Company registration number 04323368 (England and Wales)

COMET CHARITIES LTD ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees B C Joseph

M Lisser L Wolf

Charity number 1097871

Company number 04323368

Registered office 63 Cranbourne Gardens

London UK NW11 0JB

Auditor Goldwins Limited

75 Maygrove Road West Hampstead

London NW6 2EG

Bankers Barclays Bank Plc

Swiss Cottage Branch 131 Finchley Road

London London NW3 6JA

Mizrahi Tefahot Bank Ltd

30 Old Broad St

London London EC2N 1HQ

Metro Bank Unit 1 The Mall Edgware Edgware HA8 7BD

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TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Charity's [governing document], the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

Objectives and aims

The Charity's was established to support the advancement of Jewish religious education.

Public benefit

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the Charity should undertake.

Significant activities

During the year, grants to schools and other charities amounted to £2,596,380 (2021: £2,095,509).

Grant making

Grants are made to charitable institutions and organisations which accord with the objects of the Charity.

Achievements and performance

Charitable activities

The trustees consider that the performance of the charity this year has been most satisfactory. Substantial funds have been granted to institutions during the period from the contributions received from donors.

The Statement of Financial activities shows a deficit of for the year of £230,143 after making grants of £2,596,380 and the reserves stand at (£7,664).

Financial review

Principal funding sources

The charity is pleased and fortunate to receive donations from a number of organisations and individuals.

Reserves policy

During the year charity's income exceeded the expenses incurred. The trustees are satisfied with the results for the year. The trustees do not seek to maintain reserves, other than to ensure that they can continue the activities of the charity.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis. The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties regarding the charity's ability to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, which is deemed to be 12 months from the date of the approval of the financial statements.

Risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the Charity is exposed. Both manual and automated checks are regularly invoked, particularly those relating to the operations and finance of the charity. The trustees are satisfied that systems and procedures mitigate any perceived risks.

FUTURE PLANS

There are no significant future plans to report, other than to continue to raise funds and make charitable donations to continue to meet the current objectives.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

Structure, governance and management

Governing document

The Charity is controlled by its governing document, the memorandum and articles of association, and constitutes a company limited by guarantee as defined by the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

B C Joseph

M Lisser

L Wolf

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

If necessary, new trustees are recruited from the personal contacts of existing trustees.

Organisational structure

The trustees manage the day to day running of the charity and make all decisions.

Induction and training of new trustees

New trustees undergo a briefing to ensure they are aware of both their legal and professional responsibilities under charity and company law.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Goldwins Limited be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The trustees have confirmed that there is no information of which they are aware which is relevant to the audit, but of which the auditor is unaware. They have further confirmed that they have taken appropriate steps to identify such relevant information and to establish that the auditor is aware of such information.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

M Lisser

Trustee 28 H Eb 2023

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STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

The trustees, who are also the directors of Comet Charities Ltd for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company Law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COMET CHARITIES LTD

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Comet Charities Ltd (the 'Charity') for the year ended 31 July 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 July 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF COMET CHARITIES LTD

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the Charity for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

We enquired of management, which included obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the charity's policies and procedures relating to the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.

We reviewed the financial statement disclosures and tested these to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias and tested significant transactions that are unusual or those outside the normal course of business.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF COMET CHARITIES LTD

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Anthony Epton (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Goldwins Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

75 Maygrove Road West Hampstead London NW6 2EG

Anthony Epton

1 March 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Restricted funds 2022	Total 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2021	Restricted funds 2021	Total 2021 £
Income from:							
Donations and legacies	3	1,964,736	542,593	2,507,329	1,687,977	611,104	2,299,081
Investments	4	570	-	570	47	-	47
Total income		1,965,306	542,593	2,507,899	1,688,024	611,104	2,299,128
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds	5	16,440	-	16,440	3,058	-	3,058
Charitable activities	6	2,179,009	542,593	2,721,602	1,585,671	611,104	2,196,775
Total expenditure		2,195,449	542,593	2,738,042	1,588,729	611,104	2,199,833
Net (expenditure)/incorthe year/	me for						
Net movement in funds	5	(230,143)	-	(230,143)	99,295	_	99,295
Fund balances at 1 August 2021		222,479	-	222,479	123,184	-	123,184
Fund balances at 31 July 2022		(7,664)		(7,664)	222,479		222,479

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2022

	Notes	202 £	2 £	2021 £	£
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		275,847		276,479	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(4,000)		(4,000)	
Net current assets			271,847		272,479
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(279,511)		(50,000)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(7,664)		222,479
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			(7,664)		222,479
			(7,66 4)		222,479

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 28 # Feb 2023

M Lisser Trustee

Company registration number 04323368

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

	Notes	202 £	2 £	202 £	1 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations	15		(230,713)		99,248
Investing activities Investment income received		570		47	
Net cash generated from investing activities			570		47
Financing activities Repayment of borrowings Increase in bank loans		255,000 (25,489)		50,000	
Net cash generated from financing activities			229,511		50,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and case equivalents	sh		(632)		149,295
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning or	f year		276,479		127,184
Cash and cash equivalents at end of ye	ar		275,847		276,479

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Comet Charities Ltd is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 63 Cranbourne Gardens, London, NW11 0JB, UK.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The Charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the Charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the Charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the Charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the Charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following activity headings:

Costs of raising funds comprise of costs incurred by the charitable company in inducing third parties to make voluntary contributions to it, as well as the cost of any activities with a fundraising purpose.

Expenditure on charitable activities includes the costs of delivering services undertaken to further the purposes of the charity and their associated support costs.

Other expenditure represents those items not falling into any other heading.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the Charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the Charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2022 £	2022 £	2022 £	2021 £	2021 £	2021 £
Donations and gifts	1,964,736	542,593	2,507,329	1,687,977	611,104	2,299,081

The Trustees are immensely grateful to the Trustees of Delapage Ltd for their ongoing support, past, present and future commitments.

4 Investments

Unrestricte fund		Unrestricted funds
202	2 £	2021 £
Interest receivable 57	0	47

5 Raising funds

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2022 £	2021 £
Fundraising and publicity Other fundraising costs	16,440	3,058
	16,440	3,058

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

6 Charitable activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Other charitable activities	114,129	91,185
Grant funding of activities (see note 7) Share of governance costs (see note 8)	2,596,380 11,093 	2,095,509 10,081 ————————————————————————————————————
Analysis by fund Unrestricted funds Restricted funds	2,179,009 542,593 2,721,602	1,585,671 611,104 2,196,775

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

7 Grants payable

During the year following grants were made to religious educational institutions.

	2022
•	£
Grants to institutions:	
Beth Jacob Grammer School	150,475
Beth Midrash Lemoroth	10,400
Ben Amron	12,000
British Friends of Yeshivas Kodshim	21,000
Chasdie Aharon Limited	18,500
Chasdie Sholom Trust	10,000
College for Higher Rabbinical Studies	21,000
Cometville Limited	310,040
Edupoor Limited ,	100,003
Friends of Mercaz Hatorah BM	40,000
Give Youth a Break	10,320
Kehillas Machzikei Hadass Edgware Trust	18,000
Keren Chochmas Shloma Trust	52,500
Kollel Beis Aron	23,630
MGS Charitable Trust	20,300
North London Welfare And Educational Foundation	135,000
Pardes House Grammer School	1,106,416
Shir Chesed Beis Yisroel	20,000
Support The Charity Worker	20,000
Sinai Synagogue	18,500
Wlodowa Charity And Rehabilitation Trust	125,000
Torah (5759) Limited	57,750
Tchabe Kollel	31,000
ZLOTCHIV	100,500
Other donations less than £10,000	164,046
	2,596,380

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

8	Support and governance costs			
		Governance costs	2022	2021
		£	£	£
	Audit fees	4,000	4,000	4,000
	Legal and professional	3,675	3,675	3,000
	Office and administrative expenses	1,039	1,039	720
	Bank charges	2,379	2,379	2,361
		11,093	11,093	10,081
	Analysed between			
	Charitable activities	11,093	11,093	10,081

9 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the Charity during the year.

10 Employees

Average number of employees during the year was 0 (2021:0).

11 Loans and overdrafts

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	24,511	50,000
Other loans	255,000	
	270 544	50,000
	279,511	50,000
Payable after one year	279,511	50,000
		= ==

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Accruals and deferred income	4,000	4,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year						
			-			2022	2021
				N	Votes	£	
	Bank loans	nk loans 11				24.544	F0 000
	Other borrowings			11		24,511 255,000	Of 10 (5)
	•						
						279,511	50,000
							====
14	Analysis of net assets be						
	Unrestricted Restricted			Total	Unrestricted	Dootsiete	
		funds	funds	iotai	funds	Restricte fund	
		2022	2022	2022	2021	202	
		£	£	£	£		£££
	Fund balances at 31 July 2022 are						~
	represented by:						
	Current assets/(liabilities)	271,847	_	271,847	272.470		
	Long term liabilities	(279,511)	_	(279,511)	272,479 (50,000)		- 272,479
	K				(50,000)		- (50,000)
		(7,664)	-	(7,664)	222,479		- 222,479
			-	===			= ====
15	Cash generated from operations					2022	
						2022 £	2021 £
	(Deficit)/augus for the					_	2
	(Deficit)/surpus for the year					(230,143)	99,295
	Adjustments for:						
	Investment income recognised in statement of financial ac			ctivities		(570)	(47)
						(070)	(47)
	Cach /aboarhad hul/						
	Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations					(230,713)	99,248
16	Analysis of changes in net	debt					
				At 1 August 2021		Cash flowrs	At 31 July 2022
				- 11 1 1 1 1	£	£	£
	Cook at hands and to be a					_	~
	Cash at bank and in hand				276,479	(632)	275,847
	Loans falling due after more than one year				(50.000)		
	and the more than one year				(50,000)	(229,511)	(279,511)
					226,479	(230,143)	(2 664)
					====	(200, 143)	(3,664)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

17 Related party transactions

B C Joseph is also a trustee of North London Welfare And Educational Foundation. During the year, grants paid to North London Welfare And Educational Foundation amounted to £135,000 (2021: £132,565).