new property which was acquired to facilitate this. It is hoped that the school can move into the new premises by the start of the academic year in September 2022. The premises are larger and will allow the expansion of the school to 3 form entry in all the year groups.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is an unincorporated charity and it is controlled by its governing document, a deed of trust.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were: Mr I Gangat MBE Mr F Bobat Mr I Amla

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

Supplier payment policy

The Charity's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to follow the CBI's Prompt Payers Code (copies are available from the CBI, Centre Point, 103 New Oxford Street, London WC1A 1DU).

The Charity's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

Trade creditors of the Charity at the year end were nil, as they are processed and paid at the same time and therefore there is nil average creditor days.

The trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mr I Gangat MBE Trustee

27 June 2022

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;

- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF AZHAR ACADEMY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Azhar Academy (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 August 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 August 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF AZHAR ACADEMY

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We gained and understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Charity and the industry in which it operates, drawing on our sector experience and considered the risk of acts by the Charity that could be contrary to these laws and regulations, including fraud. We focused on laws and regulations that could give rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements, including but not limited to, the Charity Commission, The Independent Schools Standards and the equivalent local laws and regulations.

We made enquiries of trustees and school management, with regards to compliance with the above laws and regulations and corroborated any necessary evidence to relevant information, for example, minutes of the trustee meetings. legal reports provided to the Charity and correspondence between the Charity and its solicitors. Audit procedure performed by the engagement team included:

Discussion with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations and fraud;

Review of financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;

Challenging assumptions and judgements made by trustees and school management in their significant accounting estimates;

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF AZHAR ACADEMY

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https:// www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Other matters

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with current Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Forhad Ahmed (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of AGP Consulting

27 June 2022

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Q West Great West Road Brentford TW8 0GP

AGP Consulting is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

Current financial year

	L	Inrestricted funds 2021
	Notes	£
Income from:		
Donations and legacies	3	584,340
Charitable activities	4	1,621,980
Total income		2,206,320
Expenditure on:		
Charitable activities	5	1,690,612
Net income for the year/		
Net movement in funds		515,708
Fund balances at 1 September 2020		2,531,795
Fund balances at 31 August 2021		3,047,503

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities. **Prior financial year**

	Unrestricted funds	Total
	2020	2020
lotes	£	£
3	189,593	189,593
4	1,566,536	1,566,536
	1,756,129	1,756,129
5	1,601,224	1,601,224
	154,905	154,905
	2,376,890	2,376,890
	2,531,795	2,531,795
	3	funds 2020 otes £ 3 189,593 4 1,566,536 1,756,129 5 1,601,224 154,905 2,376,890

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2021

		20	2021		20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	10		2,534,011		2,515,059
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	1,400,000 392,214		- 579,159	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	1,792,214 (54,422)		579,159 (70,123)	
Net current assets			1,737,792		509,036
Total assets less current liabilities			4,271,803		3,024,095
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(1,224,300)		(492,300)
Net assets			3,047,503		2,531,795
Income funds Unrestricted funds			3,047,503		2,531,795
			3,047,503		2,531,795

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 27 June 2022

Mr I Gangat MBE Trustee

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

		202	2021		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations	16		(70,031)		225,640
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(116,914)		(46,111)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(116,914)		(46,111)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cas	sh				
equivalents			(186,945)		179,529
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning o	f year		579,159		399,630
Cash and cash equivalents at end of ye	ar		392,214		579,159

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Azhar Academy is a public benefit entity, it is an unincorporated charity and is a registered charity registered with the Charity Commission for England and Wales. The charity currently has three Trustees. The principle location of the Charity is 235a Romford Road, London E7 9HL.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received. School fees are recognised in the period the fees are paid.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	15% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Private Loans: "Qard Hasnah" is an interest free loans from the Charity's beneficiaries, which only have a moral obligation to repay as per agreement Qard Haanah is recognised when received / paid and recorded under liabilities due after more than one year.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.9 Taxation

The Charity is an exempt charity within the meaning of schedule 3 of the Charities Act2011 and is considered to pass the tes1s set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation lax purposes.

1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2021 £	2020 £
Donations and gifts	584,340	189,593

4 Charitable activities

5

	Education 2021 £	Education 2020 £
School fees Other income	1,498,110 123,870	1,356,294 210,242
	1,621,980	1,566,536

Charitable activities

	Charitable Charitable Expenditure Expenditure		
	2021	2020	
	£	£	
Staff costs	1,315,970	1,225,212	
Educational resources	102,948	138,957	
Telephone	3,410	4,679	
Light and heat	49,947	38,303	
Sundries	52,736	21,797	
Insurance	5,929	28,489	
Legal and professional	676	1,342	
Repairs and maintenance	21,696	15,004	
Rates and water	30,657	25,363	
Depreciation on property	94,395	91,388	
Depreciation on Fixtures and fittings	3,568	3,090	
	1,681,932	1,593,624	
Share of governance costs (see note 6)	8,680	7,600	
	1,690,612	1,601,224	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

6	Support costs						
		Support G	overnance	2021	Support	Governance	2020
		costs	costs		costs	costs	
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Audit fees	-	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	4,000
	Accountancy	-	4,680	4,680	-	3,600	3,600
		-	8,680	8,680	-	7,600	7,600
	Analysed between Charitable activities		8,680	8,680	-	7,600	7,600
7	Auditor's remuneration						
	Fees payable to the chari	y's auditor ar	nd associates	:		2021 £	2020 £

Audit of the charity's annual accounts

8 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

4,000

4,000

9 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Teachers	66	42
Assistants	23	54
Administration	8	8
Total	97	104
Employment costs	2021	2020
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,230,207	1,149,726
Social security costs	73,125	65,668
Other pension costs	12,638	9,818
	1,315,970	1,225,212
	, ,	, -,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

9 Employees

(Continued)

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There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

10 Tangible fixed assets

-		Freehold land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	Cost	~	~	~
	At 1 September 2020	3,836,069	91,150	3,927,219
	Additions	111,435	5,479	116,914
	At 31 August 2021	3,947,504	96,629	4,044,133
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 September 2020	1,333,369	78,790	1,412,159
	Depreciation charged in the year	94,395	3,568	97,963
	At 31 August 2021	1,427,764	82,358	1,510,122
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 August 2021	2,519,740	14,271	2,534,011
	At 31 August 2020	2,502,700	12,359	2,515,059
11	Debtors			
			2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Other debtors		1,400,000	-
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2021 £	2020 £
	Other taxation and social security		_	17,412
	Other creditors		50,127	48,416
	Accruals and deferred income		4,295	4,295
			54,422	70,123
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
13	oreanors, amounts failing due after more than one year		2021 £	2020 £
	Qard Hasanah		1,224,300	492,300

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

14	Capital commitments	2021	2020 £
	At 31 August 2021 the charity had capital commitments as follows:	Ľ	L
	Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements: Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	2,300.000	_
	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	2,300,000	

Included in debtors is an amount of £1.4 million which represented funds held with the Charity's solicitors for the acquisition of new premises for the school. In addition to funds from the charity raised through donations and informal loans (Qarza Hasana), the Company also secured funds from private company willing to provide a loan under similar arrangements. At the year end the funds held with the Charity's solicitors was £1.3 million. Upon completion there would be a fixed charge in respect of this loan against one of the Charity's school premises.

15 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2020 - none).

16	Cash generated from operations	2021 £	2020 £
	Surplus for the year	515,707	154,905
	Adjustments for: Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	97,963	94,478
	Movements in working capital: (Increase) in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(1,400,000) 716,299	(23,743)
	Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations	(70,031)	225,640
17	Analysis of changes in net funds		

The charity had no debt during the year.