THE TYNE MARINERS BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2018

CHARITY NO: 229236

HOMES ENGLAND NO: A3721



ASSOCIATION DETAILS

Secretaries and Principal Office

Hadaway & Hadaway Midland Chambers 58 Howard Street North Shields Tyne & Wear NE30 1AL

Auditor

Tait Walker LLP
Chartered Accountants
& Statutory Auditor
Bulman House
Regent Centre
Gosforth
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE3 3LS

Solicitors

Hadaway & Hadaway Midland Chambers 58 Howard Street North Shields Tyne & Wear NE30 1AL

Managing Agents

Tyne Housing Association Limited St Silas Church Building Clifford Street Byker Newcastle upon Tyne NE6 1PG

Bankers

CAF Bank Limited 25 Kings Hill West Malling Kent ME19 4JQ

Registration

Registered Charity Number Homes England Number 0229236 A3721

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Trustees present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Association is the provision of housing for occupation by ex-seafarers or their widows, and the provision of monthly pensions and other sums to ex-seafarers or their widows.

Members of the Board of Trustees

The Members of the Board of Trustees during the year ended 31 December 2018 were:-

R.I.D. Souter

- Chairman

M. Bird

- Treasurer / Vice Chairman

Captain S.C. Healy

- The Master of Trinity House

K. Barrie

Miss D. Erskine Captain A.J. Hogg

Captain A.J. Hogg Captain R. D. Nelson

P. A. Dade

Lt Cmdr A. S. Collier RNR

(Resigned 22/05/2018)

A. R. Horn

L. Arkley

Rev. G Evans

(Appointed 20/11/2018)

A. G. Eastwood

(Appointed 20/11/2018)

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution is a registered charity, registered with the Charity Commission (number 229236) and a Registered Social Landlord (number A3721) registered with Homes England.

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution was established in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Deed dated 8th July 1902, last amended on 26th April 2006.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

- 1. To provide monthly pensions and other sums to ex-seafarers or their widows who have satisfied the criteria of financial need, period of sea service and residential qualification.
- 2. To make available residences at the Master Mariners Homes, North Shields for ex-seafarers or their widows who satisfy the criteria under objective 1 above or other persons in need who satisfy criteria approved by the Trustees.
- 3. To maintain the Master Mariners Homes to the necessary standard.
- 4. To administer the charity in accordance with Charity Commission guidelines, to keep proper accounting records and be responsible for investment policy.

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution may not charge rent for dwellings, only a maintenance contribution sufficient to manage them and keep them in good repair. Wherever the terms "rent" and "tenant" are used, it is for convenience only and has no other significance.

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution is governed by Trustees who are voluntary individuals, headed by the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Trustees. The charity is administered by Hadaway & Hadaway, solicitors of North Shields, who receive annual emoluments from the charity in recognition of their work for the year.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution continues to provide accommodation at The Master Mariners Homes for seafarers and their families. The properties have been almost fully occupied throughout the year with some fluctuation but only two flats have been empty at any given time. We continue, however, to receive on a regular basis applications from individuals who are keen to take up occupation. The Trustees have continued to carry out ongoing repairs to the properties and to oversee the upkeep of the gardens.

The Trustees are grateful for the continued support provided by Trinity House in London.

The Charity continues on a sound financial footing and the Charity continues to pay annuities to a regular number of recipients. There has been a slight reduction in the number of recipients during 2018 but this has not been substantial. The Charity continues to provide accommodation and financial support for seafarers within the North East region.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The financial statements presented for the year, show a deficit of £116,335 (2017 - £91,926 surplus) after the substantial decrease to the value of investments held which totalled £132,122 (2017 – uplift of £70,699). Transfers to designated reserves totalling £3,480 (2017 - £3,480) were made whilst transfers from the revaluation reserve were made to reflect the year end difference between historic cost and market value of investments.

Investments continued to be managed by UBS on a discretionary basis. Their performance is monitored regularly by the Trustees and has been considered satisfactory despite the depressed stock market. Costs are controlled by the Secretaries and/or Managing Agents. Management accounts are reviewed by the Trustees quarterly. Note 2 shows that costs have increased compared to the previous year, due to an increase in repairs and services costs.

The Trustees consider the financial position of the Institution to be satisfactory.

The financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting by Registered Social Landlords (Update 2014), conform to current statutory requirements and comply with the Institution's governing documents.

VALUE FOR MONEY

The Registered charity is committed to being an effective and efficient social business achieving Value for Money ("VFM") in all its activities.

As the charity only has 30 units to achieve VFM, it benefits from the policies and procedures of Tyne Housing (the managing agent).

Regular inspections of the units are carried out to schedule planned maintenance, although that said, many of the improvements are carried out during void periods in order to avoid disruption where possible to the tenants.

Through the management agreements The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution have a cost-effective process of managing day to day repairs and the collection of the weekly maintenance charge.

Additional VFM is achieved by using, where appropriate, local contractors.

The regulator published a consultation paper on the revised Value for Money (VfM) Standard and a new Code of Practice on 27 September 2017. This was considered by the Board and feedback was provided. Following the consultation which closed in December 2017, the regulator published its Value for Money metrics which all registered providers are expected to publish within their annual accounts.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

VALUE FOR MONEY (CONTINUED)

The new metrics have been applied to The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution, which for the year ending 31 December 2018 are as follows:

Metric	2018	2017
Reinvestment	7.65%	6.71%
New supply delivered	0.00%	0.00%
Gearing	0.00%	0.00%
EBITDA (MRI)	0.00%	0.00%
Headline cost per unit	3,280	3,119
Operating margin (social)	29.86%	33.24%
Operating margin	8.12%	8.56%
Return on capital employed	1.49%	1.48%

RESERVES POLICY

The Trustees have established a policy to ensure that the charity's unrestricted revenue reserves funds, which are the free reserves of the charity, do not fall below the amount required to run the charity's activities for a year (approximately £210,000 to £225,000) should there be any call on the funds of the charity. The current balance of the charity's reserves is considered to be satisfactory by the Trustees.

RISK POLICY

Risk factors faced by the Charity moving forward relate to the maintenance and repair of the building at the Master Mariners Homes Tynemouth Road being a listed building of substantial age. The Trustees are aware of the continuing requirements to maintain the property which is subject to constant review. No substantial refurbishments will be required in the near future and the Charity is satisfied that the sound financial footing of the Charity mitigates any risks substantially.

The ability to pay annuities is a further risk faced by the Charity. With the continued support of Trinity House and the reserves held by the Charity and the decreasing number of recipients due to age factors the Charity is confident that payments will be maintained and the risk restricted.

PUBLIC BENEFIT STATEMENT

The Trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The charitable objectives also are set in order to provide a clear and demonstrable public benefit.

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

The Institution will continue to provide support by way of payment of pensions to retired seafarers and their families and will continue a rolling programme of improvements to the Master Mariners Homes.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Institution and the result of the Institution for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis where it is appropriate to do so.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES (CONTINUED)

The Trustees are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Institution and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the 'Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom, Financial Reporting Standard' (FRS 102), Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Accounting Directions for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing April 2015, the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting by Registered Social Landlords, update 2014 (SORP2014) and the Charities Act 2011.

The Trustees acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Institution has in place a system of controls that is appropriate to the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Institution or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records, and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

It is the responsibility of the Trustees to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements include:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Institution's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions. Annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Trustees to monitor the key business and financial objectives and risks and the progress towards financial objectives set for the year and the medium term; regular management accounts are prepared promptly providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information; significant variances from budget are investigated as appropriate;
- all investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures by the Trustees;
- the Trustees reviews reports from the managing agents and from the external auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed. This includes a general review of the major risks facing the Institution;
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

The Trustees have reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Institution for the year ended 31 December 2018 and no weaknesses in internal financial control resulted in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or the auditors' report on the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Statement of Disclosure of Information to Auditors

We, the Board members of the Institution who held office at the date of approval of these Financial Statements as set out above each confirm, so far as we are aware, that:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Institution's auditors are unaware; and
- we have taken all the steps that we ought to have taken as Board members in order to make ourselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Institution's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Tait Walker LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE TYNE MARINERS BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Reserves, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the association's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011, Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015 and the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting by Registered Social Landlords, update 2014 (SORP2014).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the board has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the institution's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Trustees, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The board is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE TYNE MARINERS BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the institution and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the association;
- a satisfactory system of control has not been maintained over transactions; or
- the association's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the board

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the board is responsible for assessing the institution's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board either intends to liquidate the association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE TYNE MARINERS BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of the report

This report is made solely to the institution's members, as a body, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, s. 87 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the association and the association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Simon Brown ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of
Tait Walker LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Bulman House
Regent Centre
Gosforth
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE3 3LS

Date: 75/9

Tait Walker LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER	2	239,897	246,153
Operating costs	2	(224,275)	(225,085)
OPERATING SURPLUS	2/5	15,622	21,068
Interest receivable	4	165	159
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) BEFORE TAX		15,787	21,227
Taxation	6	-	-
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		15,787	21,227
Other recognised gains / (losses) in the year: Chang	e in fair value		
of investments		(132,122)	70,699
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(116,335)	91,926

The results for the year relate wholly to the continuing operations of the Association.

R. l. D Souter Chairman

M. Bird

Treasurer / Vice Chairman

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

			2018		2017
FIVED ACCETS	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_		207.025		200 025
Housing properties	7		297,825		308,925
Other tangible fixed assets	8 9		9,539		11,222
Investments	9		1,147,945		1,291,471
			1,455,309		1,611,618
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	10	48,690		35,859	
Cash and cash equivalents		159,119		151,178	
		207,809		187,037	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		207,005		107,037	
within one year	11	14,817		16,903	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			192,992		170,134
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,648,301		1,781,752
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after					
more than one year	12		342,181		359,297
TOTAL NET ASSETS			1,306,120		1,422,455
					-
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Revaluation reserves	15	(18,681)		121,020	
Designated reserves	14	279,805		276,325	
Revenue reserves		1,044,996		1,025,110	
TOTAL CAPITAL AND RESERVES			1,306,120		1,422,455

R. I. D Souter

Chairman

M. Bird

Treasurer / Vice Chairman

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN RESERVES

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Revaluation	Designated	Revenue	Total
	reserve	reserves	reserves	Reserves
Balance at 1 January 2017	151,461	272,845	906,223	1,330,529
Surplus / (deficit) from statement of	· •		91,926	91,926
comprehensive income year ended 31			,	,
December 2017 - Total Comprehensive Income				
Transfer from unrestricted reserves to	_	3,480	(3,480)	-
designated reserves		,	, , , ,	
Transfer from revaluation reserves to	(30,441)	_	30,441	₩.
unrestricted reserves			,	
Balance at 31 December 2017	121,020	276,325	1,025,110	1,422,455
Surplus / (deficit) from statement of	-		(116,335)	(116,335)
comprehensive income year ended 31			, ,	, , ,
December 2018 - Total Comprehensive Income				
Transfer from unrestricted reserves to	_	3,480	(3,480)	-
designated reserves				
Transfer from revaluation reserves to	(139,701)	_	139,701	
unrestricted reserves			•	
Balance at 31 December 2018	(10.001)	270.005	4.044.006	4 206 422
paratice of 21 December 5018	(18,681)	279,805	1,044,996	1,306,120

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution is a registered charity in England and Wales, registered with the Charity Commission (number 229236) and a Registered Social Landlord (number A3721) registered with Homes England. Its registered office is Hadaway & Hadaway, Midland Chambers, 58 Howard Street, North Shields, Tyne & Wear, NE30 1AL.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom, Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Charities Act 2011, the Accounting Directions for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing April 2015 and the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting by Registered Social Landlords, Update 2014 (SORP2014).

In accordance with FRS102 PBE3.3A the Trustees confirm that this Registered Social Housing Provider is a Public Benefit Entity (PBE).

The Trustees have chosen to utilise the exemptions available under paragraph 1.11 of FRS102, and have therefore chosen not to prepare a cashflow statement and supporting notes.

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, are set out in paragraphs (a) to (i) below:

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investments at fair value.

These financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the entity.

(b) Turnover

Turnover represents resident contributions and service charges receivable net of any losses from volds. Turnover is recognised in the period that the income is due.

(c) Housing Properties, Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation.

Major components of housing properties, such as the internal fittings and heating components, have been accounted for and depreciated separately from the housing structure, over their expected useful economic lives.

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis at rates anticipated to write off the cost of the asset, over the expected useful economic lives of the assets as follows:

Land		Not depreciated
Housing Pr	roperties	
	Structure	50 years
	Roof	50 years
	Kitchens	15 years
	Bathrooms	15 years
	Doors	40 years
	Windows	40 years
	Boilers	10 years

None of the Institution's housing properties are considered to be investment properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Other Fixed Assets

Fixtures & Fittings

15% Reducing balance

The useful economic lives of all tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually.

Social Housing Grant and Other Grants

Social Housing Grant (SHG) received as a capital contribution, in line with SORP2014 and the 'accruals method', is held separately as a creditor due more than one year, unless part of the SHG relates to a disposal of property and becomes recycled or repayable, in which case it is apportioned to creditors due less than one year accordingly. The 'accruals method' is applied as the RSHP holds all social housing properties at their historic cost.

The SHG is then amortised in line with the depreciation of the 'structure' component of the housing properties and released over 50 years (2%). The amortisation released in respect of the SHG is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as 'income'.

SHG received towards revenue expenditure is matched against that expenditure by being included in turnover in the income and expenditure account. The related expenditure is included under operating costs. SHG is recognised in the same period as the related expenditure provided the conditions for its receipt have been satisfied and there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received.

SHG received and not matched by development expenditure or relevant expenditure in the income and expenditure account is included in current liabilities. The amount of SHG in advance is calculated by reference to the aggregate of all schemes in the SHG funded development programme.

Other grants received (in respect of costs incurred) are shown as donations and recognised as income in the year of receipt.

(f) **Taxation**

The Institution is exempt from paying tax.

(g) **Designated Reserves**

Designated reserves are part of unrestricted reserves which have been earmarked by the Board for a particular purpose. Such designations may be reversed by future Board decisions. Expenditure cannot be directly set against designated reserves but is taken through the income and expenditure account. A transfer is then made from designated reserves as appropriate.

The Registered Social Housing Provider (RSHP) designates those reserves set aside for future major repairs on all of its housing properties. The amounts set aside are based on a stock condition survey of the RSHP's housing properties and represents the expenditure that cannot be met from the RSHP's future rental income stream. The designated reserve is the amount that the Board estimates is required for future major repairs.

The Revenue Reserve, whilst shown separately, is part of the general revenue reserves and is a memo of the difference in investments value between the historic cost and the fair value. The reserve can be both positive and negative as a result.

(h) **Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset or liability within the financial statements of the Institution. The committee of management have reviewed the financial instruments held within the Institution's financial statements and consider them to be 'basic' and as such are recognised at their transactional value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Rent Arrears and Advances

In accordance with the Accounting Direction April 2015, rent arrears and advances are not net-off and are presented as part of debtors and creditors respectively. Where a payment plan has been entered into for rent arrears, which is considered to be material, then the rent arrears debtor is adjusted to its net present value.

2. (A) TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR

	Turnover £	Operating costs	2018 Operating surplus £	Turnover £	Operating costs	2017 Operating surplus £
Social Housing Lettings (note B) Activities other than Social Housing Activities	158,513	(115,036)	43,477	159,735	(106,641)	53,094
(note C)	81,384	(109,239)	(27,855)	86,418	(118,444)	(32,026)
TOTAL	239,897	(224,275)	15,622	246,153	(225,085)	21,068

(B) PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER AND OPERATING EXPENDITURE FROM SOCIAL HOUSING LETTINGS

	2018	2017
Income	£	£
Rent receivable net of voids	141,397	142,619
Amortised social housing grant	17,116	17,116
Turnover from Social Housing Lettings	158,513	159,735
Operating expenditure		
Management	35,180	34,738
Bad debts	1,948	(690)
General repairs	22,775	20,740
Services	42,350	38,773
Depreciation on housing properties	11,100	11,100
Depreciation on other fixed assets	1,683	1,980
Operating expenditure on Social Housing		
Lettings	115,036	106,641
Operating surplus on Social Housing Lettings	43,477	53,094
Void Losses	9,403	5,861
(being rental income lost as a result of property not being let)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. (C) PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER AND OPERATING EXPENDITURE FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

Income Donations: Grant: Investment inc	Trinity House, London Merchant Navy Welfare Board come	2018 £ 38,850 - 42,534	2017 £ 38,850 12,890 34,678
Turnover from	other activities	81,384	86,418
Operating exp			
Pension payme	ents	82,007	84,530
Management		24,839	19,894
Care call syste	m	-	12,890
National assoc	iation fees	639	450
Other legal fee	es	1,500	680
Sundries		254	-
Operating exp	enditure on other activities	109,239	118,444
Operating def	icit on other activities	(27,855)	(32,026)

3. STAFF, KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL, DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND RELATED PARTIES

No employee earned more than £60,000. As the Institution has no employees, it has no Key Management Personnel. The Trustees are defined as the Board of Management and therefore could be classed as Key Management Personnel. None of the Board of Management received any emoluments during 2018 (2017 £nil). The Institution has no other paid Executive Officers.

The total expenses reimbursed to the Trustees not chargeable for UK income tax during 2018 was £Nil (2017: £Nil).

Where Trustees are tenants, tenancies are on normal commercial terms.

The administration and management of the Association was carried out by Hadaway & Hadaway and Tyne Housing Association Limited.

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	165	159
	165	159

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5.	OPERATING SURPLUS		
		2018	2017
	The operating surplus for the year	£	£
	is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation on housing properties	11,100	11,100
	Depreciation on other fixed assets	1,683	1,980
	Amortisation of social housing grant	(17,116)	(17,116)
	Auditor's remuneration	5,580	5,460
	Auditor's – other services	300	300
		·	

6. TAXATION

No liability to taxation arises from the surplus arising from rent from members as the Institution is entitled to relief under S642 of the Corporation Taxes Act 2010.

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Housing properties – freehold	2018 £	2017 £
Gross cost		_
At 1 January	871,029	880,553
Additions	-	5,476
Disposals		(15,000)
At 31 December	871,029	871,029
Depreciation		
At 1 January	562,104	566,004
Charge	11,100	11,100
Disposals	· -	(15,000)
At 31 December	573,204	562,104
Net book value 31 December	297,825	308,925
OTHER FIXED ASSETS		
	2018	2017
	£	£
	<i>1</i> 1 867	41,867
•	41,007	41,807
•		
•	•	28,665
Charge	1,683	1,980
At 31 December	32,328	30,645
Net book value 31 December	9,539	11,222
	Gross cost At 1 January Additions Disposals At 31 December Depreciation At 1 January Charge Disposals At 31 December Net book value 31 December OTHER FIXED ASSETS Cost At 1 January & 31 December Depreciation At 1 January Charge At 31 December	Gross cost At 1 January Additions Disposals At 31 December Depreciation At 1 January Charge Jipposals At 31 December Sequiposals At 31 December Total De

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

INVESTMENTS		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Fair value:		
As at 1 January	1,291,471	1,230,229
Additions	410,735	605,806
Disposals at opening market value	(435,883)	(579,152
Unrealised (loss) / gain in period	(139,701)	(30,441)
Difference between gain on market value and gain historical cost		6F 020
	21,323	65,029
At 31 December	1,147,945 	1,291,471
UK Equities	542,579	682,306
Non UK Equities	176,204	196,652
UK Bonds	390,034	371,762
Non UK Bonds	, -	1,623
Money Market Time	39,128	39,128
	1,147,945	1,291,471
(b) Historic Cost		
As at 1 January	1,170,452	1,078,769
Additions	410,735	605,806
Disposals	(414,560)	(514,123
As at 31 December	1,166,627	1,170,452
(c) Realised Gain / (Losses)		
(e) meaniced damy (Losses)	2018	2017
	£	2017 £
On Cost	7,579	101,140
Less: Difference between gains / (losses) arising in cost and fair value	•	(137,252)
Gain / (loss) realised: Difference between proceed fair value disposals	ds and 13,744	(36,112)
(d) Unrealised Gain / (Loss) on Fair Value	2018	2017
	£	£
Per investment note	(139,701)	(30,441)
Realised gain / (loss) on cost	7,579	101,140
Other recognised gains / (losses) in Stateme	ent of (132,122)	70,699

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

At the 31st December 2018 the following individual Investments market value exceeded 5% of the total portfolio market valuation:

Columbia Thread Inv UK Fund Class Z	261,560
Focused Sicav High Grade Lng Term	66,760
Jo Hambro Cap Mgmt UK Equity	239,615
M&G invest fund 3 corp bond Class I	53,984

10. DEBTORS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Rent arrears (gross)	9,841	5,799
Less: bad debt provision	(7,481)	(4,048)
Other debtors	38,559	26,261
Prepayments and accrued income	7,771	7,847
	48,690	35,859
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

and the state of t	one year	
	2018	2017
	£	£
Rent in advance	3,813	4,100
Accruals	11,004	12,803
	14,817	16,903
	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	**************************************

12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year, including convertible debts

	2018	2017
	£	£
Social Housing Grant (amortised cost)	342,181	359,297

The Social Housing Grant is amortised in line with the life of the 'structure' component, at a rate of 2%, and released as 'income' to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on that basis.

2010

2017

SOCIAL HOUSING GRANT

	2018	2017
Amounts received:	£	£
At 1 January & 31 December	855,818	855,818
Amortisation:		
At 1 January	496,521	479,405
Released during year	17,116	17,116
At 31 December	513,637	496,521
Carrying value:		
At 31 December	342,181	359,297

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The institution considers that its financial instruments comprise the Social Housing Grant (SHG); as such it is included as a liability within the financial statements. As the institution has no intention to dispose of its housing properties the SHG will not become repayable. As a result, the total balance of the SHG creditor is presented as falling due in five years or more. The financial instruments are repayable as follows:

	2018	2017
_	£	£
In five years or more	342,181	359,297

14. DESIGNATED RESERVES

Capital	Cyclical Repairs and	Contingencies	2018	2017
Account	Maintenance	Fund	Total	Total
£	£	£	£	£
82,095	126,800	67,430	276,325	272,845
-	3,480	-	3,480	3,480
82,095	130,280	67,430	279,805	276,325
	Account £ 82,095	Capital Repairs and Maintenance £ 82,095 126,800 3,480	Capital Repairs and Contingencles Account Maintenance Fund £ £ £ 82,095 126,800 67,430 - 3,480 -	Cyclical Capital Repairs and Contingencies Account Maintenance Fund Total f f f f 82,095 126,800 67,430 276,325 - 3,480 - 3,480

From time to time, the Institution received donations in the form of legacies. Where the amount received is £1,000 or more, the Trustees consider it appropriate to credit the amount received to a designated reserve entitled Capital Account

Cyclical Repairs and Maintenance

The annual transfer of £3,480 has been made to be utilised when the cyclical repairs are undertaken.

The Trustees have transferred the annual amount only this year.

Contingencies (Extraordinary Repairs) Fund

The contingencies (extraordinary repairs) fund was established under an Order of the Board of Charity Commissioners of England and Wales, dated 10th November 1982.

15. REVALUATION RESERVE

	2018	2017
	£	£
Opening Balance	121,020	151,461
Unrealised gains / (losses) in period	(139,701)	(30,441)
Closing Balance	(18,681)	121,020

The Trustees have transferred the unrealised gains / (losses) on the investments to the revaluation reserve in line with the current accounting policy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There is no capital expenditure which has been contracted for, but not provided in the financial statements (2017: £nil).

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities (2017: £nil).

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There have been no transactions with any related parties in the year.

19. ACCOMMODATION MANAGED BY OTHERS

	2018	2017
General needs housing units	30	30

20. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the Trustees there is no ultimate controlling party.