EARLHAM INSTITUTE

Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019

Registered company number: 06855533

Registered charity number: 1136213

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Earlham Institute is a company limited by guarantee and a registered charity.

The Annual Report provides information on the legal purposes of the charity, the activities it undertakes and its main achievements. The Trustees' Report and Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015), the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

TRUSTEES' REPORT INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REVIEW

Introduction

The past two decades have laid the foundations for a new era of genome-based understanding of genetics and the biology of complex systems. Technological advances in DNA sequencing have resulted in multiple step-change increases in the rate of data acquisition at reduced costs to a point that sequence technologies can now affordably and effectively be applied to research questions across the life sciences, from plants to animals to microbes. In parallel the emergence of the data sciences, artificial intelligence and the need for data sharing, has opened new opportunities. Earlham Institute (EI) is founded on these two revolutions and has become a leading interdisciplinary institute in the UK, combining genomics and big data.

El's Mission

El's mission is to advance and enable bioscience by applying computational and data driven approaches.

El's strategy has relied on the implementation of novel applications, establishing collaborative work to advance knowledge in biosciences, develop novel applications in biotechnology, and promote the growth of the UK bioeconomy.

The Institute's current mission is built on the strong foundations established in the initial set-up (2009-2011, as The Genome Analysis Centre) and rests on three key strengths:

- Expertise El hosts one of the largest and most experienced teams in the UK specialising in the generation and analysis of genomics' data using next-generation sequencing
- New Technology El's genomic and computing platforms include the most advanced equipment and are configured specifically to deliver competitive analysis for large genomic datasets
- New Tools El is at the forefront in the development of specialised databases, pipelines and software for data analysis and visualisation.

El's Strategy

El's science strategy "Decoding Living Systems" brings together a wealth of expertise in biosciences, bioinformatics, high performance computing and statistics to understand complex biological systems in plants and animals and their interaction with the environment.

El's advanced genomics and computational platforms support data-intensive research that embraces and confronts modern scientific challenges arising from data scale and complexity. We develop and implement new technologies and apply computational methods to process, store and interpret complex and diverse datasets, to enable bioscience research.

The science faculty collectively conducts three principal kinds of research activities:

- Fundamental research to increase El's knowledge base in bioscience.
- Applied research to improve plant, animal and human health.
- Enabling research to empower both academia and industry with new technologies and scalable bioinformatics approaches.

The focus will be on interpreting how information is managed by living systems beyond the molecular and cellular level. This will impact on all areas of biological science and will continue to demand skilled personnel, computational systems and analytical tools to interpret and apply the data.

El is moving rapidly from an era where the emphasis was on generating data, to one in which genome-wide sequencing and other 'omics technologies can be used routinely for multiple assays but are often complex to analyse.

Culture

El's success is founded on a culture defined by the following core values:

- Openness We promote the dissemination of knowledge and distribution of data and software tools by following
 open and transparent data-sharing policies that are embedded in El's research programmes.
- Technical Excellence We are committed to continuous improvement, and to work to the highest standards of quality across the institute.
- Developing and Rewarding Talent We aim to recruit, train and retain highly skilled and talented people
- Innovation We apply novel, state of the art technologies to deliver innovative approaches.
- Collaboration We work collaboratively, internally and externally, through mutual respect and openness.

Public Benefit

El advances biological and biotechnological science for the public benefit by undertaking and promoting research relating to genomes and their functions, in particular by carrying out the following activities:

- Applying our science to issues of public interest e.g. Bees and Polination and Ash Die Back Disease.
- Working with plant breeders to apply our knowledge and expertise to develop robust crops for the future.
- Working with low income countries to build research capacity that will enable them to develop their knowledge economy.
- Training of scientists and encouraging them to participate in public engagement.
- · Contribute to the local, national and international economy by training first rate scientists

Our Performance

Our performance against the 2018/19 objectives is highlighted in the table below:

Objectives	Our Performance
Continue the growth and development of our world leading investigator-led research program, increase our published outputs and diversify our grant income.	We have successfully completed the first two years of our core strategic grant. Scientists at EI published 157 articles and shared 28 research tools, methods, databases and models with the wider scientific community. Our scientists also delivered 77 oral and 61 poster presentations at national and international conferences. We continue to see a more diverse portfolio of grant submissions across funding bodies, industry and direct government funding.
Build more industrial collaborations so that we are aligned to the government industrial strategy and so we can achieve impact from our research	We submitted 8 grants with Industrial partners across the reporting period, an increase on the previous two years, and worked with 25 industrial collaborators (17 the previous year). We have built upon existing, and developed new relationships, with both SME's and larger companies through mechanisms such as Industry seminar Programmes and joint PhD students of which we had 5 in 2018/19.
Strengthen our international partnerships through collaboration with world leading institutes and scientists that align with our scientific strategy.	We have started to see the impact from the £5.3M Global Challenge Research Fund grant from UK Research and Innovation "Preserving, Restoring and Managing Colombian Biodiversity Through Responsible Innovation" .We have delivered capacity building training courses (~60 people trained) and amajor event on biodiversity (reached over 2,000 people). We have also input into the Colombian Policy on Biodiversity and have had dialogue with UK policy makers on overseas development programmes. We also ran training courses and shared our knowledge on software development, genomics and bioinformatics in Africa
Develop our National Capabilities to ensure that they offer the UK research community high quality and high- value scientific services and training.	EI developed new DNA/RNA pipelines to expand its genomic and single cell services. El delivered over 350 projects for 90 organisations using next generation sequencing and single cell platforms. technologies
	The EI BIO Foundry continues to developed production towards a sustainable model for providing training and access to automation equipment to the UK synthetic biology community. It supported several new projects in the year, published articles, contributed to training courses, and trained over 30 people.

Objectives (continued)	Our Performance (continued)
(Continued)	EI has continued to develop its high performance computing (HPC) strategy to deliver objectives both within its Core Strategic Programme and its National Capability in research e- Infrastructure. EI's investments provide technical and community solutions in the form of compute, storage, and analysis resources to academic researchers, such as CyVerse UK, the SeeD platform, COPO, Grassroots, Signalink, and our efforts towards a public Galaxy UK installation. These combined platforms were accessed by 2,981 users in the last 12 months.
	El delivered 16 events and reached 191 people as part of the training programme, focussing on key training activities addressing skills of the research community in de novo assembly, best practice in data management through the 'Carpentries', plus workshops to encourage greater cross-disciplinary collaboration such as those engaged in host-microbe interactions and our Single-Cell Symposium. We developed new courses and supported immersive visits to train others in specialist skills.
Continue to communicate our science through our public engagement program to a wider audience, promoting the importance of publicly funded research to the general public.	In the reporting period, we deliverd over 10,000 individual social media posts, resulting in them being displayed over 35 million times (known as impressions), and 294,000 page visits to El's website. We have engaged with a wide variety of stakeholders via attending events, regional and national television and press, radio and across digital and printed journals. We have supported a range of national and international events including the Norwich Science Festival reaching over 20,000 people. enabling us to have dialogue on our science and listen to feedback from our stakeholders.

Looking Ahead

El's objectives for 2019/20 are to:

- i. Continue the growth and development of our world leading investigator-led research program, increase our published outputs and diversify our grant income.
- ii. Build more industrial collaborations so that we are aligned to the government industrial strategy and so we can achieve impact from our research.
- iii. Strengthen our international partnerships through collaboration with world leading institutes and scientists that align with our scientific strategy.
- iv. Develop our National Capabilities to ensure that they offer the UK research community high quality and high-value scientific services and training.
- v. Continue to communicate our science through our public engagement program to a wider audience, promoting the importance of publicly funded research to the general public.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Income

Total incoming resources for the year were £14.6m (2018: £18.9m). The decrease was due to lower capital funding. Income excluding capital grants was £12.8m (2018: £11.9m). The increase in non-capital income was due to higher grant funding from BBSRC.

EI's principal sponsor is the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council (BBSRC), which contributed 78% of total incoming resources (2018: 82%). Other major sources of funding were UK universities and research organisations and the EU.

Expenditure

Total resources expended amounted to £15.3m (2018: £14.7m). Staff costs accounted for £4.3m (28%) (2018: £4.6m; 31%) of expenditure with depreciation of tangible assets accounting for £3.8m (25%) (2018: £3.4m; 23%).

Net Movement in Reserves

El recorded a small decrease in unrestricted reserves (2018: increase of £0.3m).

Restricted reserves decreased by $\pounds 0.7m$ (2018: increased by $\pounds 3.9m$). The decrease compared to last year was due to lower levels of capital funding in the year.

Subsidiaries and Related Parties

El's trading subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited, contributed an operating profit of £220,382 (2018: £408,848).

EI has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). NBIP supplies support services to EI and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory).

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure in the year of $\pounds 2.2m$ (2018: $\pounds 6.8m$) related to investment in scientific and computing equipment ($\pounds 1.9m$) and building facilities ($\pounds 0.3m$). The institute funded $\pounds 0.3m$ of expenditure from its unrestricted reserves.

Cash

Group cash at 31 March 2019 was £13.7m (2018: \pounds 14.2m). The cash decrease in the year mainly reflects operating deficits in the year.

EI deposits its cash with UK registered financial institutions that meet its credit rating policy. Investment income from cash deposits in the year was £105,000 (2018: £87,000).

Grant proposals

During the year, El researchers submitted grant proposals with a sponsor value of £20.0m (2018:

£21.9m) and were awarded grants with a value of \pounds 3.9m (2018: \pounds 6.4m).

Reserves policy

El's reserves are held to support financial solvency, manage uncertainty and fund future activities. The level of reserves required by El is therefore determined by reference to:

- Future operational and capital expenditure requirements in the Business Plan to March 2022;
- Potential financial risks identified in the Business Plan and Risk Register;
- Potential funding required for strategic investments not included in the Business Plan;
- Working capital / liquidity requirements.

Unrestricted reserves that have been designated by the Board for specific purposes are shown in separate designated reserves.

Reserves position

Total reserves decreased by £0.7m in the year to \pounds 24.5m (2018: increased by £4.2m to £25.2m).

Restricted reserves decreased by £0.7m to £12.5m (2018: increased by £3.9m to £13.2m).

Unrestricted reserves remained at £12.0m (2018: \pounds 12.0m). Reserves of \pounds 6.3m have been designated by the Trustees in respect of the following:

- Co-funding for the Institute's strategic research programmes;
- Planned strategic research investment; and
- Planned capital investment in leading-edge sequencing and high performance computing technology.

General unrestricted reserves at March 2019 were \pounds 4.5m, \pounds 2.0m above the minimum general reserves target set by the Board of \pounds 2.5m.

Going Concern

The Institute is reliant on its strategic programme funding from BBSRC, which was £5.3m in the year (2018: £5.4m). BBSRC has confirmed continued strategic funding at this level for the year to March 2020 plus provisional funding for a further two years to March 2022 subject to the next government spending review.

The Trustees have reviewed whether it is still appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. Having considered the risks in respect of future funding, financial forecasts for the period to March 2022 and the level of unrestricted reserves, the Trustees have concluded that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT

The Board of Trustees is responsible for ensuring there are effective and adequate risk management and internal control systems in place to manage the major risks to which the Charity is exposed.

The Audit Committee agrees an annual risk-based internal audit plan which covers major risks identified by management and Trustees. It receives reports from internal auditors on the effectiveness of internal controls, progress against the internal audit plan and progress on recommendations made in reports.

The Board reviews a full risk report at least annually, including a 'heat map' tracking major risks.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Charity are considered to be:

Risk area	Description of Risk	Management of Risk
Future BBSRC research funding	BBSRC strategic funding is reduced due to Research Councils reorganisation, poor scientific performance or public sector spending pressures.	 Regular monitoring of scientific performance against strategic programme objectives. Regular communication with BBSRC to report performance and ensure strategic alignment of research programmes. Monitoring of performance of competitive grant submissions.
Technology investment	 EI is unable to keep pace with developments in technology underpinning its science. Funding is inadequate to sustain and improve technology facilities necessary to support scientific objectives. 	 Technology strategy kept under regular review and funding opportunities identified and pursued for technology investments. EI has reserves that enable it to move quickly when technology enhancements become available.
Staff retention and recruitment	 El is unable to retain or attract suitably skilled staff to enable it to sustain its scientific performance. In addition to scientific impact, this risk area could also have an impact on the level of funding the institute is able to attract. 	 Strategy and action plans in place, monitored by Strategic Human Resources Group. Career development programmes in place to support high potential staff. Performance Management processes in place.
Impact of leaving EU	 El is not able to access EU programme funding or participate in EU research collaborations. El is not able to recruit or retain researchers from EU member countries. 	 Regular dialogue with BBSRC and other key stakeholders on risks and emerging issues with respect to potential changes in arrangements. Engaging with policy makers to explain the risks and potential impact to science, and the need for streamlined immigration and visa post BREXIT.
Major failure of equipment or computer systems	 A major systems failure disrupts scientific research programmes. A major incident damages El's reputation impacting on future funding and collaborative opportunities. 	 Business Continuity and Disaster recovery plans in place and tested periodically. Appropriate insurance arrangements are in place.
Compliance with sponsor funding requirements	El fails to comply with sponsor grant requirements resulting in a material financial impact.	El is subject to regular reviews of its grant compliance processes from sponsors and the Research Councils UK internal auditors.

TRUSTEES' REPORT

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Members and Patrons

The Members of El are:

- UK Research and Innovation Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council ("BBSRC");
- University of East Anglia ("UEA");
- The Chair of the Board of Trustees.

El also had two Patrons up to 21 March 2019 – the Norfolk Local Authorities Group and the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy.

Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees comprises the Chair and up to eight additional trustee directors. The Trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were as follows:

Organisation and governance

El is incorporated in England and Wales and is a company limited by guarantee (registered number 06855533) and a registered charity (number 1136213). El is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association, adopted 20 December 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2011, the Companies Act 2006 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015).

Trustees	Sub-committees	Changes during period
At date of Report:		
Professor Dame Janet Thornton (Chair)		
Dr Alasdair Macnab	AC (Chair), Rem Com	
Professor Peter Holland	Rem Com	Appointed 18 June 2019
Professor Thomas Richards		Appointed 18 June 2019
Ms Amanda Tagg	AC	Appointed 4 December 2018
Mrs Andrea Finegan	AC, Rem Com (Chair)	
Professor Jean Beggs	Rem Com	-
Professor Edward Louis	AC	-
During the year:		
Mr Terence Gould	AC, Rem Com (Chair)	Resigned 21 March 2019
Professor Robbie Waugh	Rem Com	Resigned 18 June 2019
Professor Veronica van Heyningen	Rem Com	Resigned 18 June 2019

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for oversight of the areas of audit; financial reporting; regulatory compliance; corporate governance; internal systems and controls (including the integrity of financial controls) within EI. The Audit Committee reports to EI's Board, making recommendations for Board consideration where necessary.

Remuneration Committee (Rem Com)

EI's Remuneration Committee is responsible for advising on the remuneration of Trustee Directors and policy on executive pay and performance packages. It reports to the Board and is composed of three Trustee Directors representing the scientific, commercial and legal expertise.

Recruitment, induction and training of Trustees'

The Institute advertises nationally for prospective Trustees to ensure appropriate expertise on the Board is maintained. The Institute will also approach individuals thought to have the right skills. An induction programme has been put in place for newly appointed Trustees and is kept under review and updated where appropriate. In addition, the Trustees are in regular contact with the Institute Director and executive team and receive presentations on key areas of activity.

Trustee remuneration

El remunerates trustees where the Board considers that payment is necessary to attract trustees with specialist skills and experience. The power to remunerate trustees is included in El's Articles of Association and has been approved by the Charities Commission. Details of trustee remuneration in the year are included in note 7 of the financial statements.

The Scientific Advisory Board (SAB)

The SAB, chaired by Prof Simon Hubbard, is responsible for providing strategic advice on issues relevant to El's scientific mission and science programmes.

Decision making and key management

The El Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the charitable company to the Director and the Executive Team, who are considered to be the key management personnel for the institute:

Director

Professor Neil Hall is the Director of El. He has previously led research groups at the Sanger Institute, The Institute for Genomic Research and The University of Liverpool.

Director of Operations

Sarah Cossey is the Director of Operations, a professional accountant and project manager with experience across the public and private sector.

Director of Science

Professor Federica Di Palma is Director of Science. Previously Assistant Director of the Vertebrate Biology group at the Broad Institute, Federica successfully led the development, planning and analysis of several major mammalian genome sequencing projects, as well as projects involving additional vertebrate organisms.

Related Parties

Subsidiaries and Related Parties

El's trading subsidiary – Genome Enterprise Limited – contributed a operating profit of £220,382 (2018: £408,848).

NBIP - Associate

EI has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited (NBIP). NBIP supplies support and administrative services to EI and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory) on a not-for-profit basis. NBIP fully recharges its costs to the four research institutes and accordingly it generates no profit or loss.

Anglian Innovation Partnership LLP (AIP)

El became a member of AIP on 7 August 2012 through its 100% subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited. AIP is responsible for the management and development of the Norwich Research Park (NRP) estate and for the furtherance of the NRP Enterprise Vision. El is entitled to receive a share of certain profits generated by AIP, however it has no liability for losses or in the event of insolvency. AIP has not yet generated any profits.

BBSRC

BBSRC is a member of the charitable company. El is strategically funded, along with seven other institutes, by BBSRC. BBSRC supports El via strategic 5-year funding programmes, competitively won project grants and capital funding for infrastructure and technology investments. The principal terms and conditions under which BBSRC provides its funding are set out in El's Institute Grant Agreement.

In April 2018, BBSRC became part of UK Research and Innovation (UKRI), a new organisation that brings together the UK's seven research councils.

Employees

El staff that joined before 1 October 2011 were employed by BBSRC up to 1 October 2017, when they transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Transferred employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with EI becoming an admitted employer in the scheme. The RCPS is a defined benefit scheme funded from annual grant-in-aid on a pay-as-you-go basis. EI accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme.

El has recruited all new staff from October 2011 on its own terms and conditions, covering basic pay and allowances, contractual payments, tax, NI, and liabilities for pension contributions and redundancy. Such staff are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

El employs a number of positions jointly with UEA. Staff are employed under El terms & conditions, but are eligible to join The University Superannuation Scheme (USS). El is obliged to pay the prevailing employer contribution rate for staff in the USS, however it has no liability for scheme funding deficits.

Communication

El provides all staff with relevant information, and seeks their views on matters of common concern through direct communication and through line managers. Priority is given to ensuring that employees are aware of all significant matters affecting El's position and any significant organisational changes.

Equality and Diversity

It is EI's policy to provide equal opportunities to job applicants and employees of any race, nationality, ethnic origin, marital status, religion or belief, gender, disability, sexual orientation, age or employment status. EI does not condone or tolerate any form of discrimination in its recruitment or employment practices. All employees and applicants are treated on merit, fairly, with respect and dignity, recognised as individuals and valued for the contribution they make, provided fair and equal access to training, development, reward and progression opportunities and are accountable for the impact of their own behaviour and actions. All EI's policies follow these principles.

El is aware of its statutory duty to support the employment of disabled persons where possible, both in recruitment and by retention of employees who become disabled whilst in the employment of the charitable company, as well as generally through training and career development.

Health & Safety

El aims to safeguard and improve the health, safety, welfare and security of its employees and the health and safety of visitors. El aims to create an atmosphere where health and safety matters are paramount considerations and consults with employees and their representatives on health and safety matters.

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STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE TRUSTEES OF EARLHAM INSTITUTE IN RESPECT OF THE TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have are required to prepare the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and charitable company and of the group's excess of expenditure over income for that period. In preparing each of the group and charitable company financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- assess the group's and the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Insurance disclosure

The Institute maintains liability insurance for its trustees, with an annual aggregate cover limit for all claims against them in that capacity. The trustees have also been granted a qualifying third party provision under section 233 of Companies Act 2006. Neither the Institute's indemnity nor insurance provides cover in the event that a trustee is proved to have acted fraudulently or dishonestly.

Public benefit

The Trustees are satisfied they have complied with their duty in section 4 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to public benefit guidance published by the Charities Commission. Based on this guidance, and as described in this Trustees' report, the Trustees' believe the activities of EI to be charitable in nature.

Independent auditors

KPMG LLP have been appointed as auditors and a resolution has been passed by the Board, concerning their appointment as auditors.

On behalf of the Board

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Janet Thornton, Trustee Director

3 December 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EARLHAM INSTITUTE

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Earlham Institute ("the charitable company") for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Group Statement of Financial Activities, The Group and Parent Charitable Company Balance Sheets, The Group Charitable Cash Flow Statement and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the group in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

The impact of uncertainties due to the UK exiting the European Union on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of Brexit are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, such as future funding and related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the group's future prospects and performance.

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the group's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

Going concern

The trustees have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the group or the charitable company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the group and charitable company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the trustees' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the group's business model, including the impact of Brexit, and analysed how those risks might affect the group and charitable company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the group or the charitable company will continue in operation.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information, which comprises Trustees' report incorporating the strategic review. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the other information;
- in our opinion the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report, which constitutes the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year, is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the charitable company has not kept adequate accounting records or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the charitable company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Trustees' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 10, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the group's and the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from

material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Stephanie Beavis (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Dragonfly House 2 Gilders Way Norwich NR3 1UB Date: 18 December 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

INCORPORATING AN INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Restricted capital	Total 2019	Total 2018
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Income						
Income from charitable activities						
Grant Income - BBSRC		201	9,386	-	9,587	8,569
Grant Income - other		-	593	-	593	616
Other Research Income		1,073	-	-	1,073	1,308
Capital funding - BBSRC		-	-	1,813	1,813	6,932
Income from other trading activities						
Trading income	t)	480	-	-	480	764
Rental income		70	-		70	38
Investment income	. 9	107	-	-	107	89
Other generated income		868	-	-	868	541
Total income		2,799	9,979	1,813	14,591	18,857
Expenditure			۰.			
Charitable activities	2	(2,188)	(8,931)	(3,821)	(14,940)	(14,237)
Raising funds		(124)	-	-	(124)	(110)
Trading expenditure		(260)	-	-	(260)	(350)
Total expenditure		(2,572)	(8,931)	(3,821)	(15,324)	(14,697)
Transfers		(280)	(59)	. 339	•	
Net expenditure for the year		(53)	989	(1,669)	(733)	4,160
Funds brought forward		12,031	-	13,186	25,217	21,057
Funds carried forward	19	11,978	989	11,517	24,484	25,217

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities ("SoFA") includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All incoming resources and expenditure relates to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 16 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED AND CHARITABLE COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

		Group Group	Group Group Company		Company
		2019	2018	2019	2018
AUTOM	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10	12,588	14,171	12,588	14,171
Intangible assets	11	91	140	61	110
Current assets					
Stocks	13	118	216	118	216
Debtors	14	1,972	7,138	1,846	6,903
Cash at bank and in hand	15	13,654	14,241	13,458	13,791
		15,744	21,595	15,422	20,910
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(3,939)	(10,689)	(3,807)	(10,383)
Total net current assets		11,805	10,906	11,615	10,527
Total assets less current liabilities		24,484	25,217	24,264	24,808
Total net assets	18	24,484	25,217	24,264	24,808
The funds of the charity					
Restricted funds					
Fixed asset reserve	19	11,517	13,186	11,509	13,186
Designated reserve	19	600	-	600	
General reserve	19	389	-	389	-
Total restricted funds		12,506	13,186	12,498	13,186
Unrestricted funds					
Fixed asset reserve	19	1,162	1,125	1,140	1,095
Designated reserve	19	6,299	7,372	6,299	7,372
General reserve	19	4,517	3,534	4,327	3,155
	10.550				

Total funds 24,484 25,217 24,264 The financial statements on pages 13 to 26 were approved by the Board of Trustees on 3 December 2019 and were signed on its behalf

Frante

Janet Thornton, Trustee Director

Total unrestricted funds

by:

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Company registration number: 06855533

11,766

11,622

24,808

11,978

12,031

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

				Total	Total
40 				2019	2018
			Note	£000	£000
Cash flows from operating activities:				(=0.0)	4 4 0 0
Operating (deficit)/surplus				(733)	4,160
Interest receivable				(107)	(89)
Depreciation	·			3,821	3,420
Capital grants received				(1,813)	(6,932)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of tangible assets		*		(12)	147
Decrease in stocks				98	66
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors				5,166	(4,923)
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors				(6,750)	5,697
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities				(330)	1,546
Cash Flows from investing activities:					
Interest received	*			107	89
Purchase of tangible assets				(2,241)	(6,831)
Purchase of intangible assets				(_,_+,)	(51)
Capital grants received				1.813	6,932
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	• •			64	131
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		*		(257)	270
not ousin (used ministernated k) integrang demande					•
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting	g period		14	(587)	1,816
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period			15	14,241	12,425

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of preparation

The group financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and applicable accounting standards. They have also been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities; Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (Charities SORP (FRS102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The principal accounting policies adopted in these financial statements, which have been consistently applied, are as follows:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of EI and all its subsidiary undertakings in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 102 "Accounting for Subsidiary Undertakings".

El is one of four members of NBIP Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). The group accounts for NBIP as an associate, although in practice the company makes no profit or loss and has net assets of NIL, therefore has no impact on the Group financial statements.

The financial statements of all group undertakings are made up to 31 March 2019. A separate income and expenditure account has not been presented for EI as permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. The loss after tax of EI was £544,000 (2018: profit £3,837,000) for the year.

b. Going concern

In light of the continued pressure on public sector funding, the Trustees have reviewed whether it was still appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. Having considered financial forecasts for the period to March 2022, and the level of unrestricted reserves, the Trustees have concluded that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. No material uncertainties exist.

c. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation

Preparation of the financial statements require management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- Depreciation, which has been charged in line with the accounting policy below. The amount of depreciation charged and net book value of the assets is included in Note 10.

- Intangible assets have been amortised in line with the accounting policy below and the net book value of the assets is included in Note 11.

d. Incoming resources

Charitable grant income represents grants received and receivable in the year from outside granting bodies and other miscellaneous income. Grants that provide core funding are recognised in the year in which entitlement passes. Grant funding received to undertake research is recognised in the year in which the obligation is fulfilled. Grant funding is released to match expenditure incurred during the year together with any related contributions towards overhead costs.

Other charitable research income represents non-grant revenue from collaborative research projects with other academic institutions and other scientific services. Revenue is recognised in the year in which the obligation is fulfilled.

Capital grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial activities ("SoFA") when entitlement passes.

Where income has been received in advance of conditions being met, the income is deferred until those conditions have been fully satisfied.

Investment income relates to interest receivable from treasury deposits and related party loans. The interest is recognised in the year in which it is earnt.

Other income relates to miscellaneous income. Revenue is recognised in the year in which the obligation is fulfilled.

e. Resources expended

Expenditure on charitable activities represents the full cost of the research performed. It includes the cost of direct staff, consumable stocks and indirect costs apportioned on the basis of use.

Cost of generating funds represents the cost of obtaining funds for research and preparing grant applications. Governance costs represent the necessary cost of compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements and any other costs which are not direct charitable expenditure. Support costs have been wholly allocated to charitable activity expenditure based upon activity as indicated in note 3 to the financial statements.

f. Restricted funds

Where research at El is funded by grants with conditions attached to them these are shown as restricted. From April 2019 the strategic programme grants from the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council ("BBSRC") are shown as restricted. Capital grants received and receivable together with other restricted funds received and receivable and used to purchase tangible assets are included within restricted funds.

A restricted fixed assets reserve has been established representing the net book value of fixed assets purchased from capital grants. The reserve is shown as restricted due to continuing conditions in connection with the capital grants and assets purchased.

g. Unrestricted funds

These include any other grants which do not have specific conditions attached to them.

A fixed assets reserve has been established within unrestricted reserves representing the net book value of fixed assets funded from unrestricted reserves.

Unrestricted reserves that have been designated by the Board for specific purposes are shown in separate designated reserves. At March 2019, £6.3m (2018: £7.4m) of unrestricted reserves have been designated in relation to co-funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic research projects and future capital investment.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

h. Capital transfers

A transfer from the unrestricted to the restricted reserve equal to the depreciation charge for assets purchased from unrestricted reserves is made as a capital transfer.

i. Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are shown at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation. The cost of tangible assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of assets, less any estimated residual value, over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Plant, machinery and equipment - over estimated economic life;

Scientific equipment - 5 years straight line;

Sequencing equipment - 3 years straight line;

Computer equipment - 3 years straight line.

The leasehold improvements have been depreciated over the shorter of their estimated economic life and the remainder of the lease period.

Assets under construction are not depreciated until the asset is in full use.

j. Intangible assets and amortisation

Computer Software development costs are recognised as intangible fixed assets at cost less amortisation and any provision for impairment.

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of assets, less the estimated residual value, over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Computer Software - 3 to 5 years straight-line.

Assets under construction are not amortised until the asset is in full use.

k. Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made, where necessary, for slow moving or obsolete stock.

I. Debtors

Debtors are non-interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value, as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

m. Trade creditors

Trade creditors are non-interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

n. Provisions

A provision is recognised in the financial statements where there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party.

o. Staff and Pensions

El staff that joined before 1 October 2011 were employed by BBSRC up to 1 October 2017, when they transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Transferred employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with El becoming an admitted employer in the scheme. The RCPS is a defined benefit scheme funded from annual grant-in-aid on a pay-as-you-go basis. The RCPS Pension Scheme is a multiemployer scheme and El is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. El therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Liabilities for the payment of future benefits are the responsibility of the RCPS and accordingly are not included in these Financial Statements.

EI has recruited all new staff from October 2011 on its own terms and conditions, covering basic pay and allowances, contractual payments, tax, NI, and liabilities for pension contributions and redundancy. Such staff are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

The Company employs some staff jointly with the University of East Anglia. Staff are employed under El terms & conditions, but are eligible to join The University Superannuation Scheme (USS). El is obliged to pay the prevailing employer contribution rate for staff in the USS, however it has no liability for scheme funding deficits. Accordingly, these arrangements have been accounted for as defined contribution scheme.

p. Termination benefits

Redundancy payments are only recognised as a liability and an expense only when the event is demonstrably committed to by either: a. termination of the employment of an employee or group of employees before the normal retirement date, or b. provision of termination benefits as a result of an offer made in order to encourage voluntary redundancy.

q. Operating Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities on a straight line basis over the lease term.

r. Foreign currency transactions

The reporting and functional currency is pounds sterling. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at year end exchange rates. All gains and losses are taken to the statement of financial activities in the year to which they relate.

s. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised upon becoming a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. ANALYSIS OF RESOURCES EXPENDED

Expenditure on charitable activities and governance costs have been analysed below.

Expenditure on charitable activities		Total 2019	Tota 2018
	Note	£000	£000
Direct charitable expenditure:		4 074	1 504
Staff costs		4,271	4,531
Direct costs		5,441	4,840
Depreciation		3,821	3,420
Governance costs		72	. 97
Support costs	3	1,335	1,349
Total resources expended		14,940	14,23
Total resources expended		14,940	14,237
Total resources expended		14,940 Total	
			Tota
		Total	Tota . 2018
Total resources expended Analysis of governance costs Staff costs		Total 2019	14,237 Tota 2018 £000
Analysis of governance costs Staff costs		Total 2019 £000 61	Tota 2018 £000
Analysis of governance costs		Total 2019 £000	Tota 2018 £000

Included within expenditure is restricted general expenditure of £8,931k (2018: £9,884k), and restricted capital expenditure (depreciation) of £3,821k (2018: £3,420k). All other expenditure is unrestricted.

3. ALLOCATION OF SUPPORT COSTS

	Charitable Activities	Raising Funds	Total 2019	Total 2018	Basis of Allocation
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Building services*	469	-	469	458	Activity
Finance and Contracts*	234	123	357	303	Activity
Management, IT and Communications*	299		299	376	Activity
Human Resources and Staff Welfare*	136	-	136	142	Activity
Other support services	27	47	74	70	Activity
Total support costs	1,165	170	1,335	1,349	

Support costs are allocated based on their nature.

* includes services supplied by NBI Partnership Limited (see note 22).

4. TAXATION

El is an exempt charity within the meaning of the Charities Act 2011 and as such is a charity within the meaning of section 506(1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and is not subject to corporation tax in respect of its charitable activities.

The trading activities of its subsidiary, Genome Enterprise Limited, are subject to corporation tax, however profits are gifted to the charitable company resulting in £nil (2018: £nil) tax payable.

There is no provision for deferred tax on fair value adjustments because any chargeable gains are applied to charitable objectives so no tax liability arises.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5. OPERATING SURPLUS

Operating surplus is stated after charging:

	Total	Total
	Total 2019 £000 12 2 - 3,821 12	2018
	£000	£000
Audit services:		
Fees for the audit of the charitable company and consolidated financial statements	12	13
Fees for the audit of the charitable company's subsidiary pursuant to legislation	2	3
Non-audit services:		
Other fees payable to the auditors of the charitable company	-	-
Depreciation	3,821	3,420
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of tangible assets	12	(147)
Operating lease rentals (land and buildings)	131	129
Hire of plant and equipment	7	8
Gain/(Loss) on foreign exchange translations	8	(1)

6. RESULTS OF TRADING ACTIVITIES OF SUBSIDIARY

	Total	Total
Genome Enterprise Limited	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Profit and loss account		
Turnover	480	764
Cost of sales	(182)	(343)
Gross profit	298	421
Administrative expenses	(78)	(12)
Operating profit and profit on ordinary activities before taxation	220	409

In addition to the above, £408,848 (2018: £186,132) in Gift Aid was paid to the to the charitable company in the year. While a tax charge is recognised in the subsidiary accounts, this has not been reflected in the group accounts due to it being immaterial, and no tax ultimately being payable due to expected gift aid payments.

7. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

EI has been given approval by the Charities Commission to remunerate trustees where the Board considers that payment is necessary to attract trustees with specialist skills and experience. The power to remunerate trustees is included in EI's Articles of Association.

Eight members of the Board of Trustees received remuneration from the group during the year for their duties as a Trustee (2018: eight). Total trustee remuneration in the year was £23,000 (2018: £22,000). Details of the remuneration paid during the year is as follows:

	Total	Total
Name of Trustee	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Professor Nigel Brown		1
Professor Robbie Waugh	3	3
Mr Terry Gould	3	3
Professor Dame Janet Thornton	5	4
Mrs Andrea Finegan	3	3
Dr Alasdair Macnab	3	. 3
Professor Edward Louis	2	2
Professor Veronica Van Heyningen	2	3
Professor Jean Beggs	2	-
Total	23	22

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES (CONTINUED)

Attendance expenses incurred by 3 (2018: 5) Trustees whilst carrying out their duties amounted to £1,241 (2018: £1,440) during the year.

8. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The average monthly number of persons employed by or deployed to the group, analysed by category, was as follows:

Group and charitable company			2019	2018
	×		Number	Number
Scientific			84	81
Office management and services			20	24
Total			104	105

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were:

					2019	2018
		2	<i>E</i>	Note	£000	£000
Wages and salaries					3,475	3,506
Redundancy costs					28	265
Social security costs					353	335
Other pension costs				. 21	476	510
Total		*			4,332	4,616

As required by SORP 2015 an analysis has been provided below of the number of staff who fall within emoluments bands from £60,000 upwards.

Group and charitable company			2019	2018
		-	Number	Number
£60,000 - £69,999			6	4
£70,000 - £79,999			1	1
£80,000 - £89,999	•		and the second	1
£90,000 - £99,999				1
£100,000 - £109,999			3	1
£130,000 - £139,999			-	1
£150,000 - £159,999			1	-
Total			11	9

The number of staff with emoluments greater than £60,000 who were members of the Research Councils' Pension Schemes was 4 (2018: 3). The number of staff with emoluments greater than £60,000 who were members of a company stakeholder pension scheme was 3 (2018: 4).

Staff that joined prior to 1 October 2011 were employed by BBSRC up to 1 October 2017, when these employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE. Transferred employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme, where applicable, with El becoming an admitted employer in the scheme.

Staff that joined after 1 October 2011 are employed under El terms & conditions.

The key management personnel of the charitable company are considered to be the members of the executive team: the Institute Director, Director of Operations and Director of Science. The key management personnel of the group comprise those of the charity and the key management personnel of the wholly owned subsidiaries, Genome Enterprise Ltd ("GEL"). The key management personnel of GEL is considered to be the Institute Director (EI) and the Director of Operations (EI). No costs were recharged in respect of this. The total employee benefits of the key management personnel of the charity and group were £418,765 (2018: £380,440).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

			Total	Total	
				2019	2018
				£000	£000
Deal-interest				105	87
Bank interest				105	01
Interest on loans				2	2
Interest on trading balances				-	-
Total				107	89

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS

		Plant,		
		machinery	Assets	
	Leasehold	and	under	
Group and charitable company	improvements	equipment	construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
승규는 집에서 지원들을 수가 물건을 했다.				
Cost				
At 1 April 2018	8,457	25,485	5,785	39,727
Transfers	-	5,785	(5,785)	-
Additions	-	2,188	53	2,241
Disposals	-	(1,258)		(1,258)
At 31 March 2019	8,457	32,200	53	40,710
Accumulated Depreciation				• ,
At 1 April 2018	4,165	21,391		25,556
Charge for the year	694	3,078		3,772
Disposals		(1,206)	-	(1,206)
At 31 March 2019	4,859	23,263	-	28,122
Net book value at 31 March 2019	3,598	8,937	53	12,588
Net book value at 31 March 2018	4,292	4,094	5,785	14,171

All of the charitable company assets at 31 March 2019 are used for direct charitable purposes.

Assets under construction represent capital items which are not yet in full economic use.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group	Software development	Total
Group	£000	£000
Cost		
At 1 April 2018	177	177
Additions		-
At 31 March 2019	177	177
Accumulated Depreciation		
At 1 April 2018	37	37
Charge for the year	49	49
At 31 March 2019	. 86	86
Net book value at 31 March 2019	91	91
Net book value at 31 March 2018	140	140

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Software	
Charitable company	·	development	Total
		£000	£000
Cost			
At 1 April 2018		147	147
Additions		-	-
Disposals		-	
At 31 March 2019		147	147
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018		37	37
Charge for the year		49	49
Disposals		-	-
At 31 March 2019		86	86
Net book value at 31 March 2019		61	61
Net book value at 31 March 2018		110	110

The intangible asset relates to internally generated research software.

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Subsidiary

The charitable company's investment in its subsidiary undertaking at cost amounts to £1. The following is the operating subsidiary undertaking in which the charitable company has an interest:

Subsidiary Undertaking	Country of registration	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Genome Enterprise Limited	England	Contract research	100% ordinary shares

Genome Enterprisee Limited (company registration number 06812113) registred address is Norwich Research Park, Norwich, Norfolk, NR4 7UH.

The charitable company has committed to provide financial support to Genome Enterprise Limited ("GEL"), and not demand repayment of amounts due to it, in order to enable GEL to meet its liabilities as they fall due – but only to the extent that money is not otherwise available to the company to meet such liabilities – for a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the financial statements of the GEL for the year ended 31 March 2019.

GEL is a member of Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP, which is responsible for the management and development of the Norwich Research Park land and for the furtherance of the NRP Enterprise Vision. El is entitled to receive a share of certain profits generated by Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP, however it has no liability for losses or in the event of insolvency. Anglia Innovation Partnership LLP has not yet generated any profits.

EI has a 25% interest in NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP"). NBIP supplies support and administrative services to EI and the other Norwich Institutes (John Innes Centre, Quadram Institute Bioscience and The Sainsbury Laboratory) on a not-for-profit basis. NBIP fully recharges its costs to the four research organisations and accordingly it generates no profit or loss.

13. STOCK

	Total	Total
Group and charitable company	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Raw materials and consumables	118	216
Total	118	216

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

14. DEBTORS

			Group 2019	Group 2018	Company 2019	Company 2018
	12	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Grants receivable:						
from government bodies		¥. 04	560	4,519	560	4,519
from other sources			26	34	26	34
Trade debtors			572	336	427	336
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings		1	-	-	137	22
Amounts owed by other related parties		22	230	158	230	158
Other debtors	1		90	62	90	61
Prepayments and accrued income			494	2,029	376	1,773
Total amounts falling due within one year			1,972	7,138	1,846	6,903

The above amounts fall due within one year.

Grants receivable from government bodies includes £35,504 in relation to capital funding receivable from BBSRC (2018: 1£3,498,496).

15. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank	13,654	14,241	13,458	13,791
Total	13,654	14,241	13,458	13,791

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

		Group 2019	Group 2018	Company 2019	Company 2018
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Grants received in advance:					
from government bodies		1,218	1,487	1,218	1,487
from other sources		84	394	84	394
Amounts owed to other related parties	22	159	137	159	137
Trade creditors		429	753	429	753
Other creditors		614	588	614	588
Taxation and social security		127	93	103	93
Accruals and deferred income		1,308	7,237	1,200	6,931
Total amounts falling due within one year		3,939	10,689	3,807	10,383

17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Group		Total 2019	Total 2018
	Note	£000	£000
Grants receivable	. 14	586	4,553
Grants received in advance	16	(1,302)	(1,881)
Net grants receivable at the end of the year / (received in advance)		(716)	2,672
Net grants (received in advance) / receivable at beginning of year		2,672	(232)
Grant monies received during the year		(13,568)	(6,281)
Grant money released to SOFA during the year	*	10,180	9,185
Net grants receivable at the end of the year / (received in advance)		(716)	2,672

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

18. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

		Net	Total
	Fixed	current	
	assets	assets	2019
	£000	£000	£000
Group			
Unrestricted:			
Fixed asset reserve	1,162	-	1,162
Designated reserve		6,299	6,299
General reserve	-	4,517	4,517
Restricted:			
Fixed asset reserve	11,517	-	11,517
Designated reserve	-	600	600
General capital reserve	-	389	389
Total net assets	12,679	11,805	24,484
Charitable company			
Unrestricted:			
Fixed asset reserve	1,140	-	1,140
Designated reserve		6,299	6,299
General reserve		4,327	4,327
Restricted:			
Fixed asset reserve	11,509	-	11,509
Designated reserve	-	600	600
General capital reserve	-	389	389
Total net assets	12,649	11,615	24,264

The unrestricted fixed asset reserve represents the net book value of fixed assets purchased from unrestricted funds. The unrestricted designated reserve relates to funds designated by the Board for use in relation to co-funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic projects and future capital investment.

The restricted fixed asset reserve relates to the net book value of fixed assets purchased from capital grants.

19. ANALYSIS OF FUNDS MOVEMENTS

	Unrestricted fixed assets reserve	Unrestricted designated	Unrestricted general	Restricted designated	Restricted fixed reserve	Restricted general	Total 2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Group							
At 1 April 2018	1,125	7,372	3,534	-	13,186	-	25,217
Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	-	-	227		(2,008)	1,048	(733)
Capital transfers	(339)	-	-	-	339	-	• •
Unrestricted general capital expenditure	376	(428)	52	-	-	-	
Unrestricted designated transfer	- 11	(645)	645			-	-
Restricted designated transfer		-	· -	600	-	(600)	-
Other transfers	-	-	59	-	-	(59)	
At 31 March 2019	1,162	6,299	4,517	600	11,517	389	24,484
Charitable company							
At 1 April 2018	1,095	7,372	3,155	-	13,186	-	24,808
Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	-	-	416	-	(2,008)	1,048	(544)
Capital transfers	(331)	-	_	-	331	-	
Unrestricted general capital expenditure	376	(428)	52		-		•
Unrestricted designated transfer	-	(645)	645	-	-		
Restricted designated transfer	-		-	600	-	(600)	
Other transfers	-	-	59	-		(59)	-
At 31 March 2019	1,140	6,299	4,327	600	11,509	389	24,264

Capital transfers relate to fund movements in connection with fixed assets and depreciation; ensuring assets are appropriately reflected in separate reserves.

The Unrestricted general capital expenditure relates to fixed asset purchases funded from the unrestricted designated reserve. The Unrestricted designated transfer represents designated funding for institute strategic programmes, strategic expenditure and future capital investment.

Other transfers relate to the net surplus on research grants, which has been transferred to unrestricted general reserves upon performance of the grant conditions.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

20. COMMITMENTS

	Total	Total
Group and charitable company	2019	2018
	£000	£000
×		
Capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made:		
Contracted	161	1,015
	Total	Total
Group and charitable company	2019	2018
a	£000	£000
Amounts due under other operating leases for land and buildings:		
Under one year	100	100
Between one and five years	300	300
Over 5 years	1,676	1,767
	2,076	2,167
Amounts due under other operating leases for plant and machinery:		
Under one year	4	5
Between one and five years	2	1
Over 5 years		-
	6	6

21. PENSION SCHEMES

All staff employed by El on 30 September 2011 became BBSRC employees on 15 March 2012 and were deployed back to the Institute under conditions set out in the Deployment Agreement (the "Deployed Employees"). On 1 October 2018, Deployed Employees transferred employment to the Institute under TUPE.

Deployed Employees retain their membership of the Research Councils Pension Scheme (RCPS), where applicable, with El becoming an admitted employer in the scheme. The RCPS is a defined benefit scheme funded from annual grant-in-aid on a pay-as-you-go basis. The RCPS Pension Scheme is a multi-employer scheme and El is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. El therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Liabilities for the payment of future benefits are the responsibility of the RCPS and accordingly are not included in these Financial Statements. The employer contribution rate during the year was 26% (2018: 26%).

El employees that joined after 30 September 2011 are eligible to join a defined contribution scheme.

The Company employs some staff jointly with the University of East Anglia. Staff are employed under EI terms & conditions, but are eligible to join The University Superannuation Scheme (USS). EI is obliged to pay the prevailing employer contribution rate for staff in the USS, however it has no liability for scheme funding deficits. Accordingly, these arrangements have been accounted for as defined contribution scheme.

The total pension charge for the year was £475,903 (2018: £510,268), with outstanding contributions at the year-end of £34,781 (2018: £59,999).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The charitable company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS102, not to disclose transactions and balances with its wholly owned subsidiary.

Biotechnology and Biological Science Research Council ("BBSRC")

The charitable company is strategically funded by BBSRC along with seven other Institutes and BBSRC is one of the members of the charitable company. In April 2018, BBSRC became part of UK Research and Innovation (UKRI), a new organisation that brings together the UK's seven research councils, Innovate UK and Research England.

During the year BBSRC charged EI £3,983 (2018: £3,878) for subscription charges and other costs. As at 31 March 2019, EI owed BBSRC £nil (2018: £nil).

BBSRC provided £9,587,000 (2018: £8,569,000) of funding for research and in addition it provided £1,813,000 (2018: £6,932,000) of funding for capital purchases in the year ended 31 March 2019. As at 31 March 2019, BBSRC owed EI £134,470 (2018: £3,565,120), of which £35,504 (2018: £3,498,496) was for capital purchases.

NBI Partnership Limited ("NBIP")

El is one of four members and guarantors of NBIP, a company limited by guarantee. El has provided short-term loans to NBIP to enable NBIP to manage its cash requirements. At 31 March 2019, El had a loan balance with NBIP of £99,000 (2018: £100,000).

During the year, El was charged £1,385,020 (2018: £1,503,616) for services under a cost sharing agreement. As at 31 March 2019, El owed NBIP £118,607 (2018: £135,194) and NBIP owed El £nil (2018: £1,995).

University of East Anglia ("UEA")

UEA is a member of the charitable company. During the year, El invoiced UEA £264,429 (2018: £148,217) for services. UEA invoiced El £86,831 (2018: £26,361) for miscellaneous costs and £477,507 (2018: £296,114) for staff costs.

As at 31 March 2019, UEA owed EI £131,411 (2018: £55,774) and EI owed UEA £40,222 (2018: £2,139).

23. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Trustees consider that there is no ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. El is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Directors and Trustees

Professor Dame Janet Thornton Dr Alasdair Macnab Professor Peter Holland **Professor Thomas Richards** Ms Amanda Tagg Mrs Andrea Finegan Professor Jean Beggs Professor Edward Louis

Chair - Board of Trustees Chair - Audit Committee

Chair - Remuneration Commitee

Key Management Personnel

Professor Neil Hall Mrs Sarah Cossey Professor Federica Di Palma Institute Director **Director of Operations**

Registered charity number

Registered company number

Registered office and principal office of the charity Norwich Research Park

Colney Norwich NR4 7UZ

Independent auditor

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor **Dragonfly House** 2 Gilders Way Norwich NR3 1UB

Banker

Barclays Bank Plc Red Lion Street Norwich NR1 3QH

Solicitors

Taylor Vinters LLP Merlin Place Milton Road Cambridge CB4 0DP

Birketts Kingfisher House 1 Gilders Way **Off Barrack Street** Norwich **NR3 1UB**

Director of Science

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