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The Board of Trustees of Victim Support presents its Annual Report which incorporates the Strategic Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018. These comply with the Companies Act 2006, Victim Support's governing document and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) – Accounting and Reporting by Charities, 2015. Details of our trustees and professional advisers, as well as legal and administrative information, are included on pages 35–37 and 59.



Foreword

From our President, HRH, The Princess Royal

This year we have witnessed some truly shocking events, both in the UK and abroad. The terror attacks in London and Manchester killed dozens of people, left hundreds physically injured and affected countless others, both emotionally and financially.

We have seen a public groundswell against the widespread prevalence of sexual assault and harassment, particularly in the workplace, and the continued exposure of historic cases of sexual abuse. We have also seen a disturbing increase in homicides nationally, particularly those involving young people and knife crime.

Never has the need for effective support and a voice for victims been so apparent. As President of Victim Support I thank all our committed staff and volunteers and wish you all continued success.

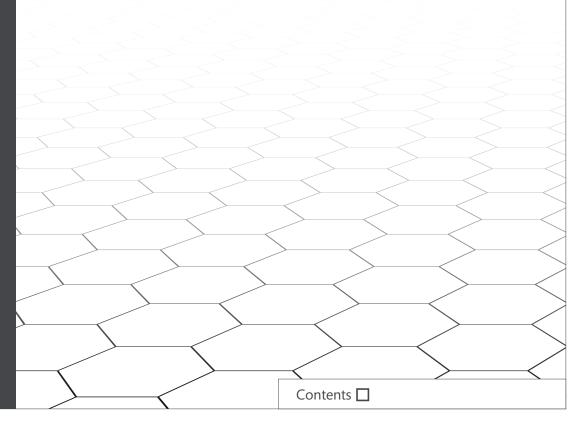


Welcome

Thank you for taking an interest in Victim Support and our work in 2017-18.

The theme of this report is <u>#WeStandTogether</u>, the Twitter hashtag used by community leaders and organisations to encourage people to come together and celebrate their differences. We also use it in this report as a mark of solidarity with survivors, their families and friends, and all the people affected by crime and traumatic events.

We are Victim Support and <u>#WeStandTogether</u> to speak for and with survivors to ensure they get the support they need and the respect they deserve.



Welcome

In 2017-18 we offered our support to over one million victims of crime. We also delivered a wide range of specialist services for people affected by homicide, domestic abuse, sexual violence, non-recent abuse and hate crime, to name just some of the areas in which we work. We remain the single largest provider of police and crime commissioner funded multi-crime victims services across England and Wales.

This year, as well as working with the families bereaved by the terror attacks and knife crime, our National Homicide Service has been supporting the relatives of people who died in the terrible Grenfell Tower fire. This important independent specialist service has helped those affected to navigate the criminal justice system and provided them with practical and emotional support.

We also continued to speak for and with victims of crime. We carried out research and published reports on areas such as victims' rights and the experience of the criminal justice system by survivors of domestic abuse. We used this evidence to help increase understanding of vulnerable victims' needs and to press for improvements.

The overall financial result for the year was a deficit of £3.9m. During 2017-18, Victim Support further reviewed its costs and implemented a number of significant savings, including a restructured central support services and Senior Management Team, the relocation of our London headquarters and an increased focus on cost control. Although these changes have already taken place, the savings will be realised in full in 2018-19.

In making decisions about expenditure we prioritised funding for services that we know are essential to victims - such as our free confidential Supportline, which, since the Westminster terror attacks in March 2017, operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week. This crucial service took hundreds of calls following the terrorist attacks in London and Manchester, provided immediate support to those callers and in many cases referred them to our community services for longer-term specialist support.

We take the safeguarding of our clients, and the right of all staff and volunteers to feel comfortable and safe in their working environment, extremely seriously. In light of some of the abuse issues raised elsewhere in the charity sector this year, we undertook a formal review of our practice. We did not identify any causes for concern, however we will continue to ensure our approach in identifying and tackling inappropriate behaviour is proactive, rigorous and robust.

As Chief Officer and Chair of Victim Support we are proud of what we have achieved this year. As we enter 2018-19 with a healthy order book and a balanced budget, we look forward to building on our successes and working together to go forward to a position of strength.

We'd like to take this opportunity to thank everyone who has supported us.

We are Victim Support and #WeStandTogether.

#WeStandTogether



Diana Fawcett^{*} Chief Officer

Andrew Tivey** Chair of Trustees

- * Diana Fawcett was appointed Chief Officer in February 2018. She was previously Operations Director and has been at Victim Support since February 2015.
- ** Andrew Tivey was appointed as Chair of Trustees in November 2017. He has been on the Victim Support Board since October 2016.

About Victim Support

Who we are

Victim Support is an independent charity dedicated to supporting victims of crime and traumatic incidents in England and Wales. Our purpose is to provide specialist help and services to support people to cope and recover to the point where they feel they are back on track with their lives and to ensure their voices are heard.

Victim Support works with victims of crime and we put them at the heart of our organisation and the way we run our services. Our work, our support and our voice are informed and shaped by them.

As an organisation, victims and witnesses are our only focus and over the years we have developed unrivalled expertise as to their needs and aspirations and their journey through the criminal justice system.

We are local

Our services are delivered locally through skilled staff and volunteers who are deeply rooted in these communities.

We are national

Our local services benefit from secure technology, consistent service and quality standards and the ability to share best practice and innovate based on research, national trends and performance.

We are independent

We are independent of the government, the police, local authorities and the criminal justice system. This is hugely important as we know that some victims may distrust the criminal justice system and others, particularly those from minority communities or people with mental health problems, struggle to engage with the police.

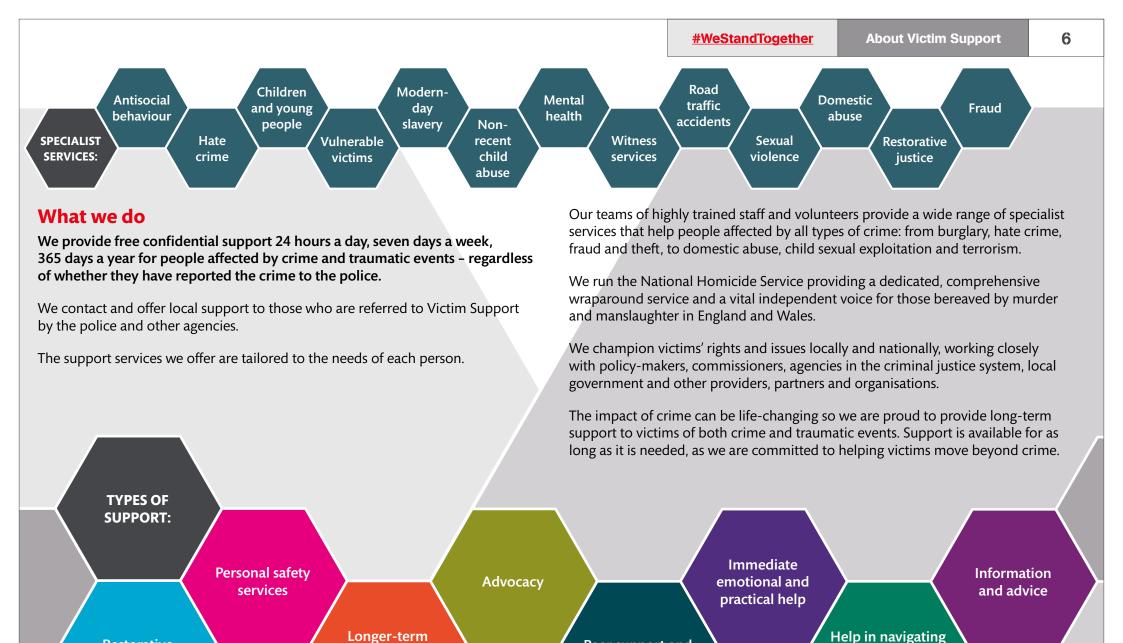
We work closely with all these organisations and other specialist partner agencies to achieve our vision - a world where victims and witnesses are given the support they need and the respect they deserve.

#WeStandTogether

71% of adults said it was important for victims of crime to receive help and support from a victim service that is separate and independent from the police.1

> We are local We are national We are independent

1. YouGov poll - YouGov Plc. Total sample size was 1,934 adults from England and Wales. Fieldwork was undertaken 6-7 February 2018. The survey was carried out online. The figures have been weighted to GB adults, filtered by adults in England and Wales (aged 18+).



emotional and

practical help

Peer support and

group work

the criminal

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justice system

Restorative

justice

2017-18 at a glance



2017-18 in brief



Awarded the Restorative Service Quality Mark – recognising the quality of our restorative justice services.



Supported over 1,400 people affected by the UK terrorist attacks in 2017.



Supported 22 people affected by the Grenfell Tower fire.



Celebrated one year of our Supportline being open 24 hours a day, seven days a week for victims.

Continued to build our evidence-based Beyond Crime tools to help victims cope and recover.



Brought about changes to the CICA's* policy regarding child sexual abuse survivors 'consenting'.



Highlighted our LGBT+ services and named the top charity in the Stonewall Workplace Equality Index 2018.



Celebrated Volunteers' Week and said a huge thank you to our 1,146 amazing volunteers.





Achieved
SafeLives'
Leading Lights
accreditation for
some services
- the mark
of quality for
domestic violence
services.



Published
Survivors' justice,
a report looking
at domestic
abuse survivors'
experience of the
criminal justice
system.



Spoke with and for victims through the media generating 6,670 pieces of national and local broadcast, media and print.



Named number 22 in the prestigious Inclusive Top 50 UK Employers list.

2017–18 in numbers

10.6 million: the estimated number of crimes in England and Wales

1 in 5 people became a victim of crime

Only 40% of crimes were reported to the police

We received 1 million+ referrals from the police and other agencies

We work with the police and other agencies to offer information and specialist support to victims of crime

We offered support

Information and specialist support offered to 1,035,032 people including:

113,151 survivors of domestic violence **3,014** family members bereaved by homicide 354,273 victims of violent crime **125,123** victims of burglary

Around **60%** of crimes were not reported to the police

As an independent charity we help victims whether or not they have reported the crime to the police

We received 61,910 requests for information and support via our 24/7 Supportline, website and live chat

We provided specialist support

Specialist case management provided to 133,965 people including:

43,265 survivors of domestic violence

2,256 family members bereaved by homicide

58,197 victims of violent crime

12,461 victims of burglary

704,219 people visited our website for information and advice, viewing a total of **2,357,528** web pages

We measured the difference our support made

#WeStandTogether

Around seven in ten people said they felt better informed

*** * * * * * * * *** * * *

Nearly **seven in ten** people said they felt safer

#

More than **seven in ten** people said their health and wellbeing improved

More than **nine in ten** people were satisfied with the service they received

We tailored support

29.8% received information and advice 21.0% received immediate emotional support

11.3% received immediate practical support

11.1% received ongoing emotional support

6.8% received services to improve their personal safety

3.7% received restorative justice services

16.3% received other services including advocacy services

Achievements and performance (service delivery)

Objective:

Provide victims and witnesses with high-quality practical and emotional support.

We said we would enable anyone who has been affected by crime to access help and support more easily by rolling out live chat, and extending our independent Supportline to 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

We did roll out live chat in ten commissioning areas, and since March 2017 our independent Supportline has been operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

We said we would work towards ISO 9001 quality management accreditation.

We did embed Victim Support's Quality Management System. We are now working towards applying for ISO 9001 external quality management accreditation from the British Standards Institute.

We said, to ensure that victims and witnesses are central to shaping our services, we would develop our co-production activity.

We did develop a strategy and co-produced 11 projects with both adult and younger service users. We built on these successes by improving our materials to support the development of all our co-production activity nationally.

Provide victims and witnesses with high-quality practical and emotional support

Objective:

Actively seek new opportunities, working innovatively with partners, to expand and develop services to meet victims' needs.

We said we would progress the roll-out of our single point of contact service model, where appropriate.

We did roll out a single point of contact service model in agreed commissioning areas.

We said we would grow our specific crime services and pilot innovative service models to meet the needs of victims of domestic abuse, fraud, hate crime and antisocial behaviour.

We did successfully pilot innovative domestic abuse, fraud, hate crime and antisocial behaviour service models to better meet the needs of victims. We will be evaluating the success of these in the coming months.

We said we would work in collaboration with new national and local partners so that victims can access the widest range of support services, and so that Victim Support can reach under-represented groups through other routes.

We did work in collaboration with over 200 local and national partners so that victims could access the widest range of support services, and so that Victim Support could reach under-represented groups. We formed new partnerships after the terror attacks which have led to collaborative work which will improve our response to any future event.



Objective:

Strengthen victims' rights, safeguard and protect vulnerable victims through effective stakeholder management.

We did publish one report on victims' rights and one report on the experience of the criminal justice system by survivors of domestic abuse. Both reports helped increase understanding of vulnerable victims' needs. We published four other reports on other areas of work.

We said we would publish three new pieces of evidencebased research to increase understanding of vulnerable victims' needs. Ensure victims' voices are heard to bring about positive change

We said we would publish a manifesto for the general election outlining the unmet needs of victims and witnesses.

Objective:

Increase awareness and understanding of what Victim Support does and why our support is needed.

We did publish a manifesto calling for the strengthening of victims' rights and better support for vulnerable victims. Several of the recommendations were adopted by the three main political parties in their own manifestos.

We did launch our two evidencebased reports on victims' rights and needs at a parliamentary reception attended by MPs and government officials. We used this research to press for improvements ahead of the Government's Victims' Strategy.

We said we would influence decision-makers and engage stakeholders using evidence-based research.

We said we would continue to develop our ability to support the victims of terrorist attacks and major incidents.

We did respond to four terror attacks in the UK as well as those affecting British citizens abroad. We published a report based on analysis of the needs of survivors and those bereaved from these attacks. We continue to work closely with other third sector providers and the Government to improve the pathway of survivors and increase understanding of our role.

Achievements and performance (restructuring, development and fundraising)

Objective:

Retain contracts, develop a strong pipeline of future business and ensure we continue to deliver the best value for money.

We said we would ensure our tendering activities and service models provide best value.

We did ensure our tendering activities and service models provided best value. We achieved an overall average score of 87% with regards to price.

We said we would move out of our National Support Centre in London to drive further efficiencies.

We did move out of our National Support Centre in London, creating financial and operational efficiencies. We also undertook a strategic review to scrutinise all our central costs. The outcome of this has been a significant reduction in costs.

We said we would seek opportunities to work in partnership to provide cost-effective services.

We did explore, and continue to seek, partnerships to provide cost-effective services.

We said we would roll out a staff competency framework and continue to implement our learning and development strategy.

We did develop and roll out a staff competency framework. We continue to work to embed this alongside other learning and development activity to equip our people to meet changing needs.



volunteers to deliver better services.

Objective:

Develop and implement our commercial and fundraising activity to grow independent income to raise awareness of victims' issues and support unmet needs.

We said we would aim to expand our Victim Awareness Course to over 25 police forces in England and Wales.

We did roll out the Victim Awareness Course to 18 police forces. We will continue this roll-out into the next financial year.

We said we would develop our fundraising activity with the launch of a national campaign to raise funds and brand awareness for unmet needs.

We did develop a community fundraising programme to grow local income and raise awareness. While this didn't raise as much income as we had hoped, we took prudent action on costs and refocused our activity in this area. Calls to Supportline, our 24/7 telephone service which is funded by public donations, increased tenfold during 2017–18 and is therefore our fundraising priority.

We said we would develop our commercial offer and generate income from the sale of our carefully selected products and services.

We did establish a relationship with the banking sector to help customers who have become victims of fraud. We launched a number of commercial partnerships where the products and services offered enable people to feel empowered, safe and protected.





We are Victim Support and #WeStandTogether to speak for and with survivors to ensure they get the support they need and the respect they deserve

#WeStandTogether

- All day, every day (p14)
- Regardless of the type of crime (p16)
- No matter who you are (p18)
- In partnership, today and tomorrow (p20)
- Through the very darkest of times (p23)

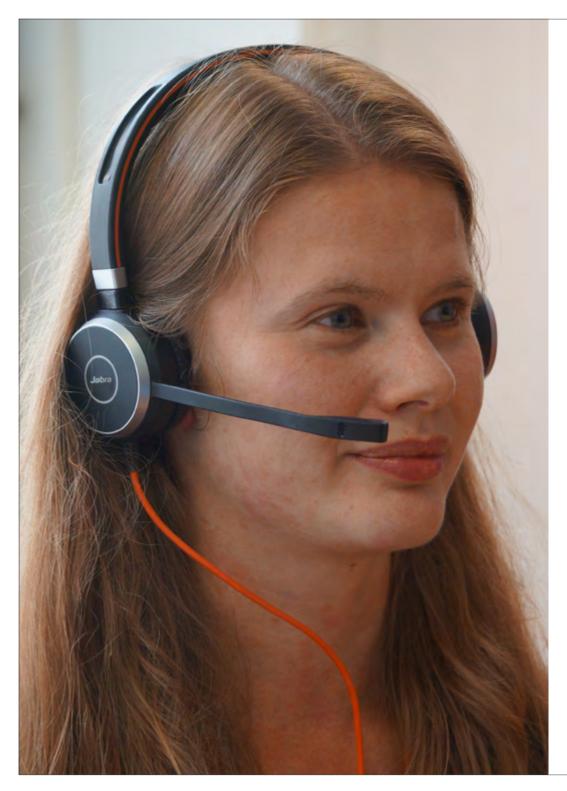
VS BEYOND CRIME

helping people moverime and get their litrack.

We are local

We are national

We are independent



#WeStandTogether all day, every day

Crime and traumatic events, and their impact, don't stick to a 9am to 5pm schedule so neither do we. <u>#WeStandTogether</u> all day, every day through our free confidential Supportline which is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Last year our Supportline, based in Wales, took **55,074** calls from people across England and Wales seeking information and support. This was more than ten times the number of calls we took the previous year, and we continue to see a rapid increase in demand for this service.

The service can be anonymous – we don't need to know who they are or where they are calling from unless they want us to. We know that victims' experiences of the police are often negative, particularly in the case of the most serious crimes such as domestic abuse and sexual assault and for the most vulnerable victims.² Therefore being independent, providing a confidential service and offering anonymity are all important aspects of our service.

"It's very important to be able to talk to some-body who can understand what you've been [through] and can support you. Just to know that there is somebody on the end of the phone... that you can phone when you are absolutely drained and don't know where to turn and to talk to somebody about that." Victim of rape and domestic abuse

2. Pettitt, B., Greenhead, S., Khalifeh, H., Drennan, V., Hart, T., Hogg, J. and Moran, P. (2013) At risk, yet dismissed. London: Victim Support and Mind.

The majority of people who called us had experienced harassment, alarm and distress or were a victim of domestic violence. Just over half of our calls were outside a typical working day. Callers often told us that, as a result of crime, they were struggling to cope, had difficulty sleeping, experienced flashbacks or feared being alone. Our specially trained staff were able to provide immediate emotional and practical support, referring callers to a local Victim Support service for ongoing support where appropriate.

We rely on the generous donations of the public to be able to answer these calls. If you are able to, we'd really appreciate your support victimsupport.org.uk/donate

The importance of our Supportline service

Our Supportline is able to help and support victims of all types of crime. However, many of our calls are from people who have experienced a serious sexual offence or are a victim of domestic abuse. Only **15%** of these victims ever report to the police, but they still require access to a support service that can provide support and advice on issues including how to safely leave their partner, support their children and/or find alternative accommodation.

Free Confidential Independent Supportline 08 08 16 89 111

We have seen
a **tenfold** increase
in call volumes
compared with the
previous year

Top locations for calls were **London, Greater Manchester** and **West Yorkshire**



55,074 calls were answered by our 24/7 Supportline **69** calls were answered on Christmas Eve and Christmas Day

#WeStandTogether regardless of the type of crime

The impact of 'low-level' crime on victims can often be underestimated. Crimes such as burglary can not only affect a person's finances, but also have a profound impact on their emotional wellbeing and sense of security. <u>#WeStandTogether</u> regardless of the type of crime.

Last year there were **438,971** burglaries reported to the police, a **9%** increase on the previous year. We contacted **125,123** victims of burglary to offer them information and specialist support. Our website contains information and safety tips for those who have experienced burglary, and for some people that was the only information they needed. However, **12,461** of these burglary victims required our specialist support.

Even though burglary is one of the most common crime types and classified as a low-level crime, the impact can be significant. For many victims of burglary the impact wasn't just financial – it also affected their emotional wellbeing and sense of security. The thought of a stranger being in their home was very distressing and made them feel unsafe in the one place we all expect to feel secure.

Victim Support helped victims of burglary by providing specialist emotional support to cope with the effects of burglary. We also provided practical help such as assisting with cancelling payment cards, sharing information and advice about security systems, locks and repairs and dealing with other agencies such as the police or housing department, or providing information about court procedures.

Kerry's story

"My relationship had ended and they had left, so I was living at home alone. I had moved into the back bedroom as I felt safer. I was up late one evening when I heard something. It sounded wrong..."

Kerry went downstairs at 4am to find a man with a crowbar, working on her window. The noises she heard were the cracks where the wood was breaking. They stood there, staring at each other. Eventually, the man broke eye contact and ran away.

Kerry phoned the emergency services and waited for the police to arrive. They were helpful upon their arrival, but Kerry was feeling frightened and vulnerable. This fear increased when she found a knife in her shed.

"The police said that he wouldn't have entered the house with a knife as then it would have been seen as entering a house with a weapon, an automatic custodial. Also, the forensics suggested that it may be a knife used in gang-related crime. This is not reassuring to hear and gets your mind all over the place."

Later that day the case was closed. There was no follow-up from the police and Kerry was still feeling traumatised from the event. This was when Victim Support made contact with Kerry.

"Victim Support rang me and asked if I needed anything. I was so on edge, I burst into tears. They gave me a personal alarm, helped me get blinds fitted on the windows and fake CCTV cameras. They were really supportive, even when I popped into their office to ask questions.

"They even managed to get a burglar alarm commissioned. They were so lovely. I was told I didn't have to worry about ringing and that they were there to support me."

Kerry is still sleeping on the sofa and understands that it is a long road to recovery, but she knows that her house is as secure as it can be and she has a safety plan in place, should something similar happen again.

"Victim Support gave me calls and reassurance and would ask me simple things like 'how are you?'. They kept me updated and I couldn't rate them highly enough - I couldn't have done it without them. They did everything they could to make me feel safe in my home and they let me do things in my own time. They were simply amazing."

- 3. Office for National Statistics (2015) Crime statistics, focus on public perceptions of crime and the police, and the personal well-being of victims: 2013 to 2014. London: Office for National Statistics.
- 4. Brady, K. T., Kileen, T. K., Brewenton, T. and Lucerini, S. (2000) Comorbidity of psychiatric disorders and posttraumatic disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 61, 22-32.
- 5. Victim Support and ADT (2014) Take no more.
- 6. Victim Support and ADT (2014) Take no more.

The impact of burglary

The impact of burglary can be wide ranging and long lasting. It can have a profound effect on both adults and children.





#WeStandTogether no matter who you are

Victim Support is an inclusive employer and service provider. We work to ensure that we are there for everyone who has experienced crime, regardless of race or ethnicity, religion or belief, age, sexual orientation, disability or gender identity. #WeStandTogether no matter who you are.

Inclusivity is central to who we are as an organisation. We celebrate and value diversity and we work inclusively with all communities to offer support to those affected by crime.

During the recruitment process we look for staff and volunteers who share our values. Everyone at Victim Support undertakes equality, diversity and inclusion training and further enhanced learning is offered in specific areas such as disability, faith and religion, mental health, race awareness and LGBT+ awareness.

We provide information about our services in over **20 languages** including Arabic, Cantonese, Gujarati, Hindi, Polish, Punjabi, Turkish, Urdu and Welsh. We also supply easy read materials and large print information on our services for those who need it.

One of the notable events in the Victim Support calendar is Pride. Staff and volunteers across England and Wales join in local events to show their support for Pride and use it as an opportunity to highlight the help available from Victim Support to LGBT+ individuals. We also run ongoing projects such as Rainbow Bridge, a service in Wales funded by the Big Lottery which is run specifically for LGBT+ victims of domestic abuse.

We know from previous Victim Support research that people with mental health problems are more likely to be victims of crime so we have dedicated tools and information to enable our staff and volunteers to provide effective and accessible support. Over the last year we have begun to work more closely with mental health organisations to provide a joined-up service.

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Many of our local Victim Support teams have dedicated community outreach workers who build and develop relationships with local community leaders and groups. For example, in June last year our team in north London worked with members of the Finsbury Park mosque after the terror attack.

Sometimes people can become victims of hate crime because an attacker has targeted them for who they are or what an attacker thinks they are. These can be criminal or non-criminal acts such as graffiti, vandalism, name callings, assault or online abuse on social media. Hate incidents can be extremely frightening and often can escalate to crimes or tension in a community. Last year we supported **4,953** victims of hate crime to cope and recover.

We work with other organisations and statutory bodies to ensure that we can best meet the needs of those affected by hate crime. For example, Victim Support in Wales works with Action on Elder Abuse and the Welsh Government to support those who have been targeted because of their age.

Victim Support offered and provided support to a diverse range of victims

Different victims face different barriers to reporting a crime or seeking help. For example, LGBT+ victims of hate crime tell us that one of their main concerns with reporting homophobic or transphobic crime is the fear of being outed by doing so. Disabled people face a totally different set of barriers to reporting hate crime, with many fearing that they won't be believed due to their physical disability or mental health problem. We work to reach as many victims as we can and to offer independent confidential support.

Information about Victim Support's staff and equality, diversity and inclusion work as an employer can be found on page 56.

841 victims were provided with language support

People with
a severe mental
illness are **five times**more likely to
be a victim of
assault⁷

4,953
victims of hate
crime were provided
with specialist
support

3.7% of victims supported had a disability or additional needs

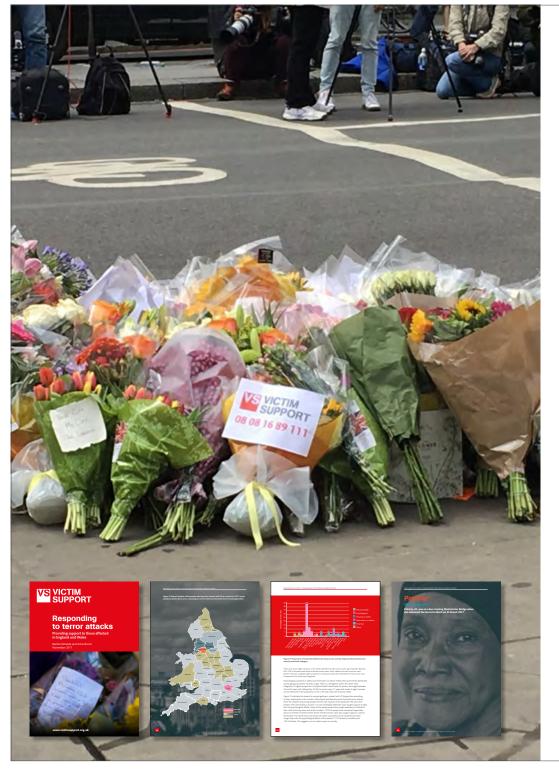
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Information about Victim Support's services is available in over **20** languages

People with
a limiting
disability or illness
are three and a half
times more likely
to suffer serious
violence8

113,611 referrals were victims under the age of 18

- 7. Pettitt, B., Greenhead, S., Khalifeh, H., Drennan, V., Hart, T., Hogg, J. and Moran, P. (2013) At risk, yet dismissed. London: Victim Support and Mind.
- 8. Rosetti, P., Dinisman, T. and Moroz, A. (2016) *Insight report: an easy target?* London: Victim Support.



#WeStandTogether in partnership, today and tomorrow

Since March 2017 five terror attacks have taken place in London and Manchester. #WeStandTogether with other organisations and agencies to provide support, and with survivors themselves to ensure they get the help they need and the respect they deserve. We will continue to offer support to those affected and we will do so for as long as it is needed.

The horrific terror attacks of 2017 are something many of us will never forget. The London and Manchester attacks left **36** people dead, hundreds physically injured and countless others affected emotionally, physically, socially and financially.

Victim Support had contact with more than **1,400** people affected by the terror attacks. Through our local services, the National Homicide Service and our 24/7 Supportline, we provided specialist emotional support and practical help.

One year after the attack our caseworkers continue to work with hundreds of people, providing long-term support to help survivors cope and recover from the trauma they have experienced. They help by developing coping strategies, building people's confidence and self-esteem, and establishing support networks and peer support.

While we hope that atrocities such as these never happen again, it is important that we continue to learn from our experience. Drawing on this, we produced two reports, *Responding to terror attacks* and *Impact of terrorism*. They outline a number of recommendations for responding to terrorist attacks. Working with the Ministry of Justice and other parts of government, we are pleased to say that some of these recommendations have already been implemented. We have also been collaborating with other charities to ensure that we can provide effective joined-up support.

We'd like to say a heartfelt thanks to all of you who generously gave to our One UK appeal. This raised £24,085 and has meant that we can continue to provide support to those who need it, for as long as they need it.

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#WeStandTogether to support those affected by terrorist attacks, people like Natalie

Natalie Senior and her two daughters Eve (14) and Emilia (11) were at the Manchester Arena on the night of the terrorist attack. The family, who were from Bradford, were in the foyer of the Arena when the bomb went off.

"As soon as I heard it I knew it was a bomb, but in that moment, you don't know what's going to happen next."

Fearing the worst, Natalie told Emilia to run as her physical injuries weren't as serious and she could make a quicker getaway.

Natalie and Eve made their way to the station by the Arena from where Eve was taken to the Royal Manchester Children's Hospital first as she was in a critical state. Natalie was then taken to the Royal Bolton Hospital where she stayed for three nights, before being transferred to Manchester to be with Eve.

Both Natalie and Eve underwent several operations to remove shrapnel from their legs. They were both initially discharged in wheelchairs for the first month, then were on crutches for two months after that. Both are still undergoing physiotherapy treatment to nerve damage that could affect them for up to two years.

Natalie's youngest daughter Emilia suffered hearing problems as a result of the blast, which she is still struggling with today.

Natalie first found out about the help from Victim Support when the police visited them in hospital. Once Natalie accepted the offer of help, they were assigned Victim Support volunteer Nigel to support them.

"Nigel came to visit us once a week – or as often as needed when we were struggling. He built up such a strong relationship with all of the family and he is still supporting us now. It's been so helpful to have one consistent person, outside of the family, who's been there from the start and knows everything that's happened."

One of the most significant ways in which Nigel supported the family was when he accompanied Natalie and the girls to the re-opening of the Manchester Arena.

"This was a really difficult and daunting experience and it really helped to have Nigel by our side on the day."

Nigel also supported the family with practical matters, such as looking into compensation available to the family, especially as Eve was initially in a wheelchair due to the extent of her injuries.

As part of her recovery, Natalie has just completed a six-week course for survivors of the Manchester attack run by Victim Support.

"We met weekly with Victim Support caseworkers, volunteers and other survivors of the attack. It was really helpful to meet people in a similar position to us who knew exactly what we'd been through.

"From the beginning we were able to give input on what we wanted to get out of these sessions, and we all worked with the team to create a really positive environment which focused on helping us find ways of coping. We had sessions on managing anxiety, how to sleep better, and dealing with feelings of guilt that many of us had been experiencing.

"Victim Support as a whole has been very valuable. I have met three different Victim Support caseworkers and all were very good. Nigel, who is a Victim Support volunteer, is our main point of contact and has a wealth of knowledge and support that's helped all the family in many different areas."



It is difficult to know how many people were affected by the terrorist attacks as they occurred in crowded areas and people quickly dispersed. We therefore used our national and local resources to help reach those who might need our support.

We asked our staff and volunteers to spread the word via their own networks

We produced
thousands of leaflets and
postcards highlighting our
support and handed them out
in affected areas



Our targeted Google adverts reached up to 304,681

Google

Our targeted Facebook adverts offering support reached 342,673



We reached up to

through the media including the Telegraph, the Independent, the Daily Mail and the Manchester Evening News at the time of the attacks



We were in contact with more than 1,400 people affected by the terror attacks



All data from Victim Support internal data sources.



#WeStandTogether through the very darkest of times

Last year our National Homicide Service, funded by the Ministry of Justice, supported more than **2,256** people bereaved by murder and manslaughter in England and Wales. This included the relatives of people who died during the terrible Grenfell Tower fire and the London and Manchester terror attacks and those bereaved as a result of knife crime. #WeStandTogether through the very darkest of times.

What it's like working with murder victims' families

The following is from an interview by Sky News with a caseworker from Victim Support's National Homicide Service.

"You knock on the door. You know no one wants your knock on the door, they want a time machine instead, something to take them back to the day before it happened.

The door opens. You see a drawn, worn face. You see the lines and bags of shock, of numbness, of the most unbearable pain.

You introduce yourself, introduce Victim Support. These people behind the door are amazingly warm and welcoming. They make you a cup of tea. And then you listen. And you marvel at the strength and determination and compassion and humour in this dark, sad place.

You tell yourself that it's this strength that has led to you coming here, this strength that makes us human, that keeps us going – not random, brutal acts of violence.

As homicide caseworkers we bear witness to emotions that can feel crushing, drowning, unbearable. We walk with people across a creaking bridge between hope and hopelessness.

Right at the beginning, a few days after their world has been torn apart - people's needs are stark, raw, yelling at you. Some of them you can meet; many you can't.

You try to offer a sense of being someone on their side, a connection to a more hopeful future, reassurance that guilt and anger and nightmares are normal. You watch the boy's mum throwing herself into practical matters, making phone calls, greeting family members, fending off the press, reading sympathy cards.

service

The boy's girlfriend is lost, quiet, unreachable for now.

His dad is angry - towards himself, towards the killers, towards the world.

There's a massive hole in this family now, an emptiness that nothing can ever truly fill. Staying cautiously, realistically hopeful is incredibly hard and you need to be ready to face the desolation together.

You have to connect with people in a way that tries to understand, but doesn't pretend to ever fully do so. You have to be open and pragmatic and kind. You have to be professional and you have to be yourself.

There's a necessary balance here; this is their grief, their pain and any of your own has to be suspended.

They tell you they don't know when the funeral will be. The police are doing their best, the coroner is doing her best, but the circumstances - the vicious, bloody circumstances - are delaying the process.

Add this to the loss; add not being able to bury your son to the loss. And add not knowing what happened to your child, the child you took to school when he was five, whose birthday party you organised when he was ten, whose terrible taste in music you hated when he was 15, who you'll be burying at 20.

There have been no arrests yet and they suspect justice may never be done; or there have been arrests and the people who took their son's life turn out to be just children, just like him.

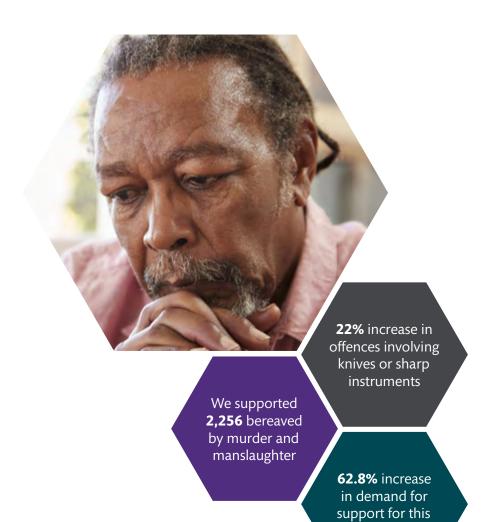
The world that used to make sense for these normal people no longer seems to exist. The beliefs they had in people's goodness, in God perhaps, in a society that values peace and justice, are shattering. They don't feel normal any more. There is no normal right now.

Sometimes we teach and sometimes we learn. But you have to remember we're all in this together, that each person is unique, each person needs their own particular support.

You thank them and you leave and you hope you've made a small difference. Next time, you hope you'll make another small difference.

One day, you hope - you know - they can craft a new life, one that doesn't ever forget their son but that grows and develops around him, his laughter, his tears, his life and his death.

One day, you dream, there will be no need for the work we do."



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Future plans

We will build on the work done this year around our three strategic aims: service delivery, victims' voice, and restructuring, development and fundraising.

Service delivery

STRATEGIC AIM	OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY
Provide victims and witnesses with high-quality practical and emotional support.	To build the capacity and capability of Supportline.	 We will actively seek to increase the capacity and visibility of our 24/7 Supportline. We will seek to ensure services for victims have the necessary funding to deal with major incidents such as terrorist attacks.
	To develop tools and techniques to support victims and witnesses.	We will grow the range of evidence-based tools and techniques available to support people and prevent re-victimisation.
	To enhance the accessibility of our services.	■ We will strengthen our digital offer to enhance provision of information and referral routes.

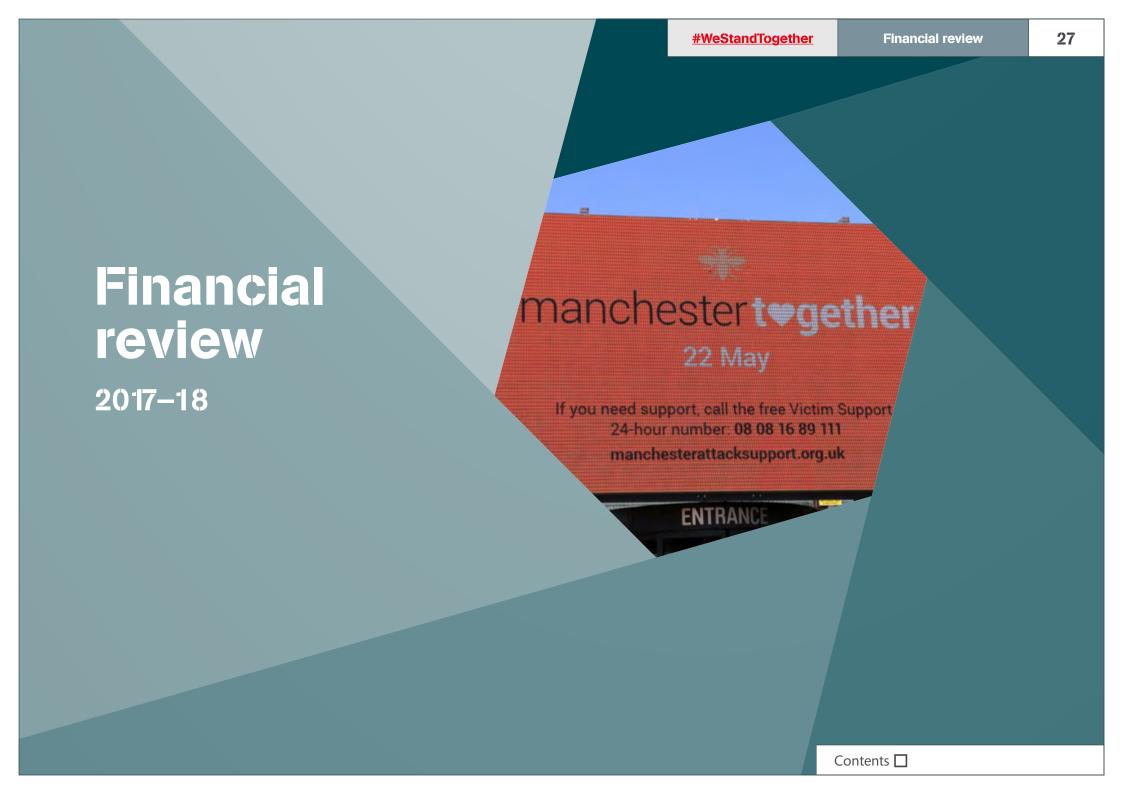
Voice

STRATEGIC AIM	OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY
Ensure victims' voices are heard to bring about positive change.	To actively champion victims' and witnesses' interests through research and representation.	 We will carry out a survey to monitor compliance with the Victims Code and compare with previous results. We will use the results to highlight gaps in compliance and champion victims' interests to influence change. We will continue to engage with decision-makers to promote victims' interests and strengthen victims' rights.
	To continue to learn and improve our services following terrorist attacks.	 We will continue to build on our lessons learned exercise on the response to terrorist attacks to ensure we continue to improve our support. We will inform the government's major incidents framework, reflecting victims' needs and experiences.

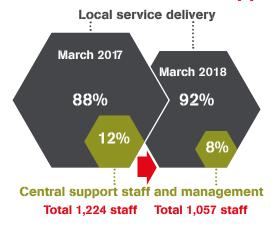
Future plans

Development and fundraising

STRATEGIC AIM	OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY
Ensure we have the right skills, systems and income levels, we get the best value for money and we optimise	To deliver the business development strategy.	 We will develop additional services beyond our core multi-crime services. We will increase free reserves and cash balances to ensure we maintain financial stability. We will grow our community events fundraising income.
our assets to deliver innovative and better services.	To enhance service quality and consistency.	■ We will embed the Quality Management System, ensuring engagement and adherence.
	To improve the recruitment, support and development of staff and volunteers.	 We will strengthen our learning and skills capability. We will increase the diversity of our volunteer applicants.



Simplified and reduced central support structure



Reduction in management team





Operations Management Team



31 March 2018



New Senior Management Team

Greater voice for local services

Closure of London headquarters



1 April 2017

31 March 2018

Central and operational colleagues' co-location

Financial overview

2017–18 was the third full year after the fundamental change in our operating environment to the current model of highly competitive local commissioning of services for victims. The commissioning environment remains competitive with downward pressure on contract values though our market share of available contracts has remained constant.

The overall result for the year was a deficit of £3.9m (2016–17: £6.1m). During 2017–18, we undertook a strategic review of our cost base and future prospects. As a result of this we identified a number of savings in central support costs which will result in annualised savings of c£4m. The implementation of these savings began in the year but will not be fully realised until 2018–19.

The central support structure has been simplified and reduced in size, including the Senior Management Team which was combined with the Operations Management Team. The overall number of members was reduced, leading to significant full-year savings.

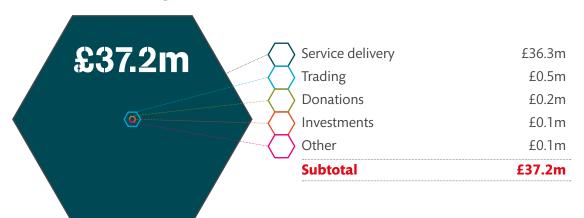
A number of central teams have been relocated outside London. The planned closure of the London headquarters office went ahead and those staff remaining in London now work alongside operational colleagues in service delivery offices across London. There is a continuing focus on cost control.

We enter 2018–19 with a healthy order book, a balanced budget, and adequate cash and reserve balances to deliver the 2018–19 budget. Good management of working capital, maximising cash and minimising debtor balances remain key to our financial sustainability.

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2017–18 at a glance – income and expenditure

Where our money came from 2017–18



Our total income for the year was £37.2m, which is £0.8m more than the previous year. During the year we were successful in retaining and winning significant contracts that have strengthened the long-term order book. In addition we drew down £3.9m of reserves.

How our money was spent 2017-18



Our overall expenditure was £41.1m, a reduction of £1.7m against last year. The reduction in expenditure reflects the completion of the 'restructuring and development' programme and rigorous cost control to reduce costs to a sustainable level.

Contents	П
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2017-18 at a glance

Service delivery

Using the new models developed in 2016-17, we successfully retained core victim contracts in North Yorkshire, Essex, Hampshire and West Yorkshire.

We expanded our portfolio winning five new contracts to deliver services to victims of sexual and domestic violence.

A major milestone of our business transformation agenda was met by rolling out the new case management system to all front-line services. A property review was completed and a rationalisation of how we use our estate was completed in 2017-18.

Victims' voice

In 2017-18 Victim Support published six research reports focusing on victims' experience of the criminal justice system, with a focus on domestic abuse, and accessing entitlements under the Victims Code, as well as the needs of those affected by the 2017 terror attacks. These reports have provided a foundation for our engagement with senior stakeholders in government and the criminal justice system, which has resulted in support and action on the majority of our recommendations, including increased monitoring of the Victims Code, changes to criminal injuries compensation to effectively recognise grooming, and improving the support of those affected by terror attacks in the future.

Restructuring and development

During 2017–18 we changed the focus of the restructuring and development programme to emphasise cost control over income diversification. Cost savings were identified that will eliminate the 2017-18 deficit in 2018-19, returning us to a sustainable financial position. We continue to explore strategic partnerships with other charities to enhance and broaden the services we provide to meet the needs of victims, irrespective of whether crimes are reported to the police.

Balance sheet

Net assets at 31 March 2018 were £7.8m (2016–17: £11.7m). Of this £4.0m was held in cash and short-term investments (2016–17: £7.1m). The trade debtor balance was £3.3m (2016–17: £2.9m) which represents 35 days outstanding (2016–17: 30 days).

The charity has entered into an agreement (subject to contract) to sell its freehold properties for £0.5m. Completion of the sale is expected to increase the charity's cash balance by £0.5m and its free reserves by a similar amount.

Reserves policy

The Board of Trustees and the Finance Committee reviewed the reserves policy during 2017–18 and concluded that free reserves, defined as unrestricted reserves less the net book value of fixed assets, is a more appropriate measure of reserves. Taking into account the business environment in which the charity operates, the Board considers that the charity needs to maintain sufficient free reserves to cover: responsive action in the event of a significant financial downturn or setback, contractual commitments, working capital requirements and the development needs of the charity. The Board has estimated that the level of free reserves should not fall below £2m.

Reserves

Total reserves at 31 March 2018 were £7.8m (2016–17: £11.7m) of which £2.7m (2016–17: £3.8m) was restricted and £5.1m (2016–17: £7.9m) was unrestricted.

The level of free reserves was £2.5m (2016–17: £5.3m) which was £0.5m above the floor level.

Investment policy and performance

The Finance Committee sets investment policy and regularly reviews investment performance. The investment policy is to invest non-working capital in a portfolio of risk-free cash equivalents or in a low-to-medium-risk managed portfolio. The choice of investment type will take into account a number of factors including immediate and future spending requirements, investment performance and the balance of capital growth and income.

At 1 April 2017 the investment portfolio was divided between the Newton Growth and Income Fund for Charities and the Newton Real Return Fund, with a small holding in the COIF Charities Investment Fund Income Units and BlackRock Investment Management Common Investment Fund Accumulation Units. The Newton Real Return Fund was liquidated during the year to meet the charity's cash requirements. The remainder of the portfolio yielded a gain of £0.02m (2016–17: £0.4m) in the year and income of £0.1m (2016–17: £0.2m) making a total return of £0.1m (2016–17: £0.6m).

Going concern

Victim Support secures the significant proportion of its income from service delivery contracts and grants awarded by Police and Crime Commissioners, criminal justice agencies, local authorities and other statutory bodies against specific service requirements.

Contracts and grant income generate a contribution towards the central costs of managing the charity which delivers central HR, IT and Finance systems to support local contract delivery; a technology platform that delivers a highly secure data hosting environment; a case management system with outcome-based reporting capability; GDPR compliance; safeguarding compliance; the delivery of consistent service standards and quality across the regions; continual knowledge sharing; service innovation; research and data gathering on national trends and performance.

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Recognising Victim Support has incurred losses while investing in and restructuring its operating model in the transition to the commissioning environment that began in 2014–15, the trustees have considered several factors in concluding that the adoption of the going concern basis in the preparation of these financial statements is appropriate. These have included:

- The forward pipeline of secured and prospective contract and grant awards (and sensitivity to historic renewal or win rates) not only for 2018–19 but also for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of these accounts
- The rigour of pipeline monitoring and cost controls that are in place so that the outcome of the last restructuring of the central support functions in 2017–18 delivers sufficient savings to create a balanced budget and eliminate further losses in 2018–19 and beyond, while still maintaining the capabilities required to meet victims' and Commissioners' needs.
- Cash management and working capital controls in place to manage the potential risks of late payments by Commissioners and ensure restricted and unrestricted assets and reserves are appropriately managed.
- Opportunities to realise surplus assets to further strengthen the cash and free reserves position. In this regard, Victim Support has entered into an agreement (subject to contract) to sell certain freehold properties that are no longer required.

After making such enquiries the trustees are confident the organisation has adequate resources to operate for the foreseeable future and can adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Board of Trustees is responsible for ensuring that there are effective and adequate risk management and internal control systems in place to manage the principal risks to which Victim Support is exposed.

Victim Support's governance structure and operating model are designed to ensure that it can manage effectively the principal risks that might affect its ability to deliver its strategic objectives.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of risk management and internal control, and reports its results to the Board of Trustees. This is achieved through:

- reviewing Victim Support's systems of control, risk management and compliance
- being provided with assurance on national improvement plans and corrective actions through the work of a Management Review Team that takes account of emerging risks and opportunities and reviews the work of internal audit, quality, performance and compliance review, considering any findings that arise
- ensuring that appropriate action is taken by management on recommendations coming out of independent review
- reviewing the nature and scope of external audit. Any matters raised by external audit for the attention of management, significant findings or identified risks are examined so that appropriate action can be taken.

Day-to-day risk management is delegated to the Chief Officer who works closely with and is supported by the Senior Management Team. The work of the governance committees, the Chief Officer and the Senior Management Team is supported by Victim Support's line management structure.

The risk management framework

Victim Support recognises that effective risk management relies on sound arrangements combined with a culture of risk management that permeates all levels and operational functions of the organisation. To encourage this, components of the risk management framework include the following:

- Maintaining operational, directorate and team level/project risk registers in addition to the corporate risk register. Risk review is explicitly linked to the business planning cycle through top-down review by the Senior Management Team with onwards reporting to the Board of Trustees, and bottom-up escalation of risks by individual functions and managers.
- The requirement to assess risk as an integral part of project initiation.
- A quality assurance system that meets the criteria of ISO 9001.
- Maintaining and testing business continuity arrangements to ensure an effective response in the event of a critical incident, thereby ensuring that the organisation's business continuity management system is robust.

The Board of Trustees ensures that all appropriate steps are taken to mitigate and manage the risks to which staff, volunteers, the assets and the reputation of Victim Support are exposed.

The principal risks the Board of Trustees has identified, and plans and strategies to manage them, are set out on the following page.

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RISK	MANAGEMENT
Failure to maintain financial viability	 Regular review of financial performance and applicable Key Performance Indicators, especially income growth and expenditure targets, by the Senior Management Team and the Finance Committee, with ongoing reporting to the Board. Robust financial modelling procedures established around income, costs, margins, reserves, cash balances and cash flow. Management and Finance Committee oversight of cash, including ensuring effective control over contract payment terms and effective management of debtors. Successful implementation of the new organisational structure and cost reduction programmes. Monitoring relationships with commissioners, contract performance and any risks to funding. Identifying and successfully pursuing new income growth and diversification opportunities. Assessing lost bids to identify causes and related actions required. Financial planning, projections and budget monitoring.
Quality assurance in place is not adequate or appropriate	 Quality Management System that meets the criteria of ISO 9001. Management Review Team that has oversight of internal assessment against organisational quality objectives, performance, and contractual and legal requirements.
Key projects, such as Skype roll-out, relocation of IT and digital teams, and the embedding of General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), are not delivered on time, in budget and to agreed scope	 Regular review by specialist teams of performance against business plans, delivery of key projects and mitigation of risks, with ongoing reporting to the Senior Management Team and the Board.
Events, such as a serious fraud, data security breach, health and safety incident, safeguarding incident or other compliance failure, have an impact on service quality and reputation	 Senior level engagement in policy setting and ongoing improvements to performance management and reporting. Comprehensive training for staff and volunteers. Dedicated specialists in data protection and GDPR, information security, health and safety, safeguarding and quality and performance. Regular review of, and investment in, IT systems, information reporting and new infrastructure. Review of internal and external safeguarding measures and safeguarding policy to address Charity Commission lessons learned advice following high-profile safeguarding incidents within charities. Compliance monitoring undertaken regularly by Management Review Team.
Physical assets not efficiently and effectively utilised with economy to meet operational needs	 Property strategy and plans regularly reviewed, and Senior Management Team and trustee oversight of property rationalisation. Key asset-related transactions reviewed by Senior Management Team and trustees. Regular review of utilisation of assets. Oversight of investment in physical assets, including IT systems, by the Finance Committee.
Financial risk: the charity's principal financial assets are bank balances and receivables which are subject to credit risk; and investments which are subject to credit risk and market movements	 Financial policy and procedures. Investment policy sets include the charity's attitude to risk. Regular review of financial risk by the Senior Management Team and the Finance Committee, with ongoing reporting to the Board.

Structure, governance and management

Governing document

Victim Support is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 28 August 1987, and registered as a charity with the Charity Commission on 17 November 1987. The company is governed according to its memorandum and articles of association. The charity adopted a new governing document for the new single charity on 20 June 2008, with an amendment agreed by special resolution on 29 April 2016.

Organisation

The Board of Trustees is ultimately responsible for setting the strategic direction and the management and safeguarding of the charity's assets, but has delegated the majority of operational decisions to the Chief Officer and members of the Senior Management Team. The Board approves a Scheme of Delegation that sets out the responsibilities of the Chief Officer and the Senior Management Team. The Board monitors and controls all delegated work through a process of regular reporting.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit when reviewing our aims and objectives and in planning future activities. In particular, as required by the Charities Act 2011, the trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the aims and objectives they have set.

The trustees have given careful consideration to the information contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives, when planning future activities and when setting appropriate policies for the year.

Good governance

The Board commissioned a review of governance arrangements during 2017–18. The findings and proposals contained within the review were considered by the Governance and Nominations Committee and the Board. We comply with the Charity Governance Code in all material respects and the programme of work to address areas of improvement identified has already commenced and will continue into 2018–19.

Appointment of trustees

The articles of association determine that the number of trustees shall not be less than five and (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) not more than 12. There are currently 11 trustees on the Board. The trustees are both charity trustees and directors of a company limited by guarantee, which means that their activities are regulated by both charity and company law.

Appointments to the Board are overseen by the Governance and Nominations Committee. Trustees are appointed for an initial term of three years. They may be re-appointed for a further period of three years, after which the trustee must step down unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Board allows a trustee to serve for a further term of up to three years.

Fundraising

Victim Support raises funds from individual donors, charitable trusts, companies and third-party challenge events without using the services of professional fundraisers or commercial participators. Donor recruitment channels have been updated with GDPR-compliant opt-in consent statements and renewed consent from existing and new donors has been closely monitored.

- Victim Support is a member of the Fundraising Standards Board.
- Victim Support monitors fundraising activities through its supporter database and by evaluating campaign results.
- In 2017–18, two complaints were received about fundraising activity.

Victim Support protects vulnerable people and other members of the public from intrusive or persistent behaviour by ensuring that opt-outs are recorded on the supporter database, monitoring fundraising communications and not asking for donations more than twice in a year.

Fundraising accounts for about 1% of our income.

Trustees' expenses

There was no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2018. Expenses reimbursed in the year were £3,596. Details of these expenses are in the financial statements.

Trustee induction and training

New trustees undergo an induction day which includes meetings with the Chair, Chief Officer and Senior Management Team members. In addition to being supplied with an induction pack, they are briefed on their legal obligations under charity and company law as well as on policies specific to Victim Support as an organisation.

An annual skills audit of the Board is undertaken. The results inform the training plan.

Board members and meeting attendance

Trustees						
	April 2017	June 2017	Sept 2017 Strategy day	Nov 2017	Jan 2018	% Attendance
Jo Cumbley	1	1	_	1	1	80%
Tom Davies (retired 2 November 2017)	1	1	1	n/a	n/a	100%
Christopher Digby-Bell	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	1	100%
Catherine Dugmore (retired 2 November 2017)	1	1	1	n/a	n/a	100%
Elizabeth Dymond CBE	1	1	1	1	1	100%
Andrew Edwards	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	100%
Roger Harding	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	1	100%
Tim Maxted* (retired 2 November 2017)	-	_	_	n/a	n/a	0%
Sarah Miller	1	1	1	1	1	100%
Les Mosco	1	1	1	1	1	100%
Geoff Pollard	1	1	1	1	1	100%
Will Sandbrook	_	_	1	1	-	40%
Andrew Tivey	1	1	1	1	1	100%
Maria Thomas (retired 2 November 2017)	_	_	1	n/a	n/a	33%
Moyna Wilkinson	1	1	_	-	1	60%

The Board has five sub-committees, which are listed below, along with the number of times they met in 2017–18:

- Audit Committee five meetings
- Finance Committee eleven meetings
- Governance and Nominations Committee four meetings
- Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Committee four meetings
- Remuneration Committee two meetings.

Key management personnel remuneration

The directors are the charity's trustees, and the Senior Management Team comprises the key management personnel of the charity in charge of managing the organisation on a day-to-day basis. The pay of the senior staff is reviewed annually and normally reviewed in accordance with inflation, and it is also monitored against average earnings within the sector for similar roles. The directors' benchmark against pay levels in other charities of a similar size and the remuneration benchmark is normally the midpoint of the range paid for similar roles.

In 2017–18 no pay increases were awarded to the Senior Management Team.

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^{*}Co-opted member of the Board.

Trustees' responsibilities in relation to the financial statements

The trustees (who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards). Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the group and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions, disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and the provisions of the charity's constitution. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware
- each member of the Board has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The Strategic and Trustees' Annual Reports were approved by the trustees on 16 August 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

A.D. livey

Andrew Tivey Chair

Auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the members of Victim Support

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Victim Support for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the Consolidated and Charity Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report, which includes the directors' report and the strategic report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report included within the trustees' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the charitable company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the parent company has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 37, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's or the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis

of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Namay

Nicola May
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of
Crowe U.K. LLP
Statutory Auditor
London
21 August 2018

Contents 🗌

Financial statements

Consolidated statement of financial activities for the year ended 31 March 2018

		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	Notes	31.3.18 £'000	31.3.18 £'000	31.3.18 £'000	31.3.17 £'000	31.3.17 £'000	31.3.17 £'000
Income and endowments from:							
Charitable activities	2.4	23,792	12,523	36,315	18,680	16,806	35,486
Donations and legacies	2.1	149	81	230	188	176	364
Other trading activities	2.2	246	270	516	195	125	320
Investments	2.3	70	_	70	185	-	185
Other income	2.5	45	1	46	6	48	54
Total income		24,302	12,875	37,177	19,254	17,155	36,409
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds	3.1	838	_	838	561	27	588
Charitable activities	3.2						
Service delivery		26,030	12,710	38,740	20,212	18,040	38,252
Victims' voice		430	_	430	625	-	625
Restructuring and development		1,114	_	1,114	3,397	-	3,397
Total charitable expenditure		27,574	12,710	40,284	24,234	18,040	42,274
Total expenditure before gains and losses on investm	ients	28,412	12,710	41,122	24,795	18,067	42,862
Net gains/(losses) on investments		19	_	19	383	-	383
Net income/(expenditure)		(4,091)	165	(3,926)	(5,158)	(912)	(6,070)
Transfers between funds	16	1,220	(1,220)	-	481	(481)	-
Net movement in funds in the year		(2,871)	(1,055)	(3,926)	(4,677)	(1,393)	(6,070)
Reconciliation of funds:							
Total funds brought forward on 1 April		7,929	3,753	11,682	12,399	5,146	17,545
Prior period adjustment		_	_	-	207	-	207
Restated opening balance		7,929	3,753	11,682	12,606	5,146	17,752
Total funds carried forward as at 31 March		5,058	2,698	7,756	7,929	3,753	11,682

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Balance sheet as at 31 March 2018

		Consolidated		Char	ity
	Notes	31.3.18 £′000	31.3.17 £'000	31.3.18 £′000	31.3.17 £'000
Tangible fixed assets					
Property, plant and equipment	8	2,544	2,612	2,544	2,612
Investments					
Investment in subsidiaries	10.1	-	_	10	10
Total fixed assets		2,544	2,612	2,554	2,622
Current assets					
Current investments	10.2	2,031	5,495	2,031	5,495
Debtors and prepayments	11	5,118	6,128	5,107	6,115
Cash at bank and in hand	-	1,956	1,578	1,955	1,567
Total current assets		9,105	13,201	9,093	13,177
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	12	(3,401)	(3,147)	(3,346)	(3,145)
Net current assets		5,704	10,054	5,747	10,032
Provision for liabilities	14	(492)	(984)	(492)	(984)
Net assets		7,756	11,682	7,809	11,670
Funds					
Unrestricted funds	16	5,058	7,929	5,111	7,916
Total unrestricted funds	16	5,058	7,929	5,111	7,916
Restricted funds					
Restricted	16	2,698	3,753	2,698	3,754
Total share capital and funds	-	7,756	11,682	7,809	11,670

The notes on pages 44 to 55 form part of these financial statements. The financial statements were approved by the Board on 16 August 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

A.D. livey

Andrew Tivey, Hon Treasurer and Chair

ELDyman

Elizabeth Dymond CBE, Trustee and Audit Committee Chair

Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2018

		31.3.18	31.3.17
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	а	(2,523)	(4,190)
Cash flows from investing activities: dividends received	Ь	70	185
Capital expenditure and financial investment	С	2,831	286
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the reporting period		378	(3,719)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net cash			
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period		378	(3,719)
Change in net cash resulting from cash flows		378	(3,719)
Net cash at 1 April		1,578	5,297
Net cash at 31 March		1,956	1,578

The notes on pages 44 to 55 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2018

a. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities to net incoming resources

		31.3.18 £'000	31.3.17 £'000
Net expenditure for the reporting period		(3,926)	(6,070)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation charges		720	1,037
Gains on investments		(19)	(383)
Interest received		(23)	(13)
Dividend received		(47)	(172)
Decrease in debtors		1,010	1,804
(Decrease) in creditors		(238)	(393)
Net cash used in operating activities		(2,523)	(4,190)
b. Analysis of cash flows as shown on the cash flow statement Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received		(23)	(13)
Interest received		• •	
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received	ance	(47)	(172)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment	ance	(47) (70)	
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. c. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets	ance	(47) (70)	(172) (185) (1,714)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investment		(47) (70)	(172) (185)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. c. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(47) (70)	(172) (185) (1,714)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investment	ent	(47) (70) (652) 3,483 2,831	(172) (185) (1,714) 2,000 286
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investment	e <mark>nt</mark> 1.4.17	(47) (70) (652) 3,483 2,831 Movement	(172) (185) (1,714) 2,000 286 31.3.18
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investment	ent	(47) (70) (652) 3,483 2,831	(172) (185) (1,714) 2,000 286
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Dividends received Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance. Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investment	e <mark>nt</mark> 1.4.17	(47) (70) (652) 3,483 2,831 Movement	(172) (185) (1,714) 2,000 286 31.3.18

The notes on pages 44 to 55 form part of these financial statements.

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Notes to the financial statements

The charity is a private limited company (registered number 2158780) which is incorporated and domiciled in the UK and is a public benefit entity. The address of the registered office is 1 Bridge Street, Derby, DE1 3HZ.

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments, which are included at market value, and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards including the Charities SORP, FRS 102 ('Accounting and Reporting by Charities') published in 2015 and the Companies Act 2006. Victim Support meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy note.

No separate statement of financial activities (SOFA) has been presented as permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. The charity has taken advantage of the exemptions available in FRS 102 from the requirements to present a charity-only cash flow statement and certain disclosures about the charity's financial instruments.

Group financial statements

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of Victim Support and its subsidiary undertakings, namely Victims Support Limited (registration number 02609147) and VS Trading (Cornwall) Limited (registration number 04631310), on a line-by-line basis.

Going concern

The Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that there are adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Trustees' Annual Report (page 31) discusses the matters that were considered in reaching that conclusion, specifically the value of the firm order book, the cash and working capital position, reserves and bid activity.

Accordingly, the accounts have been prepared on the basis that the charity is a going concern.

Significant judgements and estimates

The key sources of uncertainty in our estimations that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described in the accounting policies and summarised below:

■ Dilapidation provision – the charity has provided for its possible liability in relation to its leasehold property, which has been estimated as disclosed in note 14.

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Income recognition

All income is included in the SOFA when the charity is legally entitled to the income, receipt is probable and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Donations and gifts are included in the SOFA when receivable. Income from donated services and gifts in kind is recognised as income where the provider has incurred a financial cost and the benefit to the charity is quantifiable.

No amounts are included in the accounts for services donated by volunteers.

Legacy income is included within the accounts when the charity has entitlement, and receipt is probable and can be measured.

Grants are recognised in full in the SOFA in the year in which they are receivable unless the grant agreement specifies that the grant is to be used in a future accounting period, in which case the income is deferred. For performance-related grants, income is recognised using the proportion of costs incurred for the work performed to date in comparison to the forecast total costs to completion method.

Revenue from contracts is recognised to the extent that the activity stipulated in the agreement has been completed. This is generally equivalent to the related expenditure incurred in the period and associated overhead costs. Cash received in advance of the revenue being earned is shown as deferred income.

Income from the sale of goods or services is the amount derived from ordinary activities. Income is recognised net of VAT where applicable. Donated goods for resale in the charity shops are shown as income when the sale takes place.

Expenditure

Resources expended are included on an accruals basis and are recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation to pay. Expenditure is stated net of recoverable VAT where applicable but includes any irrecoverable VAT.

Direct charitable expenditure consists of direct, shared and indirect costs associated with the main activities of the organisation. This includes approved grants and support costs.

Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is conveyed to the recipient, except in those cases where the offer is conditional. Conditional grants are recognised as expenditure when the conditions are fulfilled. If the conditions have not been met at the year-end, the grants are noted as a commitment but not shown as expenditure.

Expenditure on raising funds consists of direct, shared and indirect costs associated with the income-generating activities of the organisation.

Fixed assets

Items of equipment are capitalised where the purchase price exceeds £5,000. Depreciation costs are allocated to activities on the basis of use. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life: for software and IT infrastructure and fixtures and fittings, this is five years. Freehold buildings are depreciated at 4% per annum on a straight-line basis. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease.

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Funds

Restricted funds are to be used for the purposes specified by the donor. Relevant expenditure is chargeable to the fund together with a fair allocation of management and support costs where this is allowed by the donor. Locally generated income is normally treated as restricted income as it will be used in the location of the donor; for example, grants donated by local authorities and other statutory bodies will be used to provide services within the boundaries of the local authority.

Unrestricted funds are available for the general object of the charity.

Designated funds relate to fixed asset transfers and unrestricted funds allocated by the Board of Trustees for a specific purpose.

Pensions

Victim Support operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of Victim Support in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by Victim Support, which has no other liability under the scheme.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership remain with the lessor, are charged to the SOFA on a straight-line basis over the lease duration.

Investments

Investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less any impairment. Listed investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date.

The SOFA includes net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

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2. Income		31.3.18			31.3.17	
	Unrestricted £'000	Restricted £'000	Total £'000	Unrestricted £'000	Restricted £'000	Total £'000
2.1 Income and endowments from:						
Donations	30	80	110	100	127	227
Legacies	119	1	120	83	5	88
Grants	-	_	_	5	12	17
Donated goods and services	-	-	-	_	32	32
Total	149	81	230	188	176	364
2.2 Other trading activities						
Fundraising events	106	187	293	49	85	134
Sponsorships	_	-	-	31	_	31
Trading operations	140	83	223	115	40	155
Total	246	270	516	195	125	320
2.3 Investment income						
Interest received	23	-	23	13	_	13
Dividend	47	-	47	172	_	172
Total	70	-	70	185	-	185
2.4 Income from charitable activities						
MoJ homicide	_	_	_	_	2,865	2,865
Local authorities and other statutory bodies	1,407	2,607	4,014	14,332	5,846	20,178
Police and other criminal justice agencies	22,115	5,677	27,792	_	7,662	7,662
Other grants and contracts	270	4,239	4,509	4,348	433	4,781
Total	23,792	12,523	36,315	18,680	16,806	35,486
2.5 Other income	45	1	46	6	48	54
Total income	24,302	12,875	37,177	19,254	17,155	36,409

Contents	

3. Expenditure		31.3.18			31.3.17	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
3.1 Costs of raising funds	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Raising funds	838	-	838	561	27	588
Total	838	-	838	561	27	588
3.2 Charitable activities						
Service delivery	26,030	12,710	38,740	20,212	18,040	38,252
Victims' voice	430	-	430	625	-	625
Restructuring and development	1,114	-	1,114	3,397	-	3,397
Total charitable expenditure	27,574	12,710	40,284	24,234	18,040	42,274
Total expenditure before gains and losses on investments	28,412	12,710	41,122	24,795	18,067	42,862
Net (gains)/losses on investments	(19)	-	(19)	(383)	-	(383)
Total	28,393	12,710	41,103	24,412	18,067	42,479
4. Total expenditure includes charges for:						
Depreciation	720	-	720	1,037	-	1,037
Trustees' reimbursed expenses	4	-	4	4	-	4
Audit fees	34	-	34	39	-	39
Operating lease rentals	1,314	-	1,314	1,490	-	1,490
Total	2,072	-	2,072	2,570	_	2,570

Audit fees for the year were £33,796 (2016-17: £39,137).

5. Support costs	Staff costs	Overheads	Total 31.3.18	Staff costs	Overheads	Total 31.3.17
	£′000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Support services	2,383	1,239	3,622	3,671	2,065	5,736
Governance	260	26	286	699	-	699
Total	2,643	1,265	3,908	4,370	2,065	6,435

Support services include central HR, IT and Finance systems to support local contract delivery; a technology platform that delivers a highly secure data hosting environment; a case management system with outcome-based reporting capability; GDPR compliance; safeguarding compliance; the delivery of consistent service standards and quality across the regions; continual knowledge sharing; service innovation; research and data gathering on national trends and performance.

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6. Trustees'/members' remuneration and benefits

Remuneration to key management personnel

None of the trustees have been paid any remuneration or received any other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2018 (2016–17: £nil). Expenses reimbursed to trustees of £3,596 (2016–17: £3,737) relate to travel and subsistence costs for attending trustee meetings and other sub-committees of the Board of Trustees in the year. A breakdown of these costs is shown below.

	Total	Total
	31.3.18	31.3.17
	£′000	£′000
Travel expenses	4	4
Total	4	4
7. Staff costs		
	31.3.18	31.3.17
7.1 Analysis of staff costs	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	24,899	25,741
Social security costs	2,333	2,296
Pension costs	1,164	1,227
Total	28,396	29,264
Other staff costs		
External consulting	593	1,190
Redundancy and termination	475	710
Agency staff	321	410
Other staff costs	1,389	2,310
Total staff costs	29,785	31,574
Redundancy costs paid in the year were £0.41m (2016–17: £0.64m). Agency staff comprises staff to provide long-term illness and vacancy cover.		
7.2 Key management personnel		

At the start of the financial year the key management personnel consisted of the Chief Executive Officer, Finance Director, Operations Director, IS and Digital Director, Human Resources Director, Engagement and Enterprise Director, and Strategy and Governance Director. Following a number of changes that were planned at 1 April and further changes arising from the strategic review, the key management personnel now consists of the Chief Officer, Director of Finance and People, Director of Support Services, Service Director Northern England and East Midlands, Service Director South East, Service Director London and Homicide and Service Director Wales and West.

Total employee benefits for the key management personnel for the year ended 31 March 2018 were £767,750 (2016–17: £691,574). The ongoing annual cost of key management personnel following the restructuring is £600,887.

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7.3 The number of employees paid more than £60,000 were:

	31.3.10	31.3.17
	Number	Number
£60,000-£70,000	10	7
£70,001-£80,000	-	1
£80,001-£90,000	1	2
£90,001-£100,000	1	2
£140,001-£150,000	1	1
Total	13	13

The total pension contributions for the above higher-paid staff were £38,908 (2016–17: £26,904).

7.4 Number of employees

The average number of employees is split as follows:

	31.3.10	31.3.17
	Number	Number
Support and management	89	149
Service delivery	920	1,030
National Homicide Service	48	45
Total	1,057	1,224

Annual leave carry over at 31 March 2018 was calculated at £149,841 (2016–17: £276,995) which is 0.4% of total expenditure. No provision has been made for this amount as it is not material.

7.5 Volunteers

A total of 1,146 dedicated volunteers generously gave 103,044 hours of their time to Victim Support in 2017–18.

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8. Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold property	Long leasehold	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Software and IT infrastructure	Total
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Cost						
At 1 April 2017	427	181	45	48	6,282	6,983
Additions	_	105	_	_	547	652
Disposals	_	-	_	_	(1,945)	(1,945)
At 31 March 2018	427	286	45	48	4,884	5,690
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2017	(153)	(181)	(40)	(48)	(3,949)	(4,371)
Charge for the year	(17)	(17)	(3)	_	(683)	(720)
Disposals	-	_	_	_	1,945	1,945
At 31 March 2018	(170)	(198)	(43)	(48)	(2,687)	(3,146)
Net book value as at 31 March 2018	257	88	2	-	2,197	2,544
Net book value as at 31 March 2017	274	_	5	_	2,333	2,612

9. Operating lease commitments

At 31 March 2018, total commitments under operating leases were as follows:

	31.3.18	31.3.17
	£'000	£'000
Expiring within one year	703	978
Expiring between two and five years	2,572	753
Total	3,275	1,731

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10. Investments

10.1 Investments in subsidiaries

Victims Support Limited (02609147), a company incorporated in the UK, is wholly owned by the charitable company. Audited accounts are filed with the Registrar of Companies. The cost of this investment is £10,000. A summary of the results for the year and the financial position at 31 March 2018 are shown in the table below.

VS Trading (Cornwall) Limited (04631310), a company incorporated in the UK, is wholly owned by the charitable company. Audited accounts are filed with the Registrar of Companies. The cost of this investment is £1. The company raises funds for Victim Support by providing catering services at Truro Magistrates' Court. A summary of the results for the year and the financial position at 31 March 2018 is shown below.

	Victims Supp	Victims Support Limited		l) Limited
	31.3.18	31.3.17	31.3.18	31.3.17
	£	£	£	£
Turnover	64,174	46,947	6,951	10,000
Cost of sales	(24,296)	(17,813)	(1,752)	(6,000)
Gross profit	39,878	29,134	5,199	4,000
Administrative expenses	(35,183)	(28,724)	(3,884)	(2,357)
Operating profit/(loss)	4,695	410	1,315	1,643
Donation to Victim Support	_	(410)	(1,315)	(1,643)
Reported profit/(loss)	4,695	-	-	_
Statement of financial position				
Fixed assets	-	-	-	284
Stock	-	-	-	100
Debtors	15,027	10,257	-	10,000
Cash at bank	508	468	-	10,601
Creditors	(840)	(725)	-	(8,417)
Net assets	14,695	10,000	-	12,568

10.2 Current investments

	51.5.10	31.3.17
	£′000	£'000
Market value at 1 April	5,495	7,112
Disposal in the year	(3,483)	(2,000)
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation	19	383
Carrying value (market value) at the end of year	2,031	5,495
Historical cost	2,017	5,500

The managed funds are predominantly invested in the Newton Growth and Income Fund for Charities which is a multi-asset fund invested primarily in UK and international securities. In addition, Victim Support holds Charities Investment Fund Income Units with COIF and Common Investment Fund Accumulation Units with BlackRock Investment Management.

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11. Debtors	Conso	lidated	Charity		
	31.3.18	31.3.17	31.3.18	31.3.17	
	£′000	£'000	£′000	£'000	
Trade debtors	3,285	2,872	3,229	2,870	
Inter-company debtors	-	-	46	_	
Other debtors	100	108	100	108	
Prepayments	674	966	674	966	
Accrued income	1,059	2,182	1,058	2,171	
Total	5,118	6,128	5,107	6,115	

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Trade creditors	818	912	818	910
Taxation and social security	1,345	1,222	1,339	1,221
Other creditors	212	229	163	230
Accruals	502	518	502	518
Deferred income	524	266	524	266
Total	3,401	3,147	3,346	3,145

13. Deferred income

	At 1.4.17	Deferred in the year	Released in the year	Balance at 31.3.18
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Total	266	421	(163)	524

14. Provisions for liabilities

	Balance at 1.4.17	Movement in provision	Balance at 31.3.18
	£'000	£′000	£′000
Dilapidations	734	(242)	492
Restructuring	250	(250)	-
Total	984	(492)	492

Dilapidations provision relates to leasehold properties where Victim Support has a contractual obligation to bear such costs. The dilapidations will become payable on lease terminations. Restructuring provision related to costs incurred on staff reductions at the National Support Centre.

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15. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.18 Total funds £'000	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.17 Total funds £'000
Fixed assets	2,544	_	2,544	2,474	138	2,612
Current assets	4,496	4,609	9,105	8,107	5,094	13,201
Current liabilities	(1,490)	(1,911)	(3,401)	(1,668)	(1,478)	(3,147)
Provision for liabilities	(492)	_	(492)	(984)	_	(984)
Total	5,058	2,698	7,756	7,929	3,753	11,682

16. Movement in funds

	At 1.4.16	Incoming resources	Outgoing resources	Transfer between	Gains and	At 1.4.17	Incoming resources	Outgoing resources	Transfer between	Gains and	At 31.3.18
				funds	losses				funds	losses	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
16.1 Restricted funds											
MoJ grants											
National Homicide Service	27	2,865	(2,867)	196	-	221	3,306	(3,313)	(94)	_	120
Total	27	2,865	(2,867)	196	-	221	3,306	(3,313)	(94)	_	120
Central restricted funds											
Supportline	33	_	_	(33)	-	-	150	(145)	_	-	5
Freehold property reserve	146	_	(8)	_	_	138	_	(9)	(129)	-	-
Other restricted	148	267	(274)	(106)	-	35	450	(441)	74	_	118
Total	327	267	(282)	(139)	_	173	600	(595)	(55)	_	123
Restricted by location											
Wales and West	237	2,816	(2,873)	178	_	358	2,560	(2,519)	(62)	_	337
London	1,716	4,268	(4,636)	(354)	_	994	4,113	(3,905)	(218)	-	984
Northern England and East Midlands	1,717	5,576	(5,710)	(87)	_	1,496	1,402	(1,201)	(903)	-	794
South East	932	1,363	(1,699)	(85)	_	511	894	(1,177)	112	_	340
MoJ grant-in-aid	190	_	_	(190)	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Total	4,792	14,023	(14,918)	(538)	_	3,359	8,969	(8,802)	(1,071)	_	2,455
Total restricted funds	5,146	17,155	(18,067)	(481)	_	3,753	12,875	(12,710)	(1,220)	_	2,698
16.2 Unrestricted funds	12,606	19,254	(24,795)	481	383	7,929	24,302	(28,412)	1,220	19	5,058
Total funds	17,752	36,409	(42,862)	-	383	11,682	37,177	(41,122)		19	7,756

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#WeStandTogether

MoJ grants: During the year the charity received £3.3m in grant-in-aid restricted for the National Homicide Service.

Funds restricted by purpose and location: The locality reserves restricted by purpose and location will be spent on services as specified by the donors or funders.

Unrestricted funds: These are available for the general objectives of the charity.

Other restricted funds: These are funds set aside to support small projects, such as Supportline and Safer Schools.

The freehold property reserve was reclassified from restricted to unrestricted funds to match the treatment of the associated freehold property which is not treated as restricted.

Other transfers from restricted to unrestricted reserves arose from a review of reserve balances that identified a number of balances that had incorrectly been classified as restricted.

17. Related party transactions

Other than transactions with the subsidiary company (
n the year totalled £35,183 (2016–17: £24,693) which $r_{ m c}$	elated to costs incurred by	the trading company on v	victim awareness courses	, paid by the charity on b	behalf of the subsidiary.

Contents

Thank you – our people

Thank you to our 1,057 staff and 1,146 volunteers who continually strive for a world where victims and witnesses are given the support they need and the respect they deserve.

We are also fortunate to benefit from the involvement of people who have used our services. They help us continually improve our services.

Diversity matters and we value it

We take pride in being a diverse organisation and an equal opportunities employer. As an organisation we are enriched by the participation of all individuals and communities.

Victim Support has internal networks (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender; Disability and Mental Health; Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) open to staff and volunteers across England and Wales.

The aim is to explore issues affecting these groups, to increase organisational knowledge, awareness and understanding of the issues affecting these groups to help our staff and volunteers to deliver a better service for victims.

Victim Support's gender pay gap

As of 5 April 2017, women's mean pay at Victim Support was 17.6% lower than men's, while women's median pay was 6.8% lower than men's.

The gap arose because the ratio of women to men at Victim Support decreases at higher levels of the organisation. However, recent structural changes have reduced the mean gender pay gap to around 14% and the median pay gap to 6.7%.

In our regular reviews of our selection criteria and procedures we will continue to ensure there is no systematic gender bias which could be contributing to this pay gap. If any evidence is found we will act swiftly and robustly to address this – both in policy and in practice.



Thank you – our funders

We are thankful to all the organisations who funded us in 2017-18:

Achieving for Children

Avon and Somerset Police and

Crime Commissioner

Bedford Borough Council

Bedfordshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Big Lottery Fund

Birmingham City Council

Bradford City Council

Bristol City Council

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council

Cannock Chase District Council

Children's Society

City Bridge Trust

Cumbria Police and Crime

Commissioner

Department for Education

Devon and Cornwall Police and

Crime Commissioner

Doncaster Metropolitan Borough

Council

Dorset Police and Crime

Commissioner

Dudley Community Safety

Partnership

Essex Police and Crime

Commissioner

Gateshead Borough Council

General Medical Council

Gloucestershire Police and Crime Commissioner

Greater Manchester Combined Authority

Gwent Police and Crime Commissioner

Hampshire and the Isle of Wight Police and Crime Commissioner

Hampshire Constabulary and Thames Valley Policing Unit

Hartlepool Borough Council

Hertfordshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Home Office

Hull City Council

Humber Police and Crime

Commissioner

Kent Police and Crime

Commissioner

Lancashire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Leeds Community Safety

Lichfield District Council

Lincolnshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

London Borough of Barking

and Dagenham

London Borough of Bexley London Borough of Bromley London Borough of Ealing

London Borough of Havering

London Borough of Merton

London Borough of Sutton

London Borough of Tower Hamlets

London Borough of Waltham Forest London Borough of Wandsworth

London Luton Airport Ltd

Luton Borough Council

Manchester City Council

Mayor's Office for Policing and

Crime (London)

Merseyside Police and Crime

Commissioner

Ministry of Justice

National Westminster Bank plc

Newcastle City Council

Norfolk Community Foundation

Norfolk Police and Crime

Commissioner

North Wales Police and Crime

Commissioner

North Yorkshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Northamptonshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Northumbria Police and Crime

Commissioner

People's Postcode Trust

Radian

Rochdale Metropolitan Borough

Council

Royal Borough of Kensington

and Chelsea

Royal Borough of Kingston upon Thames

Safe! Support for Young People

Affected by Crime

Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council

Sentinel

Solihull Metropolitan Borough Council

South Gloucestershire Council

South Tyneside Borough Council

South Wales Police and Crime

Commissioner

South Yorkshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Staffordshire Community

Foundation

Stoke on Trent City Council

Suffolk Police and Crime

Commissioner

Surrey Police and Crime

Commissioner

Sussex Police and Crime Commissioner Thames Valley Police and Crime Commissioner

Tameside Metropolitan Borough

Trafford Borough Council

Wakefield District Housing

Wakefield Metropolitan District

Council

Council

Walsall Metropolitan Borough

Council

Warwickshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Welsh Government

West Mercia Police and Crime

Commissioner

West Midlands Police and Crime

Commissioner

West Sussex County Council

West Yorkshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Wiltshire Police and Crime

Commissioner

Winchester City Council

Thank you – our supporters

We are thankful to the following individuals, organisations and community groups, and trusts and foundations that supported us in 2017-18:

Individuals

The late Hazel Abbott

Rahima Ali Sam Allen

The late Clara Alman

R Apthorp

Tom Atkinson James Banting

Ben Barker

Alex Bradley

Jason Bradshaw
The late Georgina Helen Brady

Sarah Butler

The late Joanna Buxton MBE

Ava Carpenter

John Mark Castle

Theresa Chalk

Emma Cooper

Gordon Dixon

The late Oliver Dodge

Melissa Else Sophie Evison

Trevor and Sheila Fairhurst

(The Carly Fund)

Alicia Hamber-Stott

Andrew Harrison

Leanne Helm

Lisa Hesketh

Tracey Highton

S Hoad & S Roake

Bryn Hughes

Brian Hunt

(PC Nicola Hughes Memorial Fund)

The late Margaret Jarrett

Vicki Jones

B J Kestelman

Priscilla Litter

Sam MacDonald

Liz Mahon

Rachel Mallett

Tom Marlow

Samantha Martin

D McCunnell

Janice Menezes

Mr & Mrs Meyer

S Munday

Jo Parton

Nina Patrick

Sophie Pead

Lawrence Pollard Mrs Rachel Pugh

Suzy and Owen Richards

(Smile for Joel)

Darren Rodwell

Sara Roscoe

Alex Rossi

The late Charles Salmon

Deborah Scott Caroline Seton **Rob Seymour**

Maralyn Smith

Rebecca Smith

Graeme Stephenson

Rachel Summerbell

Joe Tarbert

The late Graham Tilston

B Tomsu

Nicole Watson

Conor Witherow

India Wood

Lindsey Wynne-Jones

Hannah Zemzam

Organisations and community groups

Alchemy Tattoo Studio

BAE Systems - Submarines

Ballamy LLP

Barratt Homes (Manchester

Branch)

BOC Group plc

Buttle UK

Carmarthenshire Domestic Abuse

Forum Ltd

Chatsworth House Enterprises Ltd

Church of St Peter ad Vincula Co-operative Group Limited

Corsham Masonic Lodge

Didcot Town Council

Gloucester Brewery

Home Builders Federation

Ikea Ltd

John Lewis

JP Morgan Chase Bank

Lincoln Cathedral

Lloyds Banking Group plc

Lowdham Prison

Northern Rail

Outlet Women's Group

Smartest Energy

St Augustine's Church

St James Church

Strutt & Parker Ltd

The Community Foundation for

Staffordshire

The Cranbrook School

The Heart of England Conference

and Events Centre

Waitrose - Bracknell

Waitrose - Leighton Buzzard

Waitrose - Poole

Waitrose - Warminster

Waitrose Limited

Warwickshire County Council

Wiltshire Provincial Grand Chapter

of Royal Arch Masons Wokingham Rock Choir

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G M Morrison Charitable Trust

Gilbert and Eileen Edgar

Foundation

Hackney Parochial Charity

Koestler Trust

Michael Varah Memorial Fund

Millichope Foundation

Nikki's Wishes

Patricia Routledge Charitable Trust

Peter Storrs Trust

Potton Consolidated Charity

Savannah Charitable Trust

Sir James Reckitt Charity

The 29th May 1961 Charitable Trust

The Annandale Charitable Trust

The Big Give

The Charles Irving Charitable Trust

The Donald Forrester Trust

The Fulmer Charitable Trust

The Moira Fund

The Porta Pia 2012 Foundation

The Rothera Family Charity Trust

The Vandervell Foundation
The Zochonis Charitable Trust



Reference and administrative details

President

HRH, The Princess Royal

Trustees

Andrew Tivey (Chair and Hon Treasurer)

Les Mosco, Vice Chair

Jo Cumbley

Tom Davies (retired 2 November 2017)

Christopher Digby-Bell (joined 2 November 2017)

Catherine Dugmore (retired 2 November 2017)

Elizabeth Dymond CBE

Andrew Edwards (joined 2 November 2017)

Roger Harding (joined 2 November 2017)

Tim Maxted (co-opted until 2 November 2017)

Sarah Miller

Geoff Pollard

Will Sandbrook

Maria Thomas (retired 2 November 2017)

Moyna Wilkinson

Senior Management Team

Diana Fawcett, Chief Officer

Martyn Herward, Director - Support Services

Bernadette Keane, Service Director - London and Homicide

Ellen Miller, Service Director - Northern England and East Midlands

Kultar Nayyar, Service Director - South East

Tony Silcock, Director - Finance and People

Sara Vaughan, Service Director - Wales and West

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Lloyds Bank plc, 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN

Solicitors

Bates Wells Braithwaite, 10 Queen Street Place, London EC4R 1BE

Auditor

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Investment managers

Newton Investment Management, 160 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4V 4LA

Company Secretary

Tony Silcock

Charity registration number: 298028

Registered as a charity in England and Wales

Company registration number: 2158780

Registered as a company limited by guarantee in England and Wales

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Find out more

Information and support

Call our free confidential Supportline 08 08 16 89 111

Use Next Generation Text (add 18001 before any of our phone numbers)

■ Go online: victimsupport.org.uk

Get involved

■ Support our work: victimsupport.org.uk/donate

■ Volunteer with us: victimsupport.org.uk/volunteer

■ Fundraise for us: victimsupport.org.uk/fundraise

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f VictimSupport



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Victim Support, 1 Bridge Street, Derby, DE1 3HZ

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