Charity number: 1139102

THE CHALK CLIFF TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Trustees

Robert N Senior, Chair Sarah F Hunter Justine M Fulford Hannah A Hunter-Senior Rachel L Hunter-Senior

Charity registered number

1139102

Principal office

18 Keere Street Lewes East Sussex BN7 1TY

Independent auditors

Griffin Stone Moscrop & Co Chartered Accountants 21-27 Lamb's Conduit Street London WC1N 3GS

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the The Chalk Cliff Trust for the year 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022.

The trustees confirm that the annual report and financial statements comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the charity's governing document and the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) issued in October 2019 (the Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Objectives and activities

a. Policies and objectives

The Chalk Cliff Trust is a foundation set up to provide grants and donations to charities, action groups and benevolent organisations in East Sussex.

In setting objectives and planning for activities, the trustees have given due consideration to guidance published by the Charity Commission relating to public benefit.

The primary objects of the charity are:

- the prevention or relief of poverty;
- the advancement of education;
- the advancement of the arts, culture, heritage or science; and
- the advancement of environmental protection or improvement for the public benefit.

The objective of demonstrating the charity's public benefit is met in practice by making grants to other charities operating in areas consistent with its own objects.

b. Grant-making policies

The charity principally supports organisations and projects focussed regionally in East Sussex. Each application is considered on merit and the charity enjoys a reputation for reacting efficiently to applications made whilst exercising due diligence in a non-intrusive manner throughout the evaluation process.

Achievements and performance

a. Key financial performance indicators

The charity's principal funding has historically been from donations given by its trustees. The charity has now established an investment portfolio. Whilst discretion for the day-to-day management of the portfolio has been given to a professional firm of investment managers, the trustees review the financial performance on a regular basis to evaluate whether the return received and change in the valuation of the capital portfolio is in line with their aspirations and expectations.

b. Investment policy and performance

The investment portfolio is being managed in line with the wishes of the trustees which were for a cautious, broad-based and environmentally sound investment platform to be established.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Financial review

a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

b. Financial position and reserves policy

The charity's net assets at the balance sheet date have increased to £19.59m (2021 - £12.74m) with £18.50m (2021 - £11.23m) being held within fixed asset investments. Expenditure on grants has increased in 2022 to £981k (2021 - £808k).

The trustees recognise the need to hold reserves at a level that will enable them to ensure that the charity can continue to operate for at least a period of 12 months should there be a severe drop in income or any major unforeseen expenditure. Whilst donations from a trustee is their main source of income, the charity has invested in its investment portfolio and can rely on those funds should the need ever arise.

The trustees have also assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate the exposure to those risks.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The charity is governed by a trust deed dated 16 November 2010 and is registered with the Charity Commission under number 1139102.

b. Methods of appointment or election of trustees

The management of the charity is the responsibility of the trustees who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the trust deed. J M Fulford and R L Hunter-Senior were re-elected in March 2021 to serve for three years and H A Hunter-Senior was re-elected in 2022.

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

Robert N Senior is the chair of trustees and is responsible for ensuring that the other trustees are aware of applications for funding that have been received by the charity and for communicating to applicants whether their proposals are to be supported or not.

d. Policies adopted for the induction and training of trustees

New trustees are sent relevant documents published by the Charities Commission, and receive an education session with existing trustees. The Trust also provides access to trust law specialists with charity law knowledge. All trustees have an ongoing involvement in grant making ethos and aims.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Structure, governance and management (continued)

e. Financial risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the charity, and are satisfied that systems and procedures are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees and signed on their behalf by:

......

Robert N Senior (Chair of Trustees)

Date: 21 November 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHALK CLIFF TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Chalk Cliff Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHALK CLIFF TRUST (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the trustees' report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHALK CLIFF TRUST (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including evaluating the rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of the charitable activity and any accounting estimates for bias:
- Carry out substantive checks, on a sample basis,to supporting documentation of individual transactions to give comfort the statement of financial activities does not contain any material irregular items;
- Verifying that material balances within the balance sheet are supported by third party evidence to confirm existence and valuation at the balance sheet date;
- Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- Reviewing minutes of the trustees meetings.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness
 of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHALK CLIFF TRUST (CONTINUED)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Griffin Stone Moscrop & Co

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 21-27 Lamb's Conduit Street London WC1N 3GS

21 November 2022

Griffin Stone Moscrop & Co are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
Income from:				
Donations and legacies	4	7,814,314	7,814,314	4,062,563
Investments	5	181,768	181,768	87,572
Total income		7,996,082	7,996,082	4,150,135
Expenditure on:				_
Raising funds	6	137,031	137,031	79,317
Charitable activities		985,671	985,671	812,714
Total expenditure		1,122,702	1,122,702	892,031
Net income before net (losses)/gains on investments		6,873,380	6,873,380	3,258,104
Net (losses)/gains on investments		(25,198)	(25,198)	2,109,279
Net movement in funds		6,848,182	6,848,182	5,367,383
Reconciliation of funds:				
Total funds brought forward		12,738,682	12,738,682	7,371,299
Total funds carried forward		19,586,864	19,586,864	12,738,682

The Statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 12 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	11		18,502,686		11,233,147
			18,502,686		11,233,147
Current assets					
Debtors	12	750,000		812,513	
Cash at bank and in hand		339,248		700,022	
		1,089,248		1,512,535	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(5,070)		(7,000)	
Net current assets			1,084,178		1,505,535
Total assets less current liabilities			19,586,864		12,738,682
Net assets excluding pension asset			19,586,864		12,738,682
Total net assets			19,586,864		12,738,682
Charity funds					
Restricted funds	15		-		-
Unrestricted funds	15		19,586,864		12,738,682
Total funds			19,586,864		12,738,682

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

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Robert N Senior (Chair of Trustees) Date: 21 November 2022

The notes on pages 12 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2022 £	
Cash flows from operating activities	
Net cash used in operating activities 7,139,226	3,301,610
Cash flows from investing activities	
Cash transferred into investment portfolio (7,500,000	(2,750,000)
Net cash used in investing activities (7,500,000	(2,750,000)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Net cash provided by financing activities -	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year (360,774	551,610
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 700,022	148,412
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 339,248	700,022

The notes on pages 12 to 22 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair' view and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair' view. This departure has involved following the Charities SORP (FRS 102) published in October 2019 rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

The Chalk Cliff Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

1.2 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

1.3 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Governance costs are accounted for on an accruals basis and are those incurred in connection with the administration of the charity and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is made except in those cases where the offer is conditional, such grants being recognised as expenditure when the conditions attaching are fulfilled. Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end are noted as a commitment, but not accrued as expenditure.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Investments

Fixed asset investments are a form of financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction cost and subsequently measured at fair value at the balance sheet date, unless the value cannot be measured reliably in which case it is measured at cost less impairment. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and presented as 'Gains/(Losses) on investments' in the statement of financial activities.

1.6 Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the institution with whom the funds are deposited.

1.7 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

1.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

1.9 Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Creditors are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

1.10 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2. Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) and FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the charity's accounting policies (see Note 23).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3. **General information**

The Chalk Cliff Trust is a charitable trust. The address of its principal office is 18 Keere Street, Lewes, East Sussex, BN7 1TY.

4. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Donations	6,251,814	6,251,814
Tax recoverable	1,562,500	1,562,500
	7,814,314	7,814,314
	Unrestricted funds 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
Donations	3,250,050	3,250,050
Tax recoverable	812,513	812,513
Total 2021	4,062,563	4,062,563
Investment income		

5.

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Investment income	<u>181,768</u>	181,768
	Unrestricted funds 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
Investment income	87,572 ————	87,572

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6.	Investment	management costs
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ь.	investment management costs			
			Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Investment management fees		137,031	137,031
			Unrestricted funds 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Investment management fees		79,317	79,317
7.	Analysis of expenditure by activities			
		Grant nding of ctivities 2022 £	Support costs 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Charitable activities	980,741	4,930	985,671
		Grant nding of activities 2021 £	Support costs 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Charitable activities 8	807,684	5,030	812,714

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs

		Activities 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Governance costs	4,930	4,930
		Activities 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Governance costs	5,030	5,030
8.	Analysis of grants		
		Grants to Institutions 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Grants	980,741	980,741
		Grants to Institutions 2021 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Grants	807,684	807,684

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8. Analysis of grants (continued)

The charity has made the following material grants to institutions during the year:

	2022 £	2021 £
Name of institution	~	۷
De La Warr Pavilion Charitable Trust	25,000	-
Glyndebourne Productions Li,ited	20,000	45,000
East Sussex	12,000	9,250
Rwanda Aid	10,000	5,000
Mission without	9,900	-
Wonder Foundation	9,500	-
Charleston Trust	-	28,000
Brighton & Hove	-	10,000
Farley Arts	-	10,000
Christ Church	5,000	10,000
St Michael's Hospice	-	10,000
St Peter and St James Hospice, Chailey	5,000	10,000
Townder Art Gallery	-	20,000
The Cinema Museum	-	10,000
Listen Hear	5,000	7,000
	101,400	174,250
Other grants to institutions (individually £5,000 or less)	879,341	633,434
	980,741	807,684

9. Auditors' remuneration

The auditors' remuneration amounts to an auditor fee of £3,455 (2021 - £3,585), and accountancy services of £1,445 (2021 - £1,445).

10. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2021 - £NIL).

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no trustee expenses have been incurred (2021 - £NIL).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

II. IIAGU ASSGLIIIVGSIIIGIIG	11.	Fixed a	asset inv	estments
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		Listed investments £	Cash account £	Total £
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 April 2021	10,255,560	977,587	11,233,147
	Monies transferred to investment cash account	-	7,500,000	7,500,000
	Net cash invested in listed securities in year	6,456,987	(6,456,987)	-
	Revaluations	(25,198)	-	(25,198)
	Withdrawls	-	(250,000)	(250,000)
	Dividends and interest receiveable	-	181,768	181,768
	Investment management fees and commission	-	(137,031)	(137,031)
	At 31 March 2022	16,687,349	1,815,337	18,502,686
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2022	16,687,349	1,815,337	18,502,686
	At 31 March 2021	10,255,560	977,587	11,233,147
12.	Debtors		2022 £	2021 £
	Due within one year			
	Tax recoverable		750,000	812,513
			750,000	812,513
13.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		2022	2024
			2022 £	2021 £
	Accruals		5,070	5,000
	Grants accrued			2,000
			5,070	7,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

14. Financial instruments

	2022 £	2021 £
Financial assets Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure	339,248	700,022
3		

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure comprise of cash in bank and at hand.

15. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 April 2021 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 31 March 2022 £
Unrestricted funds					
General Funds - all funds	12,738,682	7,996,082	(1,122,702)	(25,198)	19,586,864
Statement of funds - prior ye	Balance at 1 April 2020	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 31 March 2021 £
Unrestricted funds					
	7,371,299	4,150,135	(892,031)	2,109,279	12,738,682

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

16. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 April 2021 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 31 March 2022 £
General funds	12,738,682	7,996,082	(1,122,702)	(25,198)	19,586,864
Summary of funds - prior year	r				
	Balance at 1 April 2020 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 31 March 2021 £
General funds	7,371,299	4,150,135	(892,031)	2,109,279	12,738,682

17. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Fixed asset investments	18,502,686	18,502,686
Current assets	1,089,248	1,089,248
Creditors due within one year	(5,070)	(5,070)
Total	19,586,864	19,586,864

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

18.	Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from o	perating activities
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	2022 £	2021 £
Net income for the year (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	6,848,182	5,367,383
Adjustments for:		
Net (gains)/losses on investments	25,198	(2,109,279)
Dividends and interest retained in investments	(181,768)	(87,572)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	62,513	(187,500)
(Increase)/decrease in creditors	(1,930)	(10,737)
Investment management fees (taken from investment account)	137,031	79,315
Cash withdrawal from investment portfolio	250,000	250,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,139,226	3,301,610
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents		
	2022 £	2021 £
Cash in hand	339,248	700,022
Total cash and cash equivalents	339,248	700,022

20. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 April 2021 £	Cash flows £	At 31 March 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	700,022	(360,774)	339,248
	700,022	(360,774)	339,248

21. Controlling party

19.

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

22. Related party transactions

Income includes donations totalling £6,250,000 (2021 - £3,250,000) received from one (2021 - the same) of the charity's trustees.

23. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. However, there are no judgements or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment.