

Company Registration No: 7654820 Charity Registration No: 1145387

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2019

Contents	Page No.
Description	
Legal and Administrative Information	3-4
Trustees' Report	5-9
Independent Examiner's Report	10
Statement of Financial Activities	11
Balance Sheet	12
Cash Flow Statement	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14-18

Legal and Administrative Information

Charity Registration Number Company Registration Number 1145387 7654820

Trustees

Mark Davies Jonathan Diamond Paul Jackson Katie Lee-Brooks

James Maxwell (until 26th November 2019)

Nicholas Trollope

Patrons

Thomas P. Peschak (co-founder)

Steve Backshall Doug Allen Valerie Taylor Doug Perrine Douglas Seifert Tony Wu Roger Munns

Chief Executive | Founder

Guy Stevens

Director of Operations

Head of Conservation Strategy

Fundraising Manager / Media & Comm. Assistant

Media & Communications Manager

Finance Manager

Central & South America Regional Co-ordinator

IDtheManta Database Manager

Rebecca Carter Isabel Ender Lilian Dinan-Jackson

Simon Hilbourne Eleanor Gloster Kanina Harty Niv Froman

Associate Directors

Joshua Stewart Shawn Heinrichs Mary O'Malley Paul Hilton Daniel Fernando

Project Leaders

Genetics Seychelles Maldives Chagos

Sri Lanka, India & Malaysia

Thailand

Indonesia (manta rays) Indonesia (devil rays)

Philippines

Marianas & Pohnpei

Federated States of Micronesia

Palau Fiji

New Caledonia French Polynesia

Hawaii New Zealand Mexico: Pacific Mexico: Caribbean

Costa Rica Ecuador Emily Humble / Jane Hosegood

Lauren Peel Tam Sawers Joanna Harris Daniel Fernando Jamie Monmaneerat Sarah Lewis

Betty Laglbauer
Shannon Arnold
Julie Hartup
Bill Acker
Mandy Etpison
Luke Gordon
Hugo Lassauce
Cécile Berthe
Mark Deakos
Lydia Green

Robert Rubin / Karey Kumli

Karen Fuentes Ernst van der Poll Michel Guerrero Peru Stefany Rojas Brazil Guilherme Kodja Azores Ana Sobral

Registered Office Catemwood House

Corscombe Dorchester Dorset DT2 ONT

Bankers HSBC Bank

Solicitors Russell-Cooke Solicitors

2 Putney Hill Putney London SW15 6AB

Independent Examiner Moore Kingston Smith LLP

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road

London EC1M 7AD

The Manta Trust

Trustees' Report

For the year end 30 June 2019

Structure, Governance and Management

The organisation is a charitable company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 1st June 2011 and registered as a charity on 11th January 2012.

The company was established under a Memorandum of Association which establishes the objects and powers of the charitable company and is governed under its Articles of Association. In the event of the company being wound up, trustees are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1.

The Directors of the company are also the Charity Trustees for the purpose of charity law. Currently there are five serving Trustees (see page 3) and under the requirements of the Articles of Association the number of serving Trustees should not be less than three.

Currently the Charity provides an informal induction process for new Trustees. Prospective Trustees are nominated for the professional experience they can bring and skills are matched with the needs of the Board. Potential Trustees are approached by the Chairman or Chief Executive; the aims and activities of the Charity are explained and potential Trustees are provided with explanatory notes and reports. On becoming a Trustee, they are provided with explanatory material on Trusteeship from the Charity Commission and copies of recent accounts and board minutes.

The Charity is managed on a day to day basis by the Chief Executive, Director of Operations and the Head of Conservation Strategy, with guidance from a board of trustees, supported by a panel of scientific advisors.

Objective, Mission and Principal Activity

The Charity's key objectives are the conservation of manta rays and their close relatives, mobula rays throughout the world's oceans. Manta rays can be considered charismatic megafauna; diving and snorkelling with these creatures is a sought-after experience the world over. The charity intends to maximise the potential of this, using the manta ray to achieve broad scale marine conservation goals. Our vision is to see these animals thriving in healthy, diverse ocean ecosystems the world over.

The organisation strives to accomplish these goals through a number of means, with three specific areas of focus; research, awareness and collaboration. We use robust scientific studies to provide hard evidence for decision makers involved in conserving these creatures. We bring together specialists in this field to share their expertise and to co-ordinate global research and conservation benefits for these species. Our field projects take place in the Seychelles, Maldives, Chagos, Sri Lanka, India, Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia, the Mariana's Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Palau, New Caledonia, French Polynesia, Hawaii, New Zealand, Mexico, Peru, Ecuador, Brazil, Costa Rica, and the Azores.

To raise awareness, we ensure that we have a strong online presence, both through our own online resources and through various social networking sites. We endeavour to work with film and documentary makers to raise the profile of these animals and their conservation. We publish books and popular articles in high profile publications.

To educate we have an online resource which brings together in a simple and concise manner, all that is known about these animals including the threats to their ongoing survival and the consequences of these pressures. We have initiated a school programme and we work with local

communities in areas where changes in behaviour and practice are required in order to help manage this change. We are also forming affiliations with key partners to help educate a wider audience.

Public Benefit

We have referred to the guidance in the Charity Commission's general guidance on Public Benefit: including the guidance Running a Charity (PB2)' when reviewing our aims and objectives and in planning our future activities. In particular, the Trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the aims and objectives they have set.

The Manta Trust's vision is a sustainable future for the oceans where manta rays thrive in healthy, diverse marine ecosystems. Using the manta ray's charismatic nature and appeal to divers an snorkelers and achieving conservation benefits for these animals, we will also achieve much wider marine conservation goals, conserving our oceans, which provide 70 per cent of global oxygen, allowing the planet to survive.

Risk Management

The Trustees have identified the major risks applicable to the charity and believe that appropriate action has been taken to manage and mitigate against these risks. Furthermore, the Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the Charity is exposed, in particular those relating to the operations, reputation and finance of the Manta Trust. The senior management team assesses and updates the likelihood and impact of material risks and ensures controls are in place, such as special risk assessments for fieldwork.

Strategic Objectives for 2018/2019

The Strategic Objectives for The Manta Trust in 2018/2019 were:

- Continue research efforts to improve our understanding of the life history of the Mobula species, including the collection of data that identifies the nature and extent of the threats facing these animals;
- Improve the awareness and understanding of the general public of mobulid rays, the threats that face them, and potential solutions;
- Provide educational opportunities for students of all ages in all locations that will allow them to learn about mobulid rays and ocean conservation more broadly;
- Continue to increase the number of manta rays in the Manta Trust photo-ID database;
- Develop new fundraising opportunities and ensure long term, secure and sustainable revenue stream for the charity;
- Continue local projects and expand into critical new locations where mobulids are threatened;
- Publish our work in relevant scientific journals;
- Update the Global Conservation Strategy for mobulid rays and implement actions identified therein;
- Work with governments at local, national and regional level to enable legislative changes that aid mobulid conservation and support the effective implementation of existing legislation, such as the CITES and the CMS;
- Focus on local communities and continue to employ local staff and provide educational programmes to build capacities in-country;
- Expand the Baa Atoll marine education programme to other areas and age groups.

Achievements and Performance

During the Financial Year 2018/2019, the Manta Trust has continued to build on previous successes, with collaborations and partnerships remaining at the heart of our philosophy. We now have 27 different projects around the world, with a team of over 40 dedicated conservation professionals.

Our key successes and achievements during 2018/2019 include:

- As part of our Shark Conservation Fund (SCF, formerly known as the Global Partnership for Sharks & Rays (GPSR)) grant's Global Mobulid Conservation Programme (GMCP) we:
 Completed analysis of 1-year fisheries data from Java, Indonesia.
- Following a review of the Charity's strategic vision and conservation plan, carried out with support from the Shark Conservation Fund along with expert guidance from Trustee Katie Lee-Brooks, the core operations team developed a Global Strategy & Action Plan for Mobulid Rays; to assist in directing global efforts and priorities for the conservation of manta and devil rays. This was launched at the end of 2018 at the Convention on Migratory Species (CMS) Sharks MoS to an audience of renowned marine conservationists, scientists and government representatives.
- In October 2018 we launched a new membership platform called The Cyclone. Members donate either monthly or annually and receive benefits including access to a private section of our website where we post monthly, exclusive behind the scenes content about our global research and conservation programmes; helping us to raise the profile of our affiliate projects and to further educate our most engaged audience about mobulid rays and marine issues.
- Provided mobulid trend data and participated at IUCN Red List re-assessment for mobulid rays in November 2018.
- We continued our successful conservation programme in the Maldives, through the Manta Trust's Maldivian Manta Ray Project (MMRP), delivered in partnership with Four Seasons Landaa Giraavaru in Baa Atoll, Six Senses Laamu, Prodivers at Hurawalhi Resort & Spa in Lhaviyani Atoll and Euro-Divers in Ari Atoll and North Malé Atoll. The MMRP has nine members of staff and six volunteers as part of the internship programme in Baa Atoll during the southwest monsoon; all working to deliver research and education initiatives throughout their atolls.
- The Manta Trust attended dive shows in Italy and Germany, as well as ADEX in Singapore. The
 Manta Trust also took part in numerous educational festivals in the Maldives. We have also
 continued the Marine Education Programme in the Maldives, working with schools and local
 communities in Baa Atoll, Laamu Atoll and Lhaviyani Atoll.
- In October 2018 we hosted the first ever Baa Atoll Manta Festival on Dharavandhoo Island. The event was attended by over 1000 people, 11 local schools, and guest of honour, former president Mr Mohamed Nasheed. Local schools, NGOs, dive centres, and resorts joined the Manta Trust in giving talks, running stalls, making art, photo competitions, and running snorkelling lessons for the children.
- Isabel Ender, Head of Conservation Strategy for the Manta Trust, attended the 5th Our Oceans conference, held in Bali from 29-30th October. She joined stakeholders from around the globe, convening to generate commitments and take actions for the sustainability of our oceans.
- The Manta Trust continued the development of the automated manta identification software IDtheManta.
- The Charity continues to grow its significant social media following, with over 14,600 followers on Twitter, over 27,900 on Facebook and over 42,500 on Instagram.
- During 2018/19, the Manta Trust continued to receive support from the Save Our Seas Foundation, the Shark Conservation Fund (formerly known as the Global Partnership for Sharks & Rays (GPSR)), and our partners in the Maldives (Four Seasons Landaa Giraavaru, Six Senses Laamu, Prodivers at Hurawalhi Resort & Spa and Euro-Divers). In addition, the Manta Trust received funding from Carl F. Bucherer, Ernest Kleinwort Charitable Trust, Rowland Family Trust and the Paul M. Angell Family Foundation. Public donations continued to be received via PayPal Giving Fund, Virgin Money Giving and Give As You Live.

Financial Review

The Manta Trust is committed to minimising administrative costs and increasing revenue to maximise the reach of its conservation and research programmes.

Income in 2019 reached £517,495 (2018: £420,677) and was predominately achieved through donations, grants, merchandise and events such as marine charity evenings and dive shows.

Total Expenditure is 24% higher for 2019 at £387,136 (2018: £312,616). This was due, primarily to a increase in expenditure on restricted scientific grants.

Reserves Policy

The Trustees have reviewed the reserves of the Charity. To safeguard the core activities in periods of fluctuating income, the Trustees have established unrestricted reserves to cover six to 12 months operational costs £40,000 to £80,000. Should funds fall below this figure or costs increase, appropriate action will be taken.

Free reserves at 30 June 2019 were £182,248 (2018: £78,092).

The Trustees are satisfied with the current level of free reserves, but the Trustees will aim to increase this level in the financial year 2019/2020, in line with an increase in charitable expenditure.

Restricted reserves are £212,021 (2018: £185,818). These are in relation to grants received from environmental charities and other organisations for specific research projects in different parts of the world, such as Mexico, the Maldives, and New Caledonia.

Future Plans

The Manta Trust's plans for 2019/20 include:

- Continue research efforts to improve our understanding of the life history of the Mobula species, including the collection of data that identifies the nature and extent of the threats facing these animals;
- Improve the awareness and understanding of the general public of mobulid rays, the threats that face them, and potential solutions;
- Provide educational opportunities for students of all ages in all locations that will allow them to learn about mobulid rays and ocean conservation more broadly;
- · Launch the global manta-ID database software;
- Continue to increase the number of manta rays in the Manta Trust photo-ID database;
- Develop new fundraising opportunities and ensure long term, secure and sustainable revenue streams for the charity;
- Continue local projects and expand into critical new locations where mobulids are threatened;
- Publish our work in relevant scientific journals;
- Implement actions identified by the Global Strategy & Action Plan for Mobulids;
- Work with governments at local, national and regional level to enable legislative changes
 that aid mobulid conservation and support the effective implementation of existing
 legislation, such as the CITES and the CMS;
- Focus on local communities and continue to employ local staff and provide educational programmes to build capacities in-country;
- Expand the Marine Education Programme within the Maldives;
- Increase focus on our fundraising and external communication initiatives, and further develop the Manta Trust website as a primary educational resource.

Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Charity law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the surplus or deficit of the charity for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Small Company Rules

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

This report was approved by the Board on 6th January 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

PAUL JACKSON

Trustee

The Manta Trust

Independent examiner's report to the trustees the Manta Trust ('the Company')

I report on the charity trustees on my examination of the accounts of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity's trustees of the Company (and also its directors for the purposes of company law) you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (`the 2006 Act').

Having satisfied myself that the accounts of the Company are not required to be audited under Part 16 of the 2006 Act and are eligible for independent examination, I report in respect of my examination of your charity's accounts as carried out under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011 ('the 2011 Act'). In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5) (b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Since the Company's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the 2011 Act. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe:

- 1. accounting records were not kept in respect of the Company as required by section 386 of the 2006 Act; or
- 2. the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements of section 396 of the 2006 Act other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination; or
- 4. the accounts have not been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice for accounting and reporting by charities applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Neil Finlayson (Partner)

For and On Behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP

more Vota Joe we

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road

London

EC1M 7AD

Date: 7/1/2329

Statement of Financial Activities

(Incorporating an Income and Expenditure Account)
For the year ended 30th June 2019

		2019	2019	2019	2018
	Note	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total	Total
INCOME FROM		£	£	£	£
Incoming resources from generated funds Voluntary Income					
Donations Miscellaneous sales	3	150,920 21,903	344,672	495,592 21,903	402.421 18,256
Miscettaneous sates		21,703		21,703	10,230
Total		172,823	344,672	517,495	420,677
EXPENDITURE ON Raising funds Grants Other Charitable Expenditure		69,239 - (572)	318,469	69,239 318,469 (572)	8,494 287,993 16,129
Total	4	68,667	318,469	387,136	312,616
Net Surplus Fund balances brought forward	5	104,156 78,092	26,203 185,818	130,359 263,910	108,061 155,849
Tulid Datances brought for ward	,	70,072	103,010	203,710	
Fund balances carried forward All activities derive from continuing operations.	5	182,248	212,021	394,269	263,910

The notes on pages 14-18 form a part of these financial statements.

	Th	e Manta Trust			
Ва	alance Sh	eet as at 30th J	une 2019		
	Note	2019	2019	2018	2018
Current Assets					
Debtors		ė			
Cash at bank and in hand		402,576		283,847	
			402,576		283,847
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year					
Creditors		8,307		19,937	
			8,307		19,937
Total Assets less Current Liabilitie	es		394,269		263,910
Funds					
Unrestricted Funds	6		182,248		78,092
Restricted Funds	6		212,021		185,818
			394,269		263,910

The Directors' state:

- (a) For the year ended 30 June 2019 the charitable company was entitled to exemption from statutory audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.
- (b) No notice from Trustees requiring an audit has been deposited under Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- (c) The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:
 - (i) ensuring that the charitable company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386 of the Companies Act 2006, and
 - (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company as at the end of the financial year, and of its income and expenditure for the financial year, in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the charitable company.
- (d) The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved by the Board, and authorised for issue on their behalf by:

Paul Jackson

Trustee

The Manta Trust

06/01/2020

Company Registration No: 7654820

The Manta Trust Statement of Cash Flow as at 30th June 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Cash Flow generated from operating activities			
Net cash inflow from operating activities	(i)	118,729	109,506
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		118,729	109,506
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		283,847	174,341
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		402,576	283,847
(i) Reconciliation of net profit to net cash flow from operating act	ivities	2019 £	2018 £
Net profit		130,359	108,061
Adjustments for:			
(Increase)/decrease in debtors			7,508
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	3	(11,630)	(6,063)
Net cash provided by operating activities		118,729	109,506

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30th June 2019

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), including update Bulletin 1. The Charitable Company is a public benefit entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and therefore the charity also prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (The FRS 102 Charities SORP), the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate and have considered possible events or conditions that might cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable entity to continue as a going concern. The trustees have made this assessment for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In particular the trustees have considered the charitable entity's forecasts and projections and have taken account of pressures on donation and investment income. After making enquiries the trustees have concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the charitable entity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties. The charitable entity therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

Incoming Resources

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Charity is legally entitled to receipt.

Resources expended

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Wherever possible costs are directly attributed to these headings. Costs common to more than one area are apportioned on the basis of staff time spent on each area.

The costs of raising funds are those costs of fundraising and publicity.

Support costs are those costs incurred in support of the charitable objectives. These have been allocated to the charitable activities on a basis that fairly reflects the true use of those resources within the Charity.

Governance costs are those incurred in the governance of the Charity and are primarily associated with constitutional and statutory requirements.

Fund Accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (continued) For the year ended 30th June 2019

Foreign Currencies

The functions and presentation currency of the charity is the pound sterling.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies during the year are translated into pounds sterling using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the exchange rates at the reporting date are recognised in the income and expenditure section of the SOFA.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

In preparing financial statements it is necessary to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. There are no estimates or judgments that have a material effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Financial Instruments

The company only has financial assets and liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value. All debtor and creditor balances are considered to be basic financial instruments under FRS 102. See note 8 for these balances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with a maturity date of three months or less.

Debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year of the reporting date are carried at their at transaction price. Debtors and creditors that are receivable or payable in more than one year and not subject to a market rate of interest are measured at the present value of the expected future receipts or payment discounted at a market rate of interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (continued) For the year ended 30th June 2019

2. Trustees' Remuneration, Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The charity employs no staff. One Trustee received £450 (2018:£490) for providing professional accountancy services. No other Trustees received remuneration during the year. One Trustee was reimbursed £266 (2018: one Trustee £231) for travel expenditure in the year.

No trustee or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year (2018 - Nil).

3. Donations and Miscellaneous Receipts	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	Funds 2019	Funds 2019	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Donations received	150,920	*	150,920	47,019
Grants received		344,672	344,672	355,024
Arrangement Fee	411		411	378
Merchandise sales	21,492		21,492	18,256
	172,823	344,672	517,495	420,677
4. Expenditure	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
4. Expenditure	Funds 2019	Funds 2019	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Raising Funds:	-	-	_	-
Merchandise for sale	1,471		1,471	3,758
Fund Raising/Events Costs	67,768		67,768	8,494
Charitable Expenditure:	07,700		07,700	0, 17 1
Research grants to Sri Lanka,	-	318,469	318,469	287,993
Maldives, Mexico, Chagos Islands,		310, 107	510, 107	201,773
Indonesia, genetics and databases				
Bank Charges/(Exchange Charges)	(9,367)		(9,367)	7,139
Sundry Costs	5,723		5,723	1,863
Governance costs:				•
Professional fees	572	a de la composição	572	869
Independent examination fees	2,500	*	2,500	2,500
	68,667	318,469	387,136	312,616

Notes to the Financial Statements - (continued)

For the year ended 30th June 2019

5. Funds	Balance B/Fwd.	Income	Expenditure	Balance C/Fwd.
	£	£	£	£
Unrestricted Funds	78,092	172,823	(68,667)	182,248
Restricted Funds	185,818	344,672	(318,469)	212,021
	263,910	517,495	(387,136)	394,269

Please refer to the Trustees' Report to find out more about our activities. Restricted funds are held for continuous scientific and environmental projects throughout the world.

6. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	Funds	Funds	
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	184,935	217,641	402,576
Other net current assets/(liabilities)	(2,687)	(5,620)	(8,307)
	182,248	212,021	394,269

7. Members' Guarantee

At 30th June 2019 the charity had six members. The liability of each member to contribute to the assets of the charity is limited to £1.

8. Financial Assets and Liabilities	2019	2018
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(8,307)	(19,937)

Statement of Financial Activities
(Incorporating an Income and Expenditure Account)
For the year ended 30th June 2018

2018 Statement of Financial Activities, for comparative purposes.

		2018	2018	2018
	Note	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total
INCOME FROM		£	£	£
Donations and miscellaneous sales	3	49,731	384,858	402,421
Miscellaneous sales		18,256	-	18,256
Total		67,987	352,690	420,677
EXPENDITURE ON Raising funds Grants Other Charitable Expenditure		8,494 11,617 16,129	276,376 -	8,494 287,993 16,129
Total	4	36,240	276,376	312,616
Net Surplus Fund balances brought forward	5	31,747 46,345	76,314 109,504	108,061 155,849
Tana Batanees Broagne for ward	•		107,501	
Fund balances carried forward All activities derive from continuing operations.	5	78,092	185,818	263,910





