REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

### **REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND**

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

**FOR** 

# $\frac{\text{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\text{LIMITED}}$

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Certified Accountants 19-20 Bourne Court Southend Road Woodford Green Essex IG8 8HD

# $\frac{\textbf{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\underline{\textbf{LIMITED}}}$

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## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES for the year ended 31 March 2022

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2022. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

### **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

### Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue
- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;
- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

### **Public benefit**

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

### **Grantmaking**

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES for the year ended 31 March 2022

### ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

### Charitable activities

The year under review was marked by the transition of populations around the world out of the Covid-19 era and into a period of rebuilding and optimism. However, this period brought its own challenges. As governments drastically reduced the financial assistance they were providing to their citizens, many individuals and institutions who had been directly affected by the pandemic, found themselves unable to recover to their pre Covid levels. During the year the charity increased its support of charitable institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion. The charity also continued to support needy individuals.

The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

### Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2022 would be three months of resources expended. However, Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is principally operated as a grant giving charity, and the trustees' policy is to seek to distribute bulk of the income arising in each financial year as at becomes available.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2022 were £17,577 which is significantly less than the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

### **Financial results**

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2022 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income increased from £1,718,664 to £2,177,906 and total expenditure increased from £1,935,909 to £2,247,036 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net decrease in funds of £69,130 (2021 - decrease of £217,245) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of £17,577 (2021 - £86,707).

### **FUTURE PLANS**

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

### STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

### **Governing document**

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES for the year ended 31 March 2022

### STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

### Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

### Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

### Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

### **Fundraising**

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

### REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

**Registered Company number** 

05947204 (England and Wales)

### **Registered Charity number**

1116596

### Registered office

40 Braydon Road London N16 6QB

## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **Trustees**

Mr A Reifer Chartered Accountant Rabbi E Schwartz Rabbi Mr S Kraushar Company Director (resigned 27.6.22) Mr A Josefovitz (appointed 27.6.22)

### **Company Secretary**

Mr G R Conrad

### **Senior Statutory Auditor**

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA

### Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Certified Accountants 19-20 Bourne Court Southend Road Woodford Green Essex IG8 8HD

### STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 19 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

### Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the sector Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited belongs to;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the association, including the Charities Act 2011, Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), Trustees Act, Bribery Act and data protection;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including the ones that ensure that the grants are used for intended purposes.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Certified Accountants 19-20 Bourne Court Southend Road Woodford Green Essex IG8 8HD

19 December 2022

# $\frac{\text{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\text{LIMITED}}$

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES for the year ended 31 March 2022

		2022 Unrestricted fund	2021 Total funds
	Notes	£	£
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	2,177,906	1,718,664
EXPENDITURE ON			
Charitable activities	3		
Grants to institutions		2,150,723	1,661,710
Grants to individuals		75,861	257,211
Costs of running synagogue		10,400	10,400
Other		10,052	6,588
Total		2,247,036	1,935,909
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(69,130)	(217,245)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		86,707	303,952
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		17,577	86,707

## BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2022

		2022 Unrestricted fund	2021 Total funds
_	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	8		69.753
Cash at bank	o	23,577	68,752 23,955
		23,577	92,707
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(6,000)	(6,000)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		17,577	86,707
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		17,577	86,707
NET ASSETS		17,577	86,707
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds	10	17,577	86,707
TOTAL FUNDS		17,577	86,707

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 19 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

# $\frac{\textbf{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\underline{\textbf{LIMITED}}}$

### <u>CASH FLOW STATEMENT</u> for the year ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	344 (722)	(18,377) (573)
Net cash used in operating activities		(378)	(18,950)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning the cash equivalents in the cash equivalent equivalents in the cash equivale		(378)	(18,950)
the reporting period	ing of	23,955	42,905
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of t reporting period	he	23,577	23,955

# NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2022

1.	RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING	<b>GACTIVITIES</b>	
	20.	22	202
		0	

	2022 £	2021 £
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(69,130)	(217,245)
Adjustments for: Interest paid	722	573
Decrease in debtors	68,752	192,545
Increase in creditors		5,750
Net cash provided by/(used in) operations	<u>344</u>	(18,377)

### 2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.22 £
Net cash Cash at bank	23,955	(378)	23,577
	23,955	(378)	23,577
Total	23,955	(378)	23,577

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of preparing the financial statements**

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

### Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exists for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2022. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

### Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

### Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

### Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

### **Governance costs**

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

#### Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

### **Fund accounting**

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Debtors**

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

### **Creditors and provisions**

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

### **Financial instruments**

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

### 2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2022	2021
	£	£
Donations and grants	2,177,906	1,718,664

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2022

2021

# $\frac{\text{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\text{LIMITED}}$

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 3. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

3.	CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS			
			Grant	
			funding of	
			activities	
		Direct	(see note	
		Costs	4)	Totals
		£	£	£
	Grants to institutions	-	2,150,723	2,150,723
	Grants to individuals	<del>-</del>	75,861	75,861
	Costs of running synagogue	10,400		10,400
		10,400	2,226,584	2,236,984
4.	GRANTS PAYABLE			
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Grants to institutions		2,150,723	1,661,710
	Grants to individuals		75,861	257,211
			2,226,584	1,918,921

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 4. GRANTS PAYABLE - continued

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Bais Hamedrash Yeshias Israel	49,399	75,281
B'er Avraham D'chasidei Slonim	50,000	100,000
Chasdei Aharon Limited	-	20,710
Chasdei Sholom Trust	110,409	-
Chemlu V'Emuneh	50,000	-
Chesed Leavraham - Helping Foundation	82,700	100,000
Chinuch Jerusholaim Girls School	111,000	-
Cong. Kahal Chareidim	50,000	77,850
Congregation Chernobil	50,000	-
Hachnasas Orchim Linas Hachesed	50,000	-
Heichal Hatalmud	50,000	-
Kehal Ohel Menachem Vitepsk	148,740	-
Keren Ezer Ne'suin Tchernobal	-	137,921
Kollel L'horoah	50,000	-
Kollel Noam Eliezer	3,655	50,000
Kollel Zichron Yehodo	125,000	-
Menachem Zion	64,200	-
Mesivta Ziev Hatorah	50,000	-
Mifal Hachnasas Orchim Machse L'avyon	19,000	69,445
Mifal Keren Hachesed	104,200	122,150
Mivtzar Hatorah D'chasidei Kretshnif	=	50,000
Mosdos Chesed L'avraham	26,100	50,000
Sharei Marpeh	97,700	60,500
Start Upright	53,500	-
Talmud Torah V'Yeshiva Ketana	50,000	-
Tchabe Kollel Limited	13,455	204,530
Tzidkas Toldos Aharon	31,100	50,000
United Institutions Of Maharitz Dushinsky	50,000	50,000
Other grants below £50,000	610,565	443,323
	2,150,723	1,661,710

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

_	
5	SUPPORT COSTS
-7-	

				Governance	
		Management	Finance	costs	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	Other resources expended	330	722	9,000	10,052
	•			===	
6.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION				
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of	of the charity's financial	statements	9,000	5,750
		•			

### 7. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2022 nor for the year ended 31 March 2021.

### Trustees' expenses

**TOTAL FUNDS** 

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2022 nor for the year ended 31 March 2021.

0	DEDTODE.	AMOUNTE	EALLING DUE	WITHIN ONE VEAD
δ.	DEBIORS:	AMOUNTS	FALLING DUE	WITHIN ONE YEAR

0.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR		2022	2021
	Other debtors		£ 	£ 68,752
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2022	2021
	Other creditors		£ 6,000	£ 6,000
10.	MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		Net	
			movement	At
		At 1.4.21	in funds £	31.3.22 £
	Unrestricted funds			
	General fund	86,707	(69,130)	17,577

(69,130)

86,707

# $\frac{\text{CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE}}{\text{LIMITED}}$

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds General fund	2,177,906	(2,247,036)	(69,130)
TOTAL FUNDS	2,177,906	(2,247,036)	(69,130)
Comparatives for movement in funds			
	At 1.4.20 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.21 £
Unrestricted funds General fund	303,952	(217,245)	86,707
TOTAL FUNDS	303,952	(217,245)	86,707
Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows	:		
	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds General fund	1,718,664	(1,935,909)	(217,245)
TOTAL FUNDS	1,718,664	(1,935,909)	(217,245)

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the charity received net donations from the following charities:

Chadei Aharon Limited- £17,522 Start Upright- £12,014

During the year the charity made net grants to the following charities:

Chasdei Sholom- £73,219 Tchabe Kollel Limited- £6,421

The above-mentioned charities share common trustees, Rabbi E Schwartz and Mr G R Conrad, with Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited.