Charity registration number 101599 (England and Wales)

Company registration number 04573958

BALLET BLACK LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees A J Efunshile CBE - Chair

A Banjoko OBE

H A Hall C Hampson

P K Hamzahee FRSA A Hochhauser QC

C Pancho MBE - Founder/CEO

A S Prag

T Vianana (Appointed 17 November 2021)

Secretary J Webster

Charity number 1101599

Company number 04573958

Principal address Feathers Association

12 Rossmore Road

London NW1 6NX

Registered office Austin House

43 Poole Road Bournemouth

Dorset England BH4 9DN

Auditors Saffery Champness LLP

St Catherine's Court Berkeley Place

Clifton Bristol BS8 1BQ

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TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The trustees, who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their annual report and financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2022 (an extended 13 month period). It was agreed in April 2022 to move the end of Ballet Black's financial year to 30 September 2022, to make the financial quarters align with Arts Council England's reporting requirements meaning the comparative amounts presented in the financial statements (including the related notes) are not entirely comparable.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The disclosures included on the preceding page titled "Legal and administrative information" form part of this report.

Objectives and activities

Ballet Black exists to promote, improve and advance the education of the public in the art of classical ballet by the promotion of a ballet company and ballet school, particularly but not exclusively by encouraging those from the ethnic minorities to participate in and appreciate the art of ballet.

The Company highlights the talents of Black and Asian dancers in the field of classical ballet through performance, teaching and educational programmes.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance on public benefit issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The Ballet Company

The Company celebrated its 20th Anniversary in Oct 2021 and marked the occasion with two new works *Say It Loud* by Cassa Pancho and *Black Sun* by Gregory Maqoma, premiering at The Barbican in March 2022.

Ballet Black returned to touring in autumn 2021 and spring 2022, visiting The Lowry, Watford Palace Theatre, York Theatre Royal, The Linbury Theatre, Derby Theatre, Festival Theatre Edinburgh, Theatre Royal Stratford East, Oxford Playhouse, Newbury Corn Exchange, Cambridge Arts Theatre and Birmingham Rep.

The Company won the Critics' Circle National Dance Award for Best Mid-Scale Company in 2022 and Mthuthuzeli November and Cira Robinson were shortlisted for Best Choreography for *The Waiting Game* and Best Female Dancer respectively. *Then Or Now* was shortlisted for the South Bank Sky Arts Awards for Best Dance Production.

Ballet Black has also been nominated for three Black Theatre Awards: Best Soloist in a Dance Production for Cira Robinson, Isabela Coracy and Mthuthuzeli November, Best Dance Production for Ballet Black 20, and Best Use of Innovation and Technology for EIGHTFOLD.

In September 2022 two new dancers joined the Company for the 2022/23 season.

Digital Activity

Funding from Bloomberg Philanthropies has enabled the Company to accelerate our work on the 'BBonFilm' digital programme. As part of our digital outreach activities, we held six film screenings during the period, including an event hosted by the Her Excellency Harriet Cross, British High Commissioner to Trinidad & Tobago.

Our digital revenues grew in the period due to the successful licensing of *Then Or Now* and *The Waiting Game* to the BBC. Both films are due to be screened on BBC Four in October 2022 and will be available on iPlayer until October 2025. *EIGHTFOLD* was also made available on television and online streaming by licensing the film to Channel 4 from October 2021 to 2022.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The Company won several awards for its films during the period and was part of the Official selections for a number of international film festivals.

Awards won by EIGHTFOLD in 2022

- 7th Music Film Festival Los Angeles, California Winner Best direction
- London International Web & Shorts Film Festival Winner Best Music/Dance Video
- Short Film Factory Bucharest Winner Best Music and Dance
- Tokyo International Film Festival Winner Best Sound Design
- Parai Musical International Awards India Winner in Best Dance Music Video, Best Choreography Music Video, Best European Music Video, Best Director Music Video
- Cannes Film Awards Winner Best Ensemble
- · Paris Women Festival Semi-finalist
- Exeter Dance International Film Festival Nominee best Dancer (Isabela Coracy)
- SENSEI Tokyo FilmFest Nominee
- New Renaissance Film Festival (London) Winner Best Dance Film

EIGHTFOLD Official Selections for

- Toronto Lift-Off Film Festival
- DANCES WITH FILMS, California USA.
- Mad Visions Film Festival, Vietnam Best International Short
- Sans Souci Festival of Dance Cinema Dance Film (Long)
- GIFT Fest, Nairobi Best Dance Film
- Experimental, Dance & Music Film Festival, Toronto, Canada
- Inspired Dance Film Festival, Australia Extended Short or Featured Dance Film

EIGHTFOLD is also currently under consideration for a further 15 film festivals around the world.

Awards won by *Like Water* in 2021/22

- Dancentric TV Film Festival "DTVFF" 2021 Grand Jury Award
- Dancentric TV Film Festival "DTVFF" 2021 Winner Best Contemporary
- Dancentric TV Film Festival "DTVFF" 2021 Winner Best Choreographer
- London International Web & Shorts Film Festival (UK) 2021 Winner Best Dance Film
- London International Web & Shorts Film Festival (UK) 2021 Winner Best Ensemble
- Sans Souci Festival of Dance Cinema 2021 Audience Choice Award
- Inspired Dance Film Festival, Australia 2021 Honorable Mention (Best International Film)
- BronzeLens Film Festival, Atlanta Georgia USA 2022 Winner Best Dance Video
- GIFT Fest, Nairobi South Africa 2022 Finalist (Dance Films)

Like Water Official Selections for

- London International Short Film Festival 2021 Official Selection
- Dance Camera West 2021 Official Selection
- San Francisco Dance Film Festival 2021 Official Selection
- Inspired Dance Film Festival 2021 Official Selection
- Parai Musical International Awards, India 2022 Official Selection
- FilmFest by Rogue Dancer, USA 2022 (Dance Film)
- Still Voices Film Festival, Ballymahon, Ireland 2022 (Dance Short Film)
- Cyprus International Film Festival "Golden Aphrodite" 2022
- Garifuna International Indigenous Film Festival Los Angeles 2022

Like Water is also currently under consideration for a further 6 film festivals around the world.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Education & Outreach

In September 2021 the Ballet Black Junior School (BBJS) expanded successfully to a second location in West London and we now offer 22 weekly subsidised ballet classes in Shepard's Bush and Marylebone to 136 children and young people aged 3-18. This plays a significant part in cementing our commitment to reaching a critical mass of young people for whom the artform of ballet has historically been closed.

Thirteen scholarships were awarded during the period covering fees and in some cases uniform too to ensure the cost of fees (although already subsidised) are not a barrier to participation.

The Ballet Black Junior Associate programme provided additional training and mentorship to sixteen young female dancers aged 14-18 who wish to pursue careers in ballet.

Six former students are now in their first or second year of training at the Central School of Ballet, London Studio Centre, Rambert School of Ballet and Contemporary Dance and the Brit School.

We continued our audience engagement work with strategic partners such as Theatre Royal Stratford East and The Barbican.

Our audience development research project, funded by The Linbury Trust, continued and we have received over 1,000 responses to our audience survey so far. Initial results led to a ticket price restructure with several venues, increasing live performance revenue.

In September 2022 we developed a new relationship with Birmingham Rep, where eighteen Performing Arts students aged 16-18 attended a dress rehearsal and Ballet Black's Producer talked to them about the Company and working in the sector.

Financial review

Ballet Black has ended the period in a strong financial position. With the return to touring, live performance income has very nearly returned to pre-pandemic levels.

The Charity was successful in its application for an extension year of National Portfolio Organisation (NPO) funding from Arts Council England (ACE) which runs from April 2022 to March 2023. In May 2022 Ballet Black applied for the 2023:2026 ACE NPO programme and was awarded £424,048 p/a in October 2022 with funding to begin in April 2023.

Alongside ACE funding the charity raised over £300K in grants from Trusts & Foundations and over £100K from individual and corporate donations.

The Trustees maintain a reserves policy that will ensure the stability of the company and protect against the ongoing uncertainties arising from the difficult economic and political climates and enable it to continue working towards the achievement of its strategic objectives.

The unrestricted reserves at the period end were £848,441 (2021: £676,967), deducting designated reserves (detailed below) and those held as tangible fixed assets, leaves free reserves of £71,216 (2021: -£692). These are considered an appropriate level of reserves, given the designated funds below. The reserves policy identifies three categories of reserves:

Operational cash flow reserve

The 12-month cash flow projections clearly identify the peaks and troughs in cash flow throughout the year and this reserve ensures the troughs in funding the beginning of each season can be met from reserves held. This provides the Company with the confidence to sign contracts for administrative staff and dancers for the upcoming season. It takes into consideration the cash flow needs during the first half of the financial year, which is the time before which the primary performance related income is received. It also covers unknown additional expenditure such as major dancer injury or shortfalls in income. The total operating cash flow reserve has been set as £210,000.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Emergency reserve

This reserve covers emergencies and unforeseen circumstances and is only drawn down with agreement from Trustees. The agreed policy sets aside the equivalent of three months running costs. We are very happy to report that we have maintained this goal in line with increased staffing costs budgeted in 2022/23 and the increased reserve level is £287,500.

Development Fund reserve

This reserve enables the company to achieve the strategic aims agreed by Trustees in relation to its artistic offer, the ballet school, staff retention, talent acquisition and infrastructure. The total Development Fund reserve is £225k. Trustees have agreed to allocate this fund towards building new theatre partnerships and choreographic talent identification, and to contribute towards the recruitment of additional dancers and staffing. The Development Fund reserve is projected to be fully spent over the next three years.

Plans for future periods

The Company finished touring its 20th Anniversary Double Bill in autumn 2022 with performances at Watford Palace Theatre, York Theatre Royal, The Linbury Theatre, the Gala Durham and The Lowry, Salford.

In March 2023 Ballet Black: Pioneers premiered at Barbican Theatre and was followed by performances at Oxford Playhouse, Birmingham Repertory Theatre, Theatre Royal Stratford East, York Theatre Royal and Edinburgh Festival Theatre. The double bill included a new work choreographed by Company Dancer, Mthuthuzeli November, called Nina: By Whatever Means which was inspired by musician, performer and activist, Nina Simone. The bill also included a revival of Then Or Now originally choreographed by Will Tuckett for Ballet Black in 2020.

In November 2022 a short film of Mthuthezeli November's piece WASHA was filmed and it is expected to be released in autumn 2023.

Plans for the Company's first ever North American tour is confirmed for October 2023 with performances in Toronto and Ottawa.

The Company plans to increase its artistic and operational capacities through the recruitment of up to two new dancers and three administrative roles during the next year. This includes an education role funded by Bank of America, to increase the Company's outreach programme and expand the BBJS to include an East London location.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is a company limited by guarantee. Founded in 2001 and incorporated in 2002, the Ballet Black was registered as a Charity in 2004. C Pancho holds one share in Trust, with no beneficial interest. The charity's governing documents are the amended memorandum and articles of association as adopted on 24 April 2023.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

A J Efunshile CBE - Chair A Banjoko OBE H A Hall C Hampson P K Hamzahee FRSA A Hochhauser QC L Kogbara - Treasurer

(Resigned 14 December 2021)

C Pancho MBE - Founder/CEO

A S Prag

T Vianana (Appointed 17 November 2021)

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The Trustees oversee the delivery of the work against agreed programmes, plans and budgets. The day to day management of the Charity is provided by Artistic Director and Founder Cassa Pancho.

Once the need for new Trustees has been identified, the Trustees agree what new skills and experience are needed on the Board. A job description and person specification is prepared and circulated through networks and online platforms. Following a shortlist and interview process, new Trustees are appointed as a Trustee of Ballet Black by the existing Board through a members vote. Appointees are provided with an induction pack and initial training when they join the Board.

None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. All of the trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute £1 in the event of a winding up.

Related parties and risk management

All Trustees are required to declare any outside interests and particularly note if any might result in a conflict of interest. Any conflicts are declared at the start of each meeting and Trustees will not take part in any debate or discussion concerning the matter.

The Finance & Risk Committee maintains a risk register which is reviewed by the Board of Trustees on an annual basis. The principal risks identified on the register are; increase to running costs due to inflation which will be mitigated against with the reallocation of a Covid-19 operational reserve; insufficient project funding which is mitigated against with strategic planning focusing on diversification of funds and partnership building.

Staff pay and bonuses, aside from Artistic Director, are approved by the Board of Trustees at the Finance & Risk Committee. Pay scales are reviewed by the committee against industry benchmarking on a regular basis. In the case of the Artistic Director, renumeration is agreed by the Board without the AD's presence and is in line with any personal or company objectives set at the AD's annual appraisal with The Chair of Trustees.

A fundraising target is set at the start of each financial year following a budgeting process which identifies known and estimated income. A database of funding sources relevant to Company activities is maintained throughout the year and the staff research for new trusts and foundations and private donors. Throughout the year bids are prepared and submitted for both multi-year and one-off grants that will support the organisation's planned activity goals. Funding applications are written by the General Manager and the CEO/Artistic Director and they are supported by board members with specialist knowledge of fundraising. An Ethical Fundraising Policy is maintained and used by the Board to determine if grants or donors are suitable for the organisation.

Company staff in charge of fundraising are not members of any funding regulatory groups. There have been no complaints received by the charity about fundraising activities. The fundraising target for the period was a total of £269,185 to include both institutional grants and donations. The actual for the period was £397,317.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of Ballet Black Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit
 information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the reparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Auditors

The auditors, Saffery Champness LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

A J Efunshile CBE - Chair

Trustee

17 July 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES OF BALLET BLACK LIMITED For the period ended 30 September 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ballet Black Limited for the period ended 30 September 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the charitable company's state of affairs as at 30 September 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES OF BALLET BLACK LIMITED For the period ended 30 September 2022

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report which includes the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Annual Report which includes the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Annual Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the trustees (who are also directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditors under the Companies Act 2006 and report in accordance with regulations made under that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES OF BALLET BLACK LIMITED For the period ended 30 September 2022

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud are detailed below.

Identifying and assessing risks related to irregularities:

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement and how fraud might occur, including through discussions with the trustees, discussions within our audit team planning meeting, updating our record of internal controls and ensuring these controls operated as intended. We evaluated possible incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements. We identified laws and regulations that are of significance in the context of the charitable company by discussions with trustees and updating our understanding of the sector in which the charitable company operates.

Laws and regulations of direct significance in the context of the charitable company include The Companies Act 2006, and guidance issued by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Audit response to risks identified:

We considered the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items including a review of financial statement disclosures. We reviewed the charitable company's records of breaches of laws and regulations, minutes of meetings and correspondence with relevant authorities to identify potential material misstatements arising. We discussed the charitable company's policies and procedures for compliance with laws and regulations with members of management responsible for compliance.

During the planning meeting with the audit team, the engagement partner drew attention to the key areas which might involve non-compliance with laws and regulations or fraud. We enquired of management whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We addressed the risk of fraud through management override of controls by testing the appropriateness of journal entries and identifying any significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business. We assessed whether judgements made in making accounting estimates gave rise to a possible indication of management bias. At the completion stage of the audit, the engagement partner's review included ensuring that the team had approached their work with appropriate professional scepticism and thus the capacity to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES OF BALLET BLACK LIMITED For the period ended 30 September 2022

Use of our report

Michael St

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Michael Strong (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

Chartered Accountants St Catherine's Court Statutory Auditors Berkeley Place

Clifton BS8 1BQ

Date: 25 July 2023

Saffery Champness LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
		2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£	£	£
Income and endowments	from:						
Donations and legacies	3	551,787	117,643	669,430	663,662	114,500	778,162
Charitable activities	4	345,884	-	345,884	51,924	-	51,924
Other income	5	10,988		10,988			
Total income		908,659	117,643	1,026,302	715,586	114,500	830,086
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds	6	72,307	-	72,307	46,559	-	46,559
Charitable activities	7	664,878	150,743	815,621	516,449	30,400	546,849
Total expenditure		737,185	150,743	887,928	563,008	30,400	593,408
Net income/(expenditure period/year Net movement in funds	e) for the	171,474	(33,100)	138,374	152,578	84,100	236,678
Fund balances at 1 Septen	nber 2021	676,967	84,100	761,067	524,389	-	524,389
Fund balances at 30 Septe 2022	ember	848,441	51,000	899,441	676,967	84,100	761,067

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the period.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	11		54,725		22,659
Current assets					
Stocks	12	7,486		8,596	
Debtors	13	34,395		15,081	
Cash at bank and in hand		860,408		716,981	
		902,289		740,658	
Creditors: amounts falling due within o	ine				
year	14	(57,573)		(2,250)	
Net current assets			844,716		738,408
Total assets less current liabilities			899,441		761,067
Income funds					
Restricted funds	16		51,000		84,100
Unrestricted funds					
Designated funds	17	722,500		655,000	
General unrestricted funds		125,941		21,967	
			848,441		676,967
		-	899,441		761,067
		_			

The notes on pages 14 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial state ments were approved by the Trustees on 17 July 2023.

A J Efunshile CBE - Chair (

Trustee

Company registration number 04573958

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	19		189,162		231,772
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(45,735)		(11,959)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(45,735)		(11,959)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			143,427		219,813
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	od		716,981		497,168
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period			860,408		716,981

Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1 September 2021	Cash flow £	At 1 September 2022 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank and in hand	716,981	143,427	860,408
Total	716,981	143,427	860,408

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Ballet Black Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales (charity registration number 101599, company registration number 04573958). The registered office is Austin House, 43 Poole Road, Bournemouth, Dorset, BH4 9DN, England.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

Designated funds are set aside by the Trustees out of unrestricted general funds for specific future purposes or projects.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 25% reducing balance

Computers 25% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Items held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured the lower of replacement cost and cost.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Taxation

Ballet Black Limited is registered as a Charity with the Charity Commission of England and Wales under number 101599. Because of its charitable status, Ballet Black Limited is exempt from United Kingdom taxation on its surplus income and capital gains.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	funds	funds		funds	funds	
	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Donations and gifts	108,845	-	108,845	60,314	3,500	63,814
Grants	442,942	117,643	560,585	603,348	111,000	714,348
	551,787 	117,643	669,430	663,662	114,500	778,162
Charitable activities						
					Charitable Income 2022	Charitable Income 2021
					£	£
Sales within charitable activ	vities				332,450	48,891
Ancillary trading income					13,434	3,033
					345,884	51,924
Other income						
					Unrestricted funds	Tota
					2022	2021
					£	£
Theatre Tax Credit					10,988	
Raising funds						
					Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
					2022	2021
					£	f
Support costs					72,307	46,559
					72,307	46,559

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

7 Charitable activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Depreciation and impairment	13,669	5,965
Ballet Company and Ballet School	801,952	540,884
	815,621	546,849
	815,621	546,849
Analysis by fund		
Unrestricted funds	664,878	516,449
Restricted funds	150,743	30,400
	815,621	546,849

8 Net income/(expenditure)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	9,500	-
Auditors' remuneration for non-audit services	-	-
Depreciation – owned assets	13,689	5,965

9 Trustees

Trustee C Pancho received remuneration of £71,352 (2021: £40,496) for professional services as Artistic Director, Choreographer and CEO. Ballet Black's Articles of Association state that a Director is entitled to be reimbursed from the Charity when acting on behalf of the Charity.

No other trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the current period or previous year.

There were no trustee expenses reimbursed. Five trustees are members of the Ballet Black Friends Circle and give monthly donations of up to £150 per month.

Employees

10

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2022	202:
Number	Numbe
1	

	2022	2021
	£	£
Wages and salaries	24,441	-
Social security costs	2,114	-
Employers allowance	(2,114)	
Pension costs – defined contribution	399	-
Total staff costs	24,840	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

11	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and equipment	Computers	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 September 2021	42,751	7,797	50,548
	Additions	40,496	5,239	45,735
	At 30 September 2022	83,247	13,036	96,283
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 September 2021	24,999	2,890	27,889
	Depreciation charged in the period	11,082	2,587	13,669
	At 30 September 2022	36,081	5,477	41,558
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 September 2022	47,166	7,559	54,725
	At 31 August 2021	<u>====</u> 17,752	4,907	22,659
12	Stocks		2022	2021
			£	£
	Finished goods and goods for resale		7,486 ———	8,596 ———
13	Debtors		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	To de debres			(405)
	Trade debtors Other debtors		- 27,406	(495) 11,976
	Prepayments and accrued income		5,729	3,600
	.,			
			33,135	15,081
			2022	2021
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		£	£
	Prepayments and accrued income		1,260 	-
	Total debtors		34,395	15,081
				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

L4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2022	2021
		Notes	£	£
	Deferred income	14	35,969	-
	Trade creditors		16,231	-
	Accruals		5,373	2,250
			57,573	2,250
L5	Deferred income			
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Arising from Grants and prepaid ballet school fees		35,969	-
	Deferred income is included in the financial statements as fo	ollows:		
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Deferred income is included within:			
	Current liabilities		35,969	
	Movements in the period:			
	Deferred income at 1 September 2021		-	-
	Resources deferred in the period		35,969	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

16 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust for specific purposes:

	Movement in funds			Movement in funds		
	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 1 September 2021	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 30 September 2022
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Sackler (Producer) Bloomberg (Digital	40,000	(18,150)	21,850	40,000	(41,850)	20,000
Producer) Foyle Foundation (Media	50,000	-	50,000	-	(50,000)	-
Producer)	21,000	(8,750)	12,250	-	(12,250)	-
Bank of America	-	-	-	72,643	(42,643)	30,000
Idlewild Trust				5,000	(4,000)	1,000
	111,000	(26,900)	84,100	117,643	(150,743)	51,000

The Sackler Trust

A grant of £40,000 to fund the appointment of a Producer.

Bloomberg

A grant awarded to support development of Ballet Black's digital infrastructure. The grant has been used to fund a Digital/Media Producer wages and website hosting/development of the BBonFilm Platform.

Foyle Foundation

A grant awarded to fund a Media Producer to increase and engage diverse arts audiences in the UK.

Bank of America

A grant awarded in November 2021 to fund a full time Education Manager to oversee Ballet Black's education programme.

Idlewild Trust

A grant awarded in June 2022 to fund Ballet Black Apprentice and Trainee Dancer Programme for 12 months. This fund helps to support a career path to young dancers of Black and Asian heritage through paid appointment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

17 U	Jnrestricted funds						
	Balance at 1 August 2020 £	Net incoming resources	Transfers	Balance at 1 September 2021	Net incoming resources	Transfers	Balance at 30 September 2022
	-	£	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	6,889	152,578	(137,500)	21,967	171,474	(67,500)	125,941
Designated fund	s:						
Emergency fund	82,500	-	137,500	220,000	-	67,500	287,500
Development Fur	nd 225,000	-	-	225,000	-	-	225,000
Operational Cash	flow <u>210,000</u>			210,000			210,000
	517,500		137,500	655,000		67,500	722,500
Total unrestricte	d 524,389	152,578	-	676,967	171,474	-	848,441

Designated funds

Operational cash flow reserve

The 12-month cash flow projections clearly identify the peaks and troughs in cash flow throughout the year and this reserve ensures the troughs in funding the beginning of each season can be met from reserves held. This provides the Company with the confidence to sign contracts for administrative staff and dancers for the upcoming season. It takes into consideration the cash flow needs during the first half of the financial year, which is the time before which the primary performance related income is received. It also covers unknown additional expenditure such as major dancer injury or shortfalls in income. The total operating cash flow reserve has been set as £210,000.

Emergency reserve

This reserve covers emergencies and unforeseen circumstances and is only drawn down with agreement from Trustees. The agreed policy sets aside the equivalent of three months running costs. We are very happy to report that we have maintained this goal in line with increased staffing costs budgeted in 2022/23 and the increased reserve level is £287,500.

Development Fund reserve

This reserve enables the company to achieve the strategic aims agreed by Trustees in relation to its artistic offer, the ballet school, staff retention, talent acquisition and infrastructure. The total Development Fund reserve is £225k. Trustees have agreed to allocate this fund towards building new theatre partnerships and choreographic talent identification, and to contribute towards the recruitment of additional dancers and staffing. The Development Fund reserve is projected to be fully spent over the next three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

18 Related party transactions

During the period the charity entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Physiobase.com Ltd and The Physio Shop.com Ltd received payments of £48,784 (2021: £22,175) for services and goods rendered to the Charity. Physiobase.com is owned by R Bolton spouse of Trustee C Pancho. C Pancho was also a director of Physiobase.com until 14 April 2023.

C Pancho received payments totaling £71,352 (2021: £40,496) for services rendered to the Charity, as detailed in note 9.

Members

None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. C Pancho holds one share in Trust. All of the trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute £1 in the event of a winding up.

Cash generated from operations	2022 £	2021 £
Surplus for the period	138,374	236,678
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	13,669	5,965
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	1,110	(3,154)
(Increase) in debtors	(19,314)	(8,340)
Increase in creditors	19,354	623
Increase in deferred income	35,969	-
Cash generated from operations	189,162	231,772
	Surplus for the period Adjustments for: Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets Movements in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in stocks (Increase) in debtors Increase in creditors Increase in deferred income	Surplus for the period 138,374 Adjustments for: Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets 13,669 Movements in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in stocks 1,110 (Increase) in debtors (19,314) Increase in creditors 19,354 Increase in deferred income 35,969