

EARLHAM INSTITUTE

Annual Report and Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2018

Registered company number: 06855533

Registered charity number: 1136213

ANNUAL REPORT CONTENTS

TRUSTEES' REPORT INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REVIEW	3
STRATEGIC REVIEW	3
FINANCIAL REVIEW	6
RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT	7
STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT	8
STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES	10
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	11
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS	27

Earlham Institute is a company limited by guarantee and a registered charity.

The Annual Report provides information on the legal purposes of the charity, the activities it undertakes and its main achievements. The Trustees' Report and Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015), the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

TRUSTEES' REPORT INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REVIEW

Introduction

The past two decades have laid the foundations for a new era of genome-based understanding of genetics and the biology of complex systems. Technological advances in DNA sequencing have resulted in multiple step-change increases in the rate of data acquisition at reduced costs to a point that sequence technologies can now affordably and effectively be applied to research questions across the life sciences, from plants to animals to microbes. In parallel the emergence of the data sciences, artificial intelligence and the need for data sharing, has opened new opportunities. Earlham Institute (EI) is founded on these two revolutions and has become a leading interdisciplinary institute in the UK, combining genomics and big data.

EI's Mission

EI's mission is to advance and enable bioscience by applying computational and data driven approaches.

EI's strategy has relied on the implementation of novel applications, establishing collaborative work to advance knowledge in biosciences, develop novel applications in biotechnology, and promote the growth of the UK bioeconomy.

The Institute's current mission is built on the strong foundations established in the initial set-up (2009-2011, as The Genome Analysis Centre) and rests on three key strengths:

- Expertise – EI hosts one of the largest and most experienced teams in the UK specialising in the generation and analysis of genomics' data using next-generation sequencing
- New Technology – EI's sequencing and computing platforms include the most advanced equipment and are configured specifically to deliver competitive analysis for large genomic datasets
- New Tools – EI is at the forefront in the development of specialised databases, pipelines and software for data analysis and visualisation.

EI's Strategy

EI's science strategy "Decoding Living Systems" brings together a wealth of expertise in biosciences, bioinformatics, high performance computing and statistics to understand complex biological systems in plants and animals and their interaction with the environment.

EI's advanced genomics and computational platforms support data-intensive research that embraces and confronts modern scientific challenges arising from data scale and complexity. We develop and implement new technologies and apply computational methods to process, store and interpret complex and diverse datasets, to enable bioscience research.

The science faculty collectively conducts three principal kinds of research activities:

- Fundamental research to increase EI's knowledge base in bioscience.
- Applied research to improve plant, animal and human health.
- Enabling research to empower both academia and industry with new technologies and scalable bioinformatics approaches.

The focus will be on interpreting how information is managed by living systems beyond the molecular and cellular level. This will impact on all areas of biological science and will continue to demand skilled personnel, computational systems and analytical tools to interpret and apply the data.

Culture

EI's success is founded on a culture defined by the following core values:

- Openness – We promote the dissemination of knowledge and distribution of data and software tools by following open and transparent data-sharing policies that are embedded in EI's research programmes.
- Technical Excellence – We are committed to continuous improvement, and to work to the highest standards of quality across the institute.
- Developing and Rewarding Talent – We aim to recruit, train and retain highly skilled and talented people
- Innovation – We apply novel, state of the art technologies to deliver innovative approaches.
- Collaboration – We work collaboratively, internally and externally, through mutual respect and openness.

EI is moving rapidly from an era where the emphasis was on generating data, to one in which genome-wide sequencing and other 'omics technologies can be used routinely for multiple assays but are often complex to analyse.

Public Benefit

EI advances biological and biotechnological science for the public benefit by undertaking and promoting research relating to genomes and their functions, in particular by carrying out the following activities:

- Applying our science to issues of public interest e.g. ash die back.
- Working with plant breeders to apply our knowledge and expertise to develop robust crops for the future.
- Working with low income countries to build research capacity that will enable them to develop their knowledge economy.
- Training of scientists and encouraging them to participate in public engagement.
- Contribute to the local and national economy by training first rate scientists

Our Performance

Our performance against the 2017/18 objectives is highlighted in the table below:

Objectives	Our Performance
Continue the growth and development of our world leading investigator-led research program, increase our published outputs and diversify our grant income.	We have successfully completed the first year of our core strategic grant. Scientists at EI published 79 articles (41 submitted as preprints facilitating access and diffusion). Our scientists also delivered 34 oral and 73 poster presentations at national and international conferences. Applications to diverse funding sources have increased to levels of up to 50% non-BBSRC per quarter, resulting in diversified awarded funding through securing RCUK level, industry and direct government funding.
Build more industrial collaborations so that we are aligned to the government industrial strategy and so we can achieve impact from our research.	We saw a 50% year on year increase in the number of successful grants with Industrial partners across the reporting period (from 4 to 6). We have built upon existing and developed new relationships with both SME's and larger companies through mechanisms such as the Industry seminar and Flexible Talent Mobility programmes.
Strengthen our international partnerships through collaboration with world leading institutes and scientists that align with our scientific strategy.	We have secured a £5.3M Global Challenge Research Fund grant from RCUK "Preserving, Restoring and Managing Colombian Biodiversity Through Responsible Innovation" to partner with a network of scientists throughout Colombia to study the genetic diversity within the country's unique biodiversity, documenting its distribution and the threats it faces.
Develop our recently funded National Capabilities to ensure that they offer the UK research community high quality and high-value scientific services and training.	<p>NC1 - EI developed new DNA/RNA pipelines to expand its genomics services and established a single-cell genomics capability within the Institute, including cell culture, cell sorting and automated protocols for preparation of RNA, DNA and multi-omic libraries individual cells. EI was awarded £770K in capital funding from BBSRC to acquire Illumina's latest platform (NovaSeq 6000) and increased its sequencing capacity three fold.</p> <p>NC2 – The EI DNA Foundry has developed a sustainable model for providing training and access to automation equipment to the UK synthetic biology community. EI have developed Nano-scale modular DNA assembly and delivery to plant and microbial cells and validation through coupling to Genomic Pipelines and the foundry's phenotyping platforms. It is also a repository for large collections of DNA parts, shared under an Open Material Transfer Agreement to accelerate the advancement of this technology.</p>

Objectives (continued)	Our Performance (continued)
(Continued)	<p>NC3 – EI has continued to develop its high performance computing (HPC) strategy to deliver objectives both within its Core Strategic Programme and its National Capability in e-Infrastructure. EI's investments provide technical and community solutions in the form of compute, storage, and analysis resources to academic researchers, such as CyVerse UK, the SeeD platform, Signalink, and our efforts towards a public Galaxy UK installation</p> <p>NC4 - EI delivered a programme of training events, focussing on key training activities addressing skills of the research community in de novo assembly, best practice in data management through the 'Carpentries', plus workshops to encourage greater cross-disciplinary collaboration such as those engaged in host-microbe interactions and our Single-Cell Symposium. In parallel there have been a number of new events under construction or delivered over this past year, including Single-cell RNAseq training and a mini symposium on the genomics of meiosis. EI also hosted the combined Genome 10K and Genome Science 2017 conferences.</p>
Continue to communicate our science through our public engagement program to a wider audience, promoting the importance of publicly funded research to the general public.	In the reporting period, around 4,800 individual social media posts were made resulting in them being displayed over 22 million times (known as impressions), and 270,000 page visits to EI's website. We have received increased press coverage this year including appearances on regional television, national press, radio and across digital and printed journals. We have supported a range of events such as the Norwich Science Festival and Royal Norfolk Agricultural Annual Show.

Looking Ahead

EI's objectives for 2018/19 are to:

- Continue the growth and development of our world leading investigator-led research program, increase our published outputs and diversify our grant income.
- Build more industrial collaborations so that we are aligned to the government industrial strategy and so we can achieve impact from our research.
- Strengthen our international partnerships through collaboration with world leading institutes and scientists that align with our scientific strategy.
- Develop our National Capabilities to ensure that they offer the UK research community high quality and high-value scientific services and training.
- Continue to communicate our science through our public engagement program to a wider audience, promoting the importance of publicly funded research to the general public.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Income

Total incoming resources for the year were £18.9m (2017: £13.6m). Income excluding capital grants was £12.0m (2017: £12.6m). The decrease in non-capital income was due to lower institute strategic funding from BBSRC.

El's principal sponsor is the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council (BBSRC), which contributed 82% of total incoming resources (2017: 82%). Other major sources of funding were UK universities and research organisations and the EU.

Expenditure

Total resources expended amounted to £14.7m (2017: £15.9m). Staff costs accounted for £4.6m (31%) (2017: £5.1m; 32%) of expenditure with depreciation of tangible assets accounting for £3.4m (23%) (2017: £3.7m; 23%).

Net Movement in Reserves

El recorded an increase in unrestricted reserves of £0.3m (2017: small decrease).

Restricted reserves increased by £3.9m (2017: decreased by £2.3m). The increase compared to last year was due to higher levels of capital funding (up £5.9m).

Subsidiaries and Related Parties

El's trading subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited, contributed an operating profit of £408,848 (2017: £86,132).

El has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). NBIP supplies support services to El and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory).

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure in the year of £6.8m (2017: £2.2m) related to investment in scientific and computing equipment (£6.7m) and building facilities (£0.1m). The institute funded £0.15m of expenditure from its unrestricted reserves.

Cash

Group cash at 31 March 2018 was £14.2m (2017: £12.4m). The cash increase in the year mainly reflects favourable working capital movements.

El deposits its cash with UK registered financial institutions that meet its credit rating policy. Investment income from cash deposits in the year was £87,000 (2017: £90,000).

Grant proposals

During the year, El researchers submitted grant proposals with a sponsor value of £21.8m (2017: £26.6m) and were awarded grants with a value of £6.3m (2017: £6.8m).

Reserves policy

El's reserves are held to support financial solvency, manage uncertainty and fund future activities. The level of reserves required by El is therefore determined by reference to:

- Future operational and capital expenditure requirements in the Business Plan to March 2022;
- Potential financial risks identified in the Business Plan and Risk Register;
- Potential funding required for strategic investments not included in the Business Plan;
- Working capital / liquidity requirements.

Unrestricted reserves that have been designated by the Board for specific purposes are shown in separate designated reserves.

Reserves position

Total reserves increased by £4.2m in the year to £25.2m (2017: decreased by £2.3m).

Restricted reserves increased by £3.9m to £13.2m (2017: decreased by £2.3m to £9.3m).

Unrestricted reserves increased by £0.3m to £12.0m (2017: £11.8m). Reserves of £7.4m have been designated by the Trustees in respect of the following:

- Co-funding for the Institute's strategic research programmes;
- Planned strategic research investment; and
- Planned capital investment in leading-edge sequencing and high performance computing technology.

General unrestricted reserves at March 2018 were £3.5m, £1.0m above the minimum general reserves target set by the Board of £2.5m.

Going Concern

The Trustees have reviewed whether it is still appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. Having considered the risks in respect of future funding, financial forecasts for the period to March 2022 and the level of unrestricted reserves, the Trustees have concluded that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT

The Board of Trustees is responsible for ensuring there are effective and adequate risk management and internal control systems in place to manage the major risks to which the Charity is exposed.

The Audit Committee agrees an annual risk-based internal audit plan which covers major risks identified by management and Trustees. It receives reports from internal auditors on the effectiveness of internal controls, progress against the internal audit plan and progress on recommendations made in reports.

The Board reviews a full risk report at least annually, including a 'heat map' tracking major risks.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Charity are considered to be:

Risk area	Description of Risk	Management of Risk
Future BBSRC research funding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ BBSRC strategic funding is reduced due to Research Councils reorganisation, poor scientific performance or public sector spending pressures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Regular monitoring of scientific performance against strategic programme objectives. ➤ Regular communication with BBSRC to report performance and ensure strategic alignment of research programmes. ➤ Monitoring of performance of competitive grant submissions.
Technology investment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ EI is unable to keep pace with developments in technology underpinning its science. ➤ Funding is inadequate to sustain and improve technology facilities necessary to support scientific objectives. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Technology strategy kept under regular review and funding opportunities identified and pursued for technology investments. ➤ EI has reserves that enable it to move quickly when technology enhancements become available.
Staff retention and recruitment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ EI is unable to retain or attract suitably skilled staff to enable it to sustain its scientific performance. ➤ In addition to scientific impact, this risk area could also have an impact on the level of funding the institute is able to attract. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Strategy and action plans in place, monitored by Strategic Human Resources Group. ➤ Career development programmes in place to support high potential staff. ➤ Performance Management processes in place.
Impact of leaving EU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ EI is not able to access EU programme funding or participate in EU research collaborations. ➤ EI is not able to recruit or retain researchers from EU member countries. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Regular dialogue with BBSRC and other key stakeholders on risks and emerging issues with respect to potential changes in arrangements.
Major failure of equipment or computer systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A major systems failure disrupts scientific research programmes. ➤ A major incident damages EI's reputation impacting on future funding and collaborative opportunities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Business Continuity and Disaster recovery plans in place and tested periodically. ➤ Appropriate insurance arrangements are in place.
Compliance with sponsor funding requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ EI fails to comply with sponsor grant requirements resulting in a material financial impact. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ EI is subject to regular reviews of its grant compliance processes from sponsors and the Research Councils UK internal auditors.

TRUSTEES' REPORT

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Members and Patrons

The Members of EI are:

- The Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council ("BBSRC");
- University of East Anglia ("UEA");
- The Chair of the Board of Trustees.

EI also has two Patrons – the Norfolk Local Authorities Group and the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy.

Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees comprises the Chair and up to eight additional trustee directors. The Trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were as follows:

Organisation and governance

EI is incorporated in England and Wales and is a company limited by guarantee (registered number 06855533) and a registered charity (number 1136213). EI is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association, adopted 20 December 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2011, the Companies Act 2006 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015).

Trustees	Sub-committees	Changes during period
At date of Report:		
Professor Dame Janet Thornton (Chair)	-	Appointed Chair on 20 June 2017
Dr Alasdair Macnab	AC (Chair)	-
Mr Terry Gould	AC, Rem Com (Chair)	-
Professor Robbie Waugh	Rem Com	-
Professor Veronica van Heyningen	Rem Com	-
Mrs Andrea Finegan	AC, Rem Com	-
Professor Jean Beggs	-	Appointed 20 June 2017
Professor Edward Louis	AC	Appointed 20 June 2017
During the year:		
Professor Nigel Brown (formerly Chair)	-	Resigned 20 June 2017

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee (previously known as Finance, Resources and Audit Committee) is responsible for oversight of the areas of audit; financial reporting; regulatory compliance; corporate governance, internal systems and controls (including the integrity of financial controls) within EI. AC reports to EI's Board, making recommendations for Board consideration where necessary.

Remuneration Committee (Rem Com)

EI's Remuneration Committee is responsible for advising on the remuneration of Trustee Directors and policy on executive pay and performance packages. It reports to the Board and is composed of three Trustee Directors representing the scientific, commercial and legal expertise.

Recruitment, induction and training of Trustees'

The Institute advertises nationally for prospective Trustees to ensure appropriate expertise on the Board is maintained. The Institute will also approach individuals thought to have the right skills.

An induction programme has been put in place for newly appointed Trustees and is kept under review and updated where appropriate. In addition, the Trustees are in regular contact with the Institute Director and executive team and receive presentations on key areas of activity.

Trustee remuneration

EI remunerates trustees where the Board considers that payment is necessary to attract trustees with specialist skills and experience. The power to remunerate trustees is included in the EI's Articles of Association and has been approved by the Charities Commission. Details of trustee remuneration in the year are included in note 7 of the financial statements.

The Scientific Advisory Board (SAB)

The SAB, chaired by Prof Simon Hubbard, is responsible for providing strategic advice on issues relevant to EI's scientific mission and science programmes.

Decision making and key management

The EI Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the charitable company to the Director and the Executive Team, who are to be considered to be the key management personnel for the institute:

Director

Professor Neil Hall joined EI as Director on 1 April 2017. He has previously led research groups at the Sanger Institute, The Institute for Genomic Research and The University of Liverpool.

Director of Operations

Sarah Cossey is the Director of Operations, a professional accountant and project manager with experience across the public and private sector.

Director of Science

Professor Federica Di Palma is Director of Science. Previously Assistant Director of the Vertebrate Biology group at the Broad Institute, Federica successfully led the development, planning and analysis of several major mammalian genome sequencing projects, as well as projects involving additional vertebrate organisms.

Related Parties

Subsidiaries and Related Parties

EI's trading subsidiary – Genome Enterprise Limited – contributed a operating profit of £408,848 (2017: £86,132).

NBIP - Associate

EI has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited (NBIP). NBIP supplies support and administrative services to EI and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory) on a not-for-profit basis. NBIP fully recharges its costs to the four research institutes and accordingly it generates no profit or loss.

Anglian Innovation Partnership LLP (AIP)

EI became a member of AIP (formerly Norwich Research Partners LLP) on 7 August 2012 through its 100% subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited. AIP is responsible for the management and development of the Norwich Research Park (NRP) estate and for the furtherance of the NRP Enterprise Vision. EI is entitled to receive a share of certain profits generated by AIP, however it has no liability for losses or in the event of insolvency. AIP has not yet generated any profits.

BBSRC

BBSRC is a member of the charitable company. EI is strategically funded, along with seven other institutes, by BBSRC. BBSRC supports EI via strategic 5-year funding programmes, competitively won project grants and capital funding for infrastructure and technology investments. The principal terms and conditions under which BBSRC provides its funding are set out in EI's Institute Grant Agreement.

In April 2018, BBSRC became part of UK Research and Innovation (UKRI), a new organisation that brings together the UK's seven research councils.

Employees

BBSRC Deployed Employees

All staff employed by EI on 30 September 2011 became BBSRC employees on 15 March 2012 and were deployed back to the Institute under conditions set out in the Deployment Agreement (the "Deployed Employees"). The Deployed Employees remained with the Institute on an exclusive and full-time basis and day-to-day direction and line management of the Deployed Employees was delegated to EI, subject to the terms of the BBSRC Employment Contract. EI retained responsibility for paying employment costs in relation to the Deployed Employees, including basic pay and allowances, contractual payments, tax, NI and pension contributions. On 1 October 2017, Deployed Employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Deployed Employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with EI becoming an admitted employer in the scheme.

Institute Employees

Aligned to the timing of the Deployment Agreement, all staff employed from 1 October 2011 are EI employees and on EI terms and conditions, covering basic pay and allowances, contractual payments, tax, NI, and liabilities for pension contributions and redundancy. EI staff that joined after 30 September 2011 are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

Communication

EI provides all staff with relevant information, and seeks their views on matters of common concern through direct communication and through line managers. Priority is given to ensuring that employees are aware of all significant matters affecting EI's position and any significant organisational changes.

Equality and Diversity

It is EI's policy to provide equal opportunities to job applicants and employees of any race, nationality, ethnic origin, marital status, religion or belief, gender, disability, sexual orientation, age or employment status. EI does not condone or tolerate any form of discrimination in its recruitment or employment practices. All employees and applicants are treated on merit, fairly, with respect and dignity, recognised as individuals and valued for the contribution they make, provided fair and equal access to training, development, reward and progression opportunities and are accountable for the impact of their own behaviour and actions. All EI's policies follow these principles.

EI is aware of its statutory duty to support the employment of disabled persons where possible, both in recruitment and by retention of employees who become disabled whilst in the employment of the charitable company, as well as generally through training and career development.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Trustees' (who are also directors of EI for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS102 (the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland). Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the group and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable group will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees confirm that:

- so far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as trustees in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that information.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Insurance disclosure

The Institute maintains liability insurance for its trustees, with an annual aggregate cover limit for all claims against them in that capacity. The trustees have also been granted a qualifying third party provision under section 233 of Companies Act 2006. Neither the Institute's indemnity nor insurance provides cover in the event that a trustee is proved to have acted fraudulently or dishonestly.

Public benefit

The Trustees are satisfied they have complied with their duty in section 4 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to public benefit guidance published by the Charities Commission. Based on this guidance, and as described in this Trustees' report, the Trustees believe the activities of EI to be charitable in nature.

Independent auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP have been appointed as auditors and a resolution has been passed by the Board, concerning their appointment as auditors.

On behalf of the Board



Janet Thornton, Trustee Director

21 September 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EARLHAM INSTITUTE

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Earlham Institute (the 'parent charitable company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Group Statement of Financial Activities, the Group and Parent Charitable Company Balance Sheets, the Group Charitable Company Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102; The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources including, its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We have been appointed as auditor under the Companies Act 2006 and report in accordance with regulations made under that Act. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and parent charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Who we are reporting to

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' Annual Report, set out on pages 3 to 10 other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Strategic Report and Trustees' Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and parent charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Trustees' Annual Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent charitable company, or
- returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent charitable company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 10, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.


In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group and the parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or parent charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.


Tobias Wilson BA (Hons), FCA
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
Norwich
Date: 5/11/18

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

INCORPORATING AN INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

	Note	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	Restricted capital £000	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Income						
<i>Income from charitable activities</i>						
Grant Income - BBSRC		136	8,433	-	8,569	10,076
Grant Income - other		-	616	-	616	594
Other Research Income		1,308	-	-	1,308	970
Capital funding - BBSRC		-	-	6,932	6,932	1,038
<i>Income from other trading activities</i>						
Trading income		764	-	-	764	270
Rental income		38	-	-	38	123
<i>Investment income</i>	9	89	-	-	89	93
<i>Other generated income</i>		541	-	-	541	438
Total income		2,876	9,049	6,932	18,857	13,602
Expenditure						
Charitable activities	2	(933)	(9,884)	(3,420)	(14,237)	(15,616)
Raising funds		(110)	-	-	(110)	(85)
Trading expenditure		(350)	-	-	(350)	(184)
Total expenditure		(1,393)	(9,884)	(3,420)	(14,697)	(15,885)
Transfers		(1,231)	835	396	-	-
Net expenditure and net movement in funds for the year		252	-	3,908	4,160	(2,283)
Funds brought forward		11,779	-	9,278	21,057	23,340
Funds carried forward	19	12,031	-	13,186	25,217	21,057

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities ("SoFA") includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All incoming resources and expenditure relates to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 16 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED AND CHARITABLE COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	Group 2018 £000	Group 2017 £000	Company 2018 £000	Company 2017 £000
<i>Fixed assets</i>					
Tangible assets	10	14,171	11,001	14,171	11,001
Intangible assets	11	140	126	110	126
<i>Current assets</i>					
Stocks	13	216	282	216	282
Debtors	14	7,138	2,215	6,903	2,305
Cash at bank and in hand	15	14,241	12,425	13,791	11,852
		21,595	14,922	20,910	14,439
<i>Current liabilities</i>					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(10,689)	(4,992)	(10,383)	(4,595)
Net current assets		10,906	9,930	10,527	9,844
Total assets less current liabilities		25,217	21,057	24,808	20,971
Net assets	18	25,217	21,057	24,808	20,971

Funds*Restricted funds*

Fixed asset reserve	19	13,186	9,278	13,186	9,278
Designated reserve	19	-	-	-	-
		13,186	9,278	13,186	9,278

Unrestricted funds

Fixed asset reserve	19	1,125	1,849	1,095	1,849
Designated reserve	19	7,372	7,422	7,372	7,422
General reserve	19	3,534	2,508	3,155	2,422
		12,031	11,779	11,622	11,693

Total funds		25,217	21,057	24,808	20,971
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The financial statements on pages 13 to 26 were approved by the Board of Trustees on 21 September 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:



Janet Thornton, Trustee Director

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Note		
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating surplus/(deficit)	4,160	(2,283)
Interest receivable	(89)	(93)
Depreciation	3,420	3,672
Capital grants received	(6,932)	(1,038)
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	147	23
Decrease in stocks	66	79
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	(4,923)	2,041
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	5,697	(587)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,546	1,814
Cash Flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	89	93
Purchase of tangible assets	(6,831)	(2,183)
Purchase of intangible assets	(51)	(65)
Capital grants received	6,932	1,038
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	131	14
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	270	(1,103)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period	1,816	711
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	15 12,425	11,714
Total cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	15 14,241	12,425

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of preparation

The group financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and applicable accounting standards. They have also been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities; Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (Charities SORP (FRS102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The principal accounting policies adopted in these financial statements, which have been consistently applied, are as follows:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of EI and all its subsidiary undertakings in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 102 "Accounting for Subsidiary Undertakings".

EI is one of four members of NBIP Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). The group accounts for NBIP as an associate, although in practice the company makes no profit or loss and has net assets of NIL, therefore has no impact on the Group financial statements.

The financial statements of all group undertakings are made up to 31 March 2018. A separate income and expenditure account has not been presented for EI as permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. The profit after tax of EI was £3,837,000 (2017: loss £2,354,000) for the year.

b. Going concern

In light of the continued pressure on public sector funding, the Trustees have reviewed whether it was still appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. Having considered financial forecasts for the period to March 2022, and the level of unrestricted reserves, the Trustees have concluded that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

c. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation

Preparation of the financial statements require management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- Depreciation, which has been charged in line with the accounting policy below. The amount of depreciation charged and net book value of the assets is included in Note 10.
- Intangible assets have been amortised in line with the accounting policy below and the net book value of the assets is included in Note 11.

d. Incoming resources

Charitable grant income represents grants received and receivable in the year from outside granting bodies and other miscellaneous income. Grants that provide core funding are recognised in the year in which entitlement passes. Grant funding received to undertake research is recognised in the year in which the obligation is fulfilled. Grant funding is released to match expenditure incurred during the year together with any related contributions towards overhead costs.

Other charitable research income represents non-grant revenue from collaborative research projects with other academic institutions and other scientific services. Revenue is recognised in the year in which the obligation is fulfilled.

Capital grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial activities ("SoFA") when entitlement passes.

Where income has been received in advance of conditions being met, the income is deferred until those conditions have been fully satisfied.

e. Resources expended

Expenditure on charitable activities represents the full cost of the research performed. It includes the cost of direct staff, consumable stocks and indirect costs apportioned on the basis of use.

Cost of generating funds represents the cost of obtaining funds for research and preparing grant applications. Governance costs represent the necessary cost of compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements and any other costs which are not direct charitable expenditure. Support costs have been wholly allocated to charitable activity expenditure based upon activity as indicated in note 3 to the financial statements.

f. Restricted funds

Where research at EI is funded by grants with conditions attached to them these are shown as restricted. From April 2018 the strategic programme grants from the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council ("BBSRC") are shown as restricted. Capital grants received and receivable together with other restricted funds received and receivable and used to purchase tangible assets are included within restricted funds.

A restricted fixed assets reserve has been established representing the net book value of fixed assets purchased from capital grants. The reserve is shown as restricted due to continuing conditions in connection with the capital grants and assets purchased.

g. Unrestricted funds

These include any other grants which do not have specific conditions attached to them.

A fixed assets reserve has been established within unrestricted reserves representing the net book value of fixed assets funded from unrestricted reserves.

Unrestricted reserves that have been designated by the Board for specific purposes are shown in separate designated reserves. At March 2018, £7.4m (2017: £7.4m) of unrestricted reserves have been designated in relation to co-funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic research projects and future capital investment.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

h. Capital transfers

A transfer from the unrestricted to the restricted reserve equal to the depreciation charge for assets purchased from unrestricted reserves is made as a capital transfer.

i. Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are shown at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation. The cost of tangible assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of assets, less any estimated residual value, over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Plant, machinery and equipment – over estimated economic life;

Scientific equipment - 5 years straight line;

Sequencing equipment - 3 years straight line;

Computer equipment - 3 years straight line.

The leasehold improvements have been depreciated over the shorter of their estimated economic life and the remainder of the lease period.

Assets under construction are not depreciated until the asset is in full use.

j. Intangible assets and amortisation

Computer Software development costs are recognised as intangible fixed assets at cost less amortisation and any provision for impairment.

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of assets, less the estimated residual value, over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Computer Software - 3 to 5 years straight-line.

Assets under construction are not amortised until the asset is in full use.

k. Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made, where necessary, for slow moving or obsolete stock.

l. Debtors

Debtors are non-interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value, as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

m. Trade creditors

Trade creditors are non-interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

n. Provisions

A provision is recognised in the financial statements where there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party.

o. Staff and Pensions

All staff employed by EI on 30 September 2011 became BBSRC employees on 15 March 2012 and were deployed back to the Institute under conditions set out in the Deployment Agreement (the "Deployed Employees"). The Deployed Employees remained with the Institute on an exclusive and full-time basis and day-to-day direction and line management of the Deployed Employees was delegated to EI, subject to the terms of the BBSRC Employment Contract. EI retained responsibility for paying employment costs in relation to the Deployed Employees, including basic pay and allowances, contractual payments, tax, NI and pension contributions.

On 1 October 2017, Deployed Employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Deployed Employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with EI becoming an admitted employer in the scheme. The RCPS is a defined benefit scheme funded from annual grant-in-aid on a pay-as-you-go basis. The RCPS Pension Scheme is a multi-employer scheme and EI is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. EI therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Liabilities for the payment of future benefits are the responsibility of the RCPS and accordingly are not included in these Financial Statements.

EI staff that joined after 30 September 2011 are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

p. Termination benefits

Redundancy payments are only recognised as a liability and an expense only when the event is demonstrably committed to by either: a. termination of the employment of an employee or group of employees before the normal retirement date, or b. provision of termination benefits as a result of an offer made in order to encourage voluntary redundancy.

q. Operating Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities on a straight line basis over the lease term.

r. Foreign currency transactions

The reporting and functional currency is pounds sterling. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at year end exchange rates. All gains and losses are taken to the statement of financial activities in the year to which they relate.

s. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised upon becoming a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. ANALYSIS OF RESOURCES EXPENDED

Expenditure on charitable activities and governance costs have been analysed below.

		Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Expenditure on charitable activities	Note		
Direct charitable expenditure:			
Staff costs		4,531	4,983
Direct costs		4,840	5,493
Depreciation		3,420	3,672
Governance costs		97	140
Support costs	3	1,349	1,328
Total resources expended		14,237	15,616

	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Analysis of governance costs		
Staff costs	85	113
Travel costs	6	5
Other costs	6	22
Total governance costs	97	140

Included within expenditure is restricted general expenditure of £9,884k (2017: £3,443k), and restricted capital expenditure (depreciation) of £3,420k (2017: £3,672k). All other expenditure is unrestricted.

3. ALLOCATION OF SUPPORT COSTS

	Charitable Activities £000	Raising Funds £000	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000	Basis of Allocation
Building services*	458	-	458	432	Activity
Finance and Contracts*	193	110	303	274	Activity
Management, IT and Communications*	376	-	376	375	Activity
Human Resources and Staff Welfare*	142	-	142	144	Activity
Other support services	70	-	70	157	Activity
Total support costs	1,239	110	1,349	1,382	

Support costs are allocated based on their nature.

* includes services supplied by NBI Partnership Limited (see note 22).

4. TAXATION

EI is an exempt charity within the meaning of the Charities Act 2011 and as such is a charity within the meaning of section 506(1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and is not subject to corporation tax in respect of its charitable activities.

The trading activities of its subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited, are subject to corporation tax, however profits are gifted to the charitable company resulting in £nil (2017: £nil) tax payable.

There is no provision for deferred tax on fair value adjustments because any chargeable gains are applied to charitable objectives so no tax liability arises.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5. OPERATING SURPLUS

Operating surplus is stated after charging:

	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Audit services:		
Fees for the audit of the charitable company and consolidated financial statements	13	13
Fees for the audit of the charitable company's subsidiary pursuant to legislation	3	3
Non-audit services:		
Other fees payable to the auditors of the charitable company	-	2
Depreciation	3,420	3,672
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	147	23
Operating lease rentals (land and buildings)	129	149
Hire of plant and equipment	8	19
Loss on foreign exchange translations	1	1

6. RESULTS OF TRADING ACTIVITIES OF SUBSIDIARY

Genome Enterprise Limited	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Profit and loss account		
Turnover	764	270
Cost of sales	(343)	(97)
Gross profit	421	173
Administrative expenses	(12)	(87)
Operating profit and profit on ordinary activities before taxation	409	86

In addition to the above, £186,132 (2017: £15,131) in Gift Aid was paid to the to the charitable company in the year. While a tax charge is recognised in the subsidiary accounts, this has not been reflected in the group accounts due to it being immaterial, and no tax ultimately being payable due to expected gift aid payments.

7. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

EI has been given approval by the Charities Commission to remunerate trustees where the Board considers that payment is necessary to attract trustees with specialist skills and experience. The power to remunerate trustees is included in EI's Articles of Association.

Eight members of the Board of Trustees received remuneration from the group during the year for their duties as a Trustee (2017: seven). Total trustee remuneration in the year was £22,000 (2017: £41,000). Details of the remuneration paid during the year is as follows:

Name of Trustee	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Professor Nigel Brown	1	10
Mr Mike Burrows	-	6
Professor Robbie Waugh	3	5
Mr Terry Gould	3	5
Professor Dame Janet Thornton	4	5
Mrs Andrea Finegan	3	5
Dr Alasdair Macnab	3	-
Professor Ed Louis	2	-
Professor Veronica Van Heyningen	3	5
Total	22	41

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES (CONTINUED)

Attendance expenses incurred by 5 (2017: 6) Trustees whilst carrying out their duties amounted to £1,440 (2017: £1,960) during the year.

8. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The average monthly number of persons employed by or deployed to the group, analysed by category, was as follows:

Group and charitable company	2018 Number	2017 Number
Scientific	81	94
Office management and services	24	28
Total	105	122

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were:

	Note	2018 £000	2017 £000
Wages and salaries		3,506	4,073
Redundancy costs		265	1
Social security costs		335	408
Other pension costs	21	510	614
Total		4,616	5,096

As required by SORP 2015 an analysis has been provided below of the number of staff who fall within emoluments bands from £60,000 upwards.

Group and charitable company	2018 Number	2017 Number
£60,000 - £69,999	4	6
£70,000 - £79,999	1	-
£80,000 - £89,999	1	1
£90,000 - £99,999	1	1
£100,000 - £109,999	1	1
£110,000 - £119,999	-	-
£130,000 - £139,999	1	1
Total	9	10

The number of staff with emoluments greater than £60,000 who were members of the Research Councils' Pension Schemes was 3 (2017: 2). The number of staff with emoluments greater than £60,000 who were members of a company stakeholder pension scheme was 4 (2017: 7).

Staff that joined prior to 1 October 2011 are subject to BBSRC terms and conditions of service. During the year, and up to 30 September 2017, EI met all staff costs arising from normal activities, however the legal liability for employment rested with BBSRC. On 1 October 2017, these employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE. Transferring employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme, where applicable, with JIC becoming an admitted employer in the scheme.

The key management personnel of the charitable company are considered to be the members of the executive team: the Institute Director, Director of Operations and Director of Science. The key management personnel of the group comprise those of the charity and the key management personnel of the wholly owned subsidiaries, Genome Enterprise Ltd ("GEL"). The key management personnel of GEL is considered to be the Institute Director (EI) and the Director of Operations (EI). No costs were recharged in respect of this. The total employee benefits of the key management personnel of the charity and group were £376,552 (2017: £386,369).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Bank interest	87	90
Interest on loans	2	2
Interest on trading balances	-	1
Total	89	93

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS

Group and charitable company	Leasehold improvements £000	Plant, machinery and equipment £000	Assets under construction £000	Total £000
Cost				
At 1 April 2017	8,302	24,508	742	33,552
Transfers	81	599	(680)	-
Additions	74	972	5,785	6,831
Disposals	-	(594)	(62)	(656)
At 31 March 2018	8,457	25,485	5,785	39,727
Accumulated Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	3,476	19,075	-	22,551
Charge for the year	689	2,694	-	3,383
Disposals	-	(378)	-	(378)
At 31 March 2018	4,165	21,391	-	25,556
Net book value at 31 March 2018	4,292	4,094	5,785	14,171
Net book value at 31 March 2017	4,826	5,433	742	11,001

All of the charitable company assets at 31 March 2018 are used for direct charitable purposes.

Assets under construction represent capital items which are not yet in full economic use.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group	Software development £000	Total £000
Cost		
At 1 April 2017	126	126
Additions	51	51
At 31 March 2018	177	177
Accumulated Depreciation		
At 1 April 2017	-	-
Charge for the year	37	37
At 31 March 2018	37	37
Net book value at 31 March 2018	140	140
Net book value at 31 March 2017	126	126

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Charitable company	Software development £000	Total £000
<i>Cost</i>		
At 1 April 2017	126	126
Additions	21	21
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2018	147	147
<i>Accumulated Depreciation</i>		
At 1 April 2017	-	-
Charge for the year	37	37
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2018	37	37
Net book value at 31 March 2018	110	110
Net book value at 31 March 2017	126	126

The intangible asset relates to internally generated research software.

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Subsidiary

The charitable company's investment in its subsidiary undertaking at cost amounts to £1. The following is the operating subsidiary undertaking in which the charitable company has an interest:

Subsidiary Undertaking	Country of registration	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Genome Enterprise Limited	England	Contract research	100% ordinary shares

The charitable company has committed to provide financial support to Genome Enterprise Limited ("GEL"), and not demand repayment of amounts due to it, in order to enable GEL to meet its liabilities as they fall due – but only to the extent that money is not otherwise available to the company to meet such liabilities – for a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the financial statements of the GEL for the year ended 31 March 2018.

GEL is a member of Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP, which is responsible for the management and development of the Norwich Research Park land and for the furtherance of the NRP Enterprise Vision. EI is entitled to receive a share of certain profits generated by Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP, however it has no liability for losses or in the event of insolvency. Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP has not yet generated any profits.

EI has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). NBIP supplies support and administrative services to EI and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory) on a not-for-profit basis. NBIP fully recharges its costs to the four research organisations and accordingly it generates no profit or loss.

13. STOCK

Group and charitable company	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Raw materials and consumables	216	282
Total	216	282

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

14. DEBTORS

	Note	Group 2018 £000	Group 2017 £000	Company 2018 £000	Company 2017 £000
<i>Grants receivable:</i>					
from government bodies		4,519	775	4,519	775
from other sources		34	419	34	419
Trade debtors		336	303	336	302
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings		-	-	22	91
Amounts owed by other related parties	22	158	117	158	117
Other debtors		62	77	61	77
Prepayments and accrued income		2,029	524	1,773	524
Total amounts falling due within one year		7,138	2,215	6,903	2,305

The above amounts fall due within one year.

Grants receivable from government bodies includes £3,498,496 in relation to capital funding receivable from BBSRC (2017: £197,439).

15. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

	Group 2018 £000	Group 2017 £000	Company 2018 £000	Company 2017 £000
Cash at bank	14,241	12,425	13,791	11,852
Total	14,241	12,425	13,791	11,852

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Note	Group 2018 £000	Group 2017 £000	Company 2018 £000	Company 2017 £000
<i>Grants received in advance:</i>					
from government bodies		1,487	1,258	1,487	1,258
from other sources		394	168	394	168
Amounts owed to other related parties	22	137	212	137	212
Trade creditors		753	961	753	961
Other creditors		588	195	588	195
Taxation and social security		93	153	93	152
Accruals and deferred income		7,237	2,045	6,931	1,649
Total amounts falling due within one year		10,689	4,992	10,383	4,595

17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Group	Note	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
Grants receivable	14	4,553	1,194
Grants received in advance	16	(1,881)	(1,426)
Net grants receivable at the end of the year / (received in advance)		2,672	(232)
Net grants (received in advance) / receivable at beginning of year		(232)	732
Grant monies received during the year		(6,281)	(11,634)
Grant money released to SOFA during the year		9,185	10,670
Net grants receivable at the end of the year / (received in advance)		2,672	(232)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

18. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Fixed assets £000	Net current assets £000	Total 2018 £000
Group			
<i>Unrestricted:</i>			
Fixed asset reserve	1,125	-	1,125
Designated reserve	-	7,372	7,372
General reserve	-	3,534	3,534
<i>Restricted:</i>			
Fixed asset reserve	13,186	-	13,186
Total net assets	14,311	10,906	25,217
Charitable company			
<i>Unrestricted:</i>			
Fixed asset reserve	1,095	-	1,095
Designated reserve	-	7,372	7,372
General reserve	-	3,155	3,155
<i>Restricted:</i>			
Fixed asset reserve	13,186	-	13,186
Total net assets	14,281	10,527	24,808

The unrestricted fixed asset reserve represents the net book value of fixed assets purchased from unrestricted funds. The unrestricted designated reserve relates to funds designated by the Board for use in relation to co-funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic projects and future capital investment.

The restricted fixed asset reserve relates to the net book value of fixed assets purchased from capital grants.

19. ANALYSIS OF FUNDS MOVEMENTS

	Unrestricted fixed assets reserve £000	Unrestricted designated £000	Unrestricted general £000	Restricted designated £000	Restricted fixed reserve £000	Restricted general £000	Total 2018 £000
Group							
At 1 April 2017	1,849	7,422	2,508	-	9,278	-	21,057
Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	-	-	1,347	-	3,512	(699)	4,160
Capital transfers	(875)	201	278	-	396	-	-
Unrestricted general capital expenditure	151	(151)	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted designated transfer	-	(100)	100	-	-	-	-
Other transfers	-	-	(699)	-	-	699	-
At 31 March 2018	1,125	7,372	3,534	-	13,186	-	25,217
Charitable company							
At 1 April 2017	1,849	7,422	2,422	-	9,278	-	20,971
Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	-	-	1,024	-	3,512	(699)	3,837
Capital transfers	(875)	201	278	-	396	-	-
Unrestricted general capital expenditure	121	(121)	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted designated transfer	-	(130)	130	-	-	-	-
Other transfers	-	-	(699)	-	-	699	-
At 31 March 2018	1,095	7,372	3,155	-	13,186	-	24,808

Capital transfers relate to fund movements in connection with fixed assets and depreciation; ensuring assets are appropriately reflected in separate reserves.

The Unrestricted general capital expenditure relates to fixed asset purchases funded from the unrestricted designated reserve. The Unrestricted designated transfer represents designated funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic expenditure and future capital investment.

Other transfers relate to the net surplus on research grants, which has been transferred to unrestricted general reserves upon performance of the grant conditions.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

20. COMMITMENTS

Group and charitable company	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
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Capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made:

Contracted	1,015	378
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Group and charitable company	Total 2018 £000	Total 2017 £000
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Amounts due under other operating leases for land and buildings:

Under one year	100	100
Between one and five years	300	300
Over 5 years	1,767	1,867
	2,167	2,267

Amounts due under other operating leases for plant and machinery:

Under one year	5	7
Between one and five years	1	4
Over 5 years	-	-
	6	11

21. PENSION SCHEMES

All staff employed by EI on 30 September 2011 became BBSRC employees on 15 March 2012 and were deployed back to the Institute under conditions set out in the Deployment Agreement (the "Deployed Employees"). On 1 October 2017, Deployed Employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Deployed Employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with EI becoming an admitted employer in the scheme. The RCPS is a defined benefit scheme funded from annual grant-in-aid on a pay-as-you-go basis. The RCPS Pension Scheme is a multi-employer scheme and EI is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. EI therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Liabilities for the payment of future benefits are the responsibility of the RCPS and accordingly are not included in these Financial Statements. The employer contribution rate during the year was 26% (2017: 26%).

EI employees that joined after 30 September 2011 are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

The total pension charge for the year was £510,268 (2017: £614,354), with outstanding contributions at the year-end of £59,999 (2017: £38,692).

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The charitable company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS102, not to disclose transactions and balances with its wholly owned subsidiary.

Biotechnology and Biological Science Research Council ("BBSRC")

The charitable company is strategically funded by BBSRC along with seven other Institutes and BBSRC is one of the members of the charitable company. In April 2018, BBSRC became part of UK Research and Innovation (UKRI), a new organisation that brings together the UK's seven research councils, Innovate UK and Research England.

During the year BBSRC charged EI £3,878 (2017: £10,406) for subscription charges and other costs. As at 31 March 2018, EI owed BBSRC £nil (2017: £21,576).

BBSRC provided £8,569,000 (2017: £10,076,000) of funding for research and in addition it provided £6,932,000 (2017: £1,038,000) of funding for capital purchases in the year ended 31 March 2018. As at 31 March 2018, BBSRC owed EI £3,565,120 (2017: £774,632), of which £3,498,496 (2017: £139,700) was for capital purchases.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP")

EI is one of four members and guarantors of NBIP, a company limited by guarantee. EI has provided short-term loans to NBIP to enable NBIP to manage its cash requirements. At 31 March 2018, EI had a loan balance with NBIP of £100,000 (2017: £95,000).

During the year, EI was charged £1,503,616 (2017: £1,368,726) for services under a cost sharing agreement. As at 31 March 2018, EI owed NBIP £135,194 (2017: £144,863) and NBIP owed EI £1,995 (2017: £1,877).

University of East Anglia ("UEA")

UEA is a member of the charitable company. During the year, EI invoiced UEA £148,217 (2017: £103,319) for services. UEA invoiced EI £26,361 (2017: £28,125) for miscellaneous costs and £296,114 (2017: £242,232) for staff costs.

As at 31 March 2018, UEA owed EI £55,774 (2017: £19,455) and EI owed UEA £2,139 (2017: £45,370).

23. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Trustees consider that there is no ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. EI is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Directors and Trustees

Professor Dame Janet Thornton	Chair – Board of Trustees
Dr Alasdair Macnab	Chair – Audit Committee
Mr Terry Gould	Chair – Remuneration Committee
Professor Veronica van Heyningen	
Professor Robbie Waugh	
Mrs Andrea Finegan	
Professor Jean Beggs	
Professor Edward Louis	

Key Management Personnel

Professor Neil Hall	Institute Director
Mrs Sarah Cossey	Director of Operations
Professor Federica Di Palma	Director of Science

Registered charity number 1136213

Registered company number 06855533

Registered office and principal office of the charity

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