ANIMALS IN DISTRESS ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Mr D Whittaker

Mrs C Whittaker Mr A Berry Miss W Pritchard

Mr I Durham Miss E L Redfern

Charity number 515886

Independent examiner Tussies Limited

31 Wilmslow Road

Cheadle Cheshire UK

SK8 1DR

CONTENTS

Trustees' report	Page 1 - 2
Independent examiner's report	3
Statement of financial activities	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 11

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's commissioner, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016)

Objectives and activities

The objectives and activities of the charity are to provide the care, protection and rehabilitation of sick and abandoned animals in the Greater Manchester area and it's environs.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

A lot of work has been carried out this year to ensure continued operations within the sanctuaries and to create new income for the charity.

Irlam Sanctuary

- The Ops room has been newly renovated
- The isolation dogs radiators were repaired and boiler for the kennels also given an update.

Irlam Shop

- The flat above the shop has received extensive repairs and updating ready to be rented out to the benefit of the charity
- The lower roof of the shop itself has also undergone repairs during the year to ensure the structural safety going forward

Littleborough Sanctuary

- Multiple roof repairs to buildings at the sanctuary which were damaged during high winds.
- Fencing has begun within the fields to create sections for staggered grazing

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr D Whittaker

Mrs C Whittaker

Mr A Berry

Miss W Pritchard

Mr I Durham

Miss E L Redfern

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mrs C Whittaker Chairperson

30 September 2022

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF ANIMALS IN DISTRESS

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Animals In Distress (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Since the charity's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the 2011 Act. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of ICAEW, which is one of the listed bodies.

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Tussies Limited

31 Wilmslow Road Cheadle Cheshire SK8 1DR UK

Dated: 30 September 2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	ι	Jnrestricted U	nrestricted
		funds	funds
	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Income and endowments from:	Notes	£	£
Donations and legacies	3	558,933	253,150
Other trading activities	4	73,380	47,595
Investments	5	60	590
Other income	6	29,287	59,883
Total income		661,660	361,218
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds	7	329,911	310,261
Charitable activities	8	229,684	192,137
Onantable activities	ŭ		
Total expenditure		559,595	502,398
Net income/(expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		102,065	(141,180)
Fund balances at 1 April 2021		1,289,279	1,430,459
Fund balances at 31 March 2022		1,391,344	1,289,279

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		2022		2022 20		202	:1
	Notes	£	£	£	£		
Fixed assets							
Tangible assets	11		743,622		731,000		
Current assets							
Cash at bank and in hand		671,949		569,246			
Creditors: amounts falling due within							
one year	12	(24,227)		(10,967)			
Net current assets			647,722		558,279		
Total assets less current liabilities			1,391,344		1,289,279		
Income funds							
Unrestricted funds			1,391,344		1,289,279		
			1,391,344		1,289,279		

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 30 September 2022

Mrs C Whittaker

Trustee

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Animals In Distress is a charity.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's commissioner, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS 102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings Fixtures and fittings Computers Motor vehicles

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.9 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2022	2021
	£	£
Donations and gifts	71,621	58,775
Legacies receivable	477,897	188,875
Donated goods and services	9,415	5,500
	558,933 	253,150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4	Other trading activities		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2022 £	2021 £
	Fundraising events Shop income	6,565 66,815	5,085 42,510
	Other trading activities	73,380	47,595
5	Investments		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2022 £	2021 £
	Interest receivable	<u>60</u>	590
6	Other income		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2022 £	2021 £
	Other income	29,287 ———	59,883 ———
7	Raising funds		
		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2022 £	2021 £
	Fundraising and publicity Advertising	629	2,296
	Trading costs Staff costs	329,282	307,965
		329,911	310,261

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8 Charitable activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Depreciation and impairment	16,670	12,312
Rents, rates & water	24,952	22,496
Light & heat	19,748	11,121
Repairs & maintenance	18,841	28,889
Motor Vehicle expenses	13,310	8,392
Accountancy Fees	9,479	9,507
Insurance	6,061	6,500
Vet fees	30,210	18,397
Publication costs	234	377
Sundry	6,743	4,955
Animal feeds & cleaning	77,105	63,260
Telephone & Internet	5,366	5,088
Bank Charges	965	843
	229,684	192,137
	229,684	192,137

9 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

10 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

g,	2022 Number	2021 Number
	<u>23</u>	
Employment costs	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	306,220	290,275
Social security costs	18,132	12,794
Other pension costs	4,930	4,896
	329,282	307,965

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

11	Tangible fixed assets					
		Freehold land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Computers Mo	tor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 April 2021	675,589	62,676	63,143	67,780	869,188
	Additions		19,493		9,800	29,293
	At 31 March 2022	675,589	82,169	63,143	77,580	898,481
	Depreciation and impairment					
	At 1 April 2021	-	34,530	52,025	51,633	138,188
	Depreciation charged in the year	-	7,170	1,668	7,833	16,671
	At 31 March 2022		41,700	53,693	59,466	154,859
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 March 2022	675,589	40,469	9,450	18,114	743,622
	At 31 March 2021	675,589	28,146	11,118	16,147	731,000
12	Creditors: amounts falling due witl	hin one year				
					2022 £	2021 £
	Other taxation and social security				15,787	6,079
	Trade creditors				3,384	-
	Accruals and deferred income				5,056	4,888
					24,227	10,967

13 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2021 - none).