

THE JERUSALEM TRUST

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 APRIL 2022

The Peak
5 Wilton Road
London SW1V 1AP

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Legal and Administrative

The Jerusalem Trust (No. 285696) was established under a Trust Deed dated 28 September 1982 and became a registered charity on 13 December 1982.

Trustees	Lady Susan Sainsbury The Rt Hon Sir Timothy Sainsbury Mr Mark Browning Prof Peter Frankopan Mr Colin Harbidge Mrs Melanie Townsend Mr David Wright
Registered Office	The Peak 5 Wilton Road London SW1V 1AP
Principal Officers	Mrs K Everett Chief Operating Officer Ms V McLachlan Executive Mr BM Woodruff Executive Ms R Tiley Executive
Bankers	Royal Bank of Scotland 119 - 121 Victoria Street London SW1E 6RA
Solicitors	Portrait Solicitors 21 Whitefriars Street London EC4Y 8JJ
Auditor	Sayer Vincent LLP Invicta House 108 - 114 Golden Lane London EC1Y 0TL
Investment Advisers	Sarasin & Partners Juxon House 100 St Paul's Churchyard London EC4M 8BU

The Report of the Trustees

The Trustees present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 5 April 2022.

Reference and administrative information set out on page 1 forms part of this report. The financial statements comply with current statutory requirements, the Trust deed, and the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: SORP applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS 102.

Objects

The objects of the Trust as given in the Trust Deed are:

- i) to or for the advancement of the Christian religion and the promotion for charitable purposes only of any Christian body or organisation;
- ii) to or for the advancement of Christian education and learning;
- iii) to or towards or for the benefit of such one or more charitable purposes or charitable institutions as shall be supported, undertaken or effected by any Christian body or organisation at such time or times in such manner and in such proportions as the Trustees may from time to time at their discretion determine.

Achievements and Performance

During the period the Trustees considered proposals under the following categories:

Christian Education
Christian Evangelism and Relief Work Overseas
Christian Media
Evangelism and Christian Mission in the UK
Christian Art

Proposals are generally invited by the Trustees or initiated at their request. Trustees do not normally make grants towards building or repair work for churches and grants are not normally made to individuals.

There have been no significant changes in the grant making policies of the Trust over the period under review. Trustees will continue to consider extra support grants for current grantees in particular need due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Trustees agreed to release an extra £500,000 from capital in 2021/22 towards this.

Charity and Public Benefit

Trustees are aware of the Charity Commission guidance on Public Benefit and confirm that they have complied with the duty in Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to it. They consider the full information which follows in this annual report, about the Trust's aims, activities and achievements in the many areas of interest that the Trust supports demonstrates the benefit to its beneficiaries, and through them to the Public, that arise from those activities.

Review of the Past Period

The Trustees met four times during the year to make grants and a further twice to review investment activity.

The asset value of the Trust increased by 1% from £114.8 million at 5 April 2021 to £116.3 million at 5 April 2022. The net unrestricted income of the Trust for the year after charging grant related support costs was £2.5 million compared to £2.8 million for the year to 5 April 2021.

Trustees have decided that the best way of benchmarking the expenses incurred in running the charity is to measure these costs relative to its day to day activity of grant-making, as income alone is an unsuitable benchmark for charitable activity. On that basis, grant related support costs represented 11% (2021: 9%) of the value of grants paid, which totalled £2.6 million (2021: £2.9 million)

Reserves Policy and Going Concern

It is the policy of the Trustees to approve grants for payment over a period of years, subject to certain conditions over the life of the grant. Those expected to be paid within twelve months of the year end are accrued in the accounts, whilst those due to be paid later than this are not accrued. These are referred to in note 4 to the accounts and amount to £1.339 million (2021: £1.012 million). They represent funds earmarked for continued support to certain existing beneficiaries, although formal commitments have not yet been made.

Cash flow projections for income and expenditure are regularly reviewed to ensure that the level of available resources is adequate and that the Trust is in a position to meet all its commitments.

The Trustees consider that when possible it is appropriate to hold free funds, both to meet the short-term working capital needs of the Trust and in anticipation of the potential payment of subsequent grant instalments. In the event that the Trustees find themselves unable to meet current commitments from unrestricted reserves, they would be willing to draw on expendable endowment in order to meet those commitments as they see fit.

As at 5 April 2022, the Trust held total funds of £116.3 million (2021: £114.8 million), comprising of an expendable endowment fund of £115.7 million (2021: £114.3 million) and unrestricted reserves of £640k (2021: £510k).

Investment Powers

The Trust Deed empowers the Trustees to appoint investment advisers, who have discretion to invest the funds of the Trust within guidelines established by the Trustees.

Investment Policy and Performance

Trustees meet with their investment managers regularly to discuss investment strategy and also to seek to ensure that the Trust's income requirements are met, and that long term capital growth is in line with relevant indices. The Trustees normally hold investments for the long term and look principally to income for their grant making, supplemented by the use of capital where required.

The Trust's main portfolio rose in value over the past 12 months, producing a total return net of all costs of +4.9% which was behind the composite benchmark of +8.7%. This has largely been because of the sharp market rotation out of favoured growth stocks into lower quality cyclical

companies and the lack of oil and gas exposure in the portfolio, which we do not consider to be long-term investments. Whilst the past 12-month performance has been relatively weaker, performance over the 3 and 5 year period remain comfortably ahead of the long-term CPI +4% target and the peer group, as measured by the ARC Charity Steady Growth Index.

A total of 75,000 J Sainsbury shares were sold in August of 2021 at a price of £3.24. The shares generated a total shareholder return of +8.6% for the year, behind the wider UK equity market return of +15.5%. As at 5 April 2022, J Sainsbury shares represented 5.7% of the Trust's investment value.

The Trust received £2.8 million of income over the 12-month period. No capital was withdrawn.

Risk Assessment

The Trustees have examined the major strategic, business and operational risks to which the Trust may be exposed. Through the joint office of the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, adequate systems are in place to meet such potential risks as the Trustees have identified. The Trustees continue to be vigilant and to keep processes under review.

The Trustees identified the uncertainty of financial returns to constitute the charity's major financial risk. This is mitigated by having a diversified financial portfolio under the management of a major investment house. The Trustees regularly review investment strategy and monitor financial performance. They also operate a grant distribution formula which helps to ensure the stability of resources available for grant awards in any given year.

Another major risk is a misuse of funds by a grantee charity. To mitigate this risk the Trustees normally restrict grants to charities registered with the Charity Commission or equivalent bodies. The awards are made following a thorough assessment and grants are regularly monitored; multi-year grants are paid only on receipt of satisfactory progress reports.

Organisation

The Trust is one of the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts (SFCT), which share a common administration.

Trustees are appointed by the Settlor, with the exception of one Trustee who is appointed by the Bishop of Winchester. All Trustees are provided with relevant information relating to their responsibilities as Trustees.

Trustees are aware of the Charity Governance Code updated in 2020 which sets out the principles and recommended practice for good governance within the sector. The Charity has reviewed its governance arrangements against the principles within the code and believes that it is compliant with the code whilst maintaining its need to operate its governance efficiently.

The remuneration of the senior staff (including key management personnel) is reviewed by the Chairman on an annual basis taking into account the requirements of their role and performance during the year. From time to time the SFCT Management Committee benchmarks pay levels against the comparable positions in similar organisations.

The Trust and its Trustees are fully aware of the requirements and duties set out in the Charities (Protection and Social Investment) Act 2016. The Trust does not raise funds from the public and as such has no fundraising activities requiring disclosure under s162A of the Charities Act 2011.

The Trust does not undertake fundraising from the general public and does not use professional fundraisers or commercial participators.

The income of the Trust is not bound by any regulatory scheme, and the Trust does not consider it necessary to comply with any voluntary code of practice relating to fundraising. We have received no complaints in relation to any fundraising activities. As we do not approach individuals for the purpose of raising funds, we do not have specific requirements related to fundraising activities, nor do we consider it necessary to design specific procedures to monitor such activities.

The Trustees are responsible for the overall direction and supervision of the Jerusalem Trust; they set the Trust's strategy, review proposals and approve grants. The Trustees delegate day-to-day operations to the Trust's Lead Executive, Victoria McLachlan.

Grants Approved

The grants approved may be analysed by number and by value in the categories set out below:

	Grants Approved	Value £
Christian Education	8	325,849
Christian Evangelism and Relief Work Overseas	22	915,260
Christian Media	10	399,800
Evangelism and Christian Mission in the UK	71	2,002,740
Christian Art	2	40,000
	<hr/> <hr/> 113	<hr/> <hr/> 3,683,649

CHRISTIAN EDUCATION - £325,849

Trustees' priority areas in this category are as follows:

- The development of Christian education and curriculum materials for schools in RE and other subjects;
- The support of RE as a subject, both curriculum development and support for RE teachers and teacher training;
- The support, training and retention of Christian teachers in all subjects and lay training.
- Projects which encourage Christians in leadership in schools;
- Adult and lay education.

Grants approved in this category were to:

Cambridge Theological Federation (CTF) - £10,000

Evangelical Alliance - £90,000

Humanitarian Aid Relief Trust – HART - £10,000

Small grants to Schools for Christian RE materials - £200,000

A further four smaller grants were awarded totalling: **£15,849**

CHRISTIAN EVANGELISM AND RELIEF WORK OVERSEAS - £915,260

Trustees' priority areas in this category are as follows:

- Christian relief and development work overseas;
- Support for theological training colleges;
- Capacity building of local churches;
- The translation of Christian literature;
- The support of persecuted Christians.

The Trust's geographical focus areas are Anglophone sub-Saharan Africa and Ethiopia, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Iraq and Iran. The Trustees regularly review their geographical priority areas.

Bible Society - £57,000

Caritas Poland - £10,000

Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD) - £20,000

Embrace the Middle East - £70,000

Innovista International - £10,000

Medecins Sans Frontieres - Doctors without Borders - £10,000

Mosaic Middle East (previously Foundation for Reconciliation in the Middle East) £50,000

Open Doors with Brother Andrew - £100,000

Tearfund - 2 grants totalling £440,000

Christian Evangelism and Relief Work Overseas CV-19 emergency grants:

Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD) – £35,000

Mission Aviation Fellowship– £20,000

Mission Without Borders - £20,000

Tearfund – 2 grants totalling £55,000

A further seven smaller grants were awarded totalling: **£18,260**

CHRISTIAN MEDIA - £399,800

Trustees' priority areas in this category are as follows:

- Media projects that promote Christianity in the UK, North Africa and the Middle East;
- Supporting training and networking projects for Christians working professionally in all areas of the media and for those considering media careers;
- The use of digital media and the internet for creative ways to promote Christianity.

Biblica - £10,000

Jerusalem Productions Ltd - £145,000

SAT 7 Trust Ltd – Oxford - £180,000

United Christian Broadcasters Ltd - £30,000

University of Durham - St John's College - £21,000

A further five smaller grants were awarded totalling: **£13,800**

EVANGELISM AND CHRISTIAN MISSION IN THE UK - £2,002,740

The trustees' priority areas in this category are as follows:

- Christian projects that work with children and young people, in particular those working with children who have little or no contact with the church;
- Support for youth work and projects with young adults;
- Evangelistic projects, especially new and emerging evangelists;
- Work with prisoners, ex-prisoners and their families.

Bible Reading Fellowship - £120,000

Bradford Cathedral - £30,000

Bringing Hope - £100,000

Bristol CCRC Trust - £120,000

Changing Tunes - £30,000

Christians in Sport - £90,000

Church Army - £300,000

Creation Fest - £30,000

Crosslinks - £45,000

Eternal Wall of Answered Prayer - £100,000

Greater Manchester Community Chaplaincy - £10,000

Imago Dei Prison Ministry - £60,000

Luis Palau Evangelistic Association - £50,000

Nehemiah Project – London - £120,000

Mercy UK - £55,000

Oriel Ministries - £10,000

Safe Families for Children - £150,000

St Peter's in the City - £10,000

Swindon CCRC Trust - £120,000

The Welcome Directory - £10,000

Transforming Lives for Good - £50,000

Youthscape - £150,000

Evangelism and Christian Mission in the UK CV-19 emergency grants:

Baby Basics - £20,000

Housing Justice – £20,000

Inn Churches - £20,000

Message Trust - £20,000

New Life Community Church - £10,000

Salmon Youth Centre - £50,000

Stella Maris (previously Apostleship of the Sea) - £20,000

A further forty-two smaller grants were awarded totalling: **£82,740**

CHRISTIAN ART - £40,000

Art in the Churches - £20,000

HMP Bronzefield - £20,000

GRANTS CANCELLED

Grants totalling £3,000 were cancelled, refunded or amended during the period

Future Plans

The Trust will continue to support the activities set out on page 2 by the award of grants. Trustees will continue to support for long standing beneficiaries to help them overcome the challenges of the Covid-19 pandemic.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

Law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the charity's financial activities during the period and of its financial position at the end of the period. In preparing financial statements giving a true and fair view, the trustees should follow best practice and:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and statements of recommended practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by the Board of Trustees on 6 October 2022 and signed on their behalf by

..... TRUSTEE
Lady Susan Sainsbury

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees of Jerusalem Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Jerusalem Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 5 April 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, balance sheet, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 5 April 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Jerusalem Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other

information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The information given in the trustees' annual report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements;
- Sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities set out in the trustees' annual report, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud are set out below.

Capability of the audit in detecting irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- We enquired of management and the board of trustees, which included obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the charity's policies and procedures relating to:
- Identifying, evaluating, and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
- Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected, or alleged fraud;
- The internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We inspected the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the charity operates in, focusing on those laws and regulations that had a material effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the charity from our professional and sector experience.
- We communicated applicable laws and regulations throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.
- We reviewed any reports made to regulators.
- We reviewed the financial statement disclosures and tested these to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias and tested significant transactions that are unusual or those outside the normal course of business.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities

occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

29 November 2022

Sayer Vincent LLP, Statutory Auditor

Invicta House, 108-114 Golden Lane, LONDON, EC1Y 0TL

Sayer Vincent LLP is eligible to act as auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds	Expendable Endowment	Total Funds 2022	Total Funds 2021
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Income from investments	2	2,776	-	2,776	3,079
Total income		2,776	-	2,776	3,079
Expenditure					
Cost of raising funds					
Investment management costs	3	-	476	476	444
Charitable activities					
Grant-making:					
Grant expenditure	4	3,354	-	3,354	2,409
Grant related support costs	5	291	-	291	265
Cost of grant-making		3,645	-	3,645	2,674
Total expenditure		3,645	476	4,121	3,118
Net expenditure before net gains on investments		(869)	(476)	(1,345)	(39)
Exchange (losses)/gains		-	(847)	(847)	1,554
Net gains on investments	8	-	3,780	3,780	20,635
Transfers between funds	11	1,000	(1,000)	-	-
Net movement in funds		131	1,457	1,588	22,150
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		510	114,248	114,758	92,608
Total funds carried forward		641	115,705	116,346	114,758

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities. There were no other recognized gains or losses other than those stated above.

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 5 APRIL 2022

	<i>Notes</i>	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible fixed assets	7	15	23
Investments	8	118,947	116,476
		<u>118,962</u>	<u>116,499</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9	252	162
Cash at bank and in hand		759	1,005
		<u>1,011</u>	<u>1,167</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors - amounts falling due within 1 year	10	<u>3,627</u>	<u>2,908</u>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,616)	(1,741)
NET ASSETS		<u><u>116,346</u></u>	<u><u>114,758</u></u>
CAPITAL FUNDS			
Expendable endowment	11	115,705	114,248
INCOME FUNDS			
Unrestricted funds	11	641	510
		<u>116,346</u>	<u>114,758</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees on 6 October 2022 and were signed on their behalf by :

.....
| Lady Susan Sainsbury

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(4,393)	(1,653)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividends and interest	2,776	3,060
Purchase of investments	(37,566)	(32,506)
Sale of investments	42,106	33,439
Net cash generated by investing activities	7,316	3,993
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	2,923	2,340
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,097	2,757
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,020	5,097

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Reconciliation of net expenditure to net cash flow from operating activities		
Net movement in funds (as per the statement of financial activities)	1,588	22,150
(Gains) on investments	(3,780)	(20,635)
Dividends and interest	(2,776)	(3,060)
(Increase)/decrease in forward exchange contracts	(62)	228
Depreciation charge	8	8
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(90)	570
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	719	(894)
Fixed assets additions	0	(20)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(4,393)	(1,653)

Analysis of the balance of cash as shown in the balance sheet

	2022	2021	Change in year
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	759	1,005	(246)
Cash balances held by investment manager for reinvestment	7,261	4,092	3,169
	8,020	5,097	2,923

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

CHARITY INFORMATION

The charity is unincorporated and registered in England and Wales with the Charity Commission (registration number 285696).

The address of the registered office is:

The Peak
5 Wilton Road
London
SW1V 1AP

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) - (Charities SORP FRS 102), The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair view' and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair view'. This departure has involved following Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

The Trust constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS102.

In the view of the Trustees, there are no material uncertainties casting doubt on the going concern of the charity.

Having assessed the Trust's financial position and plans for the foreseeable future, the Trustees are satisfied that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The endowment assets of the Trust remain significant, and the Trust will continue to pay out to its beneficiaries in accordance with the Trust's objects.

b) Income

Income is shown gross, including the associated tax credit unless the tax so deducted is considered irrecoverable.

Dividends are included by reference to their due dates.

Interest is recorded when it has been received.

c) Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Costs of generating funds represent amounts paid to the Trust's external investment advisors.

Charitable activities expenditure comprises grants and donations awarded by the Trustees in accordance with the criteria set out in the Trust Deed, together with grant related support costs.

Grants payable are made to third parties in furtherance of the charity's objects. Single or multi-year grants are accounted for when either the recipient has a reasonable expectation that they will receive a grant and the trustees have agreed to pay the grant without condition, or the recipient has a reasonable expectation that they will receive a grant and that any condition attaching to the grant is outside of the control of the charity.

The view of the trustees is that any instalments payable within 12 months of the reporting date are expected to be paid regardless of the status of attached conditions and so these are accrued. Any payments due in more than 12 months from the reporting date, where conditions exist that have not been met at the reporting date, are not accrued but are reported as an unaccrued future commitment.

Grants approved subject to conditions that have not been met at the year-end are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Grant related support costs represent staff, office and governance costs incurred in managing the grant award programme. They include a share of the staff and office costs of the joint offices of the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, which are allocated in proportion to the time spent on Trust matters and grants paid.

Contributions to defined contribution pension plans are charged to the statement of financial activities in the period to which they relate.

Governance costs comprise all costs involving the public accountability of the charity and its compliance with regulation and good practice. These costs include fees for statutory audit and legal fees where relevant.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

d) Investments

Investments are a form of basic financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their fair value as at the balance sheet date using the closing quoted market price. Any change in fair value will be recognised in the statement of financial activities. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and shown in the heading "Net gains/(losses) on investments" in the statement of financial activities.

e) Financial instruments

The Trust has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, cash held for reinvestment and short term deposits.

g) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated at rates which reflect their useful life to the Trust. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the outstanding life of the lease at the time the work was completed. The following rates have been used:

(2012) Leasehold improvements - 10% per annum
(2021) Leasehold improvements - 14.28% per annum

h) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates, assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects the current and future periods.

In the view of the Trustees, no assumptions concerning the future or estimation uncertainty affecting assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date are likely to result in a material adjustment to their carrying amounts in the next financial year.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

2. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

Income received on investments may be analysed as follows:

	2022		2021	
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Government fixed interest	9	0	173	6
Other Fixed Interest	257	9	250	8
UK equities	981	35	742	24
Overseas equities	1,011	37	1,535	50
Alternatives	265	10	204	7
Property	205	7	137	4
Multi Assets	35	1	34	1
Interest	13	1	4	0
	2,776	100	3,079	100

3. COST OF RAISING FUNDS

These costs relate to the investment manager's fees. The Trustees are of the opinion that these relate to the generation of a total return on the investment portfolio and, as such, have charged the Expendable Endowment with these fees.

4. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2022		2021	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Reconciliation of grants payable:				
Commitments at 6 April 2021		2,683		3,129
Grants not accrued at 6 April 2021	1,012		148	
Grants approved in the year	3,684		3,393	
Grants cancelled, refunded or amended	(3)		(120)	
Grants not accrued at 5 April 2022	(1,339)		(1,012)	
Grants payable for the year		3,354		2,409
Grants paid during the year		(2,636)		(2,855)
Commitments at 5 April 2022		3,401		2,683

Commitments at 5 April 2022 are payable as follows:

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Within one year (note 10)	3,401	2,683

Commitments

In addition to the amounts committed and accrued noted above, the Trustees have also authorised certain grants which are subject to the recipient fulfilling certain conditions relating to the delivery of the grant-funded activities.

The total amount authorised but not accrued as expenditure at 5 April 2022 was £1,338,500 (2021: £1,012,000). This total will all be payable during 2023/24 and 2024/25.

The Trustees are confident that these authorised amounts will be met from future income.

A list of grants payable is included in Appendix A.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5. GRANT RELATED SUPPORT COSTS

	Grant-making	Governance	2022 Total	2021 Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Staff costs	185	3	188	164
Share of joint office costs	73	-	73	62
Direct costs including travel	4	-	4	2
Depreciation	8	-	8	8
	270	3	273	236
Legal and professional fees	9	-	9	9
Consultancy	-	-	-	6
Auditor's remuneration	-	9	9	14
	279	12	291	265

The auditor's remuneration excluding VAT is £7,800. During the year no Trustee received any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses (2021: NIL). Included in the support costs for 2021 are governance costs of £17,312 which was comprised of staff costs of £3,560 and auditor's remuneration of £13,750.

6. ANALYSIS OF STAFF COSTS

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Wages and salaries	155	134
Social security costs	17	14
Other pension costs	16	15
	188	163

As mentioned in the Report of the Trustees, the Trust is one of the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts which share a joint administration at the Registered Office. 2.4% (2020/21:2.3%) of the total support and administration costs of these trusts have been allocated to the Jerusalem Trust, including a proportionate share of the costs of employing the total number of staff serving in the office in 2021/22.

The average number of staff employed during the year was 10, all on a part-time basis (2020/21: 8). This equates to 1.9 full-time employees (2020/21: 1.7).

Having regard to the small number of employees, the Trust considers its key management personnel to comprise of 4 part-time staff (2020/21: 4). The total employment benefits, including employer contributions to group personal pensions, of these key management personnel, were £122,435 (2020/21: £104,246). No employee earned in excess of £60,000 in either year.

No trustee received any remuneration for their services during the current or prior year.

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Leasehold Improvements

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Cost		
At 5 April 2021	72	52
Additions	-	20
At 5 April 2022	72	72
Depreciation		
At 6 April 2021	49	41
Charge for the year	8	8
At 5 April 2022	57	49
Net Book Value		
At 5 April 2022	15	23
At 5 April 2021	23	11

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Market value 5 April 2021	112,376	92,674
Less: Disposals at proceeds	(42,106)	(33,439)
Add: Acquisitions at cost	37,566	32,506
Net gains on investments	3,780	20,635
Market value 5 April 2022	111,616	112,376
Forward exchange contracts	70	8
Investment cash	7,261	4,092
Total investments	118,947	116,476

The investments held as at 5 April 2022 were as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed Income	11,251	10,573	12,311	12,629
UK Equities	25,002	24,258	18,919	23,574
Global Equities	38,919	52,766	38,982	57,808
Property	5,700	6,441	3,469	3,641
Alternative Investments	13,644	16,052	11,240	13,148
Multi Assets	1,490	1,526	1,490	1,575
	96,006	111,616	86,411	112,376

Investments include the following holding at market value:

U.K. Equities - J Sainsbury Plc - £6,739,378 (2020/21; £7,111,700)

As part of the overall management of funds, the investment managers have entered into commitments to sell a total EUR 4,357,000, USD 23,131,600 and buy a total of USD 1,970,000 under forward rate contracts at 5 April 2022. (2021: to sell CHF 1,361,000, EUR 4,217,000 and USD 20,234,600).

All contracts mature on 16 June 2022 and are included within investments as forward exchange contracts.

9. DEBTORS

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Other debtors	252	162
	252	162

10. CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Grants payable within one year	3,401	2,683
Professional charges	6	17
Other creditors	220	208
	3,627	2,908

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

11. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Unrestricted Funds	Expendable Endowment	Totals 2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances at 5 April 2022 are represented by:			
Tangible fixed assets	-	15	15
Investments	-	118,947	118,947
Current assets	3,301	(2,290)	1,011
Current liabilities	(2,660)	(967)	(3,627)
Total net assets	641	115,705	116,346
Movement in the year			
Opening balance as at 5 April 2021	510	114,248	114,758
Total income and endowments	2,776	-	2,776
Cost of raising funds	-	(476)	(476)
Cost of grant-making	(3,645)	-	(3,645)
Net gains on investments	-	3,780	3,780
Currency exchange (losses)	-	(847)	(847)
Transfers between funds	1,000	(1,000)	-
Closing balance as at 5 April 2022	641	115,705	116,346

Comparative

	Unrestricted Funds	Expendable Endowment	Totals 2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances at 5 April 2021 are represented by:			
Tangible fixed assets	-	23	23
Investments	-	116,476	116,476
Current assets	2,302	(1,135)	1,167
Current liabilities	(1,792)	(1,116)	(2,908)
Total net assets	510	114,248	114,758
Movement in the year			
Opening balance as at 5 April 2020	105	92,503	92,608
Total income and endowments	3,079	-	3,079
Cost of raising funds	-	(444)	(444)
Cost of grant-making	(2,674)	-	(2,674)
Net gains on investments	-	20,635	20,635
Currency exchange gains	-	1,554	1,554
Closing balance as at 5 April 2021	510	114,248	114,758

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Two Trustees of the Jerusalem Trust, Lady Susan Sainsbury and Mr. Mark Browning, are also Directors of Jerusalem Productions Limited. Two Trustees of Jerusalem Trust hold one share each in the Jerusalem Productions Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England (no. 02461543.) The Trustees hold the shares of JPL in trust for the Trustees of the time being of the charity for its charitable purposes.

At the year end, an amount of £485,000 (2020/21: £465,000) was payable to Jerusalem Productions Limited. Grants totaling £145,000 (2020/21: £1,020,000) were awarded by the Jerusalem Trust to the Jerusalem Productions Ltd during the year. There are no donations from related parties which are outside the normal course of business.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

13. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

	Unrestricted Funds	Expendable Endowment	Total Funds 2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income			
Income from investments	3,079	-	3,079
Total income	3,079	-	3,079
Expenditure			
Cost of raising funds			
Investment management costs	-	444	444
Charitable activities			
Grant-making:			
Grant expenditure	2,409	-	2,409
Grant related support costs	265	-	265
Cost of grant-making	2,674	-	2,674
Total expenditure	2,674	444	3,118
Net expenditure before net gains on investments	405	(444)	(39)
Exchange gains	-	1,554	1,554
Net gains on investments	-	20,635	20,635
Transfers between funds	-	-	-
Net movement in funds	405	21,745	22,150
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward	105	92,503	92,608
Total funds carried forward	510	114,248	114,758

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Appendix A

The amount payable in the year ended 5 April 2022 consisted of the following:

Christian Education	
Evangelical Alliance	60,000
RE Small grants Programme to School	200,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £10,000	35,849
Christian Evangelism and Relief Work Overseas	
Bible Society	57,000
Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD)	56,000
Embrace the Middle East	35,000
Open Doors with Brother Andrew	100,000
Tearfund	295,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £20,000	97,260
Christian Media	
Biblica	10,000
Jerusalem Productions Ltd	485,000
SAT 7 Trust Ltd - Oxford	60,000
University of Durham - St John's College	21,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £10,000	27,800
Evangelism and Christian Mission in the UK	
Bringing Hope	100,000
Bristol CCRC Trust	120,000
Christians in Sport	62,000
Church Army	202,500
Eternal Wall of Answered Prayer	100,000
Luis Palau Evangelistic Association	50,000
Nehemiah Project - London	40,000
Mercy UK	55,000
Safe Families for Children	100,000
Salmon Youth Centre	50,000
Swindon CCRC Trust	120,000
Transforming Lives for Good	50,000
Youthscape	100,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £50,000	624,740
Christian Art	
Art in the Churches	20,000
HMP Bronzefield	20,000
Total grants payable per Statement of Financial Activities	3,354,149

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Appendix A (continued)

The amount payable in the year ended 5 April 2021 consisted of the following:

Christian Education	
RE Small grants Programme	217,000
Christian Evangelism and Relief Work Overseas	
CAFOD	85,000
Christian Solidarity Worldwide	31,500
Mission Aviation Fellowship	15,000
Mosaic Middle East	40,000
Tearfund	175,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £60,000	(28,900)
Christian Media	
Middle East Media	50,000
Passion Trust	40,000
Premier Christian Media Trust	40,000
Saltmine Trust	20,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £15,000	40,500
Evangelism and Christian Mission in the UK	
Alpha International	160,000
Christians Against Poverty	70,000
Evangelical Alliance	60,000
Hope Into Action	70,000
Prison Advice & Care Trust	90,000
St Mary's Andover	82,500
Urban Expression	60,000
Youth for Christ in Britain - British Youth for Christ	115,000
Net grants payable/cancelled up to £50,000	636,500
Jerusalem Productions Limited	340,000
Total grants payable per Statement of Financial Activities	<u>2,409,100</u>