Company registration number: 02634440

Charity registration number: 1004774

Scottish Charity registration number: SC039220

# THE CHRISTIAN INSTITUTE

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

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# **Reference and Administrative Details**

**Trustees** 

Rev Dr R D Turnbull

Mr R L Badams

Rev R P Bentley-Taylor

Mr J Burn OBE Rev G R Curry Rev D R J Holloway Mr T E James Mr M T S Judge Rev J H A Leggett Mr K J Nelson MBE Rev Dr W J U Philip

Dr P A Robinson

**Key Management Personnel** 

Mr C Hart (Chief Executive) Mr S Calvert (Deputy Director) Mr C Kelly (Deputy Director)

Mr J Errington (Head of Operations) Mr D Greatorex (Head of Research) Mr S Webster (In-house Solicitor)

**Registered Office** 

Wilberforce House

4 Park Road

Gosforth Business Park Newcastle upon Tyne

**NE12 8DG** 

The charity is incorporated in England and Wales.

Company Registration Number 02634440

**Charity Registration Number** 

1004774

Scottish Charity registration

number

SC039220

**Bankers** 

Bank of Scotland

London

33 Old Broad Street

London EC2N 1HZ

**Auditor** 

Azets Audit Services **Bulman House** Regent Centre

Gosforth

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE3 3LS

## **Trustees Report**

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

## Structure, governance and management

### Company and Charity Status

The Christian Institute ("The Institute") is a company limited by guarantee and is governed by its Articles of Association. It was incorporated on 1 August 1991 and registered with the Charity Commission in England on 16 October 1991. It was entered on the Scottish Charity Register on 29 January 2008. The members of The Institute have no shareholdings but in the event of a winding up each has undertaken to contribute to the payment of liabilities such an amount as may be required not exceeding a total of £1. The number of guarantees as at 31 December 2021 totalled 14. The members of The Institute include current trustees and former trustees.

#### Governance

The charity is governed by its Council of Management which meets at least three times a year to set strategy and oversee governance. The Chief Executive has operational responsibility.

# Recruitment and appointment of the Council of Management

Other than in these paragraphs Council Members are referred to as trustees. They are appointed by the company in general meeting. They must be members of the company and will therefore have affirmed agreement to the Doctrinal Basis of The Institute. Thereafter, the aim is to have a mix of experience and skills.

Each year one-third of Council Members retire by rotation and those retiring are eligible for re-election.

The Council has appointed an Executive Committee comprising three members of The Council whose meetings are normally attended by the Chief Executive. This committee operates under specific terms of reference which delegate certain functions to it from The Council and reports its decisions fully and promptly to The Council. The Executive meets at least three times a year.

#### Induction and training of trustees

New trustees are recruited from individuals who are known to support the work of The Institute. New trustees are given an induction briefing which includes: -

- The obligations of trustees including the latest guidance from the Charity Commission for England and Wales and the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator.
- The Articles of Association, and any operational documents adopted by the trustees.
- The latest trustees' report and financial statements, and information on the current financial position of The Institute.
- Future plans and objectives.
- Minutes of the trustees' meetings for the twelve months preceding appointment.

New trustees with little previous experience of trusteeship are strongly encouraged to attend a course or seminar dealing with the role and responsibilities of a trustee. They, along with all trustees, are also required to complete 'Declaration of Interests' and 'Fit and Proper Person' forms. All trustees take seriously their obligations to maintain their knowledge and attend relevant courses and seminars.

## **Trustees Report**

#### Risk Management

The trustees have identified the major risks to which they believe The Institute is exposed. Where appropriate, systems or procedures have been established to minimise those risks. Internal control risks are minimised by the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and projects. Procedures are in place to ensure compliance with health and safety requirements covering staff, volunteers, and visitors to The Institute's premises. The trustees believe that corruption, bribery and unfair actions as well as being contrary to Christian beliefs also hamper development and impede progress. The trustees insist on integrity in all aspects of The Institute's activities and expect the same from all those who work with The Institute.

#### Objectives and activities

The principal activity of The Institute is the furtherance and promotion of the Christian Religion in the United Kingdom and elsewhere, and the advancement of education in accordance with the doctrines and principles set out in the Doctrinal Basis in the Articles of Association. Within this The Institute seeks to promote Christian influence in a secular world. It does so by disseminating Christian teaching relevant to current moral and ethical debates over marriage and the family, education, religious liberties, medical ethics, vice and the constitution. It seeks to inform and educate government, the media and the public at large about such teaching; and to encourage Christian men and women in their own witness by helping to equip them for it in whatever sphere God has placed them. The principal means it uses are its own publications, website, lectures and conferences providing theological, philosophical and practical arguments in support of the biblical worldview.

#### Public benefit

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

## Achievements and performance

The main activities undertaken to further the charitable purposes of The Institute for the public benefit are described in this section.

The Institute continues to respond to the large number of individual enquiries which come in by telephone, post and email. During 2021 The Institute recorded over 16,500 such enquiries. More complex questions are dealt with by staff qualified to explain Christian teaching across the range of areas The Institute covers.

Both the website and Annual Review, referred to below, include The Institute's doctrinal basis and beliefs on many contemporary issues.

The Institute's meetings enable it to encourage Christians across the country to be a positive Christian influence and to pray for the nation. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, for the first part of the year The Institute continued to conduct meetings online, but from September 2021 in-person meetings resumed. Over the course of the year, staff spoke to more than 12,000 people at more than 270 events in-person and online. Every church meeting outlines biblical principles which underpin The Institute's work, and shows how those biblical principles should affect Christian involvement in today's society. During 2021 The Institute provided biblical teaching on a range of areas, including on Christians' foundation in the Gospel, the need to protect free speech, and sex and gender issues. Many supporters first learn about The Institute's work at one of its meetings.

Although regular meetings in churches are rarely recorded, many of The Institute's other meetings are. The majority of these are available from The Institute's website in the form of free downloadable audio files. There were a total of 67,461 audio downloads from The Institute's website in 2021.

# **Trustees Report**

Every year The Institute holds an 'Autumn Lectures' series given by guest speakers. The three lectures for 2021 focussed on contending for the faith. Institute Trustee Rupert Bentley-Taylor preached a message on the letter of Jude, Chief Executive Colin Hart and Solicitor Advocate Sam Webster spoke about the history of The Institute, while Chairman Richard Turnbull looked at historical examples of Christians seeking to influence their society.

The youth edition of The Institute's Living Christianity DVD worldview series was completed after the year end and will be promoted in the coming months.

During the year The Institute continued its programme of ongoing staff training which reviews the ethical, social and legal issues taken up by The Institute over the years. Sessions were held both online and in-person by social policy expert Dr Sharon James. The Institute also continued its theological seminars for staff. In addition, Institute staff were addressed by visiting speakers on a range of topics.

Of The Institute's total mailing list of 60,120 people, more than 5,100 are church leaders or representatives at a given church. The Institute's financial support comes from its mailing list, including from many of these churches and church leaders. Church leaders often say how much The Institute's briefings help them in their preaching and pastoral work. Hundreds of churches use The Institute's material in their prayer meetings and services. The Institute is also aware that thousands of individual Christians on The Institute's mailing list use the material in their own prayers. Many use the material to promote discussion about Christian teaching in their homes and community.

The Institute is contacted almost every week by the media – local and national radio, TV and newspapers – usually to request a Christian view on an event, issue or argument upon which the media has chosen to report. In 2021 there were 84 opportunities to put forward a Christian view to the media. The Institute also responded to individual journalists' requests for information on ethical and moral issues.

As well as being clear about Christian belief, in any consideration of contemporary moral and ethical issues it is imperative that the facts are presented in a way which enables them to be easily understood. This means a large amount of staff time and resources is spent researching and writing about an issue from a Christian perspective in order to produce a publication accessible to all. In addition The Institute publishes research into issues of religious liberty which directly affect The Institute, its supporters and other religious charities.

The Institute's website continued to provide a valuable means of disseminating information about the application of the Christian faith to contemporary issues. During 2021 there were 4,505,635 visits to The Institute's website. The Institute's website stories are also posted on social media sites such as Facebook and Twitter, where it has a combined following of 68,987. There were 627,878 views of 369 Institute videos which were posted online in 2021.

The Institute produced nine new publications in 2021, as well as four newsletters, its Annual Review and two Week of Prayer leaflets, to provide clear and accurate information on a range of issues from a Christian perspective. The publications were used by Christians, politicians, journalists and the general public.

To celebrate 15 years of The Institute's Legal Defence Fund, a new leaflet was produced to provide a summary of the legal work and the people it has helped.

The Institute endeavoured to keep supporters up to date with leaflets on the issues of assisted suicide, 'conversion therapy' and free speech.

# **Trustees Report**

A shorter version of The Institute's 'Common Grace' booklet was produced, as well as a leaflet to help supporters understand the rise of secular humanism.

Throughout the year The Institute's Education Department continued to equip Christians to be salt and light in the education system. The team gave tailored practical advice to over 220 parents, teachers and school governors, helping them address practical implications raised by the Equality Act, sex education, Religious Education and how issues of sexuality and gender can be dealt with in school.

#### **England and Wales**

During 2021 The Institute continued to raise awareness among Christians of the Government's plans to ban on so-called conversion therapy. Campaigners want to outlaw any preaching, gentle prayer or pastoral care that seeks to help people live in accordance with the Bible. In May 2021, The Institute wrote to the Minister for Women and Equalities warning that a badly drafted 'conversion therapy' ban in the Province would risk criminalising churches and other faith groups. The legal letter cited Jason Coppel QC's legal opinion obtained for The Institute. Institute supporters were encouraged to respond to the Government's consultation, which closed in early 2022. In October 2021, The Institute launched the Let Us Pray campaign, focusing on the need to protect the core activities of churches from a conversion therapy ban. The Institute was able to present its concerns directly to the House of Commons Women and Equalities Committee in December.

During 2021 there were backbench proposals to legalise euthanasia and decriminalise abortion. The Institute urged its supporters to make these a matter for prayer and to take part in the public debate.

#### Wales

The Welsh Government launched a consultation on its new 'LGBTQ+ Action Plan'. The Institute briefed supporters in Wales and encouraged them to respond.

The Institute encouraged supporters to engage with the Welsh Government's consultation on a Relationships and Sexuality Education (RSE) Code, detailing what the subject must cover. Supporters in Wales were also informed about changes to religious education lessons.

#### Scotland

In Scotland The Institute held 65 online and in-person meetings which were attended by over 3,300 people. Supporters were sent copies of The Institute's Scottish Election Briefing.

The Institute asked supporters to respond to the Scottish Parliament's Equalities, Human Rights and Civil Justice Committee's call for views on conversion therapy, arguing that the ordinary work of churches must be protected under a ban.

The Institute contacted supporters asking them to respond to a consultation on MSP Liam McArthur's proposal for a Bill to legalise assisted suicide for terminally ill adults. Eight online seminars were held with Dr Gordon Macdonald of Care Not Killing, focussing on assisted suicide. The Bill has been delayed and is expected to be published in early 2023.

Supporters in Scotland were kept up to date on progress of the Hate Crime and Public Order (Scotland) Bill by a new leaflet, The Institute also produced a Scottish Election Briefing, containing analysis of party policies on many issues where important Christian principles are at stake, to help supporters engage with the elections to the Scottish Parliament in May.

# **Trustees Report**

#### Northern Ireland

During 2021 staff spoke at 44 church meetings in Northern Ireland which were attended by 1,590 people, and also gave interviews to a range of Northern Ireland media outlets.

In June 2021, The Institute wrote to the Northern Ireland Executive warning that a badly drafted 'conversion therapy' ban in the Province would risk criminalising churches and other faith groups. The legal letter cited Jason Coppel QC's legal opinion obtained for The Institute.

#### **Legal Defence Fund**

The Institute's Legal Defence Fund is a restricted fund. It is used to finance the cost of legal actions and their associated campaign work in cases of national importance for religious liberty. It is available to support Christians who claim to have been unlawfully harassed or discriminated against because of their faith. During 2021 it was used, amongst other cases, to:

Continue to assist Kenneth Ferguson in his claim of religious discrimination against a multimillion-pound trust fund. In July 2021, an employment tribunal ruled that Kenneth Ferguson was unfairly dismissed by The Robertson Trust and unlawfully discriminated against by the Trust and its Chair because of his Christian views on marriage.

Support Stirling Free Church (SFC) and the Billy Graham Evangelistic Association (BGEA) in religious discrimination claims against The Robertson Trust. The claims arose out of cancellations by the Trust of bookings for use of Trust premises by SFC and the BGEA. The Trust had cancelled the bookings because they were for religious events. However, both claims were settled after the Trust admitted it "acted unlawfully" and apologised to both organisations. It has also paid a substantial contribution towards legal costs.

Continue to help Cornerstone (North East) Adoption and Fostering Service in its legal action against Ofsted. The schools' inspectorate downgraded Cornerstone's fostering work and labelled its Christian ethos "discriminatory" because it only works with evangelical Christians. In September 2021 the Court of Appeal rejected the request to overturn a High Court ruling that "evangelical" includes those who reject biblical teaching on sexual ethics. Cornerstone has requested an appeal to the Supreme Court.

Assist churches, Christian charities and individuals to avoid legal disputes or situations where their religious liberty might be infringed, enabling them to know their rights and legal protections.

#### Financial review

The work of The Institute is financed almost entirely by gift income. It receives no public funding. The gift income in the year under review, including gifts to the restricted funds, was £3,641,605 against £3,193,343 for the previous year.

At the end of 2021 the liquid resources available for the general work of The Institute stood at £1,025,446. The trustees wish to record their thanks to all The Institute's supporters, collectively and severally, for their prayers, advice, words of encouragement, and not least the generosity of their giving. The trustees are particularly encouraged by the continuing growth in committed and regular giving. This is a great help in planning and budgeting.

The charity's forecasts and projections for the next twelve months show that the charity should be able to continue in operational existence for that period. The charity has a strong positive cash position and is forecasting for this to continue to be the case. The Trustees have stress tested their forecasts, taking into account various scenarios, and remain confident that the uncertainties do not cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the factors set out above the trustees believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

## **Trustees Report**

#### **Volunteers**

The trustees continue to be grateful for the unstinting efforts of the volunteers who help the work of The Institute. Many have voluntarily given their time to speak at Institute meetings, given seminars to staff and helped in the organisation of The Institute's meetings around the UK. The hospitality of Christians and congregations around the UK is a great blessing to staff as they host meetings and help such events to run smoothly. There are also those who are willing to advise The Institute, giving to The Institute their professional knowledge and expertise. During 2021 volunteers continued to help with mailings at Wilberforce House, often at short notice.

Trustees do not receive any payment or benefits for their work as a trustee.

## Pay Policy for Key Management Personnel

The trustees consider that they together with the individuals listed in Note 12 comprise the Key Management Personnel (KMP) of The Institute in charge of directing and controlling the charity, and running and operating the activities on a day-to-day basis.

The pay of the KMP is reviewed annually. No trustee receives remuneration for work as a trustee. For KMP who are employees the trustees benchmark against inflation and against the pay levels of individuals in other sectors with similar roles and responsibilities. Pay levels are then set using this information together with budget and forecast information, ensuring that The Institute can afford any proposed increases. The trustees then agree any uplift to remuneration.

#### Fundraising disclosures

The year-on-year fundraising activities of The Institute have been minimal. The Institute does not:

- contact its supporters by telephone in order to solicit donations;
- sell, or, in any way, share details of its own supporters with third parties;
- reveal the details of any donation unless required to do so by a lawful authority;
- use third parties, such as telephone call centres, to contact potential donors on The Institute's behalf:
- retain the services of a professional fundraiser or consultant.

None of the staff have a fundraising brief. In general fundraising events are not held. The Institute's mailing list is free of charge to join. All of The Institute's mailings (in common with most of the meetings) have as their primary aim the furtherance of the charitable objects by disseminating in-house literature and encouraging the recipients to pray about and/or take action on a particular issue. Many mailings do contain a reply slip inviting the recipient to make a donation, but the trustees believe the cost of isolating the expenditure attributable to this would be greater than the expenditure itself.

#### Policy on reserves

The trustees have examined the requirement for reserves in the light of the main risks to The Institute. The trustees adopted the policy of holding in reserve unrestricted funds, not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets, equivalent to one and a half months' expenditure. The emphasis is on affording a measure of protection against a sudden and unpredicted fall in income or an unpredicted demand on expenditure. An overdraft facility of £50,000 has been arranged with The Institute's bank. This is available in addition to the funds held in reserve. This policy is kept under review by the trustees.

#### Plans for future periods

Under God, The Institute shall continue the work of promoting Christian influence in a secular world, and, by means of publications, website, lectures and conferences, provide theological, philosophical and practical arguments in support of the biblical worldview.

## **Trustees Report**

## Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue its activities

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

### Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

#### Reappointment of auditor

Azets Audit Services Limited, trading as Azets Audit Services, were appointed auditor to the company following their acquisition of the trade of Tait Walker LLP, trading as MHA Tait Walker, on 1 May 2022.

Azets Audit Services are deemed to be reappointed under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 15 September 2022 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Rev Dr R D Turnbull

Chairman

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Christian Institute

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Christian Institute (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- · give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Christian Institute

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the .

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

## Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 8), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Christian Institute

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiries with management, about any known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- · Reviewing board minutes;
- · Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting
- · Auditing the risk of management override of controls, including through testing journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness.

Because of the field in which the client operates, we identified the following areas as those most likely to have a material impact on the financial statements: Health and Safety and compliance with both the UK Companies Act and UK Charities Act.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK). For instance, the further removed non-compliance is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the auditor is to become aware of it or to recognise the non-compliance.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Christian Institute

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Simon Brown BA ACA DChA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Azets Audit Services **Chartered Accountants** Statutory Auditor Bulman House Regent Centre Gosforth Newcastle upon Tyne NE3 3LS

Date: 22/9/2022

Azets Audit Services is a trading name of Azets Audit Services Limited

The Christian Institute

# Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Nata	Unrestricted £	Restricted £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
	Note	L	~	~	-
Income and Endowments	from:			0.044.005	2 402 242
Donations and legacies	3	3,020,359	621,246	3,641,605	3,193,343
Investment income	4	3,718	1,320	5,038	7,601
Other income	5	2,719		2,719	5,901
Total Income		3,026,796	622,566	3,649,362	3,206,845
Expenditure on:					
Raising funds	6	(26,704)	(24,797)	(51,501)	(26,675)
Charitable activities	7	(2,561,355)	(544,613)	(3,105,968)	(2,954,955)
Other expenditure	8	(2,084)		(2,084)	(2,296)
Total Expenditure		(2,590,143)	(569,410)	(3,159,553)	(2,983,926)
Gains/losses on investment assets	16	15,435		15,435_	3,268
Net income		452,088	53,156	505,244	226,187
Net movement in funds		452,088	53,156	505,244	226,187
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		2,749,443	182,265	2,931,708	2,705,521
Total funds carried forward	23	3,201,531	235,421	3,436,952	2,931,708

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2020 is shown in note 23.

# Comparative Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted £	Restricted £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:				
Donations and legacies	3	3,030,740	162,603	3,193,343
Investment income	4	4,760	2,841	7,601
Other income	5	5,901_		5,901
Total income		3,041,401	165,444	3,206,845
Expenditure on:				
Raising funds	6	(23, 194)	(3,481)	(26,675)
Charitable activities	7	(2,523,330)	(431,625)	(2,954,955)
Other expenditure	8	(2,296)		(2,296)
Total expenditure		(2,548,820)	(435, 106)	(2,983,926)
Gains/losses on investment assets		3,268		3,268
Net income/(expenditure)		495,849	(269,662)	226,187
Net movement in funds		495,849	(269,662)	226,187
Reconciliation of funds				
Total funds brought forward		2,253,594	451,927	2,705,521
Total funds carried forward	23	2,749,443	182,265	2,931,708

# (Registration number: 02634440) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	15 16	1,628,598 124,572 1,753,170	1,682,563 54,137 1,736,700
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	17 18	4,716 182,962 1,875,366 2,063,044	5,536 240,949 1,371,451 1,617,936
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year  Net current assets  Total assets less current liabilities  Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	19 r 20	(379,262) 1,683,782 3,436,952	(250,731) 1,367,205 3,103,905 (172,197)
Net assets		3,436,952	2,931,708
Funds of the charity:  Restricted  Unrestricted income funds  Unrestricted		235,421 3,201,531	182,265 2,749,443
Total funds	23	3,436,952	2,931,708

The financial statements on pages 13 to 33 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 15 September 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Mr T E James

Trustee

The Christian Institute
Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash income		505,244	226,187
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items Depreciation Investment income Revaluation of investments	10, 15 4 16	53,965 (5,038) (15,435) 538,736	60,470 (7,601) (3,268) 275,788
Working capital adjustments  Decrease in stocks  Decrease/(increase) in debtors  Increase in creditors	17 18 19	820 57,987 214,629	1,330 (189,185) 11,696
Net cash flows from operating activities		812,172	99,629
Cash flows from investing activities Interest receivable and similar income Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets Purchase of investments	4 15 16	5,038 - - (55,000)	7,601 (15,613) 29,880
Net cash flows from investing activities		(49,962)	21,868
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of loans and borrowings Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	19, 20	(258,295) 503,915	(56,765) 64,732
		1,371,451	1,306,719
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January  Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		1,875,366	1,371,451

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 1 Charity status

The charity is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustees is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the charity in the event of liquidation. It is also a registered charity in England and Wales, and in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is: Wilberforce House, 4 Park Road, Gosforth Business Park, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE12 8DG.

#### 2 Accounting policies

## Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charity Accounts (Scotland) regulations 2006 (as amended). They also comply with the Companies Act 2006 and Charities Act 2011.

#### Basis of preparation

The Christian Institute meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Going concern

The charity's forecasts and projections for the next twelve months show that the charity should be able to continue in operational existence for that period. The charity has a strong positive cash position and is forecasting for this to continue to be the case. The Trustees have stress tested their forecasts, taking into account various scenarios, and remain confident that the uncertainties do not cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the factors set out above the trustees believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# Estimation uncertainty and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The main estimates are in relation to the calculation of prepayments and accrued income and accruals. Included within accrued income are legacies notified to the charity prior to the year end in accordance with the legacy accounting policy.

#### Income and endowments

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of the income receivable can be measured reliably. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income.

#### Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of the amount and settlement is foreseeable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator/executor for the estate has communicated in writing the amount and settlement is foreseeable. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

#### Grants receivable

Grants are recognised when the charity has an entitlement to the funds and any conditions linked to the grants have been met. Where performance conditions are attached to the grant and are yet to be met, the income is recognised as a liability and included on the balance sheet as deferred income to be released.

#### Investment income

Investment income consists of bank interest and returns from investments held. Bank interest is recognised on a received basis.

#### Other income

Other income relates to the sale of teaching materials related to the work of The Institute, such as theological books and CDs. It is recognised on receipt of the money from the sale.

#### **Expenditure**

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### Raising funds

Expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities.

#### Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

#### Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees' meetings and reimbursed expenses.

#### **Taxation**

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

#### Asset class

Freehold Property Fixture and Fittings

## Depreciation method and rate

2% straight line 25% to 40% reducing balance

#### **Fixed asset investments**

Fixed asset investments, other than programme related investments, are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discounts offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade creditors**

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Fund structure**

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Restricted income funds are those donated for use in a particular area or for specific purposes, the use of which is restricted to that area or purpose.

# Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# 3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General £	Restricted funds	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Donations and legacies;				0.704.744
Donations	2,771,671	621,246	3,392,917 187,938	2,761,714 365,629
Legacies	187,938	-	167,936	303,029
Grants, including capital grants; Grants	60,750		60,750	66,000
Total for 2021	3,020,359	621,246	3,641,605	3,193,343
Total for 2020	3,030,740	162,603	3,193,343	
4 Investment income				
	Unrestricted funds	Restricted	Total	Total
	General £	funds £	2021 £	2020 £
Interest receivable and similar income;	General	funds	2021	
income; Interest receivable on bank	General	funds	2021	
income;	General £	funds £	2021 £	£
income; Interest receivable on bank deposits	General £ 3,718	funds £ 1,320	2021 £ 5,038	£
income; Interest receivable on bank deposits  Total for 2020  5 Other income	General £  3,718  4,760  Unrestricted funds General £	funds £ 1,320	2021 £ 5,038 7,601  Total 2021 £	7,601 Total 2020 £
income; Interest receivable on bank deposits Total for 2020	General £  3,718  4,760  Unrestricted funds General	funds £  1,320 2,841  Restricted funds	2021 £ 5,038 7,601  Total 2021	7,601 Total 2020

All income was allocated to unrestricted general and restricted funds as noted above. £nil income was allocated to unrestricted designated funds in either year.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# 6 Expenditure on raising funds

	Unrestricted		Total	Total
	General £	Restricted £	2021 £	2020 £
Staff - wages and salaries	293	-	293	195
Staff - Social Security costs	28	-	28	19
Staff - Pension costs	46	=	46	31
Office - Printing, postage and stationery	11,333	15,609	26,942	10,625
Bank and financial charges	14,952	9,188	24,140	15,774
General expenses	52		52	31
,	26,704	24,797	51,501	26,675

There was £nil (2020: £nil) raising funds expenditure allocated to unrestricted designated funds.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 7 Expenditure on charitable activities

Unrestricted			Total	Total	
	Designated £	General £	Restricted £	2021 £	2020 £
The furtherance and promotion of the Christian religion in the UK and					
elsewhere	70,324	957,525	430,229	1,458,078	1,257,784
Staff costs	-	1,518,937	114,384	1,633,321	1,684,905
Governance	-	14,569		14,569	12,266
Total for 2021	70,324	2,491,031	544,613	3,105,968	2,954,955
	Activi underta direct £	ken s	ctivity upport costs £	2021 £	2020 £
The furtherance and promotion of the Christian religion in the UK and elsewhere (note 9) Governance costs (note 9)	3,091	,399	- 14,569	3,091,399 14,569	2,942,689 12,266
Governance costs (note o)	3,091	,399	14,569	3,105,968	2,954,955

£2,561,355 (2020 - £2,523,330) of the above expenditure was attributable to unrestricted funds and £544,613 (2020 - £431,625) to restricted funds.

## 8 Other expenditure

	Unrestricted	Tatal	Total
	General £	Total 2021 £	2020 £
Purchase cost of books and CDs	2,084	2,084	2,296
	2,084	2,084	2,296

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# 9 Analysis of direct, governance and support costs

# Charitable activities expenditure

Unrestricted					
	Designated £	General £	Restricted £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Staff - Wages and Salaries	-	1,210,994	91,249	1,302,243	1,343,606
Staff - Social Security costs	<u> </u>	117,878	8,839	126,717	129,985
Staff - Pension costs	-	190,065	14,296	204,361	211,313
Rent and rates	-	37,457	2,771	40,228	38,218
Light and heat	-6	17,914	1,346	19,260	16,747
Repairs and maintenance	70,170	66,729	6,284	143,183	39,732
Insurance	*** •**	9,253	4,870	14,123	13,284
Computer costs	-	32,075	1,881	33,956	35,955
Travel costs	154	52,342	2,989	55,485	51,969
Professional fees	-	94,768	397,899	492,667	393,034
Office - Telephone	=	22,724	1,708	24,432	26,064
Office - Printing, postage		40E E04	6,500	442,021	421,422
and stationery	-	435,521		8X 83A	49,772
Office - Equipment	=	51,154	2,451	53,605	
Depreciation	-	53,965	_	53,965	60,470
Reference materials	-	72,812	1,310	74,122	65,162
Bank and financial charges	-8	2,355	177	2,532	4,013
Conference and meeting				0.500	4 766
costs	<b>-</b> /	2,598	_	2,598	4,766
General expenses	=	800	43	843	1,017
Mortgage Interest	-	5,058	-	5,058	8,055
Fixed asset disposal					28,105
	70,324	2,476,462	544,613	3,091,399	2,942,689

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### **Governance costs**

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Staff costs			
Wages and salaries	2,038	2,038	1,929
Social security costs	196	196	183
Pension costs	333	333	312
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	4,620	4,620	4,440
Other governance costs	7,382	7,382	5,402
-	14,569	14,569	12,266

The charitable company allocates costs directly to activities as far as possible, then identifies the remaining costs of its support functions. It then identifies those costs which relate to the governance function. Having identified its governance costs, the remaining support costs are apportioned between the key charitable activities undertaken during the year. Timesheet data forms the basis for apportionment of these remaining support costs.

#### 10 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming resources for the year include:

	2021 £	2020 £
Audit fees	4,620	4,440
Other services- see note 13	2,340	2,220
Depreciation of fixed assets	53,965	60,470

## 11 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration or any other benefits from the charity during the year for work as a trustee.

Directly incurred expenses of the trustees borne by the charity or paid to or on behalf of the trustees totalled £6,776 (2020: £3,613). All claims for expenses are subject to the charity's normal internal control procedures.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 12 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Staff costs during the year were: Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	1,304,574 126,941 204,740 1,636,255	1,345,731 130,187 211,656 1,687,574

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management team) employed by the charity during the year was as follows:

	2021 No	2020 No
Charitable staff	48	50
The number of employees whose emoluments fell within the following	g bands was:	
	2021 No	2020 No
£60,001 - £70,000	_	1
£70,001 - £80,000	1	

The key management personnel (KMP) of the charity comprise the trustees and the following six staff; Mr C Hart, Mr S Calvert, Mr J Errington, Mr D Greatorex, Mr C Kelly and Mr S Webster. The total employee benefits (including social security and pension costs) of the six key management members of staff of the charity were £443,916 (2020 - £427,758).

#### 13 Auditors' remuneration

To Addition Tollians.	2021 £	2020 £
Audit of the financial statements	4,620	4,440
Other fees to auditors All other non-audit services	2,340	2,220

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 14 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from direct taxation on its income and gains used for charitable purposes.

#### 15 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture and equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2021	2,134,072	256,886	2,390,958
At 31 December 2021	2,134,072	256,886	2,390,958
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 January 2021 Charge for the year	483,428 42,682	224,967 11,283	708,395 53,965
At 31 December 2021	526,110	236,250	762,360
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	1,607,962	20,636	1,628,598
At 31 December 2020	1,650,644	31,919	1,682,563

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

16 Fixed asset investments	2021	2020
	£	£
Investment - COIF Charities Investment Fund	124,572	54,137
investment our change process	-	
Investments		
	Listed	
	investments £	Total £
	L	~
Cost or Valuation	54.407	E4 427
At 1 January 2021	54,137 55,000	54,137 55,000
Additions	15,435	15,435
Revaluation gain		
At 31 December 2021	124,572	124,572
Net book value		
At 31 December 2021	124,572	124,572
	54,137	54,137
At 31 December 2020		
The historical cost of the investment is £105,000.		
17 Stock		
17 Stock	2021	2020
	£	£
Resources, including books and CD's	4,716	5,536
18 Debtors		
	2021	2020 £
	<b>£</b> 40,590	44,829
Gift Aid tax refunds	129,975	180,662
Legacies Other debtors	12,397	15,458
Other deptors	182,962	240,949
	102,002	

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

## 19 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans		86,098
Trade creditors	119,744	157,433
Accruals	259,518	7,200
	379,262	250,731
20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
Bank loans	£	£ 172,197
Included in the creditors are the following amounts due after more the	an five years:	
	2021	2020
	£	£
After more than five years by instalments	-	15,147

In 2015 The Institute financed the purchase of 6 Park Road by a commercial mortgage arranged with its bankers, the Bank of Scotland. During 2021 the sum borrowed was repaid in full. The Institute now owns 4 Park Road (Wilberforce House) 5 and 6 Park Road (The John Newton Centre).

#### 21 Pension and other schemes

## Defined contribution pension scheme

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the charity to the scheme and amounted to £204,740 (2020 -£211,656).

#### **22 Commitments**

### **Operating lease commitments**

The total amount of other financial commitments not provided in the financial statements was £169,441 (2020 - £159,880).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

23 Funds	Balance at 1 January 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Transfers g	Other recognised pains/(losses £	
Unrestricted funds						
General Unrestricted Operating Fund	755,858	3,026,796	(2,465,854)	(291,354)	-	1,025,446
Unrestricted Fixed Asset Fund	1,454,148	-,	(53,965)	228,415	-	1,628,598
Unrestricted- Fixed Asset Investment Fund	54,137	_		55,000	15,435	124,572
	2,264,143	3,026,796	(2,519,819)	(7,939)	15,435	2,778,616
Designated						
Legacy Fund	485,300	-		(127,531)	-	357,769 35,300
Growth Fund	-	-	(70,170)	105,470	-	35,300
Republic of Ireland Fund	_		(154)	30,000		29,846
	485,300		(70,324)	7,939		422,915
Total unrestricted funds	2,749,443	3,026,796	(2,590,143)		15,435	3,201,531
Restricted funds						005 401
Legal Defence Fund	181,715 550	621,246 1,320	(567,540) (1,870)	-	-	235,421
Growth Fund						235,421
Total restricted funds	182,265	622,566	(569,410)			200,721
Total funds	2,931,708	3,649,362	(3,159,553)	-	15,435	3,436,952

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

The Unrestricted Operating Fund represents the cash resources freely available to further the general aims and objectives of the charity.

The Unrestricted Fixed Asset Fund represents the fixed assets, such as land and buildings, purchased for the use in furthering the general aims and objectives of the charity.

The value of the fund at 31 December 2021 is represented by the net book value of The Institute's fixed assets at that date. The transfer into the fixed asset fund represents the capital repayment of the mortgage during 2021 and the amount paid to purchase fixed assets during the year.

The Legacy Fund provides a measure of stability against the fluctuation in this source of income. When legacy income exceeds expected levels set in the budget approved by the trustees for the year, the excess is placed in the fund. Such funds are then released at the discretion of the Executive Committee.

The Growth Fund is used to support the growth of the Institute's work, including the development of three centres of excellence; for legal work, media work and supporting Christians. During 2021 The Trustees agreed the designation of £105,470 towards the remodelling of the John Newton Centre to improve the efficiency of operation within the building.

The Republic of Ireland Fund was established during the year to explore work in the Republic of Ireland. During 2021 The Trustees agreed the designation of £30,000 towards this work.

A restricted fund identifies money donated for a particular purpose and expenditure of those funds for that purpose.

The Legal Defence Fund is used to finance the cost of legal actions and the associated campaign work in cases of national importance for religious liberty. It is available to support Christians who claim to have been unlawfully harassed or discriminated against because of their faith.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# 24 Analysis of net assets between funds

277	Unrest	riotod		
	General £	Designated £	Restricted £	Total funds £
Tangible fixed assets	1,628,598	-	: <del>=</del>	1,628,598
Fixed asset investments	124,572	-	-	124,572
Net current assets/(liabilities)	1,025,446	422,915	235,421	1,683,782
Total net assets	2,778,616	422,915	235,421	3,436,952
	Unrest	ricted		- ( ) (
				Total funds at 31
	General £	Designated £	Restricted £	December 2020 £
Tangible fixed assets	1,682,563	-	-	1,682,563
Fixed asset investments	54,137	-	-	54,137
Net current assets/(liabilities)	699,640	485,300	182,265	1,367,205
Creditors over 1 year	(172, 197)	<u> </u>		(172,197)
Total net assets	2,264,143	485,300	182,265	2,931,708
25 Analysis of net funds		At 1 January 2021 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand		1,371,451	503,915	1,875,366
Debt due within one year		(86,098)	86,098	-
Debt due after more than one year		(172,197)	172,197	
Net funds		1,113,156	762,210	1,875,366
		At 1 January 2020 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand		1,306,719	64,732	1,371,451
Debt due within one year		(64,704)	(21,394)	(86,098)
Debt due after more than one year		(250,356)	78,159	(172,197)
Net funds		991,659	121,497	1,113,156

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 26 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

**Coalition for Marriage Limited** 

The Coalition for Marriage Limited (company number 07880604) is an umbrella group of individuals and organisations in the UK that support traditional marriage. Mr C Hart, The Institute's Chief Executive, is an unpaid Director of Coalition for Marriage Limited. Mr R Badams, a Trustee of The Institute is an unpaid Director of Coalition for Marriage Limited. Expenses incurred by The Institute on behalf of Coalition for Marriage Limited and reimbursed were £3,523 (2020: £4,671). The CI made an unsecured £10,000 loan to C4M during the year ended 2020, this was repaid as at 31st December 2020, there was no equivalent transaction during the current year. At the balance sheet date the amount due from Coalition for Marriage Limited was £102 (2020 - £892).

Scotland for Marriage Limited

Scotland forMarriage Limited (company number SC411348) is a campaign to support marriageas the union of one man and one woman in Scotland. Mr C Hart is an unpaid Director of Scotland for Marriage Limited. During the year a contribution was made by The Institute to Scotland for Marriage Limited of £nil (2020: £600).

**Richard Turnbull** 

Richard Turnbull, Trustee of The Institute, provides teaching and training to The Institute. The Institute paid £6,800 (2020: £3,900) for the provision of teaching and training in the year. In addition expenses relating to the provision of this teaching and training of £1,058 (2020: £1,078) were reimbursed.

The Bible Teaching Trust

The Bible Teaching Trust (charity number 1156102) provides teaching and training to Christian organisations and individuals. Rev Rupert Bentley-Taylor, who is not a trustee of the Bible Teaching Trust, provides teaching services on behalf of the Trust. The Institute paid the Trust £783 (2020: £1,515) for the provision of teaching and training in the year. In addition expenses relating to the provision of this teaching and training of £184 (2020: £nil) were reimbursed.

