THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY

(REGISTERED CHARITY NO. 212048)

COMMON INVESTMENT FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2017

BARROW LLP
STATUTORY AUDITOR
RAE HOUSE
49 DANE STREET
BISHOP'S STORTFORD
HERTS
CM23 3BT

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Trustees A.M.I. Paris (Chairman)

D. J. Regan A. J. Scott-Barrett

D.G. Thomas (Treasurer)

Secretary C. J. Pitman

Offices of the Society The Royal London Hospital,

Whitechapel, London, E1 1BB.

Auditors

Barrow LLP,
Statutory Auditor,
Rae House,

Dane Street, Bishops Stortford, Herts, CM23 3BT.

Investment Advisors Walker Crips Stockbrokers Limited,

Old Change House, 128 Queen Victoria Street London, EC4V 4BJ.

Bankers Coutts & Co,

440 Strand,

London, WC2 0QS.

Legal Advisors Taylor Wessing LLP,

5 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3TW.

Insurers AXA Insurance UK plc,

5 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AD.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The Trustees present their report and the audited financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 December 2017. The trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" (FRS 102) in preparing the annual report and financial statements of the charity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes to the accounts and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published on 16 July 2014 (as amended by Update Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016).

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

The organisation is a Charitable Trust and is constituted by Trust Deed.

Trustees

The Trustees named on page 1 have served throughout the year; appointment of trustees is governed by the Trust Deed of the Charity. The Trustees are authorised to appoint new trustees to fill vacancies arising from resignation or death of an existing trustee.

Risk Statement

The Trustees review all aspects of the Society's finances, and will take what action is appropriate to protect the Society's financial status. The risk statement is reviewed annually, or more frequently should the need arise.

OBJECTS AND ACTIVITIES

Purpose and Aims

Our charity's purposes are to provide and administer such relief and aid for patients at, or who have been discharged from, The Royal London Hospital, that does not fall within the scope of the National Health Service. Its administration is delegated by the trustees to the management committee and its secretary.

The policy of The Charitable Trust is to continue to render assistance to as many patients as possible, and is undertaken to further our charitable purposes for the public benefit.

Ensuring our work delivers our aims

We review our aims, objectives and outcomes each year. This review looks at the success of each key activity and the benefits they have brought to those groups of people we help. The review also enables us to ensure our aim, objectives and activities remain focused on our stated purposes. We have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing our aims and objectives and in planning our future activities. In particular, the trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to aims and objectives they have set.

The Trustees are actively seeking to make grants to local organisations that render assistance to patients of The Royal London Hospital - a condition for being considered for a grant. The Trustees take this responsibility seriously, and will only sanction a grant providing that adequate and sufficient information is obtained in support of such an application.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

All our charitable activities focus on providing care and support for patients at or who have been discharged from, The Royal London Hospital that is deemed to be outside the scope of the National Health Service. It includes direct support for individuals or groups of patients or grants to organisations that provide care for them. We also make grants to support developments in clinical care that directly benefit patients.

During 2017, the Society spent £35,376 (2016 - £33,157) to assist patients on 142 occasions (2016 - 147 occasions).

The Society also made grants of £64,451 (2016 - £58,733) to local organisations who support Royal London Hospital patients.

The Tower Hamlets Mission £20,000

The City and East London Bereavement Service £10,000

The Griffin Community Trust £6,000

The Clare Mann Bursary Fund £5,000

Providence Row £23,451

The Providence Row "Routes to Roots" project works with the Hospital Pathways Team at the Royal London Hospital to prevent homeless patients being discharged from hospital back onto the streets.

This project continues to reduce both length of stay of patients and re-admission rates making beds available for others.

Samaritan Nurse £41,373

The Society agreed to fund a second Senior Nurse in the Hepatobilliary and Pancreatic Surgery Unit for two years, the second payment of the grant was paid this year.

Respiratory Medicine £3,240

The above grant was for two Spirometers, which are an aid in the diagnosis of patients with respiratory conditions.

James Hora Home £80,000 Annual Grant

The James Hora Home, which provides accommodation for self-caring patients and relatives of patients, had 789 guests (2016 - 874) whose average stay was four days. £36,729 (2016 - £34,588) was donated by patients and relatives who stayed in the home during the year which contributed towards the annual grant made by the Society.

The Trustees are very aware of the need for this facility to continue. An appeal by the freeholder against the rejection of a planning application submitted earlier was heard early in 2018 and has been successful. This therefore uncertainty regarding the future location of the home.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

A very substantial amount of funding would be required to re-establish James Hora Home, subject to determining a suitable location for it. The home has been the Society's flagship for many years and all possible efforts will be taken to ensure that the service provided – offering a haven for self - caring patients and relatives – continues the good work of the past 37 years assisting over 30,000 residents.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Society has set out Financial Statements in accordance with the current Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP). In the opinion of the Trustees there are sufficient funds to permit the Society to operate in the long term.

Reserves policy

At the year end the Society's assets amounted to £14,431,298 (2016 - £13,424,952). The increase in the value of the Society's reserves is the result of significant net gains of £814,453 (2016 - £1,435,023) in the value of the Society's investments. Because the Society receives no direct funding and does not carry out fundraising activities, it relies on its investments to provide its income.

Investments form a significant part of the Society's reserves and, as stated below, are managed by an independent investment manager. The management committee delegates the responsibility for overseeing the activities of the investment manager to an investment sub-committee, which set targets and guidelines as a framework within which the investments should be managed. The investments are managed cautiously, with the principal objective of maximising the potential yield whilst protecting the value of the capital investment.

At the year end £1,216,014 (2016 - £1,210,081) was held on deposit, of which £812,765 (2016 - £508,682) was held by the investment manager for future investment, and included the sum of £500,000 transferred to the fund manager during the year.

The remaining sum of £403,249 (2016 - £701,399) was held on deposit, to be used for charitable activities and objects providing they came within the Society's remit.

Investment policy

The Trust deed authorises the trustees to make and alter investments using the Common Investment Fund of the charity. Investments are currently managed by an independent professional fund manager with an appropriate nominee company.

The objectives set for the fund manager for the year were as follows:

Target income of £350,000.

Asset mix of: UK Equities 40 - 65% Fixed Interest 20 - 30% Overseas 10 - 30% Cash 0 - 25%

This past year, as in previous years, the portfolio generated income in excess of the target set by the Investment Sub Committee. The Total return achieved by the portfolio was 10.4% over the year, well in excess of the rate of inflation over the period. The fund manager complied with instructions on asset mix for investments and cash sums held and the Trustees consider that there is no reason currently to consider a change in fund management arrangements.

PLANS FOR FUTURE

The Charity plans continuing the activities outlined above in the future, having consideration to available funds to meet the objectives.

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TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England & Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP 2015 (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the trustees are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and each trustee has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself aware of any audit information and to establish that the Trust's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the trustees on the 21st June 2018 and signed on their behalf

SIGNED

D.G. Thomas
Trustee and Acting Chairman of the Management Committee

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees of The Marie Celeste Samaritan Society

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Marie Celeste Samaritan Society (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2017, and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate;
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant
 doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve
 months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Continued...

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 5, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Continued....

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
 the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether
 the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Barrow LLP Statutory Auditor Rae House Dane Street Bishops Stortford Herts CM23 3BT

Date:

Barrow LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Income and endowments from:	4	36,729	34,717
Donations and legacies Investments	5	538,951	378,929
Total income and endowments		575,680	413,646
Expenditure on: Raising funds:	6		
Investment management costs Other		40,457 2,790	35,633 1,230
Charitable activities: Grants payable	7	161,123	166,498 122,363
Directly provided services Other	8 10	119,349 60,068	54,853
Total expenditure		383,787	380,577
Net gains/(losses) on investments	16	814,453	1,435,023
Net income/(expenditure)		1,006,346	1,468,092
Net movement in funds		1,006,346	1,468.092
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward		13,424,952	11,956,860
Total funds carried forward		14,431,298	13,424,952

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Note		
	11010	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	14	159,254	191,105
Investments	15	12,918,826	11,952,054
		13,078,080	12,143,159
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	17	102,199	75,597
Cash at bank:			
Deposit accounts	18	403,249	701,399
Current accounts		57,395	72,207
Walker Crips Stockbrokers Ltd		812,765	508,682
		1,375,608	1,357,885
LIABILITIES			
Creditors: Amounts falling due			
within one year	19	22,390	76,092
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,353,218	1,281,793
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		14,431,298	13,424,952
LIABILITIES		.,,,,	,,,
NET ASSETS		14,431,298	13,424,952
The funde of the charity:			
The funds of the charity: Common Investment Fund		14,431,298	13,424,952

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on the 21st June 2018 and signed on their behalf:

Trustee	Trustee	Trustee	Trustee
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THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY COMMON INVESTMENT FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Cash flow from operating activities Interest paid	21	(395,511)	(281,360)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(395,511)	(281,360)
Cash flow from investing activities Payments to acquire fixed assets Receipts from sales of fixed assets Payments to acquire investments Receipts from sales of investments Investment income received		(602,137) 449,818 538,951	(721,784) 998,228 378,929
Net cash flow from investing activities		386,632	655,373
Cash flow from financing activities Repayments of borrowing Cash inflows from new borrowing		-	-
Net cash flow from financing activities			<u> </u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(8,879)	374,013
Cash and cash equivalents at 01/01/2017		1,282,288	908,275
Cash and cash equivalents at 31/12/2017		1,273,409	1,282,288
Cash and cash equivalents consists of: Cash at bank: Deposit accounts Current accounts Walker Crips Stockbrokers Ltd	18	403,249 57,395 812,765	701,399 72,207 508,682
Cash and cash equivalents at 31/12/2017		1,273,409	1,282,288

1. COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

The members of the Committee of Management act as trustees of The Common Investment Fund; this was achieved by a sealed scheme from The Charity Commission dated 9th May 2008. The scheme allows the combining of all funds and monies of the Society including financial records.

The funds that were combined into the Common Investment Fund are as follows:

The General Fund

The Consolidated Charitable Trust General Fund

The Consolidated Charitable Trust Past and Present Nurses' Fund

The Anonymous Fund for Convalescence and Upkeep of Homes

The Staff Pension Fund

2. COMMON INVESTMENT FUND

The following funds are included as part of the Common Investment Fund of the Society:

The Hebrew Trust Fund
The Charrington Memorial Fund
The Robert McWharrie Fund

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of accounts

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014 (as updated through Update Bulletin 1 and published on 2 February 2016), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Charities Act 2011 and UK Generally Accepted Practice.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair' view and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair view'. This departure has involved following the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014 rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include investments at market value.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

(b) Income

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income after any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received

Subscriptions and deposit interest are credited when due, voluntary income, donations and legacies when received.

(c) Investments

Investments are stated at market value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are dealt with in the Statement of Financial Activities. Investment income is credited to income on an accruals basis, using dates of payment for dividends, and daily accrual for interest.

(d) Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as an expense against the activity for which expenditure arose.

Grants payable to third parties are within the charitable objectives. Where unconditional grants are offered, this is accrued as soon as the recipient is notified of the grant, as this gives rise to a reasonable expectation that the recipient will receive the grants. Where grants are conditional relating to performance then the grant is only accrued when any unfulfilled conditions are outside of the control of the charity.

It is the Society's policy to allow one year from the date of approval for grants to be claimed. If the grants are not claimed within this time limit then they are withdrawn.

(e) Support costs allocation

Support costs are those that assist the work of the charity but do not directly represent charitable activities and include office costs, governance costs, administrative and payroll costs. They are incurred directly in support of expenditure on the objects of the charity. Where support costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to expenditure on charitable activities on a basis consistent with use of the resources. An allocation of 70% to grants payable and 30% to directly provided services has been used.

(f) Management and administration expenditure

Expenditure on management and administration of the charity includes all expenditure not directly related to the charitable activity. This includes the day to day running of the charity, audit fees and administrative staff salaries.

(g) Fixed assets

The Society capitalises fixed assets, other than investments, at historical cost. Depreciation is calculated to write of the cost of the asset over its useful economic life as follows:

Horace Evans House - over the term of the agreement.

(h) Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

(i) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the trustees believe that no material uncertainties exist. The trustees have considered the level of funds held and the expected level of income and expenditure for 12 months from authorising these financial statements. The budgeted income and expenditure is sufficient with the level of reserves for the charity to be able to continue as a going concern.

4. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

4. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES		2017 £	2016 £
Donations Annual subscriptions		36,605 124	34,588 129
		36,729	34,717
5. INVESTMENTS		2017 £	2016 £
Investment income Deposit interest	В	537,263 1,688	376,167 2,762
		538,951	378,929
6. RAISING FUNDS		2017 £	2016 £
Investment management costs: Portfolio management fees		40,457	35,633
Safe custody fees		2,790	1,230
		43,247	36,863

7. GRANTS PAYABLE			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Grants to other organisations		64,451	58,733
HPB Specialist Nurse		41,373	41,373
HPB Patient Videos		<u>-</u> 1	10,000
Past & present nurses fund		3,277	3,267
Assistance with fares		432	
Clothing fund		2,190	2,700
Samaritan help		32,754	25,457 5,000
James Young Implants (RLH Patient) Respiratory Medicine (Spiro Meters)		3,240	3,000
TB Clinic (TV Waiting Area)		5,240	704
12 Cimile (17 Training / iloa)		147,717	147,234
Supports costs		13,406	19,264
		161,123	166,498
Of the above:			
Grants to individuals totalled		35,376	33,157
8. DIRECTLY PROVIDED SERVICES			
		2017 £	2016 £
James Hora Home		81,754	82,255
Support costs		37,595	40,108
		119,349	122,363
9. ALLOCATION OF SUPPORT COSTS			
	Grants	Directly	Total
	Payable	Provided	2017
		Services	
	£	£	£
Self Employed Payment	12,417	5,321	17,738
Amortisation, JHH		31,851	31,851
Postage, printing and stationery	675	289	964
Insurance	282	121	403
Office equipment	22	9	31
Miscellaneous expenses	10	4	14
	13,406	37,595	51,001

10. OTHER EXPENDITURE	2017 £	2016 £
Dest employee pensions	45,489	40,438
Past employee pensions Auditors remuneration	7,170	7,590
Annual meeting costs	113	102
Bank charges	816	809
Investment performance review fees	6,480	5,387
250th Anniversary Costs		527
	60,068	54,853
11. NET INCOME / (EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR		
	2017 £	2016 £
Net income / (expenditure) for the year is stated after charging:	7	
Auditors remuneration	7,170	7,590
12. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES		
The trustees neither received nor waived any remuneration during the year (2	2016 - Nil).	
The trustees did not have any expenses reimbursed during the year (2016 - N	Nil).	
13. STAFF COSTS		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Wages and salaries		11,826
Social security costs		1,352
Past employee pensions	45,489	40,438
Self Employment Costs	17,738	13,032
	63,227	66,648
No employee received emoluments in excess of £60,000 per annum.		
The average number of employees was:	Nil	1_

14. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	2017 £	2016 £
Horace Evans House Cost brought forward	627,626	627,626
Cost carried forward	627,626	627,626
Amortisation brought forward Charge for the year	436,521 31,851	404,670 31,851
Amortisation carried forward	468,372	436,521
Net book value as at 31 December 2017	159,254	191,105
Net book value as at 31 December 2016	191,105	222,956
The above represents the society's capital contribution to the NHS Trust for the House.	refurbishment of Horace	Evans
15. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
QUOTED INVESTMENTS		
There were no Investments representing more than 5% of the total portfolio value	ue	
	2017	2016

2017 £	2016 £
6,728,239	6,411,678
	£ 6,728,239

All investments are held within the UK

Net Gain on Opening MV Disposals at Additions at Revaluation at Closing MV at 01.01.17 at 31.12.17 OMV Cost 31.12.17 £ £ £ £ £

Common Investment Fund 11,952,054 (409,129) 602,137 773,764 12,918,826

16. GAINS/LOSSES ON DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS & UNREALISED GAINS/LOSSES

ON REVALUATION	2017 £	2016 £
Outro and affinised ments	47,104	98,634
Gains on sale of investments Losses on sale of investments	(6,415)	(36,090)
	40,689	62,544
Unrealised gains on revaluation	1,101,604	1,532,929
Unrealised losses on revaluation	(327,840)	(160,450)
	773,764	1,372,479
Net gains/(losses) on sale of investments and revaluation	814,453	1,435,023
17. DEBTORS	2017 £	2016 £
Accrued investment income	101,896	74,602
Interest receivable	73	235
Annual subscriptions	20	10
Donations	-	475
Income tax (Gift Aid)	210	275
	102,199	75,597
18. DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS		
	2017 £	2016 £
Common Investment Fund	332,068	630,629
James Hora Home	71,181	70,770
	403,249	701,399

19. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017	2016
	£	£
Auditors remuneration	7,170	7,170
Due to other funds	376	420
Samaritan help	600	1,597
Clothing fund	-	400
PAYE & NI	1,057	1,052
Safe custody fees	1,380	1,320
League of nurses		3,267
Portfolio management fees	10,299	9,402
Bank charges	68	60
HPB Surgery Unit	<u>-</u>	41,373
James Young RLH Patient		5,000
Investment Performance Fees	1,440	4,320
TB Clinic Waiting Area		704
Postage	•	7
	22,390	76,092

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There are no related party transactions during the period (2016 - Nil).

21. RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2017 £	2016 £
Net income for year	1,006,346	1,468,092
Investment income received Depreciation/amortisation and impairment of fixed assets Gains on investments (Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(538,951) 31,851 (814,453) (26,602) (53,702)	(378,929) 31,851 (1,435,023) (4,121) 36,770
Net cash flow from operating activities	(395,511)	(281,360)

THE MARIE CELESTE SAMARITAN SOCIETY JAMES HORA HOME YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

EXPENDITURE	2017 £	2016 £
Contribution toward expenses incurred by The Royal London Hospital	80,000	80,000
Aquarium Maintenance & Fish	112	
Bed, Mattress & Bedding	710	472
Fridge Repair & Call Out	147	
Kettle	30	-
Shower Seal & Waste	57	
Steam Cleaner	50	•
Tumble Dryers		1,568
Miscellaneous	648	215
FUNDED BY	81,754	82,255
Common Investment Fund	81,754	82,255
	81,754	82,255