ST HILD AND ST BEDE TRUST ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Rev. P Butler

Canon L Burton
Rev. M Hobrough
Miss. S Milner
Rev. J Robertson
Rev. D Rushton
M Stand
A Fowler
P Howarth
Prof. S Forrest

Charity number 527411

Auditor Azets Audit Services

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TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Trust's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The Trust's objective is the advancement of higher and further education in the area comprising the Dioceses of Durham and Newcastle in such ways as the managing Trustees' may from time to time determine. The policies adopted in furtherance of this objective is the advancement of education in accordance with the doctrines of the Church of England and the needs of students undergoing training as teachers, and particularly of those who are members of Durham University. There has been no change in these during the year.

The Trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the Trust should undertake.

The following amounts were paid over to the following:

North East Religious Learning Resources Centre Limited Charity number 105285, company number 3188730. The two resource centres at Durham and Newcastle are run jointly and comprise materials for reference or loan to those involved in religious education in the area, and the provision of advice, guidance, training and assistance to those involved in the teaching of religious education. Both centres have been heavily used during the year and demand for their services continues to expand. £124,000 (2021 £124,000) was paid towards these centres' during the year.

College of St. Hild and St. Bede £38,502 (2021 £30,689) to the Diocese of Durham in respect of the chaplain. £2,400 (2021 £2,400) in respect of organ scholarships and £2,000 (2021 £2,000) to support the work of the chaplain was paid to Durham University.

St. Hild's College C of E School £8,000 (2021 £8,000) in respect of curriculum development and for teacher and governor training courses.

Newcastle Diocesan Education Board £20,000 (2021 £35,000) to support RE Advisors to schools and academies in the dioceses of Newcastle and Durham.

Continuing ministerial development/education within the Dioceses of Newcastle and Durham £4,000 (2021 £4,500).

Growing Faith Project (Diocese of Durham) £9,000 (2021 £9,000).

Individuals undertaking postgraduate studies £5,300 (2021 nil).

Religious Education Training Hub at Whitburn Academy. £10,000 (2021 £30,000).

Lindisfarne College of Theology £734 (2021 £1,061) in respect of out of hours opening of NERLRC for students and £1,466 (2021 £nil) to assist delivery of the Leadership and Mission Module.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

- 1. In assessing applications for grants from individuals, the Trustees shall give priority to: a) applicants undertaking research into the content and method of teaching and learning, especially religious education. b) applicants undertaking courses in teacher training, especially in religious education and also in training for Christian Ministry (ordained or accredited) if grants are not available from other sources.
- 2. The Trust will not normally assist applicants who have already completed similar projects or courses at a particular level (e.g. FE or HE or research) to undertake additional courses or projects at the same level.

In 2021-22 Trustees met online during the Coronavirus pandemic on 31 August 2021, 29 September 2021 and 25 November 2021. They met in person on 3 March 2022 to consider budget proposals. The financial management group met online in February 2022.

Clerk to the Trustees. Mr Clive Smithers sadly died unexpectedly in July 2021. Mrs Frances Stenlake served in a voluntary capacity as acting clerk from 18 October 2021 whilst the Trustees considered alternative arrangements. Following a formal recruitment process Mrs Frances Stenlake was appointed as the new permanent Clerk to the Trustees on 1 July 2022.

Achievements and performance

The overall market value of investments increased from £8,782,990 on 31 March 2021 to £9,577,848 on 31 March 2022.

Financial review

It is the policy of the Trust that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and twelve months expenditure. The Trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the Trust's current activities, while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

In accordance with the Charity Commissioners' Scheme, the Trust has the power to make any investment which the Trustees see fit. The investments are usually made in consultation with the Central Board of Finance Investment Authority who are advisors to the trust.

Risk Management

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the Trust is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks. Risk management was discussed at the financial management meeting held in February 2022.

Policy Documents

The Safeguarding and Privacy Policies were renewed. These were adopted by Trustees.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Structure, governance and management

The Trust is a company limited by guarantee.

The Trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Rev. P Butler

Rev. C Hardman

(Resigned 30 November 2021)

Canon L Burton

Prof. S Corbridge

(Resigned 31 July 2021)

Rev. M Hobrough Miss. S Milner

Rev. J Robertson

Rev. D Rushton

M Stand

A Fowler P Howarth

Rev. C Bull

(Resigned 27 July 2022)

Prof. S Forrest

The Durham Diocesan Board of Finance is the Custodian Trustee of the charity. The body of managing Trustees consists of 14 competent persons being: -Four ex-officio Trustees -Seven nominative Trustees -Three co-optative Trustees The ex-officio Trustees are: -The Right Revd Lord Bishop of Durham -The Right Revd Lord Bishop of Newcastle -The Vice-Chancellor of the University and The Head of the College of St. Hild and St. Bede. Nominative Trustees are appointed: -Two by the Durham Diocesan Board of Education -Two by the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance -One by the Durham Diocesan Board of Finance -One by the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance -One by the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Christ and Blessed Mary the Virgin, at Durham. Four of the positions are currently unfilled. A nominative Trustee may be but not need to be, a member of the appointing body and shall hold office for a term of four years. Co-optative Trustees shall be appointed for a term of five years

A Board of Trustees of up to 14 members, who meet twice a year, administers the Charity. The financial management group covers finance and audit. A clerk is appointed by the Trustees to manage the day to day operations of the Charity. The Revd D Rushton was appointed as representative of the St Hild and St Bede Trust for the Association of Church College Trusts for the period October 2021 to October 2022. By virtue of governance, the organisation has a constituent charity, the Robert Thompson Memorial Fund. The purpose of the constituent is to award prizes to students at the Durham University who are deserving of reward or distinction by reason of their performance in teaching practice; regard being had to character, potential teaching ability and contribution to the community life of the university.

Most Trustees are already familiar with the aims of the Charity having been encouraged to study the induction information given to them. The Trust website provides further guidance.

The Revd D Rushton was appointed as representative of the St Hild and St Bede Trust for the Association of Church College Trusts for the period October 2021 to October 2022.

By virtue of governance, the organisation has a constituent charity, the Robert Thompson Memorial Fund.

The Trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Rev. P Butler

Trustee

Dated:

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Trust and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the Trust for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF ST HILD AND ST BEDE TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of St Hild and St Bede Trust (the 'Trust') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustees' report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF ST HILD AND ST BEDE TRUST

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustees' responsibilities, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the Financial Reporting Council's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

- Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud:
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the entity through enquiry and inspection;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of
 journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant
 transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of
 potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF ST HILD AND ST BEDE TRUST

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Charity's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charity's Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Charity and the Charity's Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Joanne Regan FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Azets Audit Services

18 January 2023

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Bede House Belmont Business Park DURHAM United Kingdom DH1 1TW

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Trust by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

ST HILD AND ST BEDE TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

)	nrestricted L funds general	Unrestricted Unrestricted Endowment funds funds general designated	Endowment funds	Total U	nrestricted U funds general	Total Unrestricted Unrestricted Endowment funds funds funds general designated	Endowment funds	Total
	Notes		2022 £	2022 £	2022 E		2021 £	2021 £	2021 £
<u>Income from:</u> Investments	က	276,598	1	1	276,598	264,449	1	1	264,449
Expenditure on: Charitable activities Advancement of Higher & Further Education	4	241,539	•	•	241,539	262,210	1	,	262,210
Total charitable expenditure		241,539	1	1	241,539	262,210	I		262,210
Net gains/(losses) on investments	6	1	794,856	1	794,856		1,315,220	1	1,315,220
Net movement in funds		35,059	794,856	I	829,915	2,239	1,315,220	1	1,317,459
Fund balances at 1 April 2021		387,095	6,252,169	2,241,355	8,880,619	384,856	4,936,949	2,241,355	7,563,160
Fund balances at 31 March 2022		422,154	7,047,025	2,241,355	9,710,534	387,095	6,252,169	2,241,355	8,880,619

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		20:	22	202	21
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	10		9,500,830		8,705,974
-					
Current assets					
Debtors	12	68,959		66,890	
Cash at bank and in hand		191,643		149,226	
		260,602		216,116	
Creditors: amounts falling due within		200,002		210,110	
one year	13	(50,898)		(41,471)	
Net current assets			209,704		174,645
Total assets less current liabilities			9,710,534		8,880,619
			-		
Capital funds					
Endowment funds			2,241,355		2,241,355
Income funds			_,,		_, ,
Unrestricted funds - designated			7,047,025		6,252,169
Unrestricted funds - general			422,154		387,095
			_		
			9,710,534		8,880,619

Rev. P Butler Trustee

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

St Hild and St Bede Trust is a Charity constituted under its own Trust Deed.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Trust's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The Trust is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The Trust has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Trust. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the Trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the Trust.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the Trust is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the Trust has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the Trust has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

1.6 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at transaction price excluding transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The Trust has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Trust's balance sheet when the Trust becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the Trust transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Trust's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.9 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the Trust is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the Trust's accounting policies, the Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Investments

Unrestricted	Unrestricted
funds	funds
general	general
2021	2022
£	£
264,449	276,598

CCLA Investment Income

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4 Chai	ritable activities		
		Advancement of Higher & Further Education 2022 £	Advancement of Higher & Further Education 2021 £
Gran	t funding of activities (see note 5)	225,402	246,650
	e of support costs (see note 6) e of governance costs (see note 6)	5,937 10,200 ——————————————————————————————————	11,300 4,260 — 262,210
5 Gran	its payable	-	
		Advancement of Higher & Further Education 2022 £	Advancement of Higher & Further Education 2021
North St Hi St Hi Colle Orga Conti Chur Grow RE T Gran	ts to institutions: In East Religious Learning & Resource Centre Id & St Bede Chaplaincy Id's College Church of England School Inge Chaplain In Scholarship In Schools & Academies Inger Faith Project Inger Faith Project Inger Training Unit Its to Individuals Is sfarne College of Theology	124,000 2,000 8,000 38,502 2,400 4,000 20,000 9,000 10,000 5,300 2,200	124,000 2,000 8,000 30,689 2,400 4,500 35,000 9,000 30,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6	Support costs						
		Support 6	Sovernance costs	2022 S	Support costs	Governance costs	2021
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Staff costs	1,401	-	1,401	5,965	-	5,965
	Rent	2,000	-	2,000	3,300	-	3,300
	Postage & Stationery	570	-	570	300	-	300
	Conference fees &						
	travelling expenses	94	-	94	252	-	252
	Subscriptions Insurances	323	-	323	150	-	150
		1,549	-	1,549	1,333	*	1,333
	Audit and accountancy						
	fees		10,200	10,200	_	4,260	4,260
		5,937	10,200	16,137	11,300	4,260	15,560
	Amaluand habuses						
	Analysed between	5.007	40.000	40.407	44.000		
	Charitable activities	5,937	10,200	16,137	11,300	4,260	15,560
					====		

Governance costs includes Audit fees of £9,000 Accounts preparation of £1,200 for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021-£4,260).

7 Trustees

None of the Trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the Trust during the year.

8 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Clerk	1	1
Employment costs	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	1,401	5,965

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

9	Net gains/(losses) on investments			
			Unrestricted funds designated 2022 £	funds
	Revaluation of investments		794,856	1,315,220
10	Fixed asset investments			
		Listed investments	Unlisted investments	Total
	Cost or valuation	£	£	£
		0.705.040	205	
	At 1 April 2021	8,705,349	625	8,705,974
	Valuation changes	794,856	-	794,856
	At 31 March 2022	9,500,205	625	9,500,830
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2022	0.500.205	625	0 500 020
	ACST March 2022	9,500,205	625	9,500,830
	At 31 March 2021	9.705.240		0.705.074
	ACST March 2021	8,705,349	625	8,705,974
	*			
11	Financial instruments		2022 £	2021 £
	Carrying amount of financial assets			-
	Instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss		9,500,205	8,705,349
12	Debtors			=====
			2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Other debtors		68,959	66,890
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors		7,698	7,711
	Other creditors		31,000	31,000
	Accruals and deferred income		12,200	2,760
			50,898	41,471