Company registration number: 06561294 Charity number: 1130823

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK) (A company limited by guarantee)



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# REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Trustees Timothy John Regan

Professor Otavio Berwanger Da Silva Professor Alankar Anushka Patel

**Company registered** 

**number** 06561294

Charity registered number 1130823

Registered office Magna House

18-32 London Road Staines-Upon-Thames

Surrey TW18 4BP

**Executive Director** Professor Otavio Berwanger Da Silva

Independent auditors Menzies LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Magna House 18-32 London Road Staines-Upon-Thames

Surrey TW18 4BP

## TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The Trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of The George Institute for Global Health (UK) for the year 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023. The annual report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report and a directors' report under company law. The Trustees confirm that the annual report and financial statements of the charitable company comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the charitable company's governing document and the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102).

Since the Charity qualifies as small under section 382 of the Companies Act 2006, the strategic report required of medium and large companies under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 has been omitted.

#### Reference and administrative details

Reference and administrative details are shown in the schedule of officers and professional advisers on page 1 of the financial statements.

### Objectives and activities

### Policies and objectives

The charity's objectives are the advancement of education and the preservation and protection of the good health of the public.

The charity's short and long-term objectives are focused on:

- improving the health of disadvantaged populations worldwide;
- better management of common chronic and critical conditions;
- innovation to ensure the sustainability of healthcare services; and
- new approaches to managing injury, frailty and disability across the globe.

This is achieved by undertaking clinical, epidemiological and health systems research, especially focused on reducing the burden of chronic diseases and injuries.

In setting objectives and planning for activities, the Trustees have given due consideration to general guidance published by the Charity Commission relating to public benefit, including the guidance 'Public benefit: running a charity (PB2)'.

### Achievements and performance

In previous years the charity as an entity has been dormant but during the year the Trustees commenced activities through the charity previously that were previously carried out by the parent entity The George Institute for Global Health based in Australia in association with the University of Oxford. The charity's bank account was activated, and various costs were paid in relation to the following principal activities that contributed to the objectives:

- The gaining of peer-reviewed research grants in the UK and global funding bodies;
- The conduct of research on chronic diseases and injury and health care delivery systems;
- The publication of scientific papers in prestigious peer-reviewed journals; and
- Efforts to ensure the translation of research findings into policy and practice.

Performance indicators include the following financial and non-financial targets:

- The number and value of peer-reviewed research grants;
- The number of scientific papers in prestige peer-reviewed journals;
- The growth in revenue of clinical and epidemiological research; and
- Financial sustainability as measured by the dollar value of surplus, cash, net current assets and total net assets.

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### **Financial review**

### **Operations**

Total revenue of £791,106 was an increase from the previous year (30 June 2022: £nil) received from the charity's parent organisation, The George Institute for Global Health, to fund the charity's first year of operations. Costs were also £791,106 including the costs of staff and accommodation. The net result for the charity was break-even (30 June 2022: £4,608 loss). Net assets at year-end were unchanged at £11,664 deficit.

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the charity and its undertakings, as identified by the charity trustees, include the following:

- The inability to deliver pivotal research;
- The inability to attract and retain world class researchers;
- The inability to source adequate funding; and
- The inability to incorporate research findings into public policy and practice

A risk mitigation strategy has been designed for each of the strategic risks above which includes:

- Recruiting world class researchers who are experts in chronic diseases and injury;
- Providing competitive salaries and flexible working conditions;
- Applying for diversified funding sources in the UK and globally; and
- Establishing an Impact & Engagement team who advocate and promote the research findings.

## Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future given the support of the parent organisation. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

### Reserves policy

At the year end the charity had negative reserves and is dependent on the support of its parent charity. Consideration will however be given to establishing a reserves policy appropriate to the charity's future activities.

## Structure, governance and management

The charity is established as a company limited by guarantee and is governed by the Memorandum and Articles of Association as revised dated 21 September 2011. It is under the control of the Board of Trustees. New Trustees are appointed by the Board of Trustees.

## The trustees

The trustees who served the company during the period were as follows:

- T J Regan
- Professor A A Patel (appointed 31 March 2023)
- Professor O Berwanger Da Silva (appointed 31 March 2023)
- Professor R N Norton (resigned 31 March 2023)
- Professor S W MacMahon (resigned 31 March 2023)

The majority of activities carried out by the UK charitable group were transferred to the charity with effect from 1 January 2023. Residual activities carried out by the charity's trading subsidiary George Partners Limited are expected to be transferred to the charity by 30 June 2024 and this company will then become dormant.

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The general aims and objectives of the charity are set by the trustees and then implemented by the charity's paid staff. The charity is lead by an Executive Director who in turn reports to the CEO of parent entity, The George Institute for Global Health.

New Trustees are already Trustees or employees of the global group and have a thorough understanding of the group's operations. The Trustees attend regular executive meetings and are members of the global Executive Leadership Team.

Salaries are set by reference to benchmarks for employees carrying out similar roles within the medical research community. Input is received form the Global Chief People Officer and Imperial College London.

The charity works closely with its parent organisation, The George Institute in Australia, and represents the activity of the group in the UK. The charity also works closely in collaboration with Imperial College, London who the charity has an academic affiliation with.

### Plans for future periods

The charity is aiming to grow its activities in the UK and its association with Imperial College, London. It is actively seeking to increase its grant funding from third parties and to expand its areas of research activities in the UK and globally. The charity will be the sole vehicle for growing the global organisation's activities in the UK in its endeavour to achieve its mission of "improving the health of millions worldwide".

### Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the Charity for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Trustees at the time when this Trustees' report is approved has confirmed that: so far as that Trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and that Trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

### **Auditors**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Menzies LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

## Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

Trustee

Date: 26-Mar-2024

## THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK)



(A company limited by guarantee)

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK)

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The George Institute for Global Health (UK) (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2023 which comprise the Statement of financial activities, the Balance sheet, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK) (CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

## Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, the Trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK) (CONTINUED)

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation. We determined that the following laws and regulations were most significant including FRS 102, Charities SORP, Companies Act 2006, Charities Act 2011 and employment law. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

The engagement partner assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations. The assessment did not identify any issues in this area.

We understood how the charitable company is complying with those legal and regulatory frameworks by, making inquiries of management and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. We considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas; management override of controls to manipulate results, or to cause the charitable company to enter into transactions not in its best interests.

Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Identifying and assessing the design effectiveness of controls management has in place to prevent and detect fraud:
- Understanding how those charged with governance considered and addressed the potential for override of controls
  or other inappropriate influence over the financial reporting process; and
- Reviewing all transactions accounted for during the year.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK) (CONTINUED)

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

Janice Matthews

Janice Matthews FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

**Menzies LLP** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

Statutory Auditor

Magna House

18-32 London Road

Staines-Upon-Thames

Surrey

TW18 4BP

Date: 26-Mar-2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £	Total funds 2022 £
Income from:				
Donations and legacies	3	791,106	791,106	-
Total income	-	791,106	791,106	-
Expenditure on:	-			
Charitable activities		791,106	791,106	4,608
Total expenditure	-	791,106	791,106	4,608
Net movement in funds	_		<u> </u>	(4,608)
Reconciliation of funds:	_			
Total funds brought forward		(11,664)	(11,664)	(7,056)
Net movement in funds		-	-	(4,608)
Total funds carried forward	-	(11,664)	(11,664)	(11,664)

The Statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

## THE GEORGE INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH (UK)

## (A company limited by guarantee)

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06561294

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		1		1
				_	
Current assets					1
Debtors	9	248,684		870	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,911		260	
	<del>-</del>	260,595	<u> </u>	1,130	
0 111	40	•		,	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(272,260)		(12,795)	
Net current liabilities	-		(11,665)		(11,665)
Total assets less current liabilities			(11,664)	<u>-</u> -	(11,664)
Net liabilities excluding pension asset			(11,664)	<u>-</u> -	(11,664)
Total net assets			(11,664)		(11,664)
Charity funds					
Restricted funds	11		-		-
Unrestricted funds	11		(11,664)		(11,664)
Total funds			(11,664)	_	(11,664)

The Trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

**TJ**B**ROE OJ AUN**A 05480...

Trustee

Date: 26-Mar-2024

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

## 1. General information

The George Institute for Global Health (UK) is a private charitable company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales, registered number 06561294. Details of its principle activities and registered office are set out in the reference and administration details in the Trustees' Report on pages 1 and 2.

## 2. Accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The Charity meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

#### 2.2 Group accounts

No consolidation has been prepared as this is a small group.

## 2.3 Going concern

The Trustees have received assurances that the Parent Charity will continue to support the UK Charity to enable it to pay its costs as these arise for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements and for the foreseeable future. These accounts are accordingly prepared on the Going Concern basis.

### 2.4 Income

All income is recognised once the Charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the Charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

#### 2.6 Investments

Fixed asset investments are a form of financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction cost and subsequently measured at fair value at the Balance sheet date, unless the value cannot be measured reliably in which case it is measured at cost less impairment. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and presented as 'Gains/(Losses) on investments' in the Statement of financial activities.

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less provision for impairment.

### 2.7 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the Charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

### 2.8 Pensions

The Charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the Charity to the fund in respect of the year.

### 2.9 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the Charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

3.	Income from donations and legacies			
		Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Grants =	791,106	791,106	-
4.	Analysis of expenditure by activities			
		Support costs 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £	Total funds 2022 £
	Medical Research	778,618	778,618	-
	Professional Fees	12,488	12,488	4,608
	- -	791,106	791,106	4,608
5.	Auditors' remuneration			
			2023 £	2022 £
	Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit of the Charity's ann	ual accounts	4,550	550
	Fees payable to the Charity's auditor in respect of:			225
	All non-audit services not included above	=	2,200 	885 

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

_	Staff costs	
6.	Stall Costs	•

**Employees** 

	2023	2022
	£	£
Wages and salaries	434,148	-
Social security costs	46,743	-
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	45,445	-
	526,336	-

The average number of persons employed by the Charity during the year was as follows:

2023	2022
No.	No.
9	-

2022

2022

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

2023	2022
No.	No.
4	

In the band £60,001 - £70,000

The UK charity does not employ Key Management Personnel. Management services are provided to the UK charity by the Australian parent charity, for which no charge is made.

## 7. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2022 - £NIL).

During the year ended 30 June 2023, no Trustee expenses have been incurred (2022 - £NIL).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

8.	Fixed asset investments		
			Investments in subsidiary companies £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 July 2022		1
	At 30 June 2023		1
	Net book value		
	At 30 June 2023		1
	At 30 June 2022		1
9.	Debtors		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Due within one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	171,959	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	76,725	870
		248,684	870
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors	83,969	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	109,327	11,795
	Other taxation and social security	31,290	-
	Other creditors	13,448	-
	Accruals and deferred income	34,226	1,000
		272,260	12,795

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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Statement of funds - current year				
	Balance at 1 July 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 30 June 2023 £
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	(11,664)	791,106	(791,106)	(11,664)
Statement of funds - prior year				
		Balance at 1 July 2021 £	Expenditure £	Balance at 30 June 2022 £
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds		(7,056)	(4,608)	(11,664)

#### 12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Fixed asset investments	1	1
Current assets	260,595	260,595
Creditors due within one year	(272,260)	(272,260)
Total	(11,664)	(11,664)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

### 12. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Fixed asset investments	1	1
Current assets	1,130	1,130
Creditors due within one year	(12,795)	(12,795)
Total	(11,664)	(11,664)

## 13. Operating lease commitments

The Charity had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 30 June 2023. However a non-cancellable operating lease in respect of property rental in the name of its subsidiary company has been transferred to the Charity since the year end. The total commitment due within one year at 30 June 2023 under this lease was £217,800.

## 14. Related party transactions

At 30 June 2023 the charitable company owed £109,327 (2022: £11,795) to its subsidiary company George Partners Limited. During the year George Partners Limited incurred rechargable rental charges of £43,800 (2022: £Nil) on behalf of the company.

At 30 June 2023 the charitable company was owed £168,176 (2022: £Nil) by its parent company The George Institute for Global Health (Australia) and £3,783 (2022: £Nil) by George Health Enterprises UK Limited, another member of the group headed by The George Institute for Global Health (Australia). Grant income of £791,106 (2022: £Nil) was payable by the The George Institute for Global Health (Australia) and recharged costs of £3,783 (2022: £Nil) to George Health Enterprises UK Limited.

## 15. Controlling party

The George Institute for Global Health (UK) is a subsidiary of The George Institute for Global Health, a charitable body registered in Australia, by virtue of the terms of the Articles of Association. The Australian Business Number (ABN) for The George Institute for Global Health is 90 085 953 331.

The principle activity of The George Institute for Global Health is to undertake clinical, epidemiological and health systems research, especially focused on reducing the burden of chronic diseases and injuries.

The smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up is The George Institute for Global Health. The address of the charity is Level 18, International Towers 3, 300 Barangaroo Avenue, Sydney, NSW, 2000, Australia.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

## 16. Principal subsidiaries

The following was a subsidiary undertaking of the Charity:

Name	Company number	Registered office or principal place of business	Principal activity
George Partners Limited	07277904	Magna House 18-32 London Road Staines-Upon-Thames TW18 4RP	Medical research

The financial results of the subsidiary for the year were:

Name	Profit for the	Net assets £
	year	
	£	
George Partners Limited	6,989	137,119

The company holds one ordinary share being 100% of the issued share capital of George Partners Limited.